

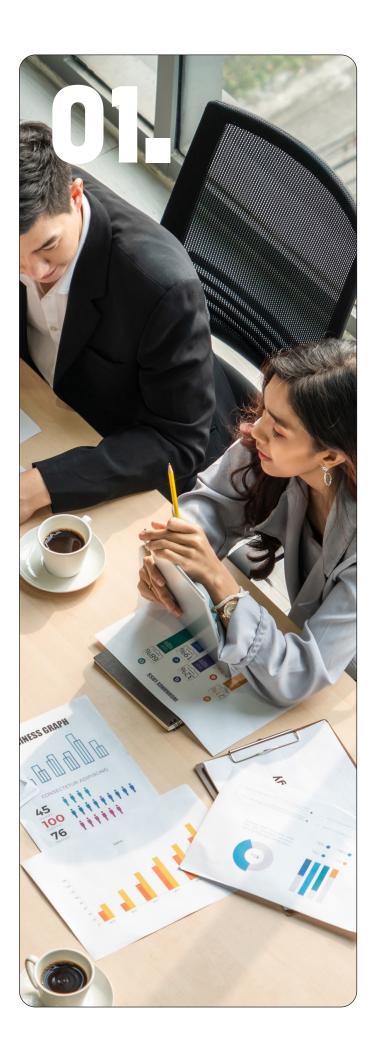
Corporate Governance 2022



Annual Corporate Governance Report P. 3



Annual Report on Remuneration P. 88



Annual Corporate Governance Report



DETAILS OF ISSUER		
Year Ended:	31/12/2022	
Tax Registration Number:	A47412333	
Name:		
EBRO FOODS, S.A.		_
Registered Office:		
PASEO DE LA CASTELLANA 20 - 3RD FLO	OR - 28046 MADRID	_



A. OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE

Λ 1	Cananiata tha fallaccine	- +- -	af + la a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a	nd voting rights including	lavalturalaanaa ifaa.	

State whether the articles of association contemplate loyalty shares:

[] Yes [\forall] No

Date latest modification	Capital (€)	Number of shares	Number of voting rights
27/02/2002	92,319,235.00	153,865,392	153,865,392

Indicate whether there are different classes of shares with different associated rights:

[] Yes [\forall] No

A.2. Give details on the direct and indirect holders of significant interests in your company at year-end, including directors with significant holdings:

Name of shareholder	% voting rights attributed to the shares		% voting rig financial ir	Interest / total voting rights (%)	
	Direct	Indirect	Direct	Indirect	voting rights (70)
CORPORACIÓN FINANCIERA ALBA, S.A.	14.52	0.00	0.00	0.00	14.52
CORPORACIÓN ECONÓMICA DELTA, S.A.	11.69	0.00	0.00	0.00	11.69
SOCIEDAD ANÓNIMA DAMM	0.00	11.69	0.00	0.00	11.69
ALIMENTOS Y ACEITES, S.A.	10.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	10.36
SOCIEDAD ESTATAL DE PARTICIPACIONES INDUSTRIALES	0.00	10.36	0.00	0.00	10.36
HERCALIANZ INVESTING GROUP, S.A.	9.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	9.00
GRUPO TRADIFÍN, S.L.	7.96	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.96
EMPRESAS COMERCIALES E INDUSTRIALES VALENCIANAS, S.L.	7.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.83
JOSÉ IGNACIO COMENGE SÁNCHEZ-REAL	0.00	5.36	0.00	0.00	5.36
MENDIBEA 2002, S.L.	5.36	0.00	0.00	0.00	5.36
ARTEMIS INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT, LLP	0.00	3.16	0.00	0.00	3.16



Details of indirect holdings:

Name of indirect holder	Name of direct holder	% voting rights attributed to the shares	% voting rights through financial instruments	Interest / total voting rights (%)
SOCIEDAD ANÓNIMA DAMM	CORPORACIÓN ECONÓMICA DELTA, S.A.	11.69	0.00	11.69
SOCIEDAD ESTATAL DE PARTICIPACIONES INDUSTRIALES	ALIMENTOS Y ACEITES, S.A.	10.36	0.00	10.36
JOSÉ IGNACIO COMENGE SÁNCHEZ-REAL	MENDIBEA 2002, S.L.	5.36	0.00	5.36
ARTEMIS INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT, LLP	ARTEMIS INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT, LLP	3.16	0.00	3.16

Indicate the principal movements in the shareholding structure during the year:

A.3. State, regardless of the percentage, the percentage of voting rights held by board members in the company attributed to shares or through financial instruments, excluding the directors named in section A.2 above:

Name of director	% voting rights attributed to shares (including loyalty shares)		1 % voting rights through		% total voting rights	Of the total rights attribut state where the % of addition corresponding	ted to shares, appropriate attributed al votes ng to loyalty
	Direct	Indirect	Direct Indirect			Direct	Indirect
FERNANDO CASTELLÓ CLEMENTE	1.50	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.50	0.00	0.00
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	0.01	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.00
MARÍA CARCELLER ARCE	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.00
MERCEDES COSTA GARCÍA	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Total % of voting rights held by board members	46.33



Details of indirect holdings:

Name of director	Name of direct holder	% voting rights attributed to shares (including loyalty shares)	% voting rights through financial instruments	% total voting rights	Of the total % of voting rights attributed to shares, state where appropriate the % of attributed additional votes corresponding to loyalty shares
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	INVERSIONES LAS PARRAS DE CASTELLOTE, S.L.	0.13	0.00	0.13	0.00
MARÍA CARCELLER ARCE	MAHOGANYSEPPL, S.L.	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Total percentage of voting rights represented on the board:

Total % of voting rights represented on the board	68.38	
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A.4. Indicate family, commercial, contractual or corporate relationships among significant shareholders known to the company, if any, save any that are insignificant or deriving from ordinary commercial business, except those reported in A.6:

Name of related party	Type of relationship	Brief description
SOCIEDAD ANÓNIMA DAMM, CORPORACIÓN ECONÓMICA DELTA, S.A.	Corporate	Sociedad Anónima Damm holds a direct interest of 99.99% in Corporación Económica Delta, S.A.
SOCIEDAD ESTATAL DE PARTICIPACIONES INDUSTRIALES, ALIMENTOS Y ACEITES, S.A.	Corporate	Sociedad Estatal de Participaciones Industriales (SEPI) holds a direct interest of 91.96% in Alimentos y Aceites, S.A.

A.5. Describe the commercial, contractual or corporate relationships between significant shareholders and the company and/or its group, if any, except any that are insignificant and those deriving from ordinary commercial business:

Name of related party	Type of relationship	Brief description
SOCIEDAD ANÓNIMA DAMM	Commercial	During 2022, Herba Ricemills, S.L.U. (a subsidiary of the Ebro Foods Group) entered into different commercial transactions with subsidiaries of the significant shareholder Sociedad Anónima Damm, for the sale of rice and rice by-products on arm's length terms. See in this respect the information on related party transactions in section D.2 of this Report.



Name of related party	Type of relationship	Brief description
HERCALIANZ INVESTING GROUP, S.L.	Commercial	During 2022, several subsidiaries of the Ebro Foods Group entered into commercial transactions (mainly purchases and sales of rice) on arm's length terms with the significant shareholder and director Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. and related parties. See in this respect the information on related party transactions and comments set out in section D.2 of this Report.
HERCALIANZ INVESTING GROUP, S.L.	Contractual	During 2022, several subsidiaries of the Ebro Foods Group entered into contractual transactions (mainly services rendered and received) on arm's length terms with the significant shareholder and director Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. and related parties. See in this respect the information on related party transactions and comments set out in section D.2 of this Report.
GRUPO TRADIFÍN, S.L.	Commercial	During 2022, several subsidiaries of the Ebro Foods Group entered into commercial transactions (mainly purchases and sales of rice) on arm's length terms with the significant shareholder and director Grupo Tradifín, S.L. and related parties. See in this respect the information on related party transactions and comments set out in section D.2 of this Report.
GRUPO TRADIFÍN, S.L.	Contractual	During 2022, several subsidiaries of the Ebro Foods Group entered into contractual transactions (mainly services rendered and received) on arm's length terms with the significant shareholder and director Grupo Tradifín, S.L. and related parties. See in this respect the information on related party transactions and comments set out in section D.2 of this Report.

A.6. Describe the relationships, save any that are insignificant for both parties, between the significant shareholders or those represented on the board and the directors, or their representatives in the case of corporate directors.

Explain how the significant shareholders are represented, where appropriate. Indicate specifically any directors appointed on behalf of significant shareholders, those whose appointments have been promoted by significant shareholders or who are related to significant shareholders and/or companies in their respective groups, specifying the nature of those relationships. In particular, indicate the existence, identity and office of board members or representatives of directors of the listed company, if any, who are also directors or representatives of directors in companies holding significant interests in the listed company or in companies of its group:



Name of related director or representative	Name of related significant shareholder	Name of company in the significant shareholder's group	Description of relationship/office	
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	CORPORACIÓN ECONÓMICA DELTA, S.A.	SOCIEDAD ANÓNIMA DAMM	Demetrio Carceller Arce is a proprietary director of Corporación Económica Delta, S.A., in which Sociedad Anónima Damm has a direct interest of 99.99%. Mr Carceller Arce has an indirect interest in Corporación Económica Delta, S.A. through Sociedad Anónima Damm, in which he has a 0.963% interest (0.056% direct and 0.907% indirect). He is Executive Chairman of the Board of Sociedad Anónima Damm, Chairman of the Board of Corporación Económica Delta, S.A. and holds other positions in some companies related with Damm. See section C.1.11 of this Report.	
ALEJANDRA OLARRA ICAZA	EJANDRA OLARRA ICAZA CORPORACIÓN FINANCIERA ALBA, S.A.		Alejandra Olarra Icaza represents the director (and significant shareholder) Corporación Financiera Alba, S.A. on the Board of Directors of Ebro Foods, S.A. Ms Olarra Icaza has an employment relationship with Corporación Financiera Alba, S.A See section C.1.11 of this Report.	
JAVIER GÓMEZ-TRENOR VERGÉS EMPRESAS COMERCIALES E INDUSTRIALES VALENCIANAS, S.L.		EMPRESAS COMERCIALES E INDUSTRIALES VALENCIANAS, S.L.	Javier Gómez-Trenor Vergés represents the director (and significant shareholder) Empresas Comerciales e Industriales Valencianas, S.L. on the Board of Directors of Ebro Foods, S.A. Javier Gómez-Trenor Vergés has an indirect interest of 12.586% in Empresas Comerciales e Industriales Valencianas, S.L. Mr Gómez-Trenor Vergés represents the director and Chairman of the Board of Empresas Comerciales e Industriales Valencianas, S.L.	



Name of related director or representative	Name of related significant shareholder	Name of company in the significant shareholder's group	Description of relationship/office	
			and holds other positions in some companies related with Empresas Comerciales e Industriales Valencianas, S.L. See section C.1.11 of this Report.	
MARÍA BLANCA HERNÁNDEZ RODRÍGUEZ	GRUPO TRADIFÍN, S.L.	GRUPO TRADIFÍN, S.L.	Blanca Hernández Rodríguez represents the director (and significant shareholder) Grupo Tradifín, S.L. on the Board of Directors of Ebro Foods, S.A. Ms Hernández Rodríguez has a direct interest of 33.25% in Grupo Tradifín, S.L., of which she is Managing Director. She also holds other positions on the boards of companies related with Grupo Tradifín, S.L. See section C.1.11 of this Report. Antonio Hernández Callejas	
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	HERCALIANZ INVESTING GROUP, S.L.	HERCALIANZ INVESTING GROUP, S.L.	has a direct interest of 28.668% in Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L., a significant shareholder and director of Ebro Foods, S.A. He does not hold any office in that company. See section C.1.11 of this Report.	
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	HERCALIANZ INVESTING GROUP, S.L.	HERCALIANZ INVESTING GROUP, S.L.	Félix Hernández Callejas represents the director (and significant shareholder) Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. on the Board of Directors of Ebro Foods, S.A. Félix Hernández Callejas has a direct interest of 28.668% in Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L., of which he is Joint and Several Director. He also holds other positions on the boards of companies related with Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. See section C.1.11 of this Report.	



Name of related director or representative	Name of related significant shareholder	Name of company in the significant shareholder's group	Description of relationship/office
MARÍA CARCELLER ARCE	CORPORACIÓN ECONÓMICA DELTA, S.A.	SOCIEDAD ANÓNIMA DAMM	María Carceller Arce is a proprietary director of Corporación Económica Delta, S.A., in which Sociedad Anónima Damm has a direct interest of 99.99%. Ms Carceller Arce has a 0.05% direct interest in Sociedad Anónima Damm and represents the director Seegrund B.V. on the Boards of Directors of Corporación Económica Delta, S.A. and Sociedad Anónima Damm. See section C.1.11 of this Report.
JOSE IGNACIO COMENGE SÁNCHEZ-REAL	MENDIBEA 2002, S.L.	MENDIBEA 2002, S.L.	José Ignacio Comenge Sánchez-Real has an indirect interest of 73% in Mendibea 2002, S.L. which is the direct holder of the significant indirect interest held by Mr Comenge Sánchez-Real in Ebro Foods, S.A. He is the Sole Director of Mendibea 2002, S.L. Mr Comenge Sánchez-Real also has corporate relationships with companies related with Empresas Comerciales e Industriales Valencianas, S.A. See section C.1.11 of this Report.
JAVIER FERNÁNDEZ ALONSO	CORPORACIÓN FINANCIERA ALBA, S.A.	CORPORACIÓN FINANCIERA ALBA, S.A.	Javier Fernández Alonso is a proprietary director of Corporación Financiera Alba, S.A., with which he has an employment relationship. He is General Manager of that company and holds other positions in other companies of the Corporación Financiera Alba S.A. Group. See section C.1.11 of this Report.
JORDI XUCLÀ COSTA	ALIMENTOS Y ACEITES, S.A.	SOCIEDAD ESTATAL DE PARTICIPACIONES INDUSTRIALES	Jordi Xuclà is a proprietary director of Alimentos y Aceites, S.A., in which Sociedad Estatal de Participaciones Industriales has a direct interest of



(*) Through:

ANNUAL CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT OF LISTED COMPANIES

Name of related significant shareholder	Name of company in the significant shareholder's group	Description of relationship/office
		91.9625%. Mr Xuclà does not
		have any significant
		relationship with Alimentos y
		Aceites, S.A or with Sociedad
		Estatal de Participaciones
		Industriales. See section
		C.1.11 of this Report.
	•	Name of related significant significant shareholder's significant shareholder's

The significant shareholders Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L., Grupo Tradifín, S.L., Corporación Financiera Alba, S.A., Alimentos y Aceites, S.A. and Empresas Comerciales e Industriales Valencianas, S.L. are directors of Ebro Foods, S.A. The director José Ignacio Comenge-Sánchez Real is also a significant shareholder through the company he controls, Mendibea 2002, S.L. See section A.2 of this report.

throug	gh the company he control	ls, Mendibea 2002, S.L. See section A.	.2 of this report.				
A.7.	7. State whether the company has been notified of any shareholders' agreements that may affect it pursuant to sections 530 an 531 of the Corporate Enterprises Act. If any, describe them briefly and list the shareholders bound by the agreement:						
	[] Yes [v] No						
	Indicate and describe	e any concerted actions among c	company shareholders of which	the company is aware:			
	[] Yes [\forall] No						
	Expressly indicate an	y change or break-up of those a	greements or concerted actions	s, if any, that has taken place during the year:			
A.8. Indicate any individuals or entities that exercise or may exercise control over the company in pursuan Securities Market Act and identify it/them if appropriate:				mpany in pursuance of section 5 of the			
	[] Yes [v] No						
A.9.	Complete the following	ng tables on the company's trea	asury stock:				
	At year-end:						
Num	ber of direct shares	Number of indirect shares (*)	Treasury stock/capital (%)				
			0.00				

		_



Name of direct holder of the interest	Number of direct shares	
No details		

A.10. Indicate the term and conditions of the authorisation granted by the general meeting to the board to issue, buy or sell own shares:

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on first call on 29 July 2020, under item twelve on the agenda, resolved to authorise the Board of Directors to buy back own shares and reduce the Company's capital and to authorise subsidiaries to acquire shares in the parent company, by purchase or on any other payment basis, subject to the limits and other requisites stipulated in law.

a. Conditions of the authorisation

To authorise the Board of Directors, with the power to delegate, to buy back shares in Ebro Foods, S.A., directly or through its subsidiaries, by purchase, swap or under any other title and on one or several occasions, on the terms and conditions established in sections 146 et seq and sections 509 et seq of the Corporate Enterprises Act, and the following conditions:

- The par value of the shares purchased directly or indirectly, together with those already held by the Company or its subsidiaries, shall not exceed 10% of the subscribed capital.
- The buy-back, when added to the shares previously acquired by the Company, or any person acting in their own name but on behalf of the Company, and held as treasury stock, shall not have the effect of reducing equity to below the amount of the capital plus the legal or restricted statutory reserves. For this purpose, equity shall be the amount considered as such according to the principles for drawing up the annual accounts, less the amount of gains attributed directly thereto, plus the amount of uncalled subscribed capital and the par value and share premium of the subscribed capital recognised in liabilities.
- The shares thus acquired shall be fully paid up.
- The cap and floor values for buy-back shall be the market value of the shares on an official secondary market at the date of buy-back and a value equivalent to the par value of the own equity instruments acquired, respectively.

b. Contents of the authorisation

- To authorise the Board, by direct resolution or delegation to the Executive Committee, or by delegation to such person or persons as the Board of Directors may authorise for this purpose, to buy back own shares to hold them in its treasury stock, dispose of them or, as the case may be, put a motion to the General Meeting for their redemption, within the legal limits and complying with the conditions established in this resolution. This authorisation is also extended to the possibility of buying back own shares for delivery, on one or several occasions, to the Company or group employees, directly or following exercise of their stock option rights, pursuant to section 146.1(a), third paragraph, of the Corporate Enterprises Act.

The authorisation is also extended to acquisitions of shares in Ebro Foods, S.A. by its subsidiaries.

- To authorise the Board of Directors to reduce the capital in order to redeem the own equity instruments purchased by the Company or other companies in its group against the capital (for their par value) and unrestricted reserves (for the cost of the acquisition in excess of that par value), by such amounts as it may deem fit from time to time and up to the maximum own shares held at any time.
- To delegate to the board to implement the foregoing resolution to reduce the capital, which it may do on one or several occasions or declare it null and void, within a period not exceeding 5 years from the date of this General Meeting, taking such actions for this purpose as may be necessary or required by law.

The Board of Directors is especially authorised so that it may, within the times and limits indicated in this resolution, proceed to: (i) make or declare void the reduction of capital, naming if appropriate the specific date(s) of the transactions, taking account of any internal or external factors that may influence this decision; (ii) specify in each case the amount by which the capital is reduced; (iii) determine the destination of the amount of the reduction of capital; (iv) in each case adjust Articles 6 ("Capital") and 7 ("Shares") of the Articles of Association to reflect each new amount of capital and new number of shares; (v) apply in each case for delisting of the redeemed shares; and (vi) in general adopt such resolutions as may be considered necessary for redemption and the consequent reduction of capital, designating who is to put it on record.

c. Term of the authorisation

The authorisation contemplated in this resolution is granted for a maximum of five years from the date of the General Meeting (29 June 2020) and covers all transactions in own equity instrument made hereunder, without requiring reiteration for each acquisition made. It also covers any provisions or earmarking of reserves made in accordance with the Corporate Enterprise Act.

The resolutions adopted at the Annual General Meeting on 29 July 2020 on treasury stock, reduction of capital and delegation to the Board rendered void, to the extent that they had not been used, those adopted on the same issues at the General Meeting of 3 June 2015 and at the date of this report they are still in force, not having been revoked.



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	%
Estimated free float	28.46

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A.12.	Indicate any constraints (statutory, legal or other) on the transferability of shares and/or any restrictions on voting rights. In particular, indicate the existence of any constraint or limitation that may hamper takeover of the company through the acquisition of its shares on the market, and any authorisations or prior notifications of acquisitions or transfers of the company's financial instruments required by sector laws and regulations.								
		es . equ eu sy see							
	[]	Yes							
	[\(\)]	No							
A.13.	Indicate whether	er the general meeting	g has resol	ved to apply the breakthrough rule against a takeover bid, under Act 6/2007.					
	[]	Yes							
	[\(\)]	No							
	If yes, explain th	ne measures approved	d and the t	erms on which the restrictions will become ineffective:					
A.14.	State whether t	he company has issue	ed any shar	es that are not traded on an EU regulated market:					
	[]	Yes							
	[\(\)]	No							
	If appropriate, i	ndicate the different	classes of s	hares and the rights and obligations conferred for each class.					
в. С	SENERAL MEET	ING							
B.1.	Indicate whether	er there are any differ	ences betv	veen the quorums established for general meetings and the minimums stipulated in					
	the Corporate E	nterprises Act and, if	any, explai	n:					
	[]	Yes							
	[\(\)]	No							
B.2.		er there are any differ utions and, if any, exp		espect of the system stipulated in the Corporate Enterprises Act for adopting					
	[]	Yes							
	[\(\)]	No							

B.3. Indicate the rules for alteration of the company's articles of association. In particular, indicate the majorities stipulated for altering the articles of association and the rules, if any, protecting shareholders' rights in any alteration of the articles.

Ebro Foods, S.A. has not established any requirements for altering the Articles of Association other than those stipulated in the Corporate Enterprises Act.



B.4. Give details of attendance of general meetings held during the year of this report and the two previous years:

	Details of attendance				
Date of general meeting	% in person	0/ by prove	% distan	ce voting	Total
Date of general meeting	% in person	% by proxy	Electronic vote	Others	
29/07/2020	10.37	70.55	0.01	0.10	81.03
Of which free float	0.00	14.16	0.01	0.10	14.27
16/12/2020	0.00	69.58	0.01	10.36	79.95
Of which free float	0.00	2.73	0.01	10.36	13.10
30/06/2021	0.00	61.09	0.02	18.75	79.86
Of which free float	0.00	12.21	0.02	0.56	12.79
15/12/2021	1.53	66.45	0.00	10.75	78.73
Of which free float	0.00	10.61	0.00	0.39	11.00
29/06/2022	14.64	56.01	0.03	10.78	81.46
Of which free float	0.09	12.94	0.03	0.42	13.48

In 2022 the Annual General Meeting was held onsite and online. In addition to attendance in person and the possibility of voting and proxy by means of remote communication prior to the general meeting, the Board resolved to enable online attendance of the General Meeting, allowing shareholders (and their representatives or proxies) to attend and participate in the General Meeting in real time by remote connection, as contemplated in the Articles of Association, the Regulations of the General Meeting and the notice of call.

В.5.	the shareholders for any reason:							
	[]	Yes						
	[\(\)]	No						
B.6.	Are any res		the articles of association requiring a minimum number of shares to attend general meetings or					
	[]	Yes						
	[\(\)]	No						
B.7.			ther than those established by law, involving an acquisition, disposal, transfer of essential er similar corporate operations must be laid before the general meeting of shareholders for					
	[]	Yes						
	[\(\)]	No						

B.8. Indicate the address and access to the company's website and where to find information on corporate governance and other information on general meetings that must be made available to shareholders through the company's website:

The corporate website of Ebro Foods (http://www.ebrofoods.es/en/) is set up as a vehicle of continuous, up-to-date information for shareholders, investors and markets in general.

In this respect, the home page includes a specific section called "Information for shareholders and investors", which contains all the information required under the applicable legal provisions.

Pursuant to current legislation, this section includes the chapter on Corporate Governance at the following address: http://www.ebrofoods.es/en/information-for-shareholders-and-investors/corporate-governance/regulations-of-the-general-meeting/. That section includes all the information that the Company makes available to shareholders for general meetings, specifically at the following URLs:



http://www.ebrofoods.es/en/information-for-shareholders-and-investors/corporate-governance/general-meeting-of-shareholders-exercise-of-the-right-to-information/

https://www.ebrofoods.es/en/information-for-shareholders-and-investors/corporate-governance/extraordinary-general-shareholders-meeting-june-2021/, which is the direct link to the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on 29 June 2022.

Furthermore, since the Annual General Meeting held in 2022 was held both online and onsite, the company enabled the corresponding link on the corporate website to the live-streaming of the AGM. The link to the live broadcast of the AGM was maintained active on the website throughout its duration.

The 'Corporate Governance' section is structured in the following sub-sections:

- Regulations of the General Meeting
- General Meeting of Shareholders: exercise of the right to information
- Annual General Shareholders' Meeting June 2022 (this sub-section always refers to the latest general meeting held, whether annual or extraordinary)
- Previous general meetings
- Board of Directors
- Regulations of the Board
- Remuneration of Directors
- Board Committees
- Annual Corporate Governance Report
- Internal Code of Market Conduct
- Shareholders' Forum

The contents of this section are structured and hierarchical, with concise, explanatory titles, to permit rapid, direct access to those contents in accordance with legal recommendations, at just two clicks from the home page.

All these sections have been designed and prepared according to the principle of easy access, aiming to enable fast location and download of the required information.

The corporate website offers all the information in this section in Spanish and English.

C. MANAGEMENT STRUCTURE OF THE COMPANY

C.1. Board of Directors

C.1.1 State the maximum and minimum numbers of directors stipulated in the articles of association and the number set by the general meeting:

Maximum number of directors	15
Minimum number of directors	7
Number of directors set by general meeting	14



C.1.2 Give details of the board members:

Name of director	Representative	Category of director	Position on Board	Date first appointment	Date latest appointment	Election procedure
BELÉN BARREIRO PÉREZ-PARDO		Independent	DIRECTOR	25/01/2017	30/06/2021	RESOLUTION PASSED AT AGM
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE		Proprietary	VICE- CHAIRMAN	01/06/2010	16/12/2020	RESOLUTION PASSED AT AGM
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS		Executive	CHAIRMAN	24/01/2002	29/06/2022	RESOLUTION PASSED AT AGM
FERNANDO CASTELLÓ CLEMENTE		Independent	DIRECTOR	29/05/2012	29/06/2022	RESOLUTION PASSED AT AGM
MARÍA CARCELLER ARCE		Proprietary	DIRECTOR	21/03/2018	16/12/2020	RESOLUTION PASSED AT AGM
MERCEDES COSTA GARCÍA		Independent	LEAD INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR	27/07/2016	30/06/2021	RESOLUTION PASSED AT AGM
JOSE IGNACIO COMENGE SÁNCHEZ- REAL		Proprietary	DIRECTOR	29/05/2012	16/12/2020	RESOLUTION PASSED AT AGM
JAVIER FERNÁNDEZ ALONSO		Proprietary	DIRECTOR	29/07/2020	16/12/2020	RESOLUTION PASSED AT AGM
CORPORACIÓN FINANCIERA ALBA, S.A.	ALEJANDRA OLARRA ICAZA	Proprietary	DIRECTOR	31/01/2018	16/12/2020	RESOLUTION PASSED AT AGM
EMPRESAS COMERCIALES E INDUSTRIALES VALENCIANAS, S.L.	JAVIER GÓMEZ- TRENOR VERGÉS	Proprietary	DIRECTOR	18/12/2013	16/12/2020	RESOLUTION PASSED AT AGM
GRUPO TRADIFÍN, S.L.	MARÍA BLANCA HERNÁNDEZ RODRÍGUEZ	Proprietary	DIRECTOR	21/12/2016	16/12/2020	RESOLUTION PASSED AT AGM
HERCALIANZ INVESTING GROUP, S.L.	FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	Executive	DIRECTOR	21/12/2016	16/12/2020	RESOLUTION PASSED AT AGM
MARC THOMAS MURTRA MILLAR		Independent	DIRECTOR	31/01/2022	31/01/2022	COOPTATION
JORDI XUCLÀ COSTA		Proprietary	DIRECTOR	30/03/2022	30/03/2022	COOPTATION

Total number of directors	14
rotal number of directors	



Indicate any retirements from the board during the reporting period, through resignation or by resolution of the general meeting:

Name of director	Category of director at time of retirement	Date of last appointment	Date of retirement	Specialist committees of which the director was a member	State whether retirement occurred before end of term of office
ALIMENTOS Y ACEITES, S.A.	Proprietary	16/12/2020	29/03/2022	None	YES

Cause of retirement if produced prior to the end of the director's term of office and other comments; information on whether the director sent a letter to the other board members and, for retirements of non-executive directors, explanation or opinion of any director removed from office by the general meeting

On 24 March 2022, Alimentos y Aceites, S.A. tendered its resignation from the Board with effect from 29 of that month and year, for reasons concerning the internal operation of Alimentos y Aceites, S.A. and Sociedad Estatal de Participaciones Industriales (SEPI),

Alimentos y Aceites, S.A. informed the board of its resignation in a letter dated 24 March 2022 addressed to the Secretary of the Board, for the latter to in turn inform the Board. In its letter of resignation, Alimentos y Aceites, S.A. informed the Board of its proposal to appoint Jordi Xuclà Costa proprietary director.

At the date of issuing this report, Alimentos y Aceites, S.A. is still a core shareholder of Ebro Foods, S.A. See section A.3 for the direct interest held by Alimentos y Aceites, S.A. (and the indirect interest of SEPI) in Ebro Foods. See also section A.4 for the interest held by SEPI in Alimentos y Aceites, S.A. Finally, see in section C.1.3 that Jordi Xuclà Costa is the proprietary shareholder nominated by Alimentos y Aceites, S.A. (SEPI).



C.1.3 Complete the following tables with the details and types of the board members:

	EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS				
Name of director	Position in company's organisation	Profile			
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	Executive Chairman	Antonio Hernández Callejas was born in Tudela (Navarre). He has a degree in Economics from the University of Seville and a diploma in Law. He began his career in 1979 in Arrocerías Herba, a rice producer founded by the Hernández family. In 2002 he was appointed Director, Vice-Chairman and member of the Executive Committee of Ebro Foods, S.A. and since then he has been a key figure in Ebro's transformation and international expansion. In 2004 he was appointed CEO of the Company and in 2005 he became Executive Chairman of the Ebro Group. Under his leadership, the Ebro Group has become number one in the rice sector and second world producer of pasta, operating in more than 70 countries in Europe, America, Africa and Asia, with a portfolio of over 70 brands. Over the course of his professional career, he has received numerous prizes and awards, such as the Tiepolo Award for Italian and Spanish business success, Business Sponsorship Award from the University of Seville, "Dinero" Business Awards for the best business management, Officer of the National Order of Merit of the Republic of France, Prize awarded by the Social Council of the University of Seville and the Seville Business Confederation (CES) for his Outstanding Business Career, the Gold Medal of the city of Seville, the Joly Group Farming Innovation Award and the Manuel Clavero Award. He speaks English, French and Italian.			
HERCALIANZ INVESTING GROUP, S.L.	Executive and director in several Group companies	Félix Hernández Callejas (representative of the director Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L.) was born in Tudela (Navarre). He has a Law degree and extensive experience in the rice and food industry in general. He has held several executive positions and directorships in different rice companies and is currently an executive of a subsidiary in the Ebro Group and director of several group companies. See the note in section C 1.10 of this report listing the Ebro Group companies in which Félix Hernández Callejas is a director.			

Total number of executive directors	2
% of board	14.29

With regard to the classification of Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. as Executive Director, this director:

- (i) does not perform executive or management duties in Ebro Foods, S.A. or in any Group subsidiary, so receives no remuneration as such;
- (ii) has been classified as executive director on the grounds that its representative on the Board of Directors of Ebro Foods, S.A. is an executive and director of several Group subsidiaries;
- (iii) holds office as a director because it is a significant shareholder of the Company, with a direct interest of 9.00%.

Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. will continue to be a director of Ebro Foods, S.A. as long as it is a significant shareholder, regardless of who is its representative and the executive position that said representative may have within the Group.



NON-EXECUTIVE PROPRIETARY DIRECTORS				
Name of director	Name of significant shareholder represented or that proposed appointment			
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	CORPORACIÓN ECONÓMICA DELTA, S.A.	Demetrio Carceller Arce was born in Madrid. He has a degree in Business Administration from the Private Financial Studies University 'Colegio Universitario de Estudios Financieros' (CUNEF) of Universidad Complutense de Madrid. He subsequently did an MBA at Duke University (Fuqua School of Business), an American business school in which he is on the Board of Visitors. He is Executive Chairman of Sociedad Anónima Damm and Chairman of Corporación Económica Delta, SA. and DISA Corporación Petrolífera, S.A. He is also Vice-Chairman and member of the Executive Committee of Sacyr, S.A. In 2019, he was elected Chairman of Cerveceros de España (Spanish Brewers Association). He also chairs the Board of Trustees of the Damm Foundation.		
MARÍA CARCELLER ARCE	CORPORACIÓN ECONÓMICA DELTA, S.A.	María Carceller Arce was born in Madrid. She has a degree in Business Studies from the European Business School, specialising in marketing and international business, and has a postgraduate degree from IESE (Management Development Programme PDD-C). She has over 20 years' professional experience in national and international companies in the food and drink sector. She is on the Food and Drink Advisory Board of the IESE Business School, the advisory board of Fundación A La Par and Honorary Trustee of Fundación General de la Universidad Complutense de Madrid. Since January 2012, she has been Managing Director of Grupo Rodilla, where she has received several awards for her professional career and business management. Before joining Grupo Rodilla, she held different management positions in Pepsico and McDonald's, receiving the President Award, among others. She is bilingual in German and speaks English.		
JOSE IGNACIO COMENGE SÁNCHEZ- REAL	JOSE IGNACIO COMENGE SÁNCHEZ- REAL	José Ignacio Comenge Sánchez-Real was born in San Sebastián. He is an Economist and has a degree in International Banking. He has a lengthy track record in business management and administration in companies operating in different areas of the Spanish economy, including the financial, insurance, beverages and renewable energy sectors. He has been an executive and director in different financial and insurance entities, such as Banco Hispano Americano, Mutua Madrileña and Axa Winterthur, among others. He is Chairman of Ball Beverage Packaging Iberica S.L. and Arbitraje&Inversiones S.L. and Director of ENCE Energía y Celulosa, S.A., CVNE, S.A. (Compañía Vinícola Nacional de España), Olive Partners, S.A., Barbosa&Almeida, S.A. and Coca-Cola European Partners.		
JAVIER FERNÁNDEZ ALONSO	CORPORACIÓN FINANCIERA ALBA, S.A.	Javier Fernández Alonso was born in Bilbao. He has a degree in Business Management and Administration from Deusto University (La Comercial), specialising in Finance and graduating Cum Laude. With extensive experience in business management and administration, he is General Manager of Corporación Financiera Alba, S.A. He is also on the Boards of CIE Automotive, S.A., Viscofan, S.A., Profand Fishing Holding, S.L., the vehicles Rioja and Rioja Acquisition, S.à.r.l. (Naturgy), Artá Capital S.G.E.I.C., S.A. and Deyá Capital IV S.C.R., S.A. and on the Investment Committee of Artá Capital, among other responsibilities. He was formerly on the boards of several other companies including, among others, Acerinox, S.A., Actividades de Construcción y Servicios,		



	NON-EXECUTIVE PROPRIETARY DIRECTORS				
Name of director	Name of significant shareholder represented or that proposed appointment				
		S.A., Euskaltel, S.A. and Parques Reunidos Servicios Centrales, S.A. He previously worked in mergers and acquisitions (M&A) in London and Madrid at Goldman Sachs and ABN AMRO. He speaks English.			
CORPORACIÓN FINANCIERA ALBA, S.A.	CORPORACIÓN FINANCIERA ALBA, S.A.	Alejandra Olarra Icaza (representative of the director Corporación Financiera Alba, S.A.) was born in Bilbao. She has a degree in Business Management & Administration from Comillas Pontifical University (Universidad Pontificia Comillas) in Madrid (ICAE-ICADE). She has a lengthy track record in the investment banking sector and considerable international experience in mergers & acquisitions and equity market transactions in all sectors. She is currently a member of the Investment Department of Corporación Financiera Alba, S.A.			
EMPRESAS COMERCIALES E INDUSTRIALES VALENCIANAS, S.L.	EMPRESAS COMERCIALES E INDUSTRIALES VALENCIANAS, S.L.	Javier Gómez-Trenor Vergés (representative of the director Empresas Comerciales e Industriales Valencianas, S.L.) was born in Barcelona. He has a degree in Economics and Business Studies from the University of Valencia. He has a lengthy track record in the business sector, as executive and director of numerous companies in the beverages, agricultural, livestock and concentrated juice sectors. He is currently the representative of the corporate Chairman of the Board of Empresas Comerciales e Industriales Valencianas, S.L. and the corporate Vice-Chairman of the Board of Olive Partners S.A.; he is Chairman of the Board of Inversiones Caspatró, S.L. and is on the boards of several financial investment, real estate and agricultural companies.			
GRUPO TRADIFÍN, S.L.	GRUPO TRADIFÍN, S.L.	Blanca Hernández Rodríguez (representative of the director Grupo Tradifín, S.L.) was born in Seville. She has a degree in Economics and Business Studies from the University of Seville, a degree in Humanities from the European University of Madrid and a Master of Finance from CUNEF. She has extensive experience in the financial sector. She is Founder and Managing Director of Magallanes Value Investors, S.A., S.G.I.I.C. and Director of PharmaMar, S.A. She is on the Board of Trustees of Proyecto Hombre and the Capacis Foundation, and chairs the Ebro Foods Foundation.			
JORDI XUCLÀ COSTA	ALIMENTOS Y ACEITES, S.A.	Jordi Xuclà Costa was born in Olot (Gerona). He has a Law degree from the University of Gerona, a PhD in Communication and International Relations from Ramón Llull University and a master's degree in National Defence (CESEDEN), among other qualifications. A jurist and consultant in International Relations, he was formerly a lecturer of Administrative Law at the Universities of Gerona and Barcelona. He formerly held office as Senator-Elect for Gerona, CiU (2000-2004, VII Term), Deputy of the Congress of Deputies (2004-2019) and member of the Parliamentary Assembly of the Western European Union (2008-2011), NATO (2008-2011) and the European Council (2008-2019). He is currently a lecturer of International Relations at Universidad CEU San Pablo and Ramón Llull University and is on the Board of RENFE Mercancías, in which he previously chaired the Audit and Control Committee. He is a member of the Jury of the "European Award Citizenship, Security and Defence" organised by CiDAN and is a Trustee of the Josep Plà Foundation. He has been awarded the distinction of Commander of the Order of Civil Merit, among others.			



Total number of proprietary directors	8
% of board	57.14

NON-EXECUTIVE INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS				
Name of director	Profile			
BELÉN BARREIRO PÉREZ- PARDO	Belén Barreiro Pérez-Pardo was born in Madrid. She has a PhD in Political Science, Sociology and Social Anthropology from the Autonomous University of Madrid and a Master in Social Science from the Juan March Institute of Studies and Research. With over 20 years' experience, she is dedicated to the scientific analysis of society and counselling on public opinion research. She has published several books and academic articles and is a visiting lecturer for different university courses. She is on the Advisory Board of the Spanish Association of Foundations and on the Economic Affairs Advisory Board of the Ministry of Economic Affairs and Digital Transformation, and is CEO and founding member of 40dB., a social and market research agency.			
FERNANDO CASTELLÓ CLEMENTE	Fernando Castelló Clemente was born in Mollerusa (Lleida). He is an Industrial Engineer and has an MBA from IESE. He has held several important executive and management positions in companies operating in the dairy sector and in distribution in the food sector. He is on the Boards of several companies in the wine sector and others engaged in alternative energies and construction.			
MERCEDES COSTA GARCÍA	Mercedes Costa García was born in Lleida. She has a Law degree from the Central University of Barcelona, Master in Corporate Legal Counselling from IE Business School and PhD in Communication Science from IE University. On conclusion of her academic training, she worked for 10 years as a commercial lawyer in the law firm of José Mario Armero, and is currently Manager of the Negotiation and Mediation Centre of the IE Business School, where she is Negotiation lecturer in all the Masters programmes. She is also a member of the Advisory Board of Ribé Salat and Trustee of the "Fundación Contigo contra el Cáncer de la Mujer" and the "Quiero Trabajo" foundation. She wrote the manual "El Negociador efectivo" and directed and co-authored "Negociar para CON-vencer" and "Negociar para CON-seguir", as well as numerous technical notes, working papers and research cases on negotiation. In 2020 she received the award for "The most used learning material at IE".			
MARC THOMAS MURTRA MILLAR	Marc Thomas Murtra Millar was born in Blackburn, Lancashire, UK. He has a degree in Industrial Engineering, specialising in Machinery Mechanics, from the School of Industrial Engineers of Barcelona ETSEIB) of the Polytechnic University of Catalonia, and a Master in Business Administration (MBA), majoring in Finance, from the Leonard School of Business of the University of New York. He worked in the civil service for several years, as a specialist in Strategy and Digital Transformation, and has held several directorships, including Paradores de Turismo de España, Red.es and Instituto Nacional de Tecnologías de la Comunicación (INTECO). In the private sector, as Chairman of Closa Investment Bankers, since 2011 he has headed numerous corporate operations in the technology, media and telecommunications (TMT) and industrial sectors and Public Private Partnerships with international investors and enterprises throughout the world. He is also a part-time lecturer of Financial Management and Financial Economics at the Pompeu Fabra University. He is Chairman of the Board and of the Strategy Committee of Indra Sistemas S.A. and Trustee of Fundación La Caixa.			

Total number of independent directors	4
% of board	28.57



State whether any director qualified as independent receives from the company or any other company in its group any sum or gain other than directors' emoluments, or has or has had a business relationship with the company or any other company in its group during the past year, in their own name or as significant shareholder, director or senior executive of a company which has or has had such a relationship.

If appropriate, include a reasoned statement by the board explaining why it considers that the director in question can perform their duties as an independent director.

Name of director	Description of the relationship	Reasoned statement
BELÉN BARREIRO PÉREZ-PARDO	N/A	N/A
FERNANDO CASTELLÓ CLEMENTE	N/A	N/A
MERCEDES COSTA GARCÍA	N/A	N/A
MARC THOMAS MURTRA MILLAR	N/A	N/A

OTHER NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Name any other non-executive directors and explain why they cannot be considered proprietary or independent directors and their relationships, with the company or its executives or with the shareholders:

Name of director	Reasons	Company, executive or shareholder with which it is related	Profile
No details			

Total number of other non-executive directors	N/A
% of board	N/A

Indicate any variations during the year in the type of each director:

Name of director	Date of change	Previous category	Current category
No details			



C.1.4 Complete the following table with details of the number of female directors over the past 4 years and the type of female directors:

	Number of female directors			Female directors / total directors of each type (%)				
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2022	2021	2020	2019
Executive					0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Proprietary	3	4	3	3	37.50	50.00	37.50	42.86
Independent	2	2	2	2	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00
Other non-executive					0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Total	5	6	5	5	35.71	42.86	35.71	38.46

C.1.5	Indicate whether the company has diversity policies for the board of directors of the company regarding issues such as age
	gender, disability, training and professional experience. In accordance with the definition set out in the Auditing Act, small
	and medium-sized enterprises must inform at least on the policy they have established with regard to gender diversity.

۱]	V]	Yes
]]	No
ſ	1	Partial policies

If yes, describe those diversity policies, their goals the measures established, how they have been implemented and the results obtained during the year. Describe also the specific measures taken by the board of directors and the nomination and remuneration committee to achieve a balanced, diverse composition of directors.

If the company does not apply a diversity policy, explain why not.

Description of the policies, goals, measures and implementation and the results obtained

Ebro Foods, S.A. has implemented a Policy on the Selection of Directors and Diversity in the Composition of the Board of Directors, the scope of which is extended to the appointment, ratification and re-election of directors by the General Meeting of Shareholders and the appointments made directly by the Board of Directors by the procedure of cooptation. For candidate directors who are legal persons, the principles and criteria of the Policy must be observed in respect of the individuals who are to represent them on the Board.

According to that Policy, all proposals for candidates must be based on a prior analysis of the needs of the Board, the results of which will be set out in the corresponding report by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, to be published when calling the General Meeting at which the ratification, appointment or re-election of each director is to be submitted for approval.

The following goals are established in the Policy:

- Avoid any implicit bias in the processes for selecting directors that may imply discrimination against any of the candidates on any grounds whatsoever.
- Under equal conditions, opt for the candidate whose gender is least represented on the Board at that time.
- Favour diversity of expertise, professional experience and gender within the composition of the Board.
- Achieve a composition where the gender least represented on the Board accounts for at least 40% of the total Board members by and beyond the end of 2022.

To achieve these goals set in the Policy, the Company has established the following measures to be applied in each appointment of directors:

- prior analysis of the composition of the Board of Directors in aspects regarding the categories of directors, presence of the least-represented gender, profile and professional experience of the directors and capital represented on the Board of Directors;
- analysis of the legal, statutory and regulatory requirements applicable to both the classification of director of the candidate and the procedure for their appointment;
- analysis of the experience, qualification and vocational training of the candidate and their availability for adequate performance of their duties;



 verification that the appointment of the candidate complies with the requirements of diversity, non-discrimination and equal treatment established in the Code of Conduct and the Policy for Selection of Directors and Diversity.

Through its implementation of the Policy on the Selection of Directors and Diversity in the Composition of the Board and correct monitoring of the measures described above, Ebro Foods, S.A. has a pluralistic, diverse Board of Directors in terms of gender, expertise, experience and professional profiles of its members.

Prior to the resignation of Alimentos y Aceites, S.A., which had been represented on the Board by a woman, there were 6 women on the Board of Directors, representing 42.857% of the total number of members set by the General Meeting (14), so the company had reached and exceeded the target recommended by the Code of Good Governance and established in the company's Policy on the Selection of Directors and Diversity in the Composition of the Board of Directors.

In March 2022, after Alimentos y Aceites, S.A. stepped down from the Board and a male proprietary director was appointed by Alimentos y Aceites, S.A. (SEPI), the number of women on the Board fell from 6 to 5 and the number of men rose from 8 to 9, as a result of which the percentage of women on the Board dropped to 35.714% of the total Board members (14), falling short of the 40% target.

The company is aware of the need to increase the number of women on the Board to restore the proportion that had been reached prior to the departure of Alimentos y Aceites, S.A., and it will work to achieve again the 40% target recommended by the Code of Good Governance and established in the company's Policy on the Selection of Directors and Diversity in the Composition of the Board of Directors.

C.1.6 Explain any measures agreed by the nomination committee to ensure that the selection procedures are not implicitly biased against the selection of female directors and that a conscious effort is made to include women with the target profile among the candidates so that a balance may be struck between male and female directors. State also whether these measures include encouraging a significant number of female senior executives in the company:

Explanation of the measures

With regard to the procedures for selecting female directors, although the Nomination and Remuneration Committee has not adopted specific measures in this regard, in accordance with the gender diversity measures and the principles of non-discrimination and equal treatment applied by the Company when selecting candidate directors, the Company will: (i) seek at all times a diversity of expertise, experience and gender in the composition of the Board; and (ii) under equal conditions, opt for the candidate whose gender is least represented on the Board at that time.

The main principle followed by the Company in this regard is that the selection procedure must avoid any implicit bias that might imply discrimination against any of the candidates on any grounds, although the target set in the Policy on the Selection of Directors and Diversity in the Composition of the Board, that the gender least represented on the Board of Directors of the Company must account for at least 40% of the total Board members, must be recovered. See in this respect section C.1.5 of this Report.

The Code of Conduct of the Ebro Foods Group promotes and defends the principle of equal treatment and equal opportunities for all professionals regardless of their gender or sexual orientation. This principle is behind the Human Resources policies applied in hiring, training, career opportunities, pay levels and all other aspects of the relationship between the company and its professionals of any category, including senior management.

The company's actions in respect of the selection, hiring, training and internal promotion of all its professionals (executives or otherwise, men or women) are based on clear criteria of capacity, competence and professional merit.

Therefore, there is no positive or negative discrimination of any nature in the procedures followed by the company for selecting and contracting its executive personnel, so it is not necessary to introduce any new measures to encourage the hiring of women for executive positions.

It is put on record in this regard that as established in the Senior Executive Remuneration and Incentives Policy of the Ebro Foods Group, "Senior Executive" means any employee of the Company or any other company in the Group holding the position of manager or head of a specific department or business (or similar position in foreign companies), regardless of whether they have a special senior management contract and even though they may not report directly to the directors or chief executive. The non-director Vice-Secretary of the Board of Directors of the Company is also considered a "Senior Executive".

If, despite the measures taken, if any, there are few or no female directors or executives, explain the reasons that justify this situation:

Explanation of the measures

N/A

C.1.7 Explain the conclusions of the nomination committee on compliance with the policy intended to favour an appropriate composition of the board.

During 2022, every time a possible appointment, re-appointment or ratification of a director has been contemplated, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee has analysed the composition of the Board of Directors from the point of view of director categories, the presence of women, size and diversity of expertise and profiles.

In this regard, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee has:



(i) Assessed the extent of compliance with Recommendation 17 of the Code of Good Governance, which provides that: "In companies that are not large cap (as is the case of Ebro), the number of independent directors should represent at least one-third of the total directors."

Since the number of independent directors (4) is still somewhat less than one-third (4.66) of the total Board members (14) recommended for non-large cap companies, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee considers it necessary to continue working to increase the number of independent directors until it is at least equal to the recommended one-third, although it should be borne in mind that at the date of issue of this report, 68.38% of the company's total capital is concentrated in the Board.

(ii) Assessed the extent of compliance with Recommendation 15 of the Code of Good Governance, which provides that: "The number of female directors should represent at least 40% of the Board members by and beyond the end of 2022, and should previously not be less than 30%."

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee is aware of the need to increase the number of women on the Board to restore the proportion that had been reached prior to the departure of Alimentos y Aceites, S.A., and it will work to achieve again the 40% target recommended by the Code of Good Governance and established in the company's Policy on the Selection of Directors and Diversity in the Composition of the Board of Directors.

See in this respect sections C.1.5, C.1.6 and G of this report.

[\[\]

Nο

- (iii) Assessed the current size of the Board of Directors (set at 14 members by virtue of a resolution adopted at the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on 29 July 2020). The Committee considers this size adequate to ensure adequate diversity of expertise, experience and gender in the composition of the Board and an adequate balance between the representation of significant shareholders and minority shareholders on the Board.
- (iv) Assessed the fact that all the present directors were appointed on account of their expertise, skills, professional experience, availability and suitability, which were considered adequate for the duties they were to perform.

In view of the diversity of professional profiles of the directors (all specialists in sectors that are both varied and complementary, such as economic, financial, legal, industrial, consumer and distribution markets, beverages, rice and pasta) and taking into account the extensive knowledge that some of them have of the Group overall, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee considers that the composition of the Board of Directors has adequate diversity of expertise and professional experience to serve the interests of the company and the group.

The company has also assessed the extent of compliance with Recommendation 16 of the Code of Good Governance, which provides that: "The proportion of proprietary directors in the total number of non-executive directors should not exceed the proportion of capital represented by those directors in the total capital of the company."

Although the directors classified as proprietary (8) account for 66.67% of the total non-executive directors (12) and represent 57.87% of the capital, in the opinion of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee special circumstances exist that attenuate the principle of proportion recommended by the Code of Good Governance, since: (i) there are seven (7) unrelated significant shareholders present or represented on the Board that represent 66.72% of the capital and (ii) 68.38% of the capital is represented on the Board. The Committee has considered it necessary to take account of the fact that the director Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. is classified as an executive director, even though it is a significant shareholder, on the grounds that its representative on the Ebro Board is an executive and director of several subsidiaries in the Ebro Group.

Based on the foregoing, the company considers that the principle behind Recommendation 16 is respected.

C.1.8 Explain, if appropriate, why proprietary directors have been appointed at the request of shareholders holding less than 3% of the capital:

Name of shareholder	Justification	
No details		

State whether any formal requests for presence on the board have been rejected from shareholders holding interests equal to
or greater than others at whose request proprietary directors have been appointed. If appropriate, explain why such requests
were not met:
[] Yes



C.1.9 Indicate the powers, if any, delegated by the board to particular directors or committees, including the power to cast or repurchase shares:

Name of director or committee	Brief description	
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	Antonio Hernández Callejas has no powers delegated by the Board of Directors. Mr Hernández Callejas is a class A general attorney of the Company by virtue of the power of attorney granted in deed no. 4802, executed on 4 December 2014 before the notary Andrés Domínguez Nafría and entered in the Madrid Trade Register, volume 29950, folio 202, section 8, page M-272855. In addition, in accordance with the rules on investments and divestments, strategic expenditure and corporate operations approved by the Board of Directors at its meeting on 21 March 2001, the following actions by Antonio Hernández Callejas shall require prior authorisation from the Board of Directors or notification to the Executive Committee: - for investments/divestments or strategic expenditure, if exercise of the powers entails the acquisition of economic obligations or commitments in excess of two million euros, a resolution must previously be adopted by the Board of Directors; and for less than two million euros but more than three hundred thousand euros, the Executive Committee must be notified; - for corporate operations, a prior resolution of the Board of Directors is required if they are for more than two million euros, and the Executive Committee must be notified if they are for less than two million euros but more than three hundred thousand euros.	
Executive Committee	The Board of Directors has delegated all its powers to the Executive Committee, save any, which may not legally be delegated. This notwithstanding, in accordance with the rules on investments and divestments, strategic expenditure and corporate operations approved by the Board of Directors at its meeting on 21 March 2001, the powers of the Executive Committee in these areas are internally limited to the sum of two million euros per investment/divestment, expenditure or corporate operation. See section C.2.1 of this Report for the duties attributed to the Executive Committee in the Articles of Association and applicable regulations.	

C.1.10 Name Board members, if any, who are also directors, representatives of directors or executives of other companies in the same group as the listed company:

Name of director	Name of group company	Position	With executive duties?
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	VOGAN, LTD.	DIRECTOR	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	GEOVITA FUNCTIONAL INGREDIENTS, S.R.L	CHAIRMAN	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	JOSEPH HEAP PROPERTY, LTD.	DIRECTOR	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	EBRO INGREDIENTS BELGIUM B, B.V.	DIRECTOR	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	JOSEPH HEAP & SONS, LTD.	DIRECTOR	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	A.W. MELLISH, LTD.	DIRECTOR	YES



Name of director	Name of group company	Position	With executive duties?
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	ANGLO AUSTRALIAN RICE, LTD.	DIRECTOR	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	HEAP COMET, LTD.	DIRECTOR	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	PASTIFICIO LUCIO GAROFALO, S.P.A.	DIRECTOR	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	BERTAGNI 1882, S.P.A	DIRECTOR	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	RIVIANA FOODS, INC.	CHAIRMAN	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	N&C BOOST, N.V.	DIRECTOR	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	BOOST NUTRITION, N.V.	DIRECTOR	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	EBRO RICE HANDLING, BVBA	DIRECTOR	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	EBRO FOODS, GMBH	JOINT AND SEVERAL DIRECTOR	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	T.A.G. NAHRUNGSMITTEL, GMBH	JOINT AND SEVERAL DIRECTOR	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	BERTOLINI IMPORT UND EXPORT, GMBH	JOINT AND SEVERAL DIRECTOR	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	HERBA GERMANY, GMBH	JOINT AND SEVERAL DIRECTOR	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	S&B HERBA FOODS, LTD.	DIRECTOR	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	ARROZEIRAS MUNDIARRROZ, S.A.	CHAIRMAN	YES

Antonio Hernández Callejas is a director of Riso Scotti, S.p.A., an associate outside the Ebro Foods Group, in which Ebro Foods, S.A. holds a 40% interest. This investment is consolidated by the equity method. Riso Scotti, S.p.A. is an Italian company engaged in an activity similar to the objects of Ebro Foods, S.A. He is also a member of the Board of Trustees of the Ebro Foods Foundation.

Finally, the positions held by Félix Hernández Callejas in the subsidiaries of the Ebro Foods Group are listed below. In this regard, it should be remembered that, as mentioned elsewhere in this Report, Félix Hernández Callejas represents the director Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. on the Board of Directors of Ebro Foods, S.A. and that director is classified as an executive director by virtue of the fact that its representative is an executive and director of several Group subsidiaries.

- Anglo Australian Rice, Ltd. Director. With executive duties
- Arrozeiras Mundiarroz, S.A. Director. With executive duties
- Boost Nutrition, N.V. Director. With executive duties
- Española de I+D, S.A. Joint and Several Director. With executive duties
- Eurodairy, S.L.U. Joint and Several Director. With executive duties
- Formalac, S.L.U. Joint and Several Director. With executive duties
- Fallera Nutrición, S.L.U. Joint and Several Director. With executive duties
- Herba Foods, S.L.U. Joint and Several Director. With executive duties
- Ebro Ingredients Belgium B, BV. Director. With executive duties
- Ebro Ingredients Belgium F, BV. Director. With executive duties
- Herba Nutrición, S.L.U. Joint and Several Director. With executive duties
- Herba Trading, S.L.U. Joint and Several Director. With executive duties



- Joseph Heap & Sons, Ltd. Director. With executive duties
- Nuratri, S.L.U. Joint and Several Director. With executive duties
- Nutramas, S.L.U. Joint and Several Director. With executive duties
- Nutrial, S.L.U. Joint and Several Director. With executive duties

 Pronatur, S.L.U. Joint and Several Director. With executive duties
- Risella, OY. Chairman and CEO. With executive duties
- Riviana Foods, Inc. Director. No executive duties
- S&B Herba Foods, Ltd. Director. With executive duties
- Santa Rita Harinas, S.L. Chairman. No executive duties
 Vitasan, S.L.U. Joint and Several Director. With executive duties
 Vogan, Ltd. Director. With executive duties
- Yofres, S.L.U. Joint and Several Director. With executive duties
- Dosbio 2010, S.L.U. Joint and Several Director. With executive duties

C.1.11 Name the company directors or representatives of corporate directors who are board members or representatives of corporate directors in other companies, listed or otherwise:

Name of director or representative	Name of company, listed or otherwise	Position
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	HACIENDA LAS CASETAS, S.L.	SOLE DIRECTOR
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	DISA CORPORACIÓN PETROLÍFERA, S.A.	CHAIRMAN
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	SACYR, S.A.	VICE-CHAIRMAN
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	FONT SALEM, S.A.	CHAIRMAN
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	DAMM RESTAURACIÓN, S.L.	CHAIRMAN
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	SETPOINT EVENTS, S.A.	CHAIRMAN
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	INVERSIONES LAS PARRAS DE CASTELLOTE, S.L.	SOLE DIRECTOR
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	SOCIEDAD ANÓNIMA DAMM	CHAIRMAN
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	CORPORACIÓN ECONÓMICA DELTA, S.A.	CHAIRMAN
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	COMPAÑÍA INVERSORA DEL MAESTRAZGO, S.L.	SOLE DIRECTOR
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	RODILLA SÁNCHEZ, S.L.	CHAIRMAN
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	BALEAR DE CERVEZAS, S.L.	CHAIRMAN
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	DISTRIBUCIÓN DIRECTA INTEGRAL, S.L.	CHAIRMAN
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	FUNDACIÓN DAMM	CHAIRMAN
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	FUNDACIÓN DISA	TRUSTEE
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	CERVECEROS DE ESPAÑA	CHAIRMAN
BELÉN BARREIRO PÉREZ-PARDO	40DB DATA, S.L.	SOLE DIRECTOR
MARÍA CARCELLER ARCE	DAMM RESTAURACIÓN, S.L.	MANAGING DIRECTOR
MARÍA CARCELLER ARCE	CORPORACIÓN ECONÓMICA DELTA, S.A.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
MARÍA CARCELLER ARCE	RODILLA SÁNCHEZ, S.L.	MANAGING DIRECTOR
MARÍA CARCELLER ARCE	ARTESANÍA DE LA ALIMENTACIÓN, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
MARÍA CARCELLER ARCE	SOCIEDAD ANÓNIMA DAMM	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
MARÍA CARCELLER ARCE	EL OBRADOR DE HAMBURGUESA NOSTRA, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
MARÍA CARCELLER ARCE	NOSTRA RESTAURACIÓN, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
MARÍA CARCELLER ARCE	HAMBURGUESA NOSTRA, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
MARÍA CARCELLER ARCE	BALEAR DE CERVEZAS, S.L.	DIRECTOR
MARÍA CARCELLER ARCE	RENTA INSULAR CANARIA, S.A. SICAV	DIRECTOR
MARÍA CARCELLER ARCE	HAMBURGUESA NOSTRA FRANQUICIA, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
MARÍA CARCELLER ARCE	JAPAN INVESTMENT, BV	DIRECTOR
MARÍA CARCELLER ARCE	IESE BUSINESS SCHOOL	OTHERS
MARÍA CARCELLER ARCE	FUNDACIÓN A LA PAR	OTHERS
MARÍA CARCELLER ARCE	FUNDACIÓN GENERAL DE LA UNIVERSIDAD COMPLUTENSE DE MADRID	OTHERS
FERNANDO CASTELLÓ CLEMENTE	CLAPTOS 2, S.L.	SOLE DIRECTOR



Name of director or representative	Name of company, listed or otherwise	Position
FERNANDO CASTELLÓ CLEMENTE	SCI CLAPTOS FRANCE	SOLE DIRECTOR
FERNANDO CASTELLÓ CLEMENTE	EURODAIRY FARMS, S.L.	SOLE DIRECTOR
FERNANDO CASTELLÓ CLEMENTE	KILFENORA, S.L.	SOLE DIRECTOR
FERNANDO CASTELLÓ CLEMENTE	SOC. AFRICAINE INVESTISSEMENT	DIRECTOR
FERNANDO CASTELLÓ CLEMENTE	TOMÁS CUSINÉ, S.L.	DIRECTOR
FERNANDO CASTELLÓ CLEMENTE	WINE 2010, S.L.	DIRECTOR
JOSE IGNACIO COMENGE SÁNCHEZ- REAL	ENCE ENERGÍA Y CELULOSA, S.A.	DIRECTOR
JOSE IGNACIO COMENGE SÁNCHEZ- REAL	MENDIBEA 2002, S.L.	SOLE DIRECTOR
Jose Ignacio Comenge Sánchez- Real	BLIG 13-13, S.L.	SOLE DIRECTOR
JOSE IGNACIO COMENGE SÁNCHEZ- REAL	ARBITRAJES E INVERSIONES, S.L.	DIRECTOR
JOSE IGNACIO COMENGE SÁNCHEZ- REAL	GLOBOTRANS, S.L.	SOLE DIRECTOR
JOSE IGNACIO COMENGE SÁNCHEZ- REAL	DOSVAL, S.L.	DIRECTOR
EMPRESAS COMERCIALES E INDUSTRIALES VALENCIANAS, S.L.	FRUVEGA, S.L.	JOINT AND SEVERAL DIRECTOR
EMPRESAS COMERCIALES E INDUSTRIALES VALENCIANAS, S.L.	DOSVAL, S.L.	CHAIRMAN
EMPRESAS COMERCIALES E INDUSTRIALES VALENCIANAS, S.L.	OLIVE PARTNERS, S.A.	VICE-CHAIRMAN
EMPRESAS COMERCIALES E INDUSTRIALES VALENCIANAS, S.L.	RIEGOS EL PATOR, S.L.	SOLE DIRECTOR
JAVIER GÓMEZ-TRENOR VERGÉS	INVERSIONES CASPATRÓ, S.L.	CHAIRMAN
JAVIER GÓMEZ-TRENOR VERGÉS	CULTIVOS VALENCIA, S.L.	JOINT AND SEVERAL DIRECTOR
JAVIER GÓMEZ-TRENOR VERGÉS	CULTIVOS CAPITAL, S.L.	JOINT AND SEVERAL DIRECTOR
JAVIER GÓMEZ-TRENOR VERGÉS	CULTIVOS ACTIVO INMOBILIARIO, S.L.	JOINT AND SEVERAL DIRECTOR
JAVIER GÓMEZ-TRENOR VERGÉS	LAS COLINAS DEL CONTADOR, S.A.	JOINT DIRECTOR
JAVIER GÓMEZ-TRENOR VERGÉS	LOS BARRANCOS Y EL HORNILLO, S.L.	JOINT AND SEVERAL DIRECTOR
JAVIER GÓMEZ-TRENOR VERGÉS	DOSVAL, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
JAVIER GÓMEZ-TRENOR VERGÉS	FRUVEGA, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
JAVIER GÓMEZ-TRENOR VERGÉS	CARTUJA AGRÍCOLA, S.A.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
JAVIER GÓMEZ-TRENOR VERGÉS	RIEGOS EL PATOR, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
JAVIER GÓMEZ-TRENOR VERGÉS		
JAVIER GÓMEZ-TRENOR VERGÉS	OLIVE PARTNERS, S.A.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
JAVIER FERNÁNDEZ ALONSO	CITRICULTURA PAS, S.L.U.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
JAVIER FERNÁNDEZ ALONSO JAVIER FERNÁNDEZ ALONSO	ARTÁ CAPITAL, S.G.E.I.C., S.A. DEYÁ CAPITAL, S.C.R., S.A.	DIRECTOR DIRECTOR
JAVIER FERNÁNDEZ ALONSO	DEYÁ CAPITAL IV, S.C.R., S.A.	DIRECTOR
JAVIER FERNÁNDEZ ALONSO	PROFAND FISHING HOLDING, S.L.	DIRECTOR
JAVIER FERNÁNDEZ ALONSO	RIOJA, S.A.R.L.	DIRECTOR
JAVIER FERNÁNDEZ ALONSO	RIOJA ACQUISITION, S.A.R.L.	DIRECTOR



Name of director or representative	Name of company, listed or otherwise	Position
JAVIER FERNÁNDEZ ALONSO	CIE AUTOMOTIVE, S.A.	DIRECTOR
JAVIER FERNÁNDEZ ALONSO	VISCOFAN, S.A.	DIRECTOR
GRUPO TRADIFÍN, S.A.	ALDEBARÁN ENERGÍA DEL GUADALQUIVIR, S.L.	SOLE DIRECTOR
GRUPO TRADIFÍN, S.A.	CABHER 96, S.L.	SOLE DIRECTOR
GRUPO TRADIFÍN, S.A.	GOLF ACTIVITIES, S.L.	SOLE DIRECTOR
GRUPO TRADIFÍN, S.A.	OLIVETUM RECURSOS BIOMÁSICOS, S.L.	SOLE DIRECTOR
GRUPO TRADIFÍN, S.A.	HACIENDA DEL GUADAIRA, S.L.	SOLE DIRECTOR
GRUPO TRADIFÍN, S.A.	ARROZALES LOS MORISCOS, S.L.	SOLE DIRECTOR
GRUPO TRADIFÍN, S.A.	LIGHT ENVIRONMENT CONTROL, S.L.	DIRECTOR
GRUPO TRADIFÍN, S.A.	INSTITUTO HISPÁNICO DEL ARROZ, S.A.	DIRECTOR
MARÍA BLANCA HERNÁNDEZ RODRÍGUEZ	REAL CLUB SEVILLA GOLF, S.L.	DIRECTOR
MARÍA BLANCA HERNÁNDEZ RODRÍGUEZ	GRUPO TRADIFÍN, S.L.	MANAGING DIRECTOR
MARÍA BLANCA HERNÁNDEZ RODRÍGUEZ	TRADIFÍN, S.A.	DIRECTOR
MARÍA BLANCA HERNÁNDEZ RODRÍGUEZ	PHARMA MAR, S.A.	DIRECTOR
MARÍA BLANCA HERNÁNDEZ RODRÍGUEZ	MAGALLANES VALUE INVESTORS, S.A.	DIRECTOR
MARÍA BLANCA HERNÁNDEZ RODRÍGUEZ	LIGHT ENVIRONMENT CONTROL, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
MARÍA BLANCA HERNÁNDEZ RODRÍGUEZ	SARANAC PARTNERS EUROPE, AGENCIA DE VALORES, S.A.	DIRECTOR
HERCALIANZ INVESTING GROUP, S.L.	HERSOT VENTURES, S.L.	SOLE DIRECTOR
HERCALIANZ INVESTING GROUP, S.L.	INSTITUTO HISPÁNICO DEL ARROZ, S.A.	DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	HERCALIANZ INVESTING GROUP, S.L.	JOINT AND SEVERAL DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	ACEBES NORTE, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	AGRÍCOLA MAURINAS, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	AGRÍCOLA VILLAMARTA, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	AGROPECUARIA ISLA MAYOR, SL.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	ARRIZUR 8, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	ARROZALES ISLA MENOR, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	AUSTRALIAN COMMODITIES, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	CAMPOARROZ SUR, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	CONDE-GUADAIRA, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	CUQUERO AGRO, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	DEHESA CASUDIS, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	DEHESA GUADALQUIVIR, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	DEHESA NORTE, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	EL COBUJÓN, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	ENTREGUADAL, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
LEIA HERIVANDEZ CALLEJAS	LIVINLOUADAL, S.L.	THE RESERVATIVE OF DIRECTOR



Name of director or representative	Name of company, listed or otherwise	Position
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	ENTRERRÍOS NORTE, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	ESPARRAGOSILLA 91, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	FITOPLANCTON MARINO, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	GREENVETA 78, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	HACIENDA BOCÓN, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	HACIENDA GUADIAGRÁN, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	HACIENDA LAS POMPAS, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	HERNÁNDEZ BARRERA SERVICIOS, S.A.	DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	HERSOT VENTURES, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	HISPAGRAINS AGRO, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	HISPAMARK REAL ESTATE, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	INSTITUTO HISPÁNICO DEL ARROZ, S.A.	DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	ISLA SUR, S.A.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	LABRADOS GUADALQUIVIR, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	LIBECCIO AGRÍCOLA, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	LLANOS RICE, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	MAGALLANES VALUE INVESTORS, S.A.	DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	MATOCHAL SUR, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	MUNDIRICE AGRO, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	ORYZA AGRÍCOLA, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	PESQUERÍAS ISLA MAYOR, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	PRORRÍO, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	RISOLAND AGRO, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	RIVERCANT AGRÍCOLA, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	RIVERETA 12, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	SARTENEJALES, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	SIROCCO AGRÍCOLA, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	VERCELLI AGRÍCOLA, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	VETA GRAINS, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	VETARROZ, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	ZUDIRROZ, S.L.	REPRESENTATIVE OF DIRECTOR
MARC THOMAS MURTRA MILLAR	INDRA SISTEMAS, S.A.	CHAIRMAN
JORDI XUCLÀ COSTA	RENFE MERCANCÍAS SME	DIRECTOR
JORDI XUCLÀ COSTA	FUNDACIÓN JOSEP PLÁ	TRUSTEE
JORDI XUCLÀ COSTA	JORDI XUCLÀ CONSULTORES, S.L.	SOLE DIRECTOR

Blanca Hernández Rodríguez is Chair of Fundación Ebro Foods.

Indicate any other remunerated activities of the directors or representatives of corporate directors, regardless of their nature, other than those mentioned in the preceding table.



Name of director or representative	Other remunerated activities
BELÉN BARREIRO PÉREZ-PARDO	Lecturer and member of the Social Council of UNIR
MERCEDES COSTA GARCÍA	Member of the Advisory Board Ribé Salat and Manager of the Negotiation and Mediation Centre of IE Business School
EMPRESAS COMERCIALES E INDUSTRIALES VALENCIANAS, S.L.	Bookkeeping, administration and tax management for subsidiaries
GRUPO TRADIFÍN, S.L.	Management of Club Deportivo Real Club Sevilla Golf and real estate activities (sale & purchase and leasing of real estate)
MARC THOMAS MURTRA MILLAR	Part-time lecturer; lecturer on the masters course Financial Management and Economy at the Pompeu Fabra University and UPF Barcelona School Management
JORDI XUCLÀ COSTA	Lecturer of International Relations at Universidad CEU San Pablo and Ramón Llull University

C.1.12	Indicate and, where appropriate, explain whether the company has established rules on the maximum number of
	directorships its directors may hold, if so, indicating where those rules can be found:

[\forall \quad Yes [] No

Explanation of the rules and identification of the document in which they are regulated

Article 32.2 of the Regulations of the Board establishes, among the "General Duties of Directors", that the Directors shall dedicate such time and attention to the Company as may be necessary to guarantee the effective and adequate fulfilment of each and all of the duties corresponding to their position. Consequently, the maximum number of other directorships they may hold will be such as to ensure that they are able at all times to meet each and all of their obligations to the Company.

 $\hbox{C.1.13} \quad \hbox{Indicate the amounts of the following items in the overall remuneration of the board:} \\$

Remuneration accrued during the year in favour of the board (thousand euros)	7,249
Amount of the funds accumulated by current directors in long-term savings schemes with vested economic rights	
(thousand euros)	
Amount of the funds accumulated by current directors in long-term savings schemes with non-vested economic	
rights (thousand euros)	
Amount of the funds accumulated by former directors in long-term savings schemes (thousand euros)	

The gross amount indicated in this section C.1.13 includes: (i) the remuneration of all the directors for their duties as such, and (ii) the remuneration of the Executive Chairman for his executive duties (including attendance fees as director received from a Group subsidiary, Pastificio Lucio Garofalo, S.p.A., in a sum of 5,000 euros.

The Executive Chairman of the Board also received 5,200 euros gross in attendance fees as director from the associate Riso Scotti, S.p.A.

C.1.14 Name the members of top management who are not executive directors and indicate the aggregate remuneration accrued in their favour during the year:

Name	Position(s)
ANA MARÍA ANTEQUERA PARDO	COMMUNICATIONS AND CSR MANAGER
LUIS PEÑA PAZOS	SECRETARY OF THE COMPANY AND BOARD
PABLO ALBENDEA SOLÍS	CHIEF OPERATING OFFICER (COO)
MARÍA JOSÉ GARRETA RODRÍGUEZ	PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS MANAGER



Name	Position(s)
ALFONSO FUERTES BARRO	FINANCE MANAGER
GABRIEL SOLÍS PABLOS	TAX MANAGER
YOLANDA DE LA MORENA CEREZO	VICE-SECRETARY OF THE BOARD
GLORIA RODRÍGUEZ PATA	CORPORATE ASSETS MANAGER
JESÚS DE ZABALA BAZÁN	INTERNAL AUDIT MANAGER
MANUEL GONZÁLEZ DE LUNA	INVESTOR RELATIONS AND FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS MANAGER

Number of women in top management positions	4
Percentage of total members of top management	40.00
Total remuneration top management (thousand euro)	2,582

The company executives named in this section C.1.14 include the Chief Operating Officer (COO), who is the highest-ranking executive of the Ebro Foods Group after the Executive Chairman, and the heads of the principal departments of Ebro Foods, S.A. even if they are not actually considered "top management".

C.1.15 State whether any modifications have been made during the year	ar to the Regulations of the Board
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[]	Yes
[١	/]	No

C.1.16 Describe the procedures for selection, appointment, re-election and removal of directors. Indicate the competent bodies, the formalities and the criteria to be followed in each of these procedures.

The procedures for selection, appointment, re-election and removal of the directors are regulated in the Articles of Association and the Regulations of the Board.

There is also a Policy for Selection of Directors and Diversity in the Composition of the Board of Directors, which specifically and verifiably establishes the basic criteria and principles to be followed in the selection of candidates.

The Policy is applicable in the appointment, ratification and re-election of directors by the General Meeting and any appointments made by the Board. For candidates who are legal persons, the principles and criteria of the Policy must also be observed in respect of the individuals representing them on the Board.

A. Procedure for selection, appointment and re-election of Directors

Procedures for selecting directors shall be designed to favour diversity of expertise, professional experience and gender within the Board, avoiding any implicit bias that may imply discrimination against any of the candidates on any grounds. Under equal conditions, the Company will opt for the candidate whose gender is least represented on the Board at that time.

The General Meeting is responsible for deciding on the number of directors the company is to have, within the minimum (7) and maximum (15) established in the Articles of Association, and for appointing or re-electing directors as proposed by the Board, subject to a favourable report by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

The Board may also appoint directors by cooptation, subject to a report by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and by the Board of Directors on the terms stipulated in law.

In any case, the initiative of the Board regarding the incorporation of members by no means detracts from the sovereign power of the General Meeting to appoint and remove directors, or from any potential exercise by shareholders of their right to proportional representation.

The proposals for the appointment or re-election of directors made by the Board of Directors, or by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee in appointments or re-elections of Independent Directors, must be based on a prior analysis of the needs of the Board, the results of which are set out in the corresponding report by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, published when calling the General Meeting at which the ratification, appointment or re-election of each director is submitted for approval.



B. Procedure for removal of Directors

The removal of directors is regulated in Article 31 of the Regulations of the Board. See section C.1.19 of this Report in this respect.

Without prejudice to the initiative of the Board regarding the inclusion of its members, the General Meeting has sovereign power to resolve on the removal of directors.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee is competent to study, issue reports and prepare proposals for the removal of directors.

Following a report by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board of Directors shall table a motion at the General Meeting of Shareholders for removal of the director in question if the director in question fails to resign in the circumstances contemplated in Article 31.2 of the Regulations of the Board.

If a director retires from office before the end of their term, through resignation or by virtue of a resolution adopted by the General Meeting, they shall explain the reasons for their resignation or, in the case of non-executive directors, their opinion on the grounds for their removal by the General Meeting, in a letter sent out to all the Board members. Although the Annual Corporate Governance Report shall contain the appropriate information on the foregoing, to the extent that it is important for investors, the company shall publish news of the director's retirement as soon as possible, including a sufficient account of the reasons or circumstances indicated by the director.

If a director opts to resign following adoption by the Board of decisions on issues on which that director has expressed qualifications or reservations in the sense contemplated in Article 32.5 of the Regulations of the Board (".../...whenever they consider that some of the decisions proposed to the Board may go against the corporate interests and/or those of the shareholders not represented on the Board."), they shall explain the reasons as per the preceding paragraph.

The measures described in the preceding two paragraphs shall also be applicable to the Secretary of the Board, regardless of whether the secretary is a director.

C.1.17 Explain to what extent the annual assessment of the board has given rise to major changes in its internal organisation and the procedures applicable to its activities:

Description of changes

The assessment of the Board, Committees and Executive Chairman corresponding to 2021, made in 2022, did not reveal the need for any major changes in the Company's internal organisation or the procedures applicable to its activities.

Describe the process of assessment and the areas assessed by the board, assisted where necessary by an external consultant, on the performance and composition of the board and its committees and any other area or aspect that has been assessed.

Description of assessment process and areas assessed

A. ASSESSMENT PROCESS

The Board, its Committees and the Executive Chairman of the Company are assessed each year.

This process is based on: (i) a report prepared by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee to be laid before the Board of Directors; (ii) the activity reports issued by the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee and the Nomination and Remuneration Committee in the year being assessed; and (iii) the resolutions adopted by the Board of Directors in view of those reports.

The methodology explained below was used again, where appropriate, in the assessment of 2021, made in 2022. This is the methodology normally used by the company in its assessments, with the exception of the 2020 assessment made in 2021, in which the external consultant who assisted the company used a different system based on interviews with the directors.

- The directors (and, in the case of corporate directors, their representatives) completed a questionnaire previously approved by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee.
- Once all the questionnaires had been completed, the data collected was sent to the Secretary of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee who, after analysing them, drew up a summary of the answers (anonymous) for the Committee to issue the corresponding Assessment Report, which was finally laid before the Board of Directors.

In the assessment process carried out in 2022, it was not considered necessary to complete the results from the questionnaires with a personal interview with the Lead Independent Director of the company, Mercedes Costa García, as she had participated intensely in the assessment process as a member of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

- The questionnaires completed by all the directors and the Assessment Report were filed by the Secretary of the Board.



B. AREAS ASSESSED

Apart from assessing the composition, powers and procedures of the Board of Directors, a specific assessment was made of that body with regard to the following matters: (i) supervision and control of the business management, investments and strategy of the company; (ii) agenda for meetings, treatment and discussion of the issues and possibility of incorporating off-agenda issues; and (iii) planning, frequency, duration and dynamics of the meetings, notices of call and documentation of the meetings.

In addition to assessing the composition, powers and procedures of the Committees, a specific assessment was made of each committee with regard to the following matters:

- Executive Committee: specific assessment of reporting to the Board on the resolutions adopted by the Committee through access by all directors, through the Secretary, of the minutes of its meetings.
- Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee: specific assessment of its particular powers in matters concerning internal audit procedures, external auditors, whistleblowing channel, financial reporting, structural operations, risk control and annual accounts, as well as the specific powers of supervision in particular aspects of corporate government, internal codes of conduct and corporate social responsibility.
- Nomination and Remuneration Committee: specific assessment of its powers with regard to the selection of directors, basic terms of senior executive contracts, pay policies and the remuneration policy for directors and senior executives.
- Strategy and Investment Committee: specific assessment of the frequency of its meetings and analysis of the business to be transacted.

The following were also assessed: (i) the Executive Chairman's management in aspects related with his dedication, participation and stimulation of debates, and the clarity and detail of the information and explanations given on the company's strategy and business; (ii) performance by the Lead Independent Director of her duties; (iii) decision-making in issues concerning related party transactions and conflicts of interest, significant investments and transactions, dividends, strategic plan, risk management and business liability policy; and (iv) follow-up on issues agreed by the Board in the previous assessment.

C.1.18 In any years in which an external consultant has been called in to assist with assessment, describe any business relations between the consultant or any company in its group with the company or any other company in its group.

N/A

C.1.19 State the events in which directors are obliged to step down.

The retirement and resignation of directors are regulated in Article 31 of the Regulations of the Board:

- Directors must step down at the end of the term for which they were appointed and in all other events stipulated in law, the Articles of Association and the Regulations of the Board.
- Directors must also tender their resignations and step down in the following cases:
- a) When they are affected by one of the causes of incompatibility or disqualification established in law, the Articles of Association or the Regulations of the Board.
- b) When they step down from the executive post to which their appointment as Director was linked, when the shareholder they represent on the Board disposes of all its shares in the Company or reduces its interest to an extent requiring a reduction in the number of Proprietary Directors and, in general, whenever the reasons for their appointment disappear.
- c) When the Board, following a report by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, considers that: (i) the Director is in a situation, related or not with their actions within the company, that could jeopardise the company's prestige and reputation, (ii) the Director has seriously defaulted their obligations, or (iii) there are reasons of corporate interest so requiring.

C.1.20	Are special majorities differing from those stipulated in law required for any type of decision?	
[]	Yes	
[\(\)]	No	
	If yes, describe the differences.	
C.1.21	Are there any specific requirements, other than those established for directors, to be appointed chairman of the board	d?
[]	Yes	
[\(\)]	No	



Number of meetings of the

Executive Committee

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C.1.22	Do the Articles of Association	on or Regulations of t	he Board establish an age limit for directors?
[]	Yes		
[\dagger]	No		
C.1.23		-	he Board establish a limited term of office or other stricter requirements dent directors, other than as stipulated in law?
[]	Yes		
[\(\)]	No		
C.1.24	directors at board meetings director may hold, and whe	, how they are to be ther any limitation h	he Board establish specific rules for the delegation of votes to other delegated and, in particular, the maximum number of proxies that a as been established regarding the categories to which proxies may be yes, include a brief description.
	s of Association (Article 24) and tauthorised proxy.	the Regulations of the Bo	pard (Article 20) contemplate the possibility of Directors attending Board meetings
The proxy must	be made in advance, in writing,	specially for each Board r	meeting, in favour of another Director.
The represented	Director may issue specific votin	g instructions for any or	all of the items on the agenda.
Non-executive of	lirectors may only grant proxies to	o other non-executive dir	ectors.
No limit is estab	lished on the number of proxies a	any one Director may hol	d, nor is there any constraint on the categories to which proxies may be granted.
C.1.25	the Board has met without	-	of Directors during the year, indicating, if appropriate, how many times is made with specific instructions will be considered attendances.
Number of bo	pard meetings held	_	
without the c	-	0	
	Indicate the number of mee representation of any execu		d independent director with the other directors without the attendance or
Numbe	er of meetings	0	
	Indicate the number of mee	etings held by the diff	Ferent Committees of the Board:
	etings of the Nomination neration Committee	3	
	eetings of the Strategy stment Committee	7	
	meetings of the Audit, ustainability Committee	5	

The number of Board meetings (12) indicated in this section includes the adoption of written resolutions without a meeting, pursuant to Article 21.4 Regulations of the Board.

7

During 2022, the lead independent director did not hold any face-to-face meetings with the other non-executive directors, although she has proactively been in touch with them individually on several occasions to discuss matters within her remit.



C.1.26 State the number of meetings held by the Board during the period and details of attendance by its members:

C.1.27 Are the separate and consolidated annual accounts submitted to the Board for approval previously certified?

Number of meetings attended in person by at least 80% of the directors	11
Attendance / total votes during the year (%)	94.05
Number of meetings attended by all the directors, in person or by proxies made with specific voting instructions	12
Votes cast with attendance in person or by proxies with specific instructions / total votes during the year (%)	100.00

Attendance in person includes all directors who attended personally, face-to-face or online.

	•	• • •	•	•	
[]	Yes				
[√]	No				
If yes, n	ame the person(s) who certify the separate or consolidated annual	l accounts of	the com	pany before they are	approved
by the B	Board:				

C.1.28 Explain the mechanisms, if any, established by the Board to ensure that the annual accounts that the Board laid before the General Meeting are drawn up in accordance with the applicable accounting standards.

Article 24.4 of the Regulations of the Board gives the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee the following powers, among others:

- Supervise and promote the policies, procedures and systems used for drawing up and controlling the company's financial information, checking the services performed in this regard by the Internal Audit Department, the Financial Department and the Management Committee and making sure they are correctly distributed throughout the Group.
- Ensure that (i) the systems used for preparing the separate and consolidated Annual Accounts and Directors' Report submitted to the Board to be authorised for issue in accordance with current legislation give a true and fair view of the equity, financial position and results of the Company and make sure that any interim financial statements are drawn up according to the same accounting principles as the annual accounts, considering the possibility of asking the external auditors to make a limited audit if necessary; and (ii) the Board of Directors endeavours to submit the annual accounts to the General Meeting with an unqualified auditors' report.

In this regard, it must also see that the internal control systems are adequate and effective in respect of the accounting practices and principles used for drawing up the company's annual accounts, supervising the policies and procedures established to ensure due compliance with applicable legal provisions and internal regulations. The Committee shall, through its Chairman, obtain information and collaboration from both the Internal Audit Manager and the External Auditors to perform these duties.

- Establish regular contact with the External Auditors to receive information on any issues that may jeopardise their independence, and any other issues relating to the auditing of accounts, receiving information from and exchanging communications with the External Auditors in accordance with prevailing auditing standards and legislation.
- Be informed of the decisions adopted by the senior management according to recommendations made by the External Auditors in connection with the audit.

In addition, the Group has a Risks Control and Management Policy, including tax risks, and internal control of financial reporting (ICFR), which lay down, among others, the basic principles and the general framework for internal control of the financial reporting by the company and the Ebro Group.

The Group has procedures in place for checking and authorising financial reporting and a description of the financial reporting internal control system (ICFR), for which the Economic Department is responsible, as described in section F.3.1 of this report.

The responsibility for the aforesaid procedures for checking and authorising financial reporting and the description of the financial reporting internal control system (ICFR) lies with the Group Economic Department, the Risks Committee, the economic and finance departments of the different business units, the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee and the Board of Directors.

Finally, in 2022 the External Auditors attended the Board meeting at which the separate and consolidated annual accounts for 2021 were authorised for issue, to inform the Board directly on the conclusions of their audit, in view of which they issued an unqualified Auditors' Report for the separate and consolidated annual accounts.

C.1.29	Is the Secretary of the Board a Director?
[] [v]	
	If the secretary is not a director, complete the following table:



Name of secretary	Representative
LUIS PEÑA PAZOS	

C.1.30 Describe the specific mechanisms established by the company to preserve the independence of the external auditors, if any; the mechanisms to preserve the independence of financial analysts, investment banks and rating agencies; and how the legal provisions are implemented.

A. With regard to the external auditors:

Both the Articles of Association and the Regulations of the Board vest in the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee the power to contact the auditors and receive information on any issues that may jeopardise their independence, for examination by the Audit Committee, as well as any other issues relating to the auditing of accounts. The Committee shall also receive information from and exchange communications with the auditors in accordance with prevailing auditing standards and legislation, notwithstanding the ultimate responsibility of the Board of Directors, which, pursuant to Article 8.1.3.(a) of the Regulations of the Board, is responsible for ensuring the independence and professional suitability of the external auditor.

Article 24.4 of the Regulations of the Board establishes the following powers, among others, of the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee in this respect:

- Ensure that (i) the systems used for preparing the separate and consolidated Annual Accounts and Directors' Report submitted to the Board to be authorised for issue in accordance with current legislation give a true and fair view of the equity, financial position and results of the Company and make sure that any interim financial statements are drawn up according to the same accounting principles as the annual accounts, considering the possibility of asking the external auditors to make a limited audit if necessary; and (ii) the Board of Directors endeavours to submit the annual accounts to the General Meeting with an unqualified auditors' report.
- See that the internal control systems are adequate and effective in respect of the accounting practices and principles used for drawing up the company's annual accounts, supervising the policies and procedures established to ensure due compliance with applicable legal provisions and internal regulations. To perform these duties it shall, through its Chair, obtain information and collaboration from both the Internal Audit Manager and the External Auditors.
- Establish regular contact with the external auditors to receive information on any issues that may jeopardise their independence, and any other issues relating to the auditing of accounts, receiving information from and exchanging communications with the external auditors in accordance with prevailing auditing standards and legislation.
- Submit to the Board, to be tabled at the General Meeting, proposals for the selection, appointment, re-appointment and replacement of the company's External Auditors and their terms of contract, the scope of their commission and the renewal or revocation of their engagement.
- Ensure the independence of the external auditors and the existence of a discussion procedure enabling the external auditors, the Internal Audit Department and any other expert to inform the company of any significant weaknesses in its internal control detected while checking the annual accounts or any other processes in which they have worked. The Committee shall issue an annual report, prior to issuance of the auditor's report, expressing an opinion on the independence of the external auditors and any supplementary services they may have provided. It shall also inform the Board on the proposed appointment of the Internal Audit Manager and approve each year the internal audit work plan and monitor its implementation.

In accordance with the foregoing and through the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee, the Company keeps a strict, constant watch for any circumstances that might affect the independence of the external auditors. Accordingly:

- (i) once a year, when the external auditors have provided the necessary information, the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee issues an annual report on their independence, which is submitted to the Board of Directors and made available to shareholders as from the call to the General Meeting; and
- (ii) constantly throughout the year, the Commission receives timely notification of any potential engagement of the external auditors to provide services in addition to auditing the annual accounts. In this regard, in February 2017 the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee established a protocol for the notification, review and, if appropriate, authorisation of the potential contracting of the external auditors by any company in the Group for non-audit services. That protocol covers the "pre-approval" required for the events contemplated in Article 5(3) of Regulation EU 537/2014 and any other potential service.

Finally, Article 43 of the Regulations of the Board ("Relations with Auditors") provides that the Board shall establish an objective, professional, ongoing relationship with the external auditors of the company appointed by the General Meeting, guaranteeing their independence and putting at their disposal all the information they may require in order to perform their duties. This relationship with the external auditors is channelled through the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee.

B. With regard to relations with analysts, investment banks and rating agencies:

In addition to the legal provisions and rules on corporate governance, the Regulations of the Board, Code of Conduct of the Ebro Group, the Policy on Communication and Relations with Shareholders, Institutional Investors and Proxy Advisors and the Policy on Communication of Financial, Non-Financial and Corporate Information are applicable in this area.

Article 42 of the Regulations of the Board regulates the Company's relations with shareholders and investors (particularly institutional investors).

The Code of Conduct establishes that relations with investors and financial analysts should be channelled through the unit responsible for the Company's relations with investors (Investor Relations Department), through which communications and information for investors in general are channelled.

The Company also has a Policy on Communication and Relations with Shareholders, Institutional Investors and Proxy Advisors, which upholds transparency as one of the fundamental values of the actions by the Company and its Group. This Policy contemplates the following general principles applicable in this matter:

- Communication and relations with institutional investors and proxy advisors are conducted in accordance with the principles of transparency, truth and permanent, adequate, timely reporting.
- The principle of non-discrimination and equal treatment is recognised for all shareholders and investors who are in the same conditions and not affected by conflicts of interest or competence.
- The rights and legitimate interests of all shareholders are protected.



- Continuous, permanent communication with shareholders and investors is encouraged.
- Reporting and communication channels are established with shareholders and investors to ensure compliance with these principles.

The company also has a Policy on Communication of Financial, Non-Financial and Corporate Information (supplementing the above-mentioned policy), which establishes the following principles and criteria governing the Company and its Group in respect of the communication of financial, non-financial and corporate

- The communication of financial, non-financial and corporate information through any available channels shall in all cases respect: (i) the legal provisions in place from time to time on market abuse and (ii) the principles of transparency, truth and permanent, adequate, timely reporting.
- The principles of non-discrimination and equal treatment shall be respected in all cases for all shareholders who are in the same conditions and not affected by conflicts of interest or competence.
- Continuous, permanent communication shall be encouraged with shareholders, investors and other stakeholders through all the channels considered appropriate for this purpose.

C С

	and Relations with Shareholders, Institutiona mation.				
C.1.31	Indicate whether the external auditor	s have changed during t	the year. If so, name the	e incoming and outgoin	g auditors:
[]	Yes				
[\(\)]	No				
	Explain any disagreements with the out	tgoing auditor:			
[]	Yes				
[\dagger]	No				
C.1.32	State whether the firm of auditors do and if so, declare the amount of the fe respect of the total fees invoiced to the Yes No	ees received for such wo	ork and the percentage		
		Company	Group companies	Total	
Ch	arge for non-audit work (thousand euros)	259	87	346	
arge for no	n-audit work / Amount invoiced for audit work (%)	105.28	4.72	16.56	
C.1.33	Indicate whether the auditors' report given by the Chairman of the Audit Co				the reasons
[]	Yes				
[\(\)]	No				
C.1.34	State the number of years in succession consolidated annual accounts of the consolidated annual accoun				-

the total number of years that the annual accounts have been audited:



		Separate	Consolidated		
	Number of years in succession	9			
		Separate	Consolidated		
Numbe	r of years audited by current auditors / Number of years that the company has been audited (%)	28.12	28.12		
C.1.35	Indicate, with details if appropriate, whether there is an established procedure advance any information they may need to prepare the meetings of the govern		sufficiently in		
[\(\)]	Yes				
[]	No				
	Details of procedure				
for channelling Committees in of their right to At each year-er	e obligations and duties assigned by law, the Articles of Association and the Regulations of the E the relations between the Company and the Directors in all matters concerning the proced which he participates, following instructions received from the respective Chairman, and for in information (Article 15.2(c) and (d) of the Regulations of the Board). d, the Secretary of the Board sends all the Directors an annual calendar of meetings previously	ures of the Board of Director mplement and foster exercise agreed among all the Director	ors and the Board the by the Directors ors, setting the dates		
sent to the diff	e meetings of the Board of Directors, Committees, General Meetings and meetings with anal rent professionals of the Company involved in preparing the documentation and information for rk and make sure that the corresponding information and documentation are prepared sufficient the committee of the Board of the Bo	or the Directors for each mee			
	mentation for each meeting is complete, it is sent to the Secretary of the Board, who sends it the meeting, or in highly justified cases, as soon as possible after sending the notice of call.	to the Directors, if possible	together with the		
C.1.36	Indicate, with details if appropriate, whether the company has established any	rules obliging Directors	to report and, if		
	necessary, retire if any situation arises, related or not with their actions within $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1$	the company, that could	l jeopardise the		
	company's prestige and reputation:				
[\(\)]	Yes				
[]	[] No				
	Explain the rules				
a report by the	the Regulations of the Board provide that Directors must step down and tender their resignation Nomination and Remuneration Committee, considers that: (i) the Director is in a situation, relative the company's prestige and reputation, (ii) the Director has seriously defaulted their oblining.	ed or not with their actions wi	thin the company,		
jeopardise the	Article 31.3 of the Regulations of the Board provide that if a Director: (i) is in a situation, related or otherwise with his duties in the Company, that could jeopardise the Company's prestige and reputation, or (ii) is investigated within any criminal proceedings, he shall notify the Board as promptly as he is able and keep the Board up to date on subsequent developments in both cases.				
	ulations further stipulate that if a Director fails to tender their resignation when so obliged, the on and Remuneration Committee, tender a motion to the General Meeting of Shareholders fo		oject to a report		
C.1.37	C.1.37 Indicate, unless special circumstances have occurred and been put on record, whether the Board has been informed or has otherwise become aware of any situation affecting a director, related or not with their actions within the company, that could jeopardise the company's prestige and reputation:				
[] [v]	Yes No				



C.1.38 Describe any significant agreements entered into by the company that enter into force or are modified or terminated in the event of a takeover of the company following a takeover bid, and the effects thereof.

Most of the financing agreements signed by Ebro Foods, S.A. include takeover clauses on the usual terms for this type of contract. By virtue of those provisions, the lender reserves the right to terminate the financing agreement in the event of a takeover of the Company. Although there is no universal definition of "takeover" for this purpose, the lender's right is triggered if there is a substantial change in the Company's significant shareholders.

C.1.39 Indicate individually for directors and globally in other cases, and describe in detail any agreements made between the company and its directors, executives or employees contemplating golden handshake clauses or any other indemnities in the event of resignation or unfair dismissal or termination of employment following a takeover bid or any other type of transaction

Number of beneficiaries	0
Type of beneficiary	Description of agreement
N/A	N/A

State whether, apart from the cases contemplated in law, these contracts have to be notified to and/or approved by the governing bodies of the company/group companies. If yes, specify the procedures, events contemplated and nature of the bodies responsible for approval and notification:

	Board of Directors	General Meeting
Body authorising the clauses	√	
	Yes	No
Is the general meeting informed of the clauses?	√	

C.2. Committees of the Board

C.2.1 Give details of the different committees, their members and the proportion of executive, proprietary, independent and other non-executive directors in each committee:

Executive Committee				
Name	Position	Category		
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	MEMBER	Proprietary		
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	CHAIR	Executive		
JAVIER FERNÁNDEZ ALONSO	MEMBER	Proprietary		
MARC THOMAS MURTRA MILLAR	MEMBER	Independent		

% executive directors	25.00
% proprietary directors	50.00
% independent directors	25.00
% other non-executive directors	0.00

Explain the duties delegated or attributed to this committee other than those described in section C.1.9 and describe the procedures and rules of its organisation and functioning. For each of these duties, indicate the committee's most important actions during the year and how it has performed in practice each of the duties attributed to it, by law, in the articles of association or by virtue of other corporate resolutions.



Articles 19 and 27 of the Articles of Association contemplate the delegation of powers of the Board of Directors to the Executive Committee.

The composition, organisation and procedure of the Executive Committee is governed by the provisions common to all the committees set out in Article 22 of the Regulations of the Board, and the specific regulations established in Article 28.1 of the Articles of Association and Article 23 of the Regulations of the Board.

The powers of this Committee are set out in Article 23.2 of the Regulations of the Board, without prejudice to what the Board may establish in its resolution to delegate powers.

The Executive Committee shall have no fewer than three nor more than seven members, including the Chairman and Vice-Chairman of the Board, who will form part of this Committee. At least two of the Executive Committee members shall be non-executive directors and one of them shall be independent.

The Committee shall be presided by the Chairman of the Board. In general, one Executive Committee meeting will be held a month. Its meetings may be attended by such members of the management, employees and advisers of the Company as the Committee may deem fit. Without prejudice to the autonomy of decision of the Executive Committee in respect of the delegated powers, its resolutions normally being fully valid and effective without ratification by the Board, if the Chairman or three members of the Committee consider this necessary in the circumstances, the resolutions adopted by the Executive Committee shall be submitted to the Board for ratification. This will also be applicable when the Board has delegated the Committee to study certain matters while reserving for itself the ultimate decision, in which case the Executive Committee shall merely submit the corresponding proposal to the Board.

During 2022, the Executive Committee assessed several investments, divestments and sales of assets, as well as the strategic decisions to be adopted in respect of the different business lines.

Strategy and Investment Committee					
Name	Position	Category			
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	CHAIR	Proprietary			
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	MEMBER	Executive			
JOSE IGNACIO COMENGE SÁNCHEZ-REAL	MEMBER	Proprietary			
JAVIER FERNÁNDEZ ALONSO	MEMBER	Proprietary			
HERCALIANZ INVESTING GROUP, S.L.	MEMBER	Executive			

% executive directors	40.00
% proprietary directors	60.00
% independent directors	0.00
% other non-executive directors	0.00

Explain the duties delegated or attributed to this committee other than those described in section C.1.9 and describe the procedures and rules of its organisation and functioning. For each of these duties, indicate the committee's most important actions during the year and how it has performed in practice each of the duties attributed to it, by law, in the articles of association or by virtue of other corporate resolutions.

Article 28.4 of the Articles of Association stipulates that the Regulations of the Board shall also contemplate the existence of a Strategy and Investment Committee, on which any Directors may sit.

The composition, organisation and procedure of the Strategy and Investment Committee are governed by the provisions common to all the committees set out in Article 22 of the Regulations of the Board and the specific provisions established in Article 24 of the Articles of Association, its powers being regulated in Article 24.3.

This Committee will have a minimum of three and a maximum of five Directors, including the Chair, appointed by the Board of Directors subject to a report by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

Meetings will be held when called by its Chairman or at the request of two of its members, and in any case whenever the Board of Directors requests the issuance of reports, submission of proposals or adoption of resolutions within the scope of its duties.

The Committee is competent to study, issue reports, review and submit proposals for the Board on the following matters:

- setting of targets for growth, yield and market share;
- strategic development plans, new investments and restructuring processes;
- coordination with subsidiaries in the matters contemplated in paragraphs (a) and (b) above, for the common interests and benefit of the Company and its subsidiaries.



During 2022, the Strategy and Investment Committee assessed the degree of compliance with the Strategic Plan of the Ebro Foods Group 2019-2022 and worked on the completion, implementation and monitoring of the new Strategic Plan of the Ebro Foods Group 2022-2024, as well as other strategic issues concerning the Group.

Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee					
Name	Position	Category			
FERNANDO CASTELLÓ CLEMENTE	MEMBER	Independent			
MERCEDES COSTA GARCÍA	MEMBER	Independent			
JAVIER FERNÁNDEZ ALONSO	MEMBER	Proprietary			
GRUPO TRADIFÍN, S.L.	MEMBER	Proprietary			
MARC THOMAS MURTRA MILLAR	CHAIR	Independent			

% executive directors	0.00
% proprietary directors	40.00
% independent directors	60.00
% other non-executive directors	0.00

On 23 November 2022, in view of the favourable report issued by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board unanimously resolved to appoint Marc Thomas Murtra Millar chair of the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee to replace Mercedes Costa García, whose term of office as chair of the committee had expired, pursuant to the Corporate Enterprises Act section 529.quarterdecies.2. Mr Murtra Millar had been a member of this committee since 31 January 2022, when he was appointed director by cooptation and member of the Executive Committee and the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee.

On 21 December 2022, the Board unanimously resolved to change the name of the Audit and Control Committee to the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee, in recognition of the increasing importance of sustainability and corporate social responsibility in the company and the important powers of this Committee in that area.

Explain the duties attributed to this committee, including any duties additional to those stipulated in law, and describe the procedures and rules of organisation and procedure. For each of these duties, indicate the committee's most important actions during the year and how it has performed in practice each of the duties attributed to it, by law, in the articles of association or by virtue of other corporate resolutions.

The Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee (previously called the Audit and Control Committee) is governed by the applicable legal provisions, the specific rules on its composition, organisation, procedure and powers set out in Article 28.2 of the Articles of Association and Article 24 of the Regulations of the Board, and by the provisions on organisation and procedure common to all the Committees, set out in Article 22 of the Regulations of the Board.

This Committee will have a minimum of three directors and a maximum of five.

All the members must be Non-Executive Directors, at least most of whom must be Independent Directors and they will, as a whole, be appointed on the basis of their expertise and experience in accounting, auditing and the management of financial and non-financial risks, or any of these areas.

The Committee Chair shall be appointed by the Board, subject to a report by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, from among the committee members who are Independent Directors, taking into account their expertise and experience in accounting, auditing and the management of financial and non-financial risks, or any of these areas. The Committee Chair shall be replaced every four years and will become eligible for re-election one year after their retirement as such.

The Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee shall meet as and when called by its Chair, or at the request of two of its members and at least once every three months. It shall also meet whenever so required by law or when the Board requests the issuance of reports, submission of proposals or adoption of resolutions within the scope of its duties.

In addition to the powers and duties established by law, the articles of association and regulations, the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee has the duties of supervision, assessment, oversight, control and reporting to the Board of Directors established in Article 24.4 of the Regulations of the Board in each of the following areas:

- Risk management and internal control
- Policies, procedures and systems for the preparation and checking of the company's financial and non-financial reporting



- Information sent regularly to the Stock Exchange Councils, issue prospectuses and any public financial information offered by the Company and, in general, all information prepared for distribution among shareholders.
- Internal systems used for control and preparation of the separate and consolidated Annual Accounts and Directors' Report submitted to the Board to be authorised for issue
- External auditors, in aspects concerning their selection, appointment, re-appointment and replacement, their terms of contract and the scope of their commission. Independence and the provision of supplementary services.
- Internal auditors, in respect of the appointment of the department manager and annual work plan.
- Intragroup transactions and related party transactions, and the Group company or subsidiaries that are going to be submitted for authorisation by the Board
- Whistleblowing channel
- Internal codes of conduct and corporate governance rules, including the policies falling within its remit.

During 2022, the Audit and Control Committee performed activities of supervision, control, monitoring and reporting to the Board of Directors in respect of the matters falling within its competence, including financial reporting, non-financial reporting, annual accounts, relations with the external and internal auditors, annual work plan of the internal audit department, risk management (including tax risks) and control systems, related party transactions, conflicts of interest, whistleblowing channel, review of and reporting on the corporate policies within its area of competence, and compliance.

During 2022 the Committee also approved its 2021 activity report, made available for shareholders for the Annual General Meeting held on 29 June 2022.

The Company will issue a detailed report of all the activities performed by the Audit and Control Committee during 2022, which will be made available to all shareholders prior to the forthcoming Annual General Meeting 2023.

Name the member(s) of the audit committee appointed on account of their expertise and experience in accounting, auditing or both and indicate the date of appointment of the committee chair.

Names of directors with experience	FERNANDO CASTELLÓ CLEMENTE / MERCEDES COSTA GARCÍA / JAVIER FERNÁNDEZ ALONSO / GRUPO TRADIFÍ S.L. / MARC THOMAS MURTRA MILLAI		
Date of appointment to this office of the committee chair	23/11/2022		

Nomination and Remuneration Committee				
Name	Position	Category		
BELÉN BARREIRO PÉREZ-PARDO	MEMBER	Independent		
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	MEMBER	Proprietary		
FERNANDO CASTELLÓ CLEMENTE	CHAIR	Independent		
MERCEDES COSTA GARCÍA	MEMBER	Independent		
GRUPO TRADIFÍN, S.L.	MEMBER	Proprietary		

% executive directors	0.00
% proprietary directors	40.00
% independent directors	60.00
% other non-executive directors	0.00

Explain the duties attributed to this committee, including any duties additional to those stipulated in law, and describe the procedures and rules of organisation and functioning. For each of these duties, indicate the committee's most important



actions during the year and how it has performed in practice each of the duties attributed to it, by law, in the articles of association or by virtue of other corporate resolutions.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee is governed by the applicable legal provisions, the specific rules on composition, organisation and procedure established in Article 28.3 of the Articles of Association and Article 25 of the Regulations of the Board and the provisions on organisation and procedure common to all the committees set out in Article 22 of the Regulations of the Board.

The powers of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee are regulated in Article 25.4 of the Regulations of the Board, without prejudice to any others that may be assigned to it by law, the Articles of Association or the Regulations of the Board.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee will have a minimum of three and a maximum of five non-executive directors, at least two of which must be Independent Directors. The members are appointed by the Board of Directors.

The Board will appoint one of the Independent Directors who are members of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee to chair it, subject to a report by that Committee.

Meetings will be held when called by its Chairman or at the request of two of its members and at least once every three months. It shall also meet whenever so required by law or when the Board of Directors requests the issuance of reports, submission of proposals or adoption of resolutions within its remit.

Pursuant to Article 25.4 of the Regulations of the Board, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee is competent to study, issue reports and submit proposals to the Board on the following matters:

- selection of candidates to join the Board of Directors;
- appointment of the Chairman, and Vice-Chairman if any, of the Board, Managing Director(s), Lead Independent Director and the Secretary, and Vice-Secretary if any, of the Board;
- succession of the Chairman and chief executive;
- appointment of directors to the Committees of the Board of Directors;
- appointment and possible dismissal of senior executives and their termination benefit clauses;
- directors' emoluments, according to the system of remuneration established in the Articles of Association and the executive directors' relationship with the Company;
- remuneration of directors and executives indexed to the value of the shares in the Company or its subsidiaries or consisting of the delivery of shares in the Company or its subsidiaries or the granting of options thereover;
- selection policy for directors, targets for the representation of the least represented gender on the Board and issuance of guidelines on how to achieve them;
- $\hbox{-} remuneration policy for directors and senior management of the Company and Group subsidiaries;}\\$
- management training, promotion and selection policy in the Company and Group subsidiaries;
- Annual Report on Directors' Remuneration.

With regard to the activities of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee during 2022, following the appropriate studies and assessments, the Committee has drawn up the proposals and issued the corresponding favourable reports to the Board of Directors in respect of the following: (i) appointment, re-election and ratification of directors and their assignment to the different Committees of the Board; (ii) appointment of Chair of the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee to replace the previous chair; (iii) analysis of the composition of the Board with regard to the afore-mentioned appointments and re-elections; (iv) review of the Group policies falling within its remit; (v) review of the Directors' Remuneration Policy 2022-2024; (vi) remuneration systems and remuneration of directors, including the Executive Chairman, and of the key executives of the Company and its Group; (vi) Corporate Governance Report and Directors' Remuneration Report for 2021; (viii) Share-Based Remuneration Plan for Group employees for 2022; and (viii) self-assessment procedure for the Board of Directors, Chairman and Committees for 2021.

The Committee also approved during 2022 its 2021 activity report, made available for shareholders for the Annual General Meeting of 29 June 2022.

The Company will issue a detailed report of all the activities performed by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee during 2022, which will be made available to all shareholders for the forthcoming Annual General Meeting 2023.



C.2.2 Complete the following table with information on the number of female directors on the board committees over the past four years:

	Number of female directors								
	20	22	20	21	2020		2019		
	No.	%	No. %		No. % No. %		No.	%	
Executive Committee	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	
Strategy and Investment Committee	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	0	0.00	
Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee	2	40.00	2	40.00	2	40.00	3	60.00	
Nomination and Remuneration Committee	3	60.00	3	60.00	3	60.00	2	50.00	

C.2.3 Indicate the existence, if appropriate, of regulations of the board committees, where they are available for consultation and any modifications made during the year. State whether an annual report has been issued voluntarily on the activities of each committee.

In general, Article 28 of the Articles of Association establishes the basic regulation of the Committees of the Board, contemplating the existence and composition of: (i) the Executive Committee, (ii) the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee and (iii) the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. It also refers to the Regulations of the Board regarding the possible existence of a Strategy and Investment Committee.

The Regulations of the Board regulate the Board committees in the following specific provisions:

- General provisions applicable to all the Committees: Article 22
- Executive Committee: Article 23
- Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee: Article 24
- Nomination and Remuneration Committee: Article 25
- Strategy and Investment Committee: Article 26

The Regulations of the Board also contemplate in different articles the powers of the different Committees of the Board in different areas (e.g. modification of the Regulations).

Both the Articles of Association and the Regulations of the Board are available for consultation on the corporate website (www.ebrofoods.es). The Regulations of the Board are also published and available for consultation on the website of the National Securities Market Commission (www.cnmv.es). Both texts are delivered to the Directors when they are appointed, together with the Regulations of the General Meeting, the Internal Code of Market Conduct, the Internal Code of Conduct and the Policies of the Ebro Foods Group, among other documents.

Both the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee and the Nomination and Remuneration Committee issue annual activity reports, which are submitted to the Board of Directors for its information and consideration within the assessment of the Board and its Committees. Those activity reports are made available for shareholders on the corporate website www.ebrofoods.es coinciding with the call to the Annual General Meeting.



D. RELATED PARTY AND INTER-COMPANY TRANSACTIONS

D.2. Explain the procedure, if any, and bodies competent to approve related party and inter-company transactions, indicating the internal criteria and general rules of the organisation regulating the obligations of affected directors or shareholders to abstain and defining the internal procedures on reporting and regular control established by the company in relation to the related party transactions whose approval has been delegated by the Board.

Article 24 of the Regulations of the Board vests in the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee the power to: (i) oversee related party transactions and report to the Board or the General Meeting, as the case may be, prior to their approval, on the related party transactions to be submitted for its approval; and (ii) supervise the internal procedure, if any, established by the company for those transactions whose approval has been delegated.

In general, Article 37 of the Regulations of the Board establishes that other than in the cases in which this power is reserved by law to the General Meeting, related party transactions must be reported to and approved by the Board, subject to a report by the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee.

Article 37 of the Regulations provides that:

- Related party transactions made for an amount or value equal to or greater than 10% of the total consolidated assets, as per the latest consolidated annual balance sheet approved by the company, require approval by the General Meeting.
- All other related party transactions shall be approved by the Board, which may not delegate this power unless: (i) they are made with Group companies within the scope of ordinary business and on arm's length terms, or (ii) they are made under standard form contracts used generally with a large number of clients, at prices or rates established generally by the supplier of the goods or provider of the services in question and provided the amount of the transaction does not exceed 0.5% of the company's consolidated net turnover.
- Whenever, in accordance with the preceding paragraph, the Board delegates the approval of related party transactions, the Board shall establish an internal procedure for regular reporting and control in order to verify the fairness and transparency of those transactions and, as the case may be, compliance with the applicable legal provisions.
- The Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee shall issue a report prior to approval of any related party transactions by the General Meeting or the Board. In that report, the Committee shall assess whether the transactions are fair and reasonable for the company and, where appropriate, for shareholders other than the related party involved in the transaction, explaining the assumptions on which its assessment is based and the methods employed.

No members of the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee affected by the related party transactions may participate in the preparation of this report.

This report will not be obligatory for related party transactions whose approval has been delegated by the Board, whenever this is permitted by law and contemplated in the Regulations of the Board.

- The Board shall ensure publication of any related party transactions made by the company or Group companies for a sum equal to or greater than 5% of the total value of consolidated assets or 2.5% of the annual consolidated turnover of the Company or its Group.

For this purpose, an announcement containing the details required by law shall be published in an easily accessible part of the company's website and sent to the National Securities Market Commission. The announcement shall be published and remitted no later than the date of the related party transaction, and shall be accompanied by the report, if any, issued by the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee.

- The amount of a related party transaction shall be determined by adding up the value of all transactions made with the same counterparty within the past twelve months.

Finally, the company makes intragroup transactions on arm's length terms, documenting them according to the requirements of the laws (essentially tax laws) in place in each jurisdiction. This is one of the practices required by the Risk Management and Control Policy established in the Ebro Group.

D.3. Give the individual details of any transactions for a significant amount or object between the company and/or companies in its group and shareholders holding 10% or more of the voting rights or represented on the board of directors of the company, stating which body was responsible for approving them and whether any affected director or shareholder has abstained. If the General Meeting was competent, state whether the proposed resolution was passed by the board without votes against by the majority of independent directors:



	Name of shareholder or any of its subsidiaries	% Interest	Name of subsidiary	Amount (thousand euros)	Body that approved transaction	Identification of significant shareholder or director who abstained	The proposal to the General Meeting, if any, was approved by the Board without votes against by the majority of independent directors
(1)	SOCIEDAD ANÓNIMA DAMM	11.69	Estrella de Levante, S.A.	1,796	Board of Directors	Demetrio Carceller Arce and María Carceller Arce	NO
1 (7)	SOCIEDAD ANÓNIMA DAMM	11.69	Compañía Cervecera Damm, S.L.	6,697	Board of Directors	Demetrio Carceller Arce and María Carceller Arce	NO
. ,	HERCALIANZ INVESTING GROUP, S.L.	9.00	Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A.	11,054	Board of Directors	Antonio Hernández Callejas, Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L., and Grupo Tradifín, S.L.	NO
(4)	GRUPO TRADIFÍN, S.L.	7.96	Cabher 96, S.L.	1	Board of Directors	Grupo Tradifín, S.L., Antonio Hernández Callejas and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L.	NO

	Name of shareholder or any of its subsidiaries	Nature of relationship	Type of transaction and other information necessary for evaluation
(1)	Sociedad Anónima damm	Commercial	Sale of rice and rice by-products on arm's length terms
(2)	Sociedad Anónima damm	Commercial	Sale of rice and rice by-products on arm's length terms
(3)	HERCALIANZ INVESTING GROUP, S.L.	Commercial	See information on and breakdown of transactions with Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A. in "COMMENTS"
(4)	GRUPO TRADIFÍN, S.L.	Commercial	Sale of crop protection products on arm's length terms

The related party transactions made with significant shareholders (or their related parties) which, in their capacity as such, are represented or hold a position on the Board are indicated in this section.

With regard to the transactions made between the Ebro Foods Group and Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A. indicated in this section, it should be noted that although in the table those transactions are indicated as related with Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L., they should also be related with Grupo Tradifín, S.L., since both Grupo Tradifín, S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. hold interests in Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A. (50% each).



The breakdown of transactions made by the Ebro Group with Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A. and its subsidiaries declared in this section is as follows (in thousand euros):

- national and international commodity purchases: quinoa, seeds and different varieties of rice, 9,607;
- national and international commodity sales: quinoa and different varieties of rice (harvest and grain), marine plankton and crop protection products, 602;
- services provided, essentially royalties and import licences, 86;
- services received, essentially royalties and import licences, 78;
- R&D transfer and licence agreement for seeds, 219;
- leases (expense) of offices, raw material warehouses and extended rice storage, 462.

The Board of Directors took the following criteria in account when approving the transactions related with Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. and Grupo Tradifín, S.L.:

- internal comparables: price and terms applied in purchase and sale transactions and services rendered and received comparable with unrelated third parties:
- external comparables: when there are no internal comparables, the price and terms of similar products on the national or international markets has been taken (based on information obtained from stock markets and other public information); and
- other comparables: when there are no internal or external comparables, other aspects have been analysed, such as the return obtained on resale.
- D.4. Give the individual details of any transactions for a significant amount or object between the company and/or companies in its group and the directors or executives of the company, including any transactions made with companies that the director or executive controls or jointly controls, stating which body was responsible for approving them and whether any affected director or shareholder has abstained. If the General Meeting was competent, state whether the proposed resolution was passed by the board without votes against by the majority of independent directors:

Name of directors or executives or companies under their control or joint control	Name of company or subsidiary	Relationship	Amount (thousand euros)	Body that approved transaction	Identification of significant shareholder or director who abstained	The proposal to the general meeting, if any, was approved by the board without votes against of the majority of independent directors
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	Luis Hernández González	Contractual	45	Board of Directors	Antonio Hernández Callejas, Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. and Grupo Tradifín, S.A.	NO
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	Hacienda Las Casetas, S.L.	Commercial	12	Board of Directors	Antonio Hernández Callejas, Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. and Grupo Tradifín, S.A.	NO
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	Disa Energy, S.L.U.	Commercial	7,263	Board of Directors	Demetrio Carceller Arce and María Carceller Arce	NO



	Name of directors or executives or companies under their control or joint control	Nature of the transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation
(1)	ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	Lease (expense) of real estate on arm's length terms
(2)	ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	Sale of rice by-product for animal feed on arm's length terms
(3)	DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	Purchases of gas and diesel on arm's length terms

D.5. Give the individual details of any inter-company transactions for a significant amount or object between the company and its parent or other companies in the parent's group, including the subsidiaries of the listed company, unless any other related party of the listed company has interests in those subsidiaries or the latter are fully owned, directly or indirectly, by the listed company.

In any case, inform on any inter-company transactions with companies established in countries or territories considered tax havens:

Name of group company	Brief description of the transaction	Amount (thousand euros)
No details		

Details are set out below of the transactions made in 2022 between companies in the Ebro Group and Riso Scotti, S.p.A., an Italian company in which Ebro Foods, S.A. has a 40% interest (investment in an associate consolidated by the equity method). It is, therefore, an associate outside the Ebro Group.

Those transactions, expressed in thousand euros, are listed below:

- Ebro Foods, S.A.: Services rendered (income), 4;
- Ebro Foods, S.A.: Dividends received, 1,000;
- Arotz Foods, S.A.: Purchase of goods (finished or otherwise), 83;
- Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.: Purchase of goods (finished or otherwise), 444;
- Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.: Sale of goods (finished or otherwise), 8,329;
- Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.: Sale of tangibles, intangibles or other assets, 121;
- Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.: Other expenses, 5;
- Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.: Financial income, 25;
- Mundiriso, S.R.L.: Purchase of goods (finished or otherwise), 1,423;
- Mundiriso, S.R.L.: Sale of goods (finished or otherwise), 2,681;
- Arrozeiras Mundiarroz, S.A.: Purchase of goods (finished or otherwise), 139;
- Geovita Functional Ingredients, S.R.L.: Purchase of goods (finished or otherwise, 134;
- Geovita Functional Ingredients, S.R.L.: Sale of goods (finished or otherwise), 307;
- Herba Bangkok, S.L.: Sale of goods (finished or otherwise), 1,756;
- Ebro Ingredients, B.V.: Sale of goods (finished or otherwise), 243;
- Ebro Ingredients, B.V.: Purchase of goods (finished or otherwise), 63.



D.6. Give the individual details of any transactions for a significant amount or object between the company or group companies and other related parties that are so pursuant to the International Accounting Standards adopted by the EU and that have not been reported in the preceding sections.

Name of related party	Brief description of the transaction and other information necessary for its evaluation	Amount (thousand euros)
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	IT services rendered (income) between a subsidiary of the Ebro Foods Group and Hernández Barrera Servicios, S.A. on arm's length terms	4
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	Legal and tax counselling services received (expense) between a subsidiary of the Ebro Foods Group and Hernández Barrera Servicios, S.A. on arm's length terms	319
FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	Sale of office material (income) between a subsidiary of the Ebro Foods Group and Hernández Barrera Servicios, S.A. on arm's length terms	1

Hernández Barrera Servicios, S.A. is related to Félix Hernández Callejas, who represents the corporate director Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. on the Board of Directors of Ebro Foods, S.A.

The transactions made with this company were approved by the Board with the votes of the independent directors and abstention of the following directors: Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L., Antonio Hernández Callejas and Grupo Tradifín, S.L.

D.7. Describe the mechanisms established to detect, define and resolve possible conflicts of interest between the company and/or its group, and its directors, executives, significant shareholders or other related parties.

Apart from the powers of the General Meeting and the Board of Directors on conflicts of interest of the Directors, under Article 24 of the Regulations of the Board, the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee has the power to settle any conflicts of interest that may arise between the company or the group and its Directors, executives, significant shareholders and listed subsidiaries, if any (which is not the case).

With regard to the Directors, Article 36 of the Regulations of the Board provides that Directors may not perform activities for their own or third party account that effectively or potentially compete with the Company or which otherwise puts them in a permanent conflict of interest with the company; and Article 37.1 establishes the obligation of Directors to take such measures as may be necessary to avoid situations in which their interests, for their own or third party account, may conflict with the corporate interests and their duties to the Company.

For this purpose, Article 38 of the Regulations of the Board stipulates that Directors shall inform the Board of any direct or indirect conflict of interest that they or any of their related parties may have with the Company. Furthermore, pursuant to Article 32.4 of the Regulations of the Board, Directors shall abstain from participating in the corresponding debates and voting on resolutions or decisions in which they or any person related to them has a direct or indirect conflict of interest, except in the cases in which they are authorised by law to participate in the discussion and voting.

The current Internal Code of Market Conduct establishes for Relevant Persons (Directors, senior executives and their closely related parties) certain prohibitions and limitations on trading in the Company's shares and disclosure of information, and also a penalty system for any breaches thereof.

It also stipulates that Relevant Persons other than directors may submit queries to the Compliance Unit regarding the application of the prohibited actions contemplated in Rule 6. Directors may submit any queries they may have directly to the Company Secretary.

Finally, it should be noted that every year, when preparing the Financial Reporting, annual accounts and Annual Corporate Governance Report, the Directors (and representatives of corporate directors) are asked for information on: (i) any transactions that they or their related parties may have made with the Company and/or subsidiaries of the Group (the same information is also requested of the significant shareholders of the company); (ii) possible conflicts of interest as per section 229 of the Corporate Enterprises Act directly or indirectly involving the director, its representative or related parties; and (iii) any other possible conflicts of interest.

D.8.	Indicate wh	ether the Company is controlled by another entity, listed or otherwise, in the sense of Article 42 of the Commercial				
	Code and has business relations, directly or through its subsidiaries, with that entity or any of its subsidiaries (other than those of the listed company) or performs activities related with those of any of the latter.					
	[]	Yes				
	[1]	No				



E. RISK MANAGEMENT AND CONTROL SYSTEMS

E.2. Explain the scope of the company's financial and non-financial Risk Management and Control System, including tax risks.

As an integral part of the corporate policies passed by the Board, the Risk Management and Control Policy lays down the basic principles and the general framework for control and management of the business risks, including tax risks, and internal control of financial reporting to which Ebro Foods, S.A. and other companies in its Group are exposed.

Within this general framework, the integral, homogenous Risk Management and Control System is based on the preparation of a business risk map, through which, by pinpointing, assessing and grading of the risk management capacity, the risks are ranked from greater to lesser impact for the Group and by probability of occurrence. The risk map also identifies methods for mitigating or neutralising the risks detected.

The risk universe is structured in four main groups: compliance, operational, strategic and financial, and they are all subdivided into a large number of categories.

The risk classification process dynamically assesses both the inherent risk and the residual risk after application of the internal controls and action protocols established to mitigate them. These controls include preventive controls, adequate separation of duties, clear levels of authorisation and definition of policies and procedures. These controls can in turn be grouped into manual and automatic, made by data processing applications. This model is both qualitative and quantitative and can be measured in the Group's results, for which purpose the risk level is considered acceptable or tolerable on a corporate level.

The Risk Management and Control System is dynamic, so the risks to be considered vary according to the circumstances in which the Group is operating. The risks associated with the Ukraine war and those related with the inflation were especially important during 2022.

E.3. Name the corporate bodies responsible for preparing and implementing the financial and non-financial Risk Management and Control System, including tax risks.

The Risk (including tax risks) Management and Control System and control of financial reporting is based essentially on the following structure:

- The Board of Directors, as ultimately responsible, defines the policy for control and management of risks, including tax risks, and control of financial reporting. Article 17.3 of the Regulations of the Board provides that the Board shall receive information on the most important aspects of business management and any foreseeable risk situations for the Company and its subsidiaries, together with the actions proposed by the senior management in respect thereof.
- The Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee, through the Risks Committee, performs the duties of oversight and monitoring of the financial reporting and risk control systems, reporting regularly to the Board on any significant aspects arising in these areas. It is responsible for supervising and promoting internal control of the Group and the risk management systems and submitting recommendations to the Board on the risk control and management policy and possible mitigation measures in those areas.
- The Risks Committee, based on the policy established by the Board of Directors and under the supervision of and reporting to the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee, is specifically responsible for coordinating and monitoring the system for management and control of risks, including tax risks, and control of the Group's financial reporting. The Risks Committee also analyses and assesses the risks associated with new investments.
- The Management Committees of the core business units of the Group, on which the Chairman of the Board and the Chief Operating Officer (COO) sit, assess the risks and decide on mitigation measures.
- Risk officers of the core business units of the Group. The major subsidiaries of the Group have officers responsible for monitoring the financial reporting risk (including tax risks) control and management systems and reporting to the Risks Committee.
- Internal Audit Department. Within the internal audits of the different subsidiaries, the Company's Internal Audit Department checks that the testing and control of the financial reporting and risk management systems have been performed adequately in accordance with the indications by the Risks Committee and Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee.
- E.4. Define the main financial and non-financial risks, including tax risks and, to the extent that they may be significant, those deriving from corruption (the latter within the scope of Royal Decree Law 18/2017), that could have a bearing on achievement of the company's business goals.

The main risks that might have a bearing on achievement of the business goals set by the Ebro Foods Group are listed below and explained in greater detail in Explanatory Note Three in section H of this Report.

A. OPERATIONAL RISKS:

- Food safety risk
- Commodity supply risk
- Market (prices) risk



- Customer concentration risk

- Technological risk

ANNUAL CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT OF LISTED COMPANIES

- Cybersecurity B. RISKS RELATED WITH THE ENVIRONMENT AND STRATEGY: - Environmental risk - Climate risk - Competition risk - Reputational risk - Social network exposure - Changes in lifestyle - Country or market risk - Natural disasters, fires - Strategic planning and assessment of strategic opportunities for investment or divestment C. COMPLIANCE RISKS: - Sectoral regulatory risk - General regulatory risk - Tax risks D. FINANCIAL RISKS: - Foreign exchange risk - Interest rate risk - Liquidity risk - Credit risk State whether the company has a risk tolerance level, including one for tax risks. Risks are measured by both inherent and residual risk. A scorecard is made each year of the principal ten risks to which the Group may be exposed (the TOP TEN), which are rated and measured as far as possible. If the economic consequences of a risk could cause a loss (or a loss of profit) of more than 5% of the consolidated EBITDA budgeted, or over 20% of the individual EBITDA of a business, it is considered a threat requiring corporate action.

Without prejudice to the supervision by the Risks Committee and, ultimately, the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee, the Management Committee of each unit implements and monitors the mitigation measures taken and assesses the results thereof.

In general, the heads of the different business units and the Management Committee of each unit: (i) define the risks affecting their respective businesses, (ii) assess the possible economic impact of those risks and, (iii) in view of the specific prevailing circumstances, establish whatever mitigation measures they deem

This notwithstanding, when a threat is identified that requires action on a corporate level (as mentioned in the first paragraph above), the persons responsible for risk management and control in the corresponding unit inform the Risks Committee of the situation, proposing such mitigation measures as they may consider adequate. The Risks Committee assesses the situation and the sufficiency and suitability of the proposed mitigation measures, supplementing them with additional measures should it deem fit, reporting to the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee.

The Board of Directors is promptly informed on the risks that have materialised and the mitigation measures adopted, both through the report submitted regularly on the matter by the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee and through the information given at all Board meetings on the development of business. In addition, the Board receives every year the minutes of the Risks Committee meetings held in the previous year to supplement the information provided regularly by the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee throughout the year. This reinforces the most direct monitoring of risk control by the



Board and, should they deem fit in the light of the Risks Committee minutes, the directors may request further information on any risk reported or the mitigation measures implemented.

E.6. What financial and non-financial risks, including tax risks, have occurred during the year?

The financial and non-financial risks, including tax risks, that occurred during 2022 and the first few months of 2023 (up to the date of writing this report) are described below:

A. SUPPLY RISKS

- Transport

There was considerable tension on the sea and road freight market in 2021, largely due to the restrictions put in place because of the pandemic. Our sector encountered difficulties especially in finding containers to transport rice from South East Asia. The availability problems and soaring prices continued in the first half of 2022, after which they gradually improved and returned to normal by the end of the year.

In order to get round these problems, the Group implemented a strategy of chartering complete cargo vessels, combining cargos for different European destinations, which enabled the Group to secure a large turnover.

- Rice supply

In recent years there have been alerts of drought in southern Spain, which is a major source of supply of certain rice varieties sold by the Group. Partly as a result of this situation, the availability and supply of pearl rice has gradually fallen in Spain. To mitigate this risk, the Group has diversified sourcing and promoted alternative varieties sourced in Argentina to supplement our supplies.

During 2022, certain countries revealed their intention to impose restrictions on the exporting of certain rice varieties to guarantee their domestic supply. India levied a 20% customs tariff on non-Basmati rice varieties and prohibited exports of broken rice. These measures have not had a material effect on the Ebro Group as we export mainly Basmati rice from India, although we are keeping an eye on other possible restrictions not yet imposed in India or other countries in the area.

- Evolution of prices

2022 was marked by a constant rise in the CPI, which in some months reached double-digit percentages. These rises greatly impacted the costs of logistics, purchases of raw materials and auxiliary products, and energy. The situation improved somewhat towards the end of 2022, thanks to the stabilisation of the Ukraine war (cereal and fertilizer markets eased as a result), the measures implemented by many governments to check the increasing energy costs and the progressive return to normal of the freight tariffs since last summer. However, the underlying tensions remain, causing upturns in the prices of certain products, such as American long-grain rice or aromatic rice varieties (partly due to factors limiting production, such as flooding and tariff barriers on exports).

Against this backdrop, the Group carefully manages its costs (investments in photovoltaic plants, hedging of energy costs, search for alternative freight options and rice sources and varieties, etc.) and constantly analyses and plans the passing-on of part of the increased costs in selling prices.

B. COUNTRY RISK

- Brexit

Although the situation was fairly stable throughout the year, there are still prople calling for a review of the agreements reached with the European Union (especially with regard to the internal Irish border). In other words, there is still some uncertainty in respect of possible regulatory changes.

In addition, owing to increased costs deriving from the UK's insularity, constantly rising prices and the bottlenecks deriving from the new situation, changes are being studied in the customs arrangements with third countries, which might affect industries operating in the United Kingdom.

The Group is only exposed to limited risk, but it makes a continuous assessment of the situation and possible management alternatives.

- Ukraine crisis

The events in Ukraine following the military invasion by the Russian Federation on 24 February 2022 have created considerable global uncertainty, with a significant impact on the prices of many supplies, which we have mentioned earlier when explaining the risks deriving from price evolution.

The company believes that this situation of uncertainty and its consequences should not have a very significant impact on the Group, for the following reasons:

- (i) The Group does not have any major interests in the region.
- (ii) The possible impact on supplies used by the Group is limited to collateral effects (possible changes in consumption, increased cost of fertilizers, switching cereals grown, etc.), because the grains produced in that region are not included in the Group's supply chain.
- (iii) The Ebro Group's businesses are more resilient in times of economic crisis thanks to the type of products they sell. Consequently, the Group does not expect any major drop in customer demand, loss of suppliers or adverse effects in the its supply and distribution chains.
- (iv) The European Union has taken measures to check energy price hikes and mitigate dependence on Russian gas.
- E.7. Explain the response and supervision plans for the main risks, including tax risks, to which the company is exposed and the procedures followed to ensure that the board of directors provides solutions for any new challenges that may arise.

The Management Committees of each business unit are responsible for monitoring its risk supervision system. Management committees usually meet monthly to analyse any risks that may have materialised and design and monitor the contingency plans and actions taken to mitigate them. Control and monitoring of the economic variables in each subsidiary against the corresponding budget also ensures the immediate detection of unforeseen risk situations. The subsidiaries with greatest weight within the Group, such as the North American subsidiaries, have "Crisis Management Plans" (CMP), which specify the main risks to which the company is exposed, the protocols for responding to them and the company officers responsible for implementation.



This notwithstanding, when a threat is identified that requires action on a corporate level (see section E.4 of this report), the persons responsible for risk management and control in the corresponding unit must inform the Risks Committee of the situation, proposing such mitigation measures as may be considered adequate. The Risks Committee assesses the situation and the sufficiency and suitability of the proposed mitigation measures, supplementing them with additional measures should it deem fit. The Risks Committee reports regularly to the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee on the actions taken and plans proposed and the latter in turn reports on all this to the Board of Directors (without prejudice to the Board's knowledge of the most important situations through its thorough monitoring of business at each Board meeting and the annual remittance to the Board of the minutes of all the Risks Committee meetings held during the preceding year).

The measures to control, reduce and, as the case may be, mitigate the risks are established according to the following basic criteria:

- They shall seek to neutralise the risk detected, maintaining coherence between the importance of the risk and the cost and means required to neutralise it.
- If neutralisation is not feasible, measures shall be designed to reduce the potential economic consequences, if possible to within tolerance levels.
- The management and control shall, as far as possible, forestall rather than remedy.
- The control mechanisms shall adequately separate management and oversight.
- The different people responsible for risk management shall coordinate their actions to be efficient, seeking the utmost integration between control systems.
- Maximum transparency shall be ensured in the identification and assessment of risks, specification and implementation of mitigation measures and assessment of the results of those measures.
- Compliance must be guaranteed with the requirements of internal reporting to the bodies responsible for supervision and control.



F. INTERNAL RISK MANAGEMENT AND CONTROL SYSTEMS FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING (ICFR)

Describe the mechanisms comprising the internal control over financial reporting (ICFR) of your company.

F.2. Control environment

Report on at least the following, describing their principal features:

F.2.1 What bodies and/or units are responsible for: (i) the existence and maintenance of an adequate and effective ICFR, (ii) its implementation and (iii) its oversight?

As established in its Regulations, the Board of Directors is ultimately responsible for the existence, maintenance and oversight of an adequate, effective internal control system for the company's financial reporting (ICFR).

The Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee is responsible for: (i) supervising and promoting the procedures and systems used to prepare and control the company's financial reporting; (ii) checking any public financial information; and (iii) ensuring implementation of and compliance with the internal regulations and codes applicable to the risk management and control systems in relation to the financial reporting process.

The Management Committee is responsible for the design, implementation and functioning of the ICFR through the Group Finance Department and the Finance Departments of the different business units. The different general managements are responsible for effective implementation of these systems within their respective areas of activity. There are also officers responsible for the different processes documented within the ICFR, who must ensure that those processes are kept up to date, informing the Risks Committee, through the finance department and general management of the corresponding business unit, of any modifications or adaptations required.

The Risks Committee, reporting to the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee, is specifically responsible for coordinating and monitoring the system for management and control of risks, including tax risks, and controlling the Group's financial reporting.

- F.2.2 State whether the following elements exist, especially in respect of the financial reporting process:
- Departments and/or mechanisms responsible for: (i) designing and reviewing the organisational structure; (ii) clearly defining the lines of responsibility and authority, with an adequate distribution of tasks and duties; and (iii) ensuring that there are sufficient procedures for adequately informing the company:

As established in its Regulations, the Board of Directors is responsible for defining the general strategy and guidelines for management of the Company and its Group and encouraging and supervising the actions taken by the senior officers, establishing an organisational structure that will guarantee the utmost efficiency of the senior management and the management team in general.

According to the Regulations of the Board, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee is responsible for checking the criteria followed regarding the composition and structure of the Board and for selecting candidates for the Board. It also nominates the Chairman, CEO or managing director(s) and Secretary of the Board and proposes the assignment of Directors to the different Board Committees.

In turn, under the policies approved by the Board, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee supervises the senior executive remuneration and incentives policy.

Within each group company, the organisational structure of the units participating in the preparation of financial reporting depends on several factors, such as the volume of operations or type of business, but in all cases it corresponds to the need to cover the main duties of recording, preparing, checking and reporting the operations performed and the economic and financial position of the company. The Executive Chairman, Chief Operating Officer (COO) and executives of the different business units of the Ebro Foods Group participate actively in the management committees of the Group's subsidiaries, thereby ensuring direct communication through the lines of responsibility and authority.

The senior management and the human resources departments of the Group and each of the Group subsidiaries are responsible for designing the organisational structure according to local needs. The most important subsidiaries have organisation charts that include a description of the duties and responsibilities of the main areas participating in the internal control of financial reporting.

The different job descriptions of positions and responsibilities are maintained by the Human Resources Department of each subsidiary and the management of all the subsidiaries, especially the financial management, are informed of any new member of a subsidiary.



Code of conduct, body responsible for its approval, degree of publicity and instruction, principles and values included (stating whether there is any specific mention of the recording of transactions and preparation of financial reporting), body responsible for analysing default and proposing corrective measures and penalties:

The Code of Conduct of the Ebro Group, an update of the earlier Codes of Ethics and Conduct drawn up by the Ebro Foods Group in 2003, 2008 and 2012, was approved by the board on 25 November 2015 and all levels of the organisation were notified.

The Code of Conduct provides guidance on how to act in the Group's internal and external relationships, strengthening the values that distinguish us and establishing a basic reference to be followed by the Group.

The Code aims to:

- Be a formal, institutional reference for personal and professional conduct
- Guarantee the responsible, ethical behaviour of all the Group's professionals in their work
- Reduce the element of subjectivity in personal interpretations of moral and ethical principles
- Create a standardisation tool to guarantee progressive implementation throughout the Group of the ten principles of the UN Global Compact
- Grow responsibly and committed to all our stakeholders.

As established in the Code of Conduct, the Group assumes a principle of conduct based on transparent reporting, consisting of an undertaking to report reliable financial, accounting or other information to the markets. Accordingly, the company's internal and external financial reporting will give a true and fair view of its real economic, financial and equity situation according to generally accepted accounting principles.

Employees formally sign the Code of Conduct when they join the workforce of most Group companies and all new Group employees during the year were informed and given a copy of the Code.

The Code of Conduct is published in the Intranet, where it can be consulted by any employee, and on the Group's website.

The Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee is responsible for monitoring and controlling application of the Code. The Compliance Unit, which has sufficient initiative, autonomy and resources, is responsible, among other duties, for assisting the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee in the supervision of compliance, publication and interpretation of the Code of Conduct.

Ebro Foods, through its Secretary, has an e-mail address to which any Group employee may send queries and suggestions regarding the interpretation of the Code of Conduct.

The Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee reports regularly to the Group's Board of Directors on any queries raised in respect of the interpretation and application of the Code of Conduct, how they have been solved and, where appropriate, the interpretation criteria followed.

The Code of Conduct provides that any violation or breach of the Code that is classified as a labour offence shall be penalised according to the labour laws, without prejudice to any other liability that the infringer may incur and the remedial measures that may be established by the different Group companies in pursuance of prevailing laws. On a Group level, the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee, assisted by the Compliance Unit, shall receive reports of any violation of the Code of Conduct and act accordingly.

Whistleblowing channel, through which the audit committee can be informed of any financial or accounting irregularities, any breaches of the code of conduct and any irregular activities within the organisation, indicating whether this channel is confidential and whether it allows anonymous communications respecting the rights of the reporting person and the person concerned:

As established in the Regulations of the Board, the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee is formally responsible for implementing a confidential whistleblowing channel accessible to all Group employees and defining a protocol for prioritising, processing, investigating and settling reports according to their importance and nature, especially any concerning possible financial or accounting misrepresentations.

For this purpose, in its Code of Conduct the Ebro Group has established a whistleblowing channel, through which any irregular conduct in financial, accounting or other areas and any breach of the code of conduct can be reported confidentially.

Through that whistleblowing channel, therefore, any employees may report whatever conduct they may consider necessary and contact the Chairman of the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee directly to inform on potential breaches. Access to that e-mail account, technologically protected to prevent any unauthorised access, is limited exclusively to the Chairman of the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee who, as an Independent Director, has no relationship with the management structure of the Group.

The Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee guarantees the confidentiality of the reports handled, according to a confidentiality commitment signed by all those involved in handling the reports, and other precautions included in the "Report Handling Protocol". That protocol, approved by the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee in 2012, establishes the procedure to be followed on receiving reports, regarding their processing, prioritising, solving and notification.



The whistleblowing channel guarantees confidentiality and is accessible to all Group employees but does not expressly establish (nor does it rule out) the possibility of making anonymous reports.

 Training programmes and regular refresher courses for employees involved in the preparation and checking of financial information and evaluation by the ICFR, covering at least accounting and auditing standards, internal control and risk management:

The Ebro Group has a policy of making sure it has personnel with sufficient training and experience to perform the duties and responsibilities assigned to them. The Ebro employees involved in the preparation and checking of the financial information and ICFR appraisal participate in training and refresher courses regarding the laws and standards in place from time to time and good practices to guarantee the reliability of the financial information generated.

The Ebro Group also encourages and provides means and resources for its employees to keep their accounting knowledge up to date through the attendance of seminars, on-line information and other means, and regular meetings are held with the external auditors to assess in advance the standards in place or those about to enter into force.

During the year the Ebro Group has focused its training for personnel involved in the preparation and checking of financial information and in the ICFR appraisal on the following aspects:

- Accounting updates
- Management and control of costs for business decision-making
- Training in the tax laws in different countries
- Financial Reporting Internal Control System Manual

In addition, the external auditors of the Company and its Group regularly attend the meetings of the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee to give training on the principal novelties in accounting and auditing, especially those that have or may have a greater effect on the Group's accounts.

F.3. Measurement of risks in financial reporting

Report at least on:

- F.3.1 The main features of the risk identification process, including risks of error or fraud, in respect of:
- Whether the process exists and is documented:

Within the risk management and control policy approved by the Board, the financial reporting internal control system is supervised by the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee, assisted by the Risks Committee and the Group Finance Department.

The potential risk events that could affect the organisation are identified and assessed through the financial reporting internal control system, pinpointing and assessing the risks corresponding to each line of business. Through this risk control and management system, the Ebro Group has drawn up a consolidated risk map by compiling and combining the risk maps of its major subsidiaries.

This process is coordinated by the Risks Committee, which manages and establishes the permitted tolerance to the risk and coordinates actions to align the measures addressing risks with the Group's global risk policy so that the exposure to risk assumed by the Ebro Group overall is known at all times.

Based on the results obtained, systems are devised for addressing risks and internal control, to keep the likelihood and impact of those risks on financial reporting within the tolerance levels, thereby providing reasonable certainty regarding achievement of the strategic business goals.

· Whether the process covers all the financial reporting objectives (existence and occurrence; integrity; measurement; presentation, breakdown and comparison; and rights and obligations), whether it is updated and how often:

The Ebro Group has established a continuous improvement process to minimise the risks related with financial reporting by improving the design and effectiveness of existing controls.

For this purpose, it has a process identifying the risks affecting the reliability of financial reporting, based on and beginning with a definition of the scope, according to quantitative criteria of materiality in respect of the consolidated amounts and other qualitative criteria (error, fraud, uncommon transactions, etc.). Companies in the major business units or divisions that meet any of the afore-mentioned criteria and the material accounting items of each one are defined according to those criteria.

Once the material items have been defined on a company level, the processes and sub-processes they affect are established, according to a relationship matrix.

For each of the sub-processes included within the scope, the inherent risks and the checks made by the responsible persons to mitigate those risks are identified, setting this information down in a Risks-Controls Matrix. Those risks take account of all the financial reporting objectives (existence and occurrence; integrity; measurement; presentation, breakdown and comparison; and rights and obligations).



The financial reporting risks are identified in the Ebro Group's Risks-Controls Matrix and updated to take account of any changes in the scope of consolidation of the Group or development of its business and their reflection in the financial statements, making a comparative analysis every year of the variations in material processes and sub-processes to establish any risks that have not been previously identified.

The existence of a process for defining the scope of consolidation, taking into account, among other aspects, the possible existence of complex corporate structures, base companies or special purpose vehicles:

The Ebro Group has a process based on internal regulations that guarantees the correct identification of the scope of consolidation through an adequate separation of duties in the requesting, authorising, reporting and recording of any operation entailing the incorporation, merger, division, acquisition or sale of companies and any other corporate operation, directly involving the Legal Department and the Board of Directors.

This process considers the possible existence of complex corporate structures, base companies or special purpose vehicles, among other means by establishing an adequate structure to separate the duties of requesting, authorising and reporting for any corporate operation within the Group. No transactions or complex corporate structures that might entail off-balance sheet transactions that should be recorded within the reporting period were identified this year.

· Whether the process takes into account the effects of other types of risk (operational, technological, financial, legal, tax, reputational, environmental, etc.) insofar as they affect the financial statements:

The Risk Management and Control System of the Ebro Group is designed to identify potential risk events that might affect the organisation. At present there are four types of risks: Operating, Compliance, Strategic and Financial, and the conclusions are taken into account insofar as the risks may affect financial reporting.

For this purpose, the Risks Committee acts as a unit of coordination and interrelation of the effect of the risks detected on the different areas (management, business, financial reporting, legal, reputational etc. risks).

· Which governing body of the company supervises the process:

While the Board has the power, which it may not delegate, to determine the policy for control and management of risks, including tax risks, and supervision of the internal control and reporting systems, the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee is responsible for supervising and promoting the procedures and systems used to prepare and control the Company and Group financial reporting, and controlling the implementation of and compliance with the risk management and control systems, both in general and in respect of the financial reporting process.

F.4. Control activities

Inform whether the company has at least the following, describing their main features:

F.4.1 Procedures for checking and authorising financial information to be published on the stock markets and description of the ICFR, indicating who is responsible for these tasks, and documentation describing the flows of activities and controls (including those checking for the risk of fraud) in the different types of transactions that may have a material effect on the financial statements, including the procedure for closing of accounts and the specific review of judgements, estimates, valuations and significant projections

The priorities established within the Ebro Group include the quality and reliability of the financial information, both internal information for decision-making and external information published for the markets. The information to be provided by the different units is requested by the Group financial department, paying special attention to the processes of closing the accounts, consolidation, measurement of intangibles and areas subject to judgement and estimates.

The Ebro Group has procedures for checking and authorising the financial information and description of the ICFR, responsibility for which corresponds to the Financial Department, the Risks Committee, the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee and the Board of Directors.

The Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee checks and analyses the financial statements and any other important financial information, as well as the principal judgements, estimates and projections included and discusses them with the Economic and Financial Area of the Group and the internal and external auditors to confirm that the information is complete and the principles applied are consistent with those of the previous full-year accounts.

The procedure for checking and authorising the financial information corresponds to the Group financial department, based on the information checked and validated by the different units. The Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee supervises this information to be published on the market and it is approved by the Board of Directors.

The Group has implemented a process to enhance the quality and quantity of documentation and make the generation of financial information and its subsequent supervision more effective and efficient.

The significant processes involved in the generation of the Group financial reporting are documented based on the COSO internal control model. The main processes documented are:

- Closing of Financial Statements and Reporting



- Consolidation
- Sales and Receivables
- Purchases and Payables
- Fixed Assets
- Inventories

The documentation outline is extended progressively, according to the materiality and the general criteria established in the Group's financial reporting internal control system.

The persons responsible for each of the documented processes in each subsidiary have been identified. They are responsible for keeping those processes up to date on an annual basis, reporting any modifications or adaptations to the Risks Committee through the Group's financial department.

Process documentation includes details of the flows and transactions and the financial reporting objectives and controls established to ensure they are met. It also contemplates the risks of error and/or fraud that might affect the financial reporting objectives. The documentation of flows of activities and controls that may have a material effect on the financial statements, including the accounts closing procedure, includes the preparation of narratives on the processes, flow charts and risk and control matrices. The controls identified are both preventive and detective, manual or automatic, describing also their frequency and associated information systems.

F.4.2 Internal control procedures and policies for the IT systems (including access security, track changes, operation, operating continuity and separation of duties) used for the significant processes of the company in the preparation and publication of financial information

The Group has rules for managing financial information security. Those rules are applicable to the systems used to generate financial information and the IT Department is responsible for defining and proposing the security policies.

Within its policies and infrastructure management the Ebro Group has procedures to secure each of the following:

i) Both physical and logical access are controlled to ensure that only authorised internal and external personnel can access the Ebro centres and systems. Ebro has several Data Centres, the main one in Spain where the company's critical systems are housed. The major subsidiaries also have local data centres. They all have their own infrastructure to guarantee adequate control of access to the installations. In small subsidiaries, the general rule is to have external service providers to provide that security. When external service providers are used, the Ebro Group makes internal audits of the information systems and their architecture, including the security aspect.

Logical access control is secured with: (i) efficient management of access to our systems, whether internal or external, and (ii) user management coordinated with the human resources department and the company's group of managers. Ebro has user access control systems and workflow tools to guarantee interdepartmental integration and efficient updating of user status, regularly identifying those who no longer access the systems.

Ebro Foods has implemented a system to control the separation of duties and access to critical functions of the SAP GRC SoD system in certain subsidiaries – currently in place in Riviana Foods Inc and Riviana Foods Canada Corporation and in progress in Herba Ricemills – and there is a plan to extend this implementation to the other major subsidiaries. Its implementation programme contemplates extension to all the major subsidiaries of the Ebro Foods Group.

To compile its non-financial information, Ebro has developed a tool that manages the information required to guarantee its integrity, and workflows for approval to guarantee its reliability. All the subsidiaries included in the SAP-based corporate ERP have implemented a procedure to separate duties within IT and the use of privileged users (Firefighter) subject to request, approval and control.

External access is guaranteed through specific users and controlled management. The necessary elements have also been provided on a network level to ensure that only authorised users and processes have access from outside.

- ii) The larger subsidiaries mainly use the ERP SAP system. In all those cases, Ebro has procedures underpinned by systems that systematically filter, assess, manage the life cycle and inform on production changes after acceptance by specific users and impact analysis in the systems currently used in production.
- iii) The separation of duties is underpinned by the use of roles by groups of users, which allow access only to the information and transactions previously approved by the organisation. The modification or creation of new roles is backed by the same procedure that guarantees management of the user life cycle and is applicable to the major companies of the Ebro Group. Special attention is paid to separation in IT support processes to make sure that the tasks of development, sending to production and administration of the system are duly separated. In addition, as mentioned above, Ebro Foods has implemented the SAP GRC SoD system throughout the Group for the IT Department and is in the process of rolling it out in all subsidiaries. This is designed to ensure adequate access control, separation of duties, anti-fraud elements within ERP and mitigating measures where necessary.
- iv) Ebro has internal tools which, combined with the user support departments and systems (Help Desks), guarantee the management and traceability of any incidents in the IT systems. Programme changes are managed within that system, which is based on best practices and management following the ITIL methods.

The critical information systems are always housed in our data centres and there are individuals assigned to each one who are responsible for proactive monitoring of the automatic processes and proactive assessment of the yield and functioning of the systems.

Ebro has global contracts with security control tool providers, which guarantee the installation of such tools in all the computer and data processing equipment used in the company.



v) Ebro Foods has a cybersecurity policy based on several fundamental pillars for the security of our systems. This includes endpoint security, of both users and servers, identity security (especially important in view of the increasingly more common cloud migration strategies), perimeter security for access to our network and data security.

Ebro Foods uses the leading tools available on the market and procedures based on best practices to minimise the risk in each of these areas, and it has continued implementing new tools and utilities to monitor unauthorised access through cloud profiles.

The Group continues working on perimeter security, especially in respect of its most important plants. Processes have been defined and advanced security systems have been implemented. They have been implemented in subsidiaries in the USA, Canada, India and part of Spain and will be extended to the other major subsidiaries of the Ebro Group during 2023.

vi) Ebro has tools to guarantee the continuity of business support by its IT systems in the event of a fatal error or system crash. There are backup systems and policies in its data centres that guarantee access to information and systems in case of a crash. The use of tape or disk backups and replicating the information in several computers with subsequent triangular distribution are habitual procedures for making incremental or complete backup copies. The current systems allow recovery of the information up to the specific time of the fatal error or system crash.

F.4.3 Internal control procedures and policies to oversee the management of outsourced activities and any aspects of valuation, calculation or measurement commissioned to independent experts, which may have a material impact on the financial statements

In general, the Ebro Group manages all activities that may have a material impact on the reliability of the financial statements, using internal resources to avoid outsourcing.

There are very few outsourced activities and the procedures and controls of those activities are regulated in the contracts signed with the service providers in question.

The valuation, calculation or measurement activities commissioned by the Ebro Group to independent experts are mainly concerned with the appraisal of properties, actuarial studies of employee benefits and impairment testing of intangibles.

Only service providers of internationally recognised standing are used for these valuation reports, making sure that they are not affected by any circumstance or event that could compromise their independence.

The reports obtained from these firms are submitted to internal review to check that the most significant assumptions and hypotheses used are correct and that they comply with the International Valuation Standards (IVS) and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). Furthermore, the valuation processes and the hypotheses and assumptions used by independent experts are reported to and considered by the external auditors of the Company and its Group.

F.5. Information and communication

Inform whether the company has at least the following, describing their main features:

F.5.1 A specific department responsible for defining the accounting policies and keeping them up to date (accounting policy department or division) and solving queries or conflicts deriving from their interpretation, maintaining fluent communication with those responsible for operations in the organisation, as well as an updated accounting policy manual distributed among the units through which the company operates

The Ebro Group has adequate procedures and mechanisms to inform the employees involved in the preparation of financial information on the applicable criteria and the IT systems used in that preparation. This is done through the Management Control Unit and the Corporate Financial Department, whose powers include the following, among others:

- Define, administer, update and report on the Group's accounting policies, in compliance with the applicable accounting standards and rules of consolidation for the preparation and presentation of financial information to be disclosed.
- Prepare, update and report on the Accounting Policy Manual to be applied by all financial units in the Group. This manual is updated regularly.
- Settle any queries or conflicts regarding the interpretation and application of the accounting policies, maintaining fluent communication with those responsible for these operations in the organisation.
- Define and create templates, formats and criteria to be used for preparing and reporting the financial information. All financial information distributed on the markets is prepared by consolidating the reports of the different business units, prepared using mechanisms for data input, preparation and presentation that are homogenous for the entire Group. These mechanisms are designed to enable compliance with the standards applicable to the principal financial statements, including accounting criteria, valuation rules and presentation formats, and embrace not only the balance sheet, profit and loss account, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows, but also the obtaining of other information that is necessary to prepare the notes to the financial statements.



F.5.2 Mechanisms for collecting and preparing financial information with homogenous formats, applied and used by all business units in the company or group, valid for the main financial statements and notes, and the information given on the ICFR

The Group's financial information is prepared using a process of aggregating separate financial statements at source for subsequent consolidation according to the applicable accounting and consolidation standards, to obtain the consolidated financial information to be presented monthly to the Board and published periodically on the markets.

The process of aggregation and consolidation of the Group's financial statements is based on homogenous, common format templates that include different tables and reports to be completed. They also have automatic internal controls to check the integrity and reasonability of the data input.

These templates are validated each month by a financial manager in each subsidiary before sending them for checking and consolidation. To complete the automatic checks, those data and the estimation, valuation and calculation principles used to obtain them, as well as the accounts closing procedure, are checked by the financial manager at each level of aggregation and consolidation until the Ebro Group consolidated financial information is obtained, prepared and checked by the corporate financial department.

The Ebro Group has established a reporting system for the Financial Reporting Internal Control System, which is available in the Group for all the subsidiaries included within the scope of the ICFR. Through that reporting, the parent coordinates maintenance of the system in the rest of the subsidiaries annually through the assignment of persons responsible for their maintenance and updating in the event of any significant change to be taken into consideration in the documentation. Finally, if any weaknesses are detected in the financial reporting internal control system, the subsidiaries are notified of the necessary action plans and they are monitored by the parent.

F.6. Supervision of the functioning of the system

Inform on at least the following, describing their main features:

F.6.1 The ICFR supervisory activities performed by the audit committee and whether the company has an internal audit department responsible, among its duties, for assisting the committee in its supervision of the internal control system, including the financial reporting internal control system (ICFR). Inform also on the scope of the ICFR appraisal made during the year and the procedure through which the department or body responsible for the appraisal informs on the outcome, whether the company has an action plan defining any possible corrective measures and whether their impact on the financial information has been considered

The Board of Directors is ultimately responsible for the existence, maintenance and supervision of an adequate, effective internal control system for the financial reporting. Among the duties defined in the Regulations of the Board, the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee assists and supports the Board in its supervision of the accounting and financial information, the internal and external audit services and corporate governance.

The Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee, assisted by the Risks Committee, must see that the internal audit procedures, the internal control systems in general, including the risk management control system and, in particular, the financial reporting internal control system, are adequate.

The Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee also ensures that the external auditor and Internal Audit Manager are selected on the basis of objective, professional qualifications, guaranteeing their independence in the performance of their duties; reports to the board on any related party transactions submitted for its consideration; controls any possible conflicts of interest; and, in general, makes sure that all the company's information and reporting, particularly financial, complies with the principle of truth and maximum transparency for shareholders and markets.

The Risks Committee, as the central control system, monitors adequate fulfilment by the risk officers of the respective units of the following duties: (i) monitoring, updating and review of the business risks map and the different financial reporting processes; (ii) compliance with the reporting protocols for business risks and financial information; (iii) assessment of the measures for mitigating and controlling any risks detected, and (iv) assessment of the effectiveness of the systems and controls by implementing the test processes indicated by the Risks Committee, assisted by the heads of the different units and, where necessary, external advisers.

The Risks Committee, based on the policy established by the Board and supervised by and reporting to the Audit Committee, is specifically responsible for coordinating and monitoring the system for management and control of risks, including tax risks, and checking the Group's financial information.

Within the business risks control and the financial reporting internal control system, the Internal Audit Department makes sure that the testing and control of risk management and financial reporting systems have been done properly, within the internal audits carried out on different subsidiaries during the year, under the Internal Audit Plan.

The Internal Audit Department has submitted its annual working plan to the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee and reported directly to said committee on any incidents detected in the performance of that work, proposing the corresponding action plan defining any necessary corrective measures; and at the end of each year, it has submitted an activity report.

The results of audits made by the Internal Audit Department and any incidents detected by the Risks Committee have been reported to the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee. Moreover, the action plan devised for remedying those incidents has been sent to both the person responsible for remedying them and the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee.



F.6.2 Inform on whether the company has a discussion procedure whereby the auditor (according to the provisions of the auditing standards), the internal audit department and other experts can inform the senior management and audit committee or company directors of any significant weaknesses detected in internal control during the auditing or checking of the annual accounts or any other processes commissioned to them. Indicate also whether the company has an action plan to remedy or mitigate the weaknesses observed

The Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee has a stable, professional relationship with the external auditors of the principal companies in its group, strictly respecting their independence. That relationship favours communication and discussion of any internal control weaknesses pinpointed during the auditing of annual accounts or any other audit work commissioned to them.

In this regard, the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee receives information from the external auditor at least every six months on the audit plan and outcome of its implementation, and checks that the senior management heeds the auditor's recommendations. In addition, as established in the Regulations of the Board, it is responsible for overseeing the Internal Audit Services, examining the financial reporting process and internal control systems.

Each year, when it has finished its audit work, the External Auditor provides the company with a letter of recommendations on internal control. In 2022, following the audit of the 2021 accounts, the External Auditor informed the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee that they had not detected any significant weaknesses during their work. This notwithstanding, they submitted a few recommendations to reinforce internal control.

The External Auditor and the Manager of the Internal Audit Department attended 6 of the 7 meetings of the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee held in

F.7. Other significant information

N/A

F.8. External auditor's report

Inform on:

F.8.1 Whether the ICFR information sent to the markets was checked by the external auditor, in which case the company should include the corresponding report in an annex. If not, explain why not.

The ICFR report issued by the external auditor is appended hereto.



G. EXTENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CORPORATE GOVERNANCE RECOMMENDATIONS

Indicate the degree of compliance by the company with the recommendations of the Good Governance Code for Listed Companies.

•							•		sons so that shareholders explanations are not acce	
1.	The articles of association of listed companies should not limit the maximum number of votes that may be cast by an individual shareholder or impose other restrictions hampering takeover of the company via the market acquisition of its shares.									
		Complies [X	(]	Explanation []						
2.	When the listed company is controlled, in the sense of Article 42 of the Commercial Code, by another company, listed or otherwise, and conducts business, directly or through its subsidiaries, with that controlling company or any of its subsidiaries (other than those of the listed company) or engages in activities related with those of any of the latter, it should report publicly and precisely on:									
	a) The types of activity they are respectively engaged in and any business dealings between the listed company or its subsidiaries, on the one hand, and the parent company or its subsidiaries, on the other hand.									
	b)	b) The mechanisms in place to solve any conflicts of interest that may arise.								
		Complies []	Partial compliance []		Explanation []		Not applicable [X]	
3.	During the annual general meeting, to supplement the written distribution of the annual corporate governance report, the chairman of the board should inform the shareholders orally, in sufficient detail, of the most important aspects of the company's corporate governance, especially:									
	a)	Any changes	s made since	e the previous annual ge	neral	meeting.				
	b) The specific reasons why the company does not follow any of the recommendations of the Code of Corporate Governance and the alternative rules applied, if any.									
		Complies [X	()	Partial compliance []		Explanation []			
4.	invest abuse	ors, within the and gives sim	e framework iilar treatme	of their involvement in nt to shareholders who	the care ir	company, ar the same	nd proxy advisors position. And the	that fu	shareholders and instituti Ily respects the laws again ny should publish that po esponsible for such imple	nst market licy on its
	comp	any should als nation through	o have a ger	neral policy regarding the	e con dia, s	nmunication social netwo	n of non-financia orks or other cha	l econor	nds of regulated informat mic and financial corporat contributing towards max	:e
		Complies [X	(]	Partial compliance []		Explanation []			



5.		The board should not table a motion at the general meeting for delegating powers to issue shares or convertible securities excluding the preferential subscription right in a sum of more than 20% of the capital at the time of the delegation.								
					e securities excluding the preferential subscription right, the son that exclusion required by commercial law.					
		Complies [X]	Partial compliance []	Explanation []					
6.					mandatory or voluntary, should publish them on their websites ugh that publication is not compulsory:					
	a)	Report on the ind	ependence of the auditor							
	b)	Reports on the fu	nctioning of the audit committ	ee and	the nomination and remuneration committee					
	c)	Report by the aud	lit committee on related party	transa	ctions					
		Complies []	Partial compliance [>	(]	Explanation []					
All th	e section	s of this Recommendat	ion are met, except (c).							
The <i>i</i>	Audit, Cor tors and (ntrol and Sustainability of the related parties ha	Committee checks that all the related	s, at ma	ransactions with significant shareholders, directors, representatives of corporate irket prices, transparently, fairly and reasonably, and always in the interests of al.					
			nendation the Company does not cor ential for the Group in respect of its		convenient to publish the contents of that report because it contains sensitive					
			elated party transactions that took p n stipulated in section 529 unvicies o		2022 (or any of those made in 2023 up to the date of writing this report) meet orporate Enterprises Act.					
7.	The co	ompany should broa	adcast general meetings live, th	rough	its website.					
	And tl	he company should	have mechanisms to enable or	line p	oxies and voting and even, in large cap companies and insofar					
	as is p	proportionate, onlin	e attendance and active partici	pation	in the general meeting.					
		Complies [X]	Partial compliance []	Explanation []					
8.	drawr chairr conte	n up in accordance we man of the audit cor nt and scope of the	with the applicable accounting and the applicable accounting and the applicable accounting and the applicable accounting and the applicable accounts included, making a country and the applicable accounts and the applicable accounts and the applicable accounting a country and a country accounting a country and a country accounting a country and a country accounting a country accounting a country and a country accounting a country a	standa at the g a sun	ats presented by the board of directors to the general meeting are rds. And if the auditors have submitted a qualified report, the general meeting the opinion of the audit committee on the nmary of that opinion available to shareholders, together with the III to the general meeting is published.					
		Complies [X]	Partial compliance []	Explanation []					
9.		The company should publish permanently on its website the requirements and procedures it will accept as proof of ownership of shares, right to attend the general meeting and exercise or delegation of shareholders' voting right.								
		hose requirements liscriminatory.	and procedures should favour t	he att	endance and exercise by shareholders of their rights, not being in any					
		Complies [X]	Partial compliance (1	Explanation []					



10.	If a legitimate shareholder has exercised their right, prior to the general meeting, to supplement the agenda or submit new proposed resolutions, the company should:								
	a)	a) Immediately distribute those supplementary items and new proposed resolutions.							
	b)	b) Publish the model attendance card or proxy form or postal/electronic voting form with the necessary modifications to enable voting on the new items on the agenda and alternative proposed resolutions on the same terms as those proposed by the board of directors.							
	c)		r alternative proposals to th ard, including in particular t		• • •	-	s as those applicable to the ing votes.		
	d)	After the general me	eeting, report the details of	the votir	ng on those supplement	ary ite	ms or alternative proposals.		
		Complies []	Partial compliance []	Explanation []	Not applicable [X]		
11.	If the company plans to pay attendance fees for general meetings, it should establish in advance a general policy on those fees and that policy should be stable.								
		Complies [X]	Partial compliance []	Explanation []	Not applicable []		
			e Fees for General Meetings, whi r brands of the Ebro Foods Grou		shes the principle that may	not be d	elivered in the form of cash, but will co	ısist	
12.	share	The board should perform its duties with unity of purpose and independence of judgement, give the same treatment to all shareholders in the same position and be guided by the company's interests, namely the achievement of a profitable business sustainable in the long term, promote its continuity and maximise the economic value of the company.							
	And in its search for the company's interests, apart from respecting the laws and regulations and acting in good faith, ethically and with respect for generally accepted use and good practice, it should endeavour to reconcile the corporate interests with the legitimate interests of its employees, suppliers, customers and other stakeholders that may be affected, as the case may be, and the impact of the company's activities on the community and environment.								
		Complies [X]	Partial compliance []	Explanation []			
13.	The board should have the necessary size to operate effectively, with participation. The recommended size is between five and fifteen members.								
		Complies [X]	Explanation []						
14.	The b	The board should approve a policy designed to favour an appropriate composition of the board that:							
	a)	Is specific and verifia	ble;						
	b)	Ensures that nominations for appointment or re-election are based on a prior analysis of the expertise required by the board; and							
	c)	Favours the diversity of expertise, experience, age and gender. For this purpose, any measures designed to ensure that the company has a significant number of female executives are considered to favour gender diversity.							

The results of the prior analysis of expertise required by the board should be set out in the report by the nomination committee published when calling the general meeting at which the ratification, appointment or re-election of each director is proposed.



The nomination committee shall check compliance with this policy annually and inform on its conclusions in the annual corporate governance report. Complies [] Partial compliance [X] Explanation [] All the sections of this Recommendation are met, except the last paragraph of (c). The company has not considered it necessary to pass a specific policy to stimulate the presence of female executives to comply with the principles behind this Recommendation. The Code of Conduct of the Ebro Foods Group quarantees the principle of equal treatment and equal opportunities for all professionals, regardless of their gender or sexual orientation, and this principle is applied by the company in its processes of selection, hiring, promotion and career opportunities of all its professionals, regardless of whether they are men or women. As indicated in section C.1.6 above, there is no positive or negative discrimination of any nature in the procedures followed by the company for selecting and contracting its executive personnel, so it is not necessary to introduce any new measures to encourage the hiring of women for executive positions. See section C.1.6 also for the definition of "Executive" used by the company. The proprietary and independent directors should represent an ample majority of the board and the number of executive directors should be the minimum necessary, taking account of the complexity of the corporate group and the percentage stake held by the executive directors in the company's capital. And the number of female directors should represent at least 40% of the board member by the end of 2022 and before that, no less than 30%. Complies [X] Partial compliance [] Explanation [] The ratio of proprietary directors to total non-executive directors should not be greater than the ratio of capital represented by those directors to the rest of the capital. This may be eased: a) In companies with a high capitalisation, in which shareholdings legally considered significant are scarce. b) In companies with a plurality of unrelated shareholders represented on the board.

Although proprietary directors represent a higher percentage (66.67%) of the total non-executive directors than the proportion of the company's capital represented by those directors in the total capital (57.87%), it should be borne in mind that: (i) the significant shareholders represented on the Board are unrelated; (ii) 68.38% of the capital is represented on the Board; and (iii) 71.54% of the company's capital is held by stable or strategic shareholders.

The company believes it should also be taken into account that although the director Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. is a significant shareholder, it is classified as an executive director because its representative on the Board of Directors of Ebro is an executive and director of several subsidiaries in the Ebro Group.

The company has assessed the monitoring of this Recommendation and considers that the composition of the Board combines the principles of necessary size, balance and ample majority of non-executive directors recommended by the Code of Good Governance.

17. The number of independent directors should represent at least one-half of the total directors.

Explanation [X]

This notwithstanding, if the company does not have a large capitalisation or if it has a high level of capitalisation but has one shareholder, or several acting in concert, that controls more than 30% of the capital, the number of independent directors should represent at least one-third of the total directors.

Complies [] Explanation [X]

Complies []

The number of independent directors (4) is somewhat lower than one-third (4.6) of the total Board members (14) recommended for companies which, like Ebro Foods, S.A., are not high-cap.

It should be borne in mind in this regard that 68.38% of the capital is represented on the Board.



18.	Companies should publish on their websites and keep up to date the following information on their directors:								
	a)	Professional and bio	graphic profile						
	b)	Other directorships nature	held, in listed or unlisted	d companies, and o	ther remunerate	d activitie	es performed, of whats	soever	
	c)	Indication of the category of director, indicating for proprietary directors the shareholder they represent or with which they are related							
	d)	Date of first appoint	ment as director of the o	company and subse	equent re-electio	ons			
	e)	Shares and stock op	tions held in the compar	ny					
		Complies []	Partial compliance [X]	Explanation []			
All th	e sections	of this Recommendation	are met, except (b).						
remu other the co	nerated or wise, and orrespond	r otherwise, held by the any other remunerated a ing section of the corpora	on the corporate website confirectors of Ebro Foods, S.A. ictivities they may perform, is the website.	and the representativ s included in the corpo	es of corporate dire rate governance re	ectors on the port each y	e boards of other compani ear, which is published per	ies, listed or rmanently in	
corpo as on	rate direction any other	tors on the boards of oth	er companies, listed or other hey may perform, remuneral	wise, and in companie	s engaged in simila	r or identica	al activities as Ebro Foods,	S.A., as well	
19.	why pr well as	roprietary directors has the reasons, if appro	ation committee, the an ave been appointed at the priate, for not meeting f s at whose request propr	ne request of share formal requests for	holders with an i	interest o	f less than 3% in the ca	apital, as	
		Complies []	Partial compliance []	Explanation []	Not applicable [X]		
20.	They sl	hould also resign in th	resign when the shareh ne corresponding numbe of proprietary directors.		-		- ·		
		Complies []	Partial compliance []	Explanation []	Not applicable [X]		
21.	appoin commi preven	nted, unless there are ittee. In particular, just nting them from dedic coumstances arise by	ise the removal of any in just grounds for doing so st grounds are deemed to cating the necessary time virtue of which they wou	o, as appreciated b o exist when the di e to performance o	y the board subjo rector takes up r f their duties on	ect to a renew positi	eport by the nomination on sor contracts new one of they breach their	on obligations ir duties or	
	operat	ions entailing a chang	t directors may also be p ge in the ownership struc proportionality contemp	cture of the compa	ny, when change	-	•		
		Complies [X]	Explanation []						



22. Companies should establish rules obliging directors to report and, if necessary, resign if any situation arises, related or not their actions within the company, that could jeopardise the company's prestige and reputation. In particular, directors should be obliged to inform the board of any criminal proceedings brought against them and the development of the proceedings.						particular, directors should be
	it should study the case as so nomination and remuneratio requesting the director to res	on as possible and, in v n committee, decide wi sign or proposing their r t, unless special circum	iew of the specific of hether any action s removal. An accoun stances justify not	circumstances and hould be taken, su t of this situation doing so, in which	I the corre uch as ope should be case they	ning an internal investigation, included in the Annual should be put on record. This is
	Complies [X]	Partial compliance []	Explanation []		
23.		erests. The independen	t and other director	rs not affected by	the poten	decision submitted to the board tial conflict of interest should
	•	_			-	d serious reservations, the latter r contemplated in the following
	This recommendation also af	fects the secretary of th	ne board, even if the	ey are not a direct	or.	
	Complies []	Partial compliance []	Explanation []		Not applicable [X]
24.		ne reasons for their resi	gnation or, in the ca	ase of non-executi		esolution adopted by the General ors, their opinion on the grounds
	Even if the Annual Corporate important for investors, the caccount of the reasons or circ	company should publish	news of the direct			<u> </u>
	Complies [X]	Partial compliance []	Explanation []		Not applicable []
25.	The nomination committee si correctly.	hould make sure that n	on-executive direct	ors have sufficien	tly availab	ility to perform their duties
	And the regulations of the bo	oard should stipulate the	e maximum numbe	r of directorships	that may	be held by its directors.
	Complies []	Partial compliance [2	X]	Explanation []		
on the	ugh the Regulations of the Board do be Directors the obligation to dedicate and all of the duties corresponding of they are able at all times to meet eac	e to the Company such atte to their position. Consequer	ntion and time as may ntly, the maximum nur	be necessary to gua nber of other director	rantee the or	effective and adequate fulfilment of may hold will be such as to ensure

Moreover, the Policy for Selection of Directors and Diversity in the Composition of the Board of Directors stipulates within "Conditions to be met by candidates" that candidates must have sufficient availability to be able to duly perform their duties. This point is confirmed by the Committee with the candidates before submitting any proposal to the Board of Directors.



33.

ANNUAL CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT OF LISTED COMPANIES

After studying this Recommendation, the Company considers that the principles pursued by the Code of Good Governance in this respect are met with the obligation regarding dedication imposed in Article 32 of the Regulations of the Board and the Policy for Selection of Directors and Diversity in the Composition of the Board of Directors. It considers this a complex issue and believes that it is not necessary to establish a maximum number of directorships that may be held by the Directors in order to achieve this.

26.		nd business established at tl		cure efficient performance of its duties, and at least eight times a year, nning of the year, although any director may individually propose					
	Complies [X]	Partial compliance []	Explanation []					
27.		-		es and stated in the Annual Corporate Gov ted with the appropriate instructions.	ernance Report.				
	Complies [X]	Partial compliance []	Explanation []					
28.		• •		or, in the case of directors, the company's n record in the minutes, at the request of	•				
	Complies []	Partial compliance [1	Explanation [] Not applicable	e [X]				
29.	The company should establish adequate channels for directors to obtain any counselling they may need to perform their duties, including, should circumstances so require, external counselling at the company's expense.								
	Complies [X]	Partial compliance []	Explanation []					
30.	Regardless of the expert courses in the appropria	·	perform their duti	es, companies should also offer their direc	tors refresher				
	Complies [X]	Explanation []		Not applicable []					
31.	The agenda for meetings should clearly indicate the items on which the board is called upon to adopt a decision or resolution, so that the directors can study or obtain in advance the information they may need.								
	•	·	•	t decisions or resolutions not included on t tors present will be necessary for this, leav	•				
	Complies [X]	Partial compliance []	Explanation []					
32.	Directors shall be regularly informed on any changes in the ownership of the company and the opinion held by the significant shareholders, investors and ratings agencies of the company and its group.								
	Complies [X]	Partial compliance []	Explanation []					

Being responsible for the efficient procedure of the board of directors, apart from performing the duties assigned by law and in

the articles of association, the chairman should prepare and submit to the board a schedule of dates and business to be



	transacted; organise and coordinate the periodical assessment of the board and chief executive, if any, of the company; be responsible for managing the board and for its efficient operation; make sure sufficient time is allotted to the discussion of strategic issues; and resolve and review refresher programmes for each director whenever circumstances so require.						
		Complies [X]	Partial compliance []	Explanation []		
34.	powe chairr points	rs, apart from those men, if any; echo the s of view and form ar	corresponding to them by concerns of non-executive	law: pr	essociation or regulations of the boar eside over board meetings in the abors; hold contacts with investors an cularly regarding the corporate gove	sence of the chairman and vice- d shareholders to find out their	
		Complies []	Partial compliance []	Explanation [X]	Not applicable []	
Reco	mmendat	tion, said Director is enti	rely free to exercise them.		oressly assign to the Lead Independent D		
	Director		dions of the board do not esta	וטווטוו מוון	inition the exercise of those powers by	the Lead Independent Director or any	
conte	emplated	in this Recommendation	, together with the ample maj	ority on	at any Director, not only the Lead Indeper Non-Executive Directors on the Board of l ued by the Code of Good Governance.		
35.		•			e actions and decisions of the board te that are applicable to the compar		
		Complies [X]	Explanation []				
36.	The fu		ss once a year and, where	necessa	ary, adopt an action plan to correct	any deficiencies detected in	
	a)	The quality and eff	ectiveness of the board's	actions.			
	b)	The procedure and	d composition of its comm	ittees.			
	c)	Diversity in the cor	mposition and powers of t	he boar	d.		
	d)	The performance b	by the chairman of the boa	ırd and	chief executive officer of their respo	ective duties.	
	e)	The performance a committees.	and contribution of each d	irector,	paying special attention to the hea	ds of the different board	
			should be assessed based ubmits to the nomination		reports they submit to the Board an	d the Board will be assessed on	
		three years, the boa		ssessm	ent by an external consultant, whos	e independence shall be checked	
			t the consultant or any col I Corporate Governance R		n its group has with the company o	r any company in its group should	
	The p	rocess and areas asso	essed should also be descr	ibed in	the Annual Corporate Governance I	Report.	
		Complies [X]	Partial compliance []	Explanation []		



57.			director, and the secr				ng the members, at least one
	Com	plies [X]	Partial compliance [1	Explanation []	Not applicable []
38.			at all times of the bus			de by the e	executive committee and all board
	Com	plies [X]	Partial compliance []	Explanation []	Not applicable []
39.			committee, especial				count of their expertise and
	Com	plies [X]	Partial compliance []	Explanation []	
40.		•	•				he internal control and ard or the chairman of the audit
	Com	plies [X]	Partial compliance []	Explanation []	
41.	committee of during its ful	or the board, repor filment, the result	rt directly on its impler	mentation, mention tent to which its red	ing any inciden	ts or limita	ttee for approval by that itions on its scope encountered n heeded, and submit to the
	Com	plies [X]	Partial compliance [1	Explanation []	Not applicable []
42.	The audit co	mmittee should ha	ave the following dutie	es, in addition to the	ose contemplat	ed in law:	
	1. In co	nnection with the	internal control and re	eporting systems:			
	m ir co	nanagement of financluding operation orruption-, checking	ancial and non-financia al, technological, legal	al risks to which the , social, environment e legal requirement	company and, ntal, political an	if appropri d reputation	porting, control systems and late, the group may be exposed - conal risks or those related with the scope of consolidation and
	b) O	versee the indepe	ndence of the internal	audit unit; propose	e the selection,	appointme	ent and removal of the internal

audit manager; propose the budget for this unit; approve or propose approval to the board of its approach and the annual internal audit work plans, making sure its activity focuses mainly on the material risks of the company (including reputational risks); receive regular information on its activities; and check that the top management heeds

c) Establish and supervise a mechanism through which employees, and other persons related with the company, such as directors, shareholders, suppliers, contractors or subcontractors, can report any potentially important irregularities (financial, accounting or of whatsoever nature) related with the company that they may observe within the company or its group. That mechanism should guarantee confidentiality and, in all cases, contemplate the possibility of making such communications anonymously, respecting the rights of both the reporting person and the person concerned.

the conclusions and recommendations set out in its reports.



		d)	Ensure in general	that the internal contro	l policies and syster	ns are applied effectiv	ely in practice.
	2.	In	connection with t	he external auditors:			
		a)	Investigate the ci	rcumstances giving rise t	to resignation of an	y external auditor.	
		b)	Ensure that the reindependence.	emuneration of the exte	rnal auditors for the	eir work does not jeop	ardise their quality or
		c)		pany reports the change greements with the outg	_	·	a declaration on the possible sagreements, if any.
		d)		ne external auditors hold company's risks and acco	_	with the full board to	inform on the work done and the
		e)		centration of the auditor		<u>-</u>	ne provision of non-audit services, visions regarding the
		Co	omplies []	Partial compliance [X]	Explanation []	
The C	ompan	y com	plies with all of this R	ecommendation except for th	ne provision on anonym	ous reports indicated in pa	aragraph 1(c) and 2(d).
				o Group and the Protocol req template the events in which			nnel approved by the Audit, Control not rule out that possibility.
43.			· ·	all any employee or exec	utive of the compar	ny into its meetings, ev	en ordering their appearance
		Co	omplies [X]	Partial compliance [1	Explanation []	
44.	can a	analy		it a preliminary report to	•	•	company plans to make, so that it spact on accounts, and particularly
		Co	omplies []	Partial compliance [1	Explanation []	Not applicable [X]
45.	The r	risk m	nanagement and co	ontrol policy should iden	tify or determine a	t least:	
	a)	р	olitical and reputat		lated with corruption	on) to which the compa	gical, legal, social, environmental, any is exposed, including contingent
	b)		_	and control model based sector regulation and th		-	e specialising in risks whenever this is
	c)	Tł	ne risk level that th	e company considers ac	ceptable.		
	d)	Tł	ne measures conte	mplated to mitigate the	impact of the risks	identified, should they	materialise.
	e)			and reporting systems to	o be used to contro	l and manage those ris	ks, including contingent
		Co	omplies []	Partial compliance [x]	Explanation []	
The C	ompan	y com	plies with all of this F	Recommendation except the	inclusion in its risk ma	nagement and control poli	icy of risks related with corruption,

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contemplated in paragraph (a).

The Company has a specific policy dealing with corruption (Policy against Corruption and Bribery), which sets out and specifically and verifiably develops the principles, values and rules of action established in the Code of Conduct and implemented within the Ebro Group to fight against corruption and fraud.

This Policy provides guidelines to be followed in respect of: (i) bribery, illegal commissions, influence peddling and money laundering; (ii) acceptance and offering of gifts and courtesies; (iii) dealings with authorities, regulatory bodies and governments; and (iv) social action and/or sponsorship activities. The Policy also contains an illustrative indication of the conduct that is prohibited in these areas.

The Policy applies to all the Professionals of both Ebro Foods and the subsidiaries of the Ebro Group in all the countries in which the Group operates.

The Company considers that it complies with the principles behind this Recommendation, since the risks related with corruption and bribery: (i) form part of the corporate risk map and (ii) are analysed by the Risks Committee.

46.	intern	•		-	•	e, an ad hoc committee of the board department of the company express	
	a)		nanagement and control sy quately identified, manage			and, in particular, that all the major i	isks affecting the
	b)	Participate activel	y in the preparation of the	risk s	trategy and in th	e major decisions on their managem	ent.
	c)	See that the risk n board.	nanagement and control sy	/stems	s adequately mit	igate the risks within the policy defir	ed by the
		Complies [X]	Partial compliance []	E	xplanation []	
47.	Companies should ensure that the members of the nomination and remuneration committee -or the nomination committee and the remuneration committee, if they are separate- have adequate experience, skills and expertise for the duties they are to perform and that the majority of those members are independent directors						
		Complies [X]	Partial compliance []	E	xplanation []	
48.	Comp	anies with a high lev	vel of capitalisation should	have a	a separate nomii	nation committee and remuneration	committee.
		Complies []	Explanation []		N	ot applicable [X]	
49.		omination committe		man o	of the board and	the chief executive of the company,	especially on

50. The remuneration committee should perform its duties independently, having the following duties in addition to those assigned to it by law:

And any director should be able to request the nomination committee to consider potential candidates to fill vacancies on the

Explanation []

a) Propose to the board the basic terms of contract of the senior executives

Partial compliance []

board, in case they were suitable in the committee's opinion.

Complies [X]

b) See that the remuneration policy established by the company is observed



a)

b)

ANNUAL CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT OF LISTED COMPANIES

	c)	c) Periodically review the remuneration policy applied to directors and senior executives, including the systems of payment with shares and their application, and ensure that their individual remuneration is in proportion to that paid to other directors and senior executives of the company					
	d)	Ensure that any con the committee	flicts of interest that may ar	rise do not jed	pardise the independence	e of the external counselling provide	ed to
	e)		on on the remuneration of on directors' remuneration	directors and	senior executives in the di	fferent corporate documents, inclu	ding
		Complies [X]	Partial compliance [1	Explanation []		
51.			ee should consult the chairn cutive directors and senior		ard and the chief executive	e of the company, especially on	
		Complies [X]	Partial compliance []	Explanation []		
			ief Operating Officer (COO), the even if they are not actually cor			ard and the heads of the principal	
52.	board	•	•			ncluded in the regulations of the he foregoing recommendations,	
	a)	The members shoul	d be exclusively non-execut	ive directors,	the majority independent	directors.	
	b)	They should be chai	red by independent directo	rs.			
	c)	and the duties of ea	•	their proposal	s and reports; and the cor	se, skills and experience of the dire nmittees should report on their act	
	d)	The committees sho	ould be able to obtain exteri	nal counsellin	g whenever they may cons	sider it necessary to perform their o	luties.
	e)	Minutes should be i	ssued of their meetings and	l made availat	ole to all directors.		
		Complies []	Partial compliance []	Explanation []	Not applicable [X]	
53.	the int audit of hoc co made	ternal codes of conductormittee, the nominormittee that the boo	ct, should be assigned to or nation committee, a commit ard may decide to set up, ex executive directors, most o	ne or distribut ttee specialision tercising its po	ed among several commiting in sustainability or corpowers of self-organisation.	nance policies and rules, and with tees of the board, which may be the orate social responsibility, or any a And that committee should be the minimum duties indicated in	
		Complies [X]	Partial compliance []	Explanation []		
54.	The m	inimum duties mentio	oned in the preceding recon	nmendation a	re:		

Oversight of compliance with the company's corporate governance rules and internal codes of conduct, ensuring that the

Supervision of the application of the general policy on communication of the economic & financial, non-financial and corporate information and communication with shareholders, investors, proxy advisors and other stakeholders. Oversight

also of how the company communicates and relates with small and medium-sized shareholders.

corporate culture is aligned with its mission and values.



	c)	Periodical assessment and review of the company's corporate governance system and environmental and social policy t ensure that it fulfils its mission of promoting corporate interests and takes account of the legitimate interests of the oth stakeholders, where appropriate.						
	d)	Supervision that th	ne company's environmenta	l and socia	l practices are aligned with the relevant strategy and p	olicy.		
	e)	Supervision and as	sessment of the processes o	of relations	with different stakeholders.			
		Complies [X]	Partial compliance []	Explanation []			
55.	The s	ustainability policies (on environmental and social	issues sho	ould identify and define at least the following:			
	a)		· •		garding shareholders, employees, clients, suppliers, soon in rights and prevention of corruption and other unlaw			
	b)	The methods or sy	stems for monitoring compl	iance with	the policies, the associated risks and management the	ereof.		
	c)	The mechanisms for	or supervising non-financial	risks, inclu	ding those related with ethics and business conduct.			
	d)	The channels for co	ommunication, participation	and dialo	gue with stakeholders.			
	e)	Responsible comm	unication practices to avoid	manipula	tion of information and protect integrity and honour.			
		Complies [X]	Partial compliance []	Explanation []			
56.	dedic				and retain directors with the desired profiles and ren			
		Complies [X]	Explanation []					
57.	Variable remuneration linked to the company's yield and personal performance and the remuneration paid in shares, stock options, rights over shares or instruments indexed to the value of the share, and long-term savings systems such as pension plans, retirement schemes or other welfare systems, should be limited to executive directors.							
	holdir	ng those shares until			rs may be contemplated when it is conditional upon ot be applicable to any shares that the director may near	ed to		
		Complies [X]	Partial compliance []		Explanation []			
58.	For va	ariable remuneration:	s, the remuneration policies	should es	tablish the limits and technical precautions required to	make sure		

those remunerations are linked to the professional performance of their beneficiaries and do not merely derive from general

Be linked to predetermined, measurable yield criteria, which consider the risk assumed to obtain a result.

trends on the markets or in the company's sector of business or other similar circumstances.

In particular, the variable components of the remuneration should:

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	-,	value, such as compliance with the internal rules and procedures of the company and its policies for the control and management of risks.							
	c)	through continuous		od of time to appreciate their co	g the remuneration of yield achieved ntribution to the sustainable creation -off, occasional or extraordinary				
		Complies [X]	Partial compliance []	Explanation []	Not applicable []				
	riteria an ·2024.	d variable components c	of the remunerations contemplated in this	Recommendation are included in the o	current Directors' Remuneration Policy				
59.	other remur variab In add of par	pre-established cond neration the time and le component. lition, the companies t of the variable com	mponents of remuneration should litions have actually been met. The dimethods required to make that we as should consider including a malus ponents, whereby the entitlement	companies should include in thei rification, according to the natur clause based on the deferral for a	r annual reports on directors' e and characteristics of each a sufficient time of the payment				
	sched		nat make this advisable.	Fundamentan ()	Net confidence (
		Complies [X]	Partial compliance []	Explanation []	Not applicable []				
60.		ngs-linked remunerat educe those earnings	ion should take account of any qual	ifications made in the report by t	the external auditors that				
		Complies []	Partial compliance []	Explanation []	Not applicable [X]				
61.		ificant percentage of ial instruments index	the variable remuneration of executed to their value.	utive directors should be linked to	o the delivery of shares or				
		Complies []	Partial compliance []	Explanation [X]	Not applicable []				

Promote the company's sustainability and include non-financial criteria that are adequate for the creation of long-term

Of the two Executive Directors, only the Chairman of the Board of Directors, Antonio Hernández Callejas, receives remuneration for his executive duties. Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. does not receive any such remuneration, for the reasons explained elsewhere in this Report.

The variable remuneration systems of the Executive Director applied in 2022 are described in the Annual Report on Directors' Remuneration for that year and are linked to the achievement of pre-established measurable, quantifiable objectives related with financial factors that promote profitability and the creation of sustainable value in the Company and Group in the long term. The current Directors' Remuneration Policy 2022-2024 also includes, among others, the variable remuneration components recommended in the Code of Good Governance (Recommendation 58).

Although Article 22 of the Articles of Association contemplates the possibility that Directors may receive remuneration in the form of shares, stock options or any other system of remuneration indexed to the price of the shares, the Board of Directors has not so far submitted this form of remuneration to approval by the General Meeting, taking account of the fact that the Executive Director is a major shareholder and considering that the systems of variable remuneration of the Executive Director currently used are most appropriate for stimulating his motivation and personal performance, and his commitment to and relationship with the Group's interests.

The current Directors' Remuneration Policy 2022-2024 also specifies that the remuneration of the only Executive Director who currently has executive duties does not include aspects indexed to the value of the company's shares or contemplate receipt by that director of shares or any rights over shares, precisely because that executive director has the special status of reference shareholder.

Once the shares, stock options or financial instruments corresponding to the remuneration systems have been allotted, the executive directors may not transfer the ownership thereof or exercise them until at least three years have passed.



This will not be applicable if, at the date of transfer or exercise, the director has a net economic exposure to the price variation of the shares with a market value equivalent to at least twice the amount of their annual fixed remuneration, through the holding of shares, stock options or other financial instruments.

The foregoing will not be applicable to any shares that the director may need to sell to pay the costs incurred in their acquisition or, subject to the favourable opinion of the nomination and remuneration committee, to meet the costs of any extraordinary situations that may arise.

	Complies []	Partial compliance [1	Explanation []	Not applicable [X]
53.	remuneration when th	ude a clawback clause whereby the the amounts paid do not corresport proved to be misstated.				•
	Complies [X]	Partial compliance []	Explanation []	Not applicable []
64.		should not exceed an amount equals confirmed that the director has i	•			•
	any amounts that accr	nis recommendation, termination because or become payable as a result in the director and the company, incompany incompany, incompany incompatities.	of or in connect	ion with the tern	nination o	r expiry of the contractual
	Complies []	Partial compliance []	Explanation []	Not applicable [X]



H. OTHER INFORMATION OF INTEREST

- If you consider there to be any important aspects regarding the corporate governance practices applied by your company or other
 companies in the group that have not been mentioned in this report, but which should be included to obtain more complete,
 reasoned information on the corporate governance practices and structure in the company or group, describe them below and
 give a brief explanation.
- This section may be used to include any other information, clarification or qualification relating to the previous sections of the report, provided it is relevant and not repetitive.
 - In particular, state whether the company is subject to any laws other than the laws of Spain on corporate governance and, if this is the case, include whatever information the company may be obliged to supply that differs from the information included in this report.
- 3. The company may also state whether it has voluntarily applied any international, sector-based or other codes of ethical principles or good practices. If so, it should name the code in question and the date of its accession. Particular mention shall be made of whether the company has acceded to the Code of Good Tax Practices of 20 July 2010.

EXPLANATORY NOTE ONE, ON SECTION C.1.2.

The appointments by cooptation of the directors Marc Thomas Murtra Millar (31 January 2022) and Jordi Xuclà Costa (30 March 2022) were ratified at the first General Meeting held after those appointments, on 29 June 2022.

EXPLANATORY NOTE TWO, ON SECTION C.2

- The name of the audit committee in the company is "Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee" and the name of the nomination and remuneration committee is "Nomination and Remuneration Committee".
- All the members of the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee were appointed on account of their accounting and audit experience and expertise, including Grupo Tradifín, S.L., which was elected on account of the expertise in these areas of its representative, Blanca Hernández Rodríguez.

EXPLANATORY NOTE THREE, ON SECTION E.3

The main risks that could have a bearing on achievement of the business goals of the Ebro Foods Group, as listed in section E.3 of this Report, are explained below.

A. OPERATIONAL RISKS:

- Food safety. Owing to the nature of the Group's business, aspects regarding food safety are a critical point to which the Group pays the utmost attention, as we are bound by a large number of laws and standards in each of the countries in which the Group's products are put on the market. One point that is becoming increasingly important is the detection and use of fungicides and pesticides by producers.
- Commodity supply risk. The availability of commodities in the quantity and quality required to meet our commitments to customers and the requirements of our brands is a key factor for our business both nationally (Spanish paddy rice) and internationally (semi-processed rice for the Group subsidiaries), wheat and semolina for the production of quality pasta.
- Market risk (prices). Unexpected variations in the prices of our commodity supplies may affect the profitability of our commercial transactions, in both the industrial and brand-based segments. The main risk lies in the prices of the different rice varieties and durum wheat, although it extends also to other materials consumed, such as packaging material and oil derivatives and, especially so recently, sea and inland transportation.
- Customer concentration risk. The concentration of customers, which can occur in both the industrial and brand segments, may lead to less favourable commercial terms for our sales and affect our credit risk.
- Technological risk. In the sector in which the Group operates, one of the most important tools for competing with our rivals is constant technological innovation and constant adaptation to consumers' desires. Consequently, "technological lag" is considered a possible risk.
- Cybersecurity. Traditionally considered part of 'technological risk', the risks relating to the security of the IT systems and data (cybersecurity) and the threats to their continuity or of extorsion by this kind of criminals have considerably increased in recent years. This growing threat led to its consideration (since 2020) as a separate risk with no significant impact for the Group, stepping up the existing security protocols.



B. RISKS RELATED WITH THE ENVIRONMENT AND STRATEGY:

- Environmental risk. Respect for the environment is another critical point for the Group, considering our industrial activity, with a large number of plants distributed internationally. We aim to adopt a set of good practices, complying scrupulously with the law.
- Climate change. This is a cross-cutting risk that affects all the risk categories defined by the company. The effects of droughts, flooding and other weather perils can cause problems of availability and unstable commodity prices, physical risks to property, and strategic and operational impacts deriving from possible changes in consumer habits as a result of alterations in the temperature. The risks of failing to comply with international protocols on climate change and the need to make specific investments to ensure compliance are also assessed.
- Competition risk. In general, pressure from white label brands is the main threat for maintaining the market shares of the Group's brands.
- Reputational risk. This is the risk associated with changes of opinion resulting in a negative perception of the Group, its brands or products by customers, shareholders, suppliers, market analysts, employees, institutions, etc., as they may adversely affect the Group's ability to maintain its commercial and financial relations or its interaction with social partners.
- Exposure to social networks. This risk has been separated from the more generic "reputational risk" since 2020, in view of its enormous repercussion and diversity and the difficulties encountered in managing threats of this nature.
- Changes in lifestyle. The proliferation of low carbohydrate diets or other food habits could alter consumers' perception of our products.
- Country or market risk. Owing to the international nature of the Group's activities, political and economic circumstances in the different countries in which we operate and other market variables, such as exchange rates, interest rates, costs of production, etc. may affect our business.
- Natural disasters, fires. As an industrial group, a significant part of the assets on the Group's balance sheet corresponds to its factories, so any natural incidents (earthquakes, fires, etc.) that may affect the integrity of the Group's plants are a business risk.
- Strategic planning and assessment of strategic opportunities for investment or divestment. Risk deriving from the possibility of making a mistake in the selection of alternatives and/or assignment of resources to reach the Group's strategic goals. In the short term, this includes aligning the budget with the goals defined for the medium and long term.

C. COMPLIANCE RISKS:

- Sectoral regulatory risk. The food industry is a sector subject to numerous regulations affecting export and import quotas, customs duties, intervention prices, etc., subject to the directives laid down in the Common Agricultural Policy (CAP). The Group's activity may also be affected by changes in legislation in the countries in which it sources raw materials or sells its products.
- General regulatory risk. These include risks of compliance with civil, commercial, criminal and good governance provisions.

In the area of criminal risks, the Group has a Crime Prevention Model, monitored and controlled by the Compliance Unit, which is a committee independent from the Risks Committee responsible for monitoring overall compliance by the Group, under direct supervision by the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee. During 2020, the Compliance Unit conducted a revision and update of its criminal risk map and the mechanisms for mitigating those risks, assisted by an external expert.

The monitoring of the Crime Prevention Model made by the Compliance Unit consists of six-monthly monitoring of the Model, within which it also checks adequate functioning of the mechanisms to mitigate criminal risks.

- Tax risks. Any changes in the tax laws or the interpretation or application thereof by the competent authorities in the countries in which the Group operates could affect its earnings.

D. FINANCIAL RISK:

This category includes foreign exchange, interest rate, liquidity and credit risks. The foreign exchange risk is particularly significant because the functional currency of the Group is the euro, but a considerable part of its commodity supply transactions are in US dollars and a very large part of the Group's investments are also in that currency.

Apart from that, the current management risk map does not identify within the top 25 risks any that might be considered to derive from corruption and bribery, even though the questionnaire used for general monitoring of management risks includes questions on these possible forms of malpractice. This notwithstanding, the Group's position of total rejection of all forms of corruption and bribery is expressly included both in its Code of Conduct and Policy against Corporate Corruption and Bribery (on a global level), and in the Crime Prevention Model and other local mechanisms of the different business units, as described in greater detail in the Statement of Non-Financial Information contained in the Group's Consolidated Directors' Report.



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OF LISTED COMPANIES

ETHICAL	PRINCIPLES	AND CODES	VOLUNTARILY	APPLIED E	BY EBRO	FOODS, S.A.:

- United Nations Global Compact. 2001
- Project of the Spanish Commercial Coding Association (AECOC) against food waste, "Don't waste food, use it". 2012
- Sustainable Agriculture Initiative (SAI) Platform. 2015
- SERES Foundation. 2015
- Sustainable Rice Platform. 2016
- Sedex. 2016
- Forética. 2017

This Annual Corporate Governance Report was approved by the Board of Directors of the Company on:

30/03/2023

State whether any directors voted against approval of this Report or abstained in the corresponding vote.

[] Yes

[\(\)] No

The English version of this document is purely informative.

In the event of any discrepancy between the Spanish and English versions of this document, the Spanish version will prevail.

Audit Report ICFR

EBRO FOODS, S.A.

Audit Report on the "2022 Disclosures Regarding the Internal Control over Financial Reporting (ICFR) System"



Ernst & Young, S.L. Calle de Raimundo Fernández Villaverde, 65 28003 Madrid Tel: 902 365 456 Fax: 915 727 238 ev com

Translation of a report originally issued in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails

AUDIT REPORT ON THE "DISCLOSURES REGARDING THE INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING (ICFR) SYSTEM" OF EBRO FOODS, S.A.

To the Board of Directors of Ebro Foods S.A.,

As per the request of the Board of Directors of EBRO FOODS, S.A. (hereinafter, the Company) and our proposal letter of March 8, 2023, we have applied certain procedures in relation to the accompanying "ICFR disclosures" of EBRO FOODS, S.A. for 2022, which summarize the Company's internal control procedures in respect of its annual reporting exercise.

The Board of Directors is responsible for taking the opportune measures to reasonably assure the implementation, maintenance and supervision of an adequate internal control system, making improvements to this system and preparing the contents of the ICFR disclosures required for the accompanying Annual Corporate Governance Report (ACGR).

Against this backdrop, it is important to note that, regardless of the quality of design and effective functioning of the ICFR system adopted by the Company in respect of is annual financial reporting effort, the system can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance regarding the objectives pursued, due to the limitations intrinsic to any internal control system.

In the course of our financial statement audit work and in keeping with Spain's Technical Auditing Standards, the sole purpose of our assessment of the Company's internal controls was to enable us to establish the scope, nature and timing of the Company's financial statement audit procedures. Accordingly, our internal control assessment, performed in connection with the financial statement audit, was not sufficiently broad in scope to enable us to issue a specific opinion on the effectiveness of the internal controls over the annual financial disclosures that the Company is required to present.

For the purpose of issuing this report, we have only carried out the specific procedures described below, as indicated in the *Procedures for external audit reviews* of an entity's ICFR disclosures contained in the *Internal Control over Financial Reporting in Listed Companies* report published by Spain's securities market regulator, the CNMV (and available on its website), which establishes the procedures to be performed, the scope thereof and the contents of this report. Given that the product resulting from these procedures is at any rate limited in scope and substantially more limited than an audit or review of the internal control system, we do not express any opinion on the effectiveness of the system or on its design or effective functioning in respect of the Company's 2022 financial disclosures, as described in the accompanying ICFR disclosures. Consequently, had we performed additional procedures to those stipulated in the above-mentioned CNMV report or had we performed an audit or review of the internal controls over the annual financial disclosures that the Company is required to present, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.



Furthermore, given that this special assignment neither constitutes a financial statement audit nor is subject to the Consolidated Text of Spain's Financial Statement Audit Act, we do not express an opinion in the terms provided for in that piece of legislation.

The procedures performed are itemized below:

- 1. Reading and understanding the information prepared by the Company in relation to the ICFR System which is disclosed in the Management Report and assessing whether this information meets all the minimum reporting requirements needed to fill out section F on the ICFR system in the Annual Corporate Governance Report template established in CNMV Circular No. 5/2013 (of June 12, 2013), as amended most recently by Circular No. 3/ 2021 (of September 28, 2021) (hereinafter, the CNMV Circulars).
- 2. Questioning of the personnel responsible for drawing up the information detailed in item 1 above: (i) to obtain an understanding of the process that goes into drawing up the information; (ii) to obtain information that permits an evaluation of whether the terminology used complies with the framework definitions; and (iii) to obtain information on whether the control procedures described are in place and functioning.
- 3. Reviewing the explanatory documents supporting the information detailed in item 1, including documents directly made available to those responsible for describing ICFR system. The documentation to be reviewed may include reports prepared for the audit committee by internal audit, senior management and other internal and external experts in their role supporting the audit committee.
- 4. Comparing the information detailed in item 1 above with our knowledge of the Company's ICFR System obtained through the external audit procedures applied during the annual audit.
- 5. Reading of the minutes taken at meetings of the board of directors, audit committee and other committees of the Company to evaluate the consistency between the ICFR business transacted and the information detailed in item 1 above.
- 6. Obtaining a management representation letter in connection with the work performed, signed by those responsible for preparing and formulating the information detailed in item 1 above.

The specific procedures carried out in respect of the Company's ICFR disclosures did not reveal any inconsistencies or incidents that could affect such disclosures.



This report was prepared exclusively within the framework of the requirements stipulated in article 540 of the Consolidated Text of Spain's Corporate Enterprises Act and the CNMV Circulars related to the description of the ICFR System in the Annual Corporate Governance Report.

ERNST & YOUNG, S.L.
(Signed on the original in Spanish)
Alfonso Manuel Crespo

March 28, 2023



Annual Report on Remuneration



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DETAILS OF ISSUER		
Year ended:	31/12/2022	
Tax Registration No.:	A47412333	
Name:		
EBRO FOODS, S.A.		
Registered office:		
Paseo de la Castellana, 20. 3rd & 4th floors, 28	046 MADRID	



A. COMPANY'S REMUNERATION POLICY FOR THIS YEAR

A.1.1. Explain the directors' remuneration policy in place for this year. To the extent that it is relevant, certain information may be included by reference to the remuneration policy approved by the general meeting of shareholders, provided the incorporation is clear, specific and precise.

Describe the specific criteria for this year in respect of both the remuneration of directors for their duties as such and their performance of any executive duties, applied by the board in accordance with the provisions of the contracts signed with the executive directors and the remuneration policy approved by the general meeting.

In any case, inform at least on the following aspects:

- a) Description of the procedures and corporate bodies involved in determining, approving and applying the remuneration policy and conditions thereof.
- b) Indicate and, where necessary, explain whether comparable companies have been taken into account to establish the company's remuneration policy.
- c) Information on whether assistance was received from an external adviser and, if so, their identity.
- d) Procedures contemplated in the prevailing directors' remuneration policy to apply temporary exceptions to the policy, conditions on which the company may have recourse to those exceptions and components that may be subject to exception, according to the policy.

The Directors' Remuneration Policy of the Company for this year (2023) is the Policy established for the years 2022-2024, approved at the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on 30 June 2021 and subsequently amended by virtue of a resolution adopted at the Annual General Meeting held on 29 June 2022. A motion will be tabled at the 2023 Annual General Meeting for a further amendment to that Policy in the terms indicated elsewhere in this Report, which will be put to an advisory vote at the forthcoming AGM.

The Directors' Remuneration Policy 2022-2024 gives continuity to the previous policy (for the period 2019-2021), which was in force up to 31 December 2021, in respect of the principles, structure and contents of the Directors' remuneration package (both for their duties as such and for the performance of executive duties), in view of the wide acceptance by shareholders (it was approved in 2018 with the favourable votes of 71.979% of the capital present and represented at the Annual General Meeting).

Based on that broad acceptance, comparable companies were not taken into account nor were any external advisers involved in drawing up the Directors' Remuneration Policy 2022-2024.

Although it was approved in 2021, the Directors' Remuneration Policy 2022-2024 included in its initial wording the new aspects introduced in the Corporate Enterprises Act ("LSC") by Act 5/2021 of 12 April ("Act 5/2021"). So even though the new regulations did not enter into force until 3 November 2021 (i.e. after the date of the company's Annual General Meeting 2021), the contents of the Remuneration Policy laid before (and approved at) the General Meeting held on 30 June 2021 were already adapted to the new requirements introduced by Act 5/2021.

In June 2022, a motion was tabled, and approved, at the Annual General Meeting to modify certain aspects of the Policy, particularly those indicated below:

- (i) The annual fixed remuneration of the Executive Chairman was made invariable, uncoupling it from the fixed remuneration review procedure established for other Group executives, such that it would only be reviewed if and when so decided by the Board of Directors, at the proposal of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and in view of the circumstances prevailing from time to time.
- (ii) The amendments altered the financial targets to which 75% of the bonus contemplated in the Long-Term Incentive Scheme linked to the Strategic Plan 2022-2024 is tied, replacing the indicator consolidated "adjusted ROCE" ("ROCE") with consolidated "adjusted EBITDA less CAPEX" ("EBITDA CAPEX"), while maintaining the consolidated EBITDA target, where "EBITDA CAPEX" would have a weight of 20% and EBITDA the remaining 80%.
- (iii) A new cap was established on the bonus that the Executive Chairman could receive for his participation in the Long-Term Incentive Scheme linked to the Strategic Plan 2022-2024 in the event of over-achievement of targets, which would be 100% of the corresponding bonus (not 125%, as envisaged in the initial wording of thel Policy).

(iv) Within the targets to which the Executive Chairman's annual (ordinary) bonus is tied, the consolidated ROCE was included in the Policy as a target in the budget with a weight of 20%, while maintaining the consolidated EBITDA target in the budget, with a weight of 80%, as from 2023 (the only financial target set for 2022 is the consolidated EBITDA contemplated in the 2022 budget).

A motion will be tabled at the General Meeting at which this Report is to be put to an advisory vote, proposing a new amendment to the Policy, to cap the Executive Chairman's short-term bonus at 100% of his fixed annual remuneration, thus lowering the cap, which had been set at 150% of the fixed remuneration in the initial wording of the Policy. This amendment is expected to be accepted and approved at the General Meeting, with effect from the beginning of the term of the Remuneration Policy 2022-2024, i.e. from 1 January 2022.

The original wording of the Directors' Remuneration Policy 2022-2024 was prepared by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee at its meeting on 24 May 2021. Once that Committee had issued the corresponding specific report (pursuant to section 529.novodecies.4 of the Corporate Enterprises Act), the proposed Policy was submitted to the Board of Directors, which resolved to table a motion for its approval at the Annual General Meeting on 30 June 2021, where it was approved.



The first amendment to the Policy, in 2022, was also prepared by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee at its meeting on 25 May 2022, which issued the corresponding specific report and the Board resolved to table a motion for its approval at the Annual General Meeting on 29 June 2022, where it was approved.

The remaining contents of this section A.1.1 continue in section D of this Report.

A.1.2. Relative importance of the variable remuneration items in respect of the fixed remuneration (remuneration mix) and what criteria and goals have been taken into account to determine them and to guarantee an appropriate balance between the fixed and variable components of the remuneration. In particular, describe the actions taken by the company regarding the remuneration scheme to reduce excessive risk exposure and align the scheme with the long-term goals, values and interests of the company, including where appropriate a reference to measures contemplated to ensure that the remuneration policy takes into account the company's long-term results, measures adopted with respect to certain categories of employees whose professional activities have a significant impact on the company's risk profile and measures to avoid conflicts of interest.

Indicate also whether the company has established an accrual or vesting period for certain variable remuneration items payable in cash, shares or other financial instruments, a deferred payment period or the delivery of financial instruments already accrued and vested, or whether a clause has been agreed to reduce the deferred remuneration not yet vested, or for clawback of bonuses based on data which subsequently prove to be manifestly inaccurate or misstated.

In pursuance of the Directors' Remuneration Policy 2022-2024, the Chairman of the Board, as executive Director performing executive duties, is the only Director who will receive variable remuneration on similar terms to the other senior executives of the Company and the Group, according to the criteria and targets established in the Directors' Remuneration Policy 2022-2024 and explained in the previous point.

The variable remuneration of the Chairman of the Board for the performance of his executive duties includes:

- Ordinary annual variable remuneration, established in the executive Director's contract, which is proportionate to the level of achievement of the targets established in the Directors' Remuneration Policy 2022-2024 (in 2023 the EBITDA and ROCE set in the consolidated budget for 2023).

This remuneration, as a percentage of the fixed annual remuneration, is proportionate to achievement of the targets set, establishing a floor (below which the variable remuneration is zero) and a ceiling (above which the variable remuneration is capped at 100% of the fixed annual remuneration, assuming that the proposed amendment to the Policy is approved at the same Annual General Meeting at which this Report is to be put to an advisory vote). This variable remuneration accrues and is paid on an annual basis once the financial results of the year in question have been assessed. The ordinary annual variable remuneration corresponding to the Executive Chairman for the current year (2023) will thus be determined in 2024, once the financial results of 2023 are known and it is possible, therefore, to check the extent to which the relevant targets have been met.

- Deferred annual variable remuneration, tied to fulfilment of the Strategic Plan 2022-2024, applicable to the senior management of the Ebro Foods Group. The payment of bonuses is conditional upon meeting the above-mentioned targets set each year by the Remuneration Scheme (corresponding to the targets set in the Strategic Plan 2022-2024) and the beneficiary's continued employment in the Group at the date of payment established for those bonuses, except in cases of: (i) death or disability of the beneficiary or (ii) takeover in the Group or a similar corporate operation, or (iii) any other extraordinary circumstance which may, in the Board's opinion, materially affect the Scheme.

Bonuses are paid 11 months after being determined (after checking the level of achievement of the annual targets), so by the time it is paid, more than one year has passed since the end of the year to which the bonus corresponds. Accordingly, the bonus that may be payable to the Executive Chairman, the only Director with executive duties, for 2023 (the second year of the Directors' Remuneration Policy 2022-2024) would be paid in 2025.

The general conditions of the Scheme include an adjustment clause whereby the Board of Directors of Ebro Foods, S.A. will adopt such resolutions as may be necessary to ensure that in any event or corporate operation or other extraordinary circumstances that might affect calculation of the deferred remuneration payable, the gross remuneration will be equivalent to the remuneration that would have been payable had that circumstance not existed.

The Scheme also includes a clawback clause whereby the Board of Directors of Ebro Foods, S.A. may require Directors to repay all or part of any deferred bonus paid under the Scheme when it considers such amounts to have been unduly paid, either because the amounts paid under the Scheme do not correspond to the level of achievement of the required targets, or because they were calculated on the basis of data subsequently proved to be misstated.

With this Deferred Annual Variable Remuneration Scheme, the remuneration of the Executive Chairman, the only Director with executive duties, is aligned with the medium and long-term results of the Company and its Group. It should also be borne in mind for this purpose that the Executive Chairman, the only Director with executive duties, is one of the principal shareholders of the Company.

A.1.3. Amount and nature of the fixed components expected to be accrued during the year by directors for their duties as such.

The fixed remuneration of the Directors for performance of their duties as such in the current year (2023) will be set at the Annual General Meeting to be held in 2024.

As determined in the current Directors' Remuneration Policy, in the light of the circumstances and the Group's business performance during this year (2023), the Nomination and Remuneration Committee will submit a proposal that it considers appropriate to the Board of Directors, which will in turn decide on a proposal it considers appropriate to lay before the Annual General Meeting to be held in 2024. It should be borne in mind that, according to Article 22 of the Articles of Association (and the current Remuneration Policy 2022-2024): "Both the fixed annual allocation for the board as a whole and the amount of attendance fees shall be determined by the general meeting and shall remain in force until a resolution is passed to change them." Therefore, unless otherwise decided at the Annual General Meeting 2024, the fixed remuneration of the Directors for their duties as such accrued during this year (2023) will be the same as the amount established for the reporting period (2022). In this regard, on 15 February 2023 the Nomination and Remuneration Committee resolved to propose to the Board, submitting a favourable report, that the fixed remuneration for the Board as a whole for 2022 should be the same as that established for 2021 (i.e. 2,850,000 euros). Similarly,



the Nomination and Remuneration Committee resolved to propose to the Board that the attendance fees for Board and Committee meetings be maintained at 1,600 euros gross for Board meetings and 800 euros for Committee meetings.

The criteria established in the current Remuneration Policy 2022-2024 (which are the same as those set in the previous policy) will be applicable for distribution among the different Board members of the global fixed remuneration of the Directors for their duties as such during the present year. Accordingly, distribution will be based on a points system, where points are assigned to each Director according to the following scale (established by the Board in 2006, following the proposal submitted by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee):

- Member of the Board of Directors: 1 point
- Chairman of the Board: 1 point
 Vice-Chairman of the Board: 0.5 points
- Member of the Executive Committee: 1 point
- Committees other than the Executive Committee:
- -- Member of the Committee: 0.2 points
- -- Committee Chairman: 0.05 points per meeting
- -- Committee Members: 0.03 points per meeting

The Board of Directors will set the individual remuneration of each Director this year subject to a report by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and based on the application of the above scale.

A.1.4. Amount and nature of the fixed components accrued by executive directors during the year for senior management duties.

According to the criteria for annual review of the fixed remuneration of the Executive Chairman (the only Director who performs executive duties), he will receive a fixed cash remuneration of 1,500,000 euros gross this year (2023), which is the same amount as the gross fixed cash remuneration he received in the reporting period (2022).

It should be borne in mind that although it was stated in the Remuneration Report 2021 that the Executive Chairman's remuneration for 2022 would be 1,560,000 euros (i.e. the remuneration of the previous year -2021- plus 4%, which was the percentage review of the executives' remuneration set by the Board generally for the Company's executives), after the amendment of the Remuneration Policy 2022-2024 approved at the Annual General Meeting held on 29 June 2022, the fixed remuneration of the Executive Chairman was frozen (with effect from 1 January 2022), so the 4% increase was no longer applicable under the Remuneration Policy 2022-2024 amended as above.

In addition to that monetary remuneration, the Executive Director will also receive this year (2023), as fixed remuneration in kind, the private use of a Company car (see section A.1.5 below).

The Chairman of the Board is the only executive Director performing executive duties. Although Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. is recognised as an executive Director, it has never performed executive duties in Ebro Foods, S.A. or any subsidiary of the Group and, therefore, has received no remuneration for such duties. See the Explanatory Note Two in section D of this Report regarding the classification of Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. as an executive Director.

A.1.5. Amount and nature of any remuneration in kind that will be accrued during the year, including, but not limited to, insurance premiums paid for directors.

The Chairman of the Board, as the only executive Director performing executive duties, receives remuneration in kind to the extent of private use made of the Company car allocated to him. The value of this remuneration in kind estimated to accrue for the current year (2023) is 8,000 euros gross.

In addition, the Company has a Flexible Remuneration Scheme, through which it is possible to design the composition of remuneration of the executives included in the Scheme (including the Executive Chairman), so that they may receive part of that remuneration in the form of products and services previously selected by the Company. The value of those products and services is deducted from the gross salary of the executive, who is allocated in lieu the corresponding income in kind. These products and services include group medical insurance, housing rental, nursery, vehicle hire/lease and training. Under no circumstances do those items entail any additional remuneration to that received in cash, since the amounts paid by the Company to the corresponding service providers are deducted from the cash

Moreover, in line with common practice in other comparable companies, the Company has taken out and maintains in force (and will continue to maintain in the current year) a liability insurance policy for its directors and executives.

A.1.6. Amount and nature of the variable components, distinguishing between those established at short and long term. Financial and nonfinancial parameters -including among the latter social, environmental and climate change factors- selected to determine the variable remuneration in the current year. Explain to what extent those parameters are aligned with the performance of both the director and the company and their risk profile, and the methodology, necessary time and techniques contemplated to determine, at year-end, the effective level of achievement of the parameters used to design the variable remuneration. Explain the criteria and factors applied in respect of the time required and methods to check that the performance parameters -or any other parameters to which the accrual and vesting of each component of the variable remuneration was tied- have actually been met.

Indicate the range, in monetary terms, of the different variable components according to the level of achievement of the goals and parameters established and whether there is a maximum monetary amount in absolute terms.



As mentioned earlier, the only Director who will receive a variable remuneration this year (2023) (according to the Directors' Remuneration Policy 2022-2024) is the Chairman of the Board, as executive Director performing executive duties, and he will do so on similar terms to the other senior executives of the Company and its Group.

The variable remuneration of the Chairman of the Board for his executive duties includes:

(i) Ordinary annual variable remuneration:

According to the Directors' Remuneration Policy 2022-2024, the annual variable remuneration of the Executive Chairman is proportionate to the level of achievement of the targets for EBITDA (with a weight of 80%) and ROCE (with a weight of 20%) established in the consolidated budget for 2023.

The ordinary annual variable remuneration of the Executive Chairman for the performance of his executive duties accrues according to the following rules:

- If the targets are fully met (aggregate achievement of both targets -EBITDA and ROCE, with the weight corresponding to each one- equal to or greater than 100%), the annual variable remuneration is equivalent to 100% of the fixed remuneration, assuming that the proposed amendment to the Policy is approved at the same Annual General Meeting at which this report is to be put to an advisory vote).
- In the event of under-achievement of the targets, the ordinary annual variable remuneration will be reduced in proportion to the percentage fulfilment (under 100%) achieved, with a floor of 85%, below which no annual variable remuneration accrues. If aggregate achievement of those targets is between 100% and 85%, the annual variable remuneration will be determined proportionately.
- Strictly as an exception, considering the special dedication by the Executive Chairman to the performance of his executive duties and a temporary situation in the Company or Group, the Board may, at the proposal of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, decide to raise the annual variable remuneration of the Executive Chairman to the maximum limit established of 100% of his fixed remuneration.

Accordingly, once the consolidated earnings of the Group in 2023 are known (in 2024, generally in February), the Nomination and Remuneration Committee will review the level of achievement and submit a proposal to the Board, for approval, regarding the annual variable remuneration to be received by the Executive Chairman for the current year (2023), based on the criteria indicated above.

In monetary terms and taking account of the above-mentioned rules of accrual, the annual variable remuneration of the Executive Chairman for 2023 may vary between 0 euros (if the aforesaid targets are met by less than 85%) and 1,500,000 euros gross (if targets are met by 100% or more).

(ii) Deferred annual variable remuneration:

According to the current Remuneration Policy 2022-2024, the Chairman of the Board is entitled to participate in the Deferred Annual Variable Remuneration Scheme (deferred annual bonus scheme) established for senior executives of the Ebro Foods Group, linked to fulfilment of the Strategic Plan 2022-2024. On the terms of that Policy, the deferred annual bonus that would be received by the Executive Chairman under the Scheme would be proportional to the degree of achievement of the targets set in the Policy (tied to the targets identified in the Strategic Plan 2022-2024), on the terms described in the Remunerations Policy.

The beneficiaries of the Scheme (including the Chairman of the Board as executive Director) are only entitled to receive the deferred remuneration if they are still working in the Ebro Group at the date of payment. As an exception, the Scheme is expected to contemplate (as its precursor did) early payment in the event of: (i) termination of the employment relationship with the Company during the period of the Scheme owing to death or a final declaration of total, absolute or major disability: or (ii) takeover of the Group or any similar corporate operation.

The outlines of the future Scheme, established in the Directors' Remuneration Policy 2022-2024, are as follows:

- The targets of the Scheme for the first two years (2022, payable in 2024, and 2023, payable in 2025) are the consolidated annual EBITDA and EBITDA CAPEX for those years established in the Strategic Plan 2022-2024, and accrual of 25% of the deferred bonus will be subject to achievement of those targets.
- The level of achievement of the consolidated Adjusted EBITDA will represent 80% of the deferred bonus for each year and the degree of achievement of the consolidated EBITDA CAPEX will account for the remaining 20%.
- The targets of the Scheme for the final year (2024, payable in 2026) are: (i) the consolidated annual EBITDA and EBITDA CAPEX for that year established in the Strategic Plan 2022-2024 (weighted at 80% and 20%, respectively), to which the accrual of 25% of the deferred bonus is tied; (ii) the aggregate sum of EBITDA of the years included in the Scheme (2022-2024) in comparison with the sum of those contemplated in the Strategic Plan 2022-2024, 12.5% of the deferred variable remuneration of the three-year period being subject to the outcome of that comparison; and (iii) the global qualitative assessment by the Strategy and Investment Committee of the development of the Strategic Plan 2022-2024 and assessment by the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee of achievement of the non-financial targets set by the Scheme from among those identified in the Strategic Plan 2022-2024. Both committees will submit their respective proposals to the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the remaining 12.5% of the deferred variable remuneration of the three-year period being subject to the outcome of those assessments: 6.25% for each of the two aspects.
- In the first two years of the Scheme (2022 and 2023):
- a) In the event of aggregate achievement of 100% or over of the consolidated EBITDA and EBITDA CAPEX targets established for those years in the Strategic Plan 2022-2024, the deferred annual bonus that would accrue for the executive Director for the performance of those duties each year will be 100% of 25% (i.e. 25%) of the fixed remuneration established for the three-year period.
- b) In the event of aggregate under-achievement of the aforesaid consolidated EBITDA and EBITDA CAPEX targets established in the Strategic Plan 2022-2024 in either of the first two years of the three-year period, the deferred annual bonus that would accrue for the executive Director for the performance of those duties in each of those two years will be reduced in proportion to the percentage of achievement (below 100%), floored at 85%, such that if the aggregate achievement of the targets is below 85%, the deferred bonus for that year will be zero.

In the third and final year of the Scheme (2024):

- a) 25% of the fixed remuneration established for the three-year period will be determined according to the degree of aggregate achievement of the aforesaid consolidated EBIDTA and EBITDA CAPEX targets established in the Strategic Plan 2022-2024 for that year. The provisions set out above for over-achievement and under-achievement will be applicable.
- b) The final 25% of the fixed remuneration corresponding to the three-year period will be determined as follows, if appropriate:
- 50% (12.5% of the total fixed remuneration for the three-year period) according to the degree of achievement of the accumulated consolidated EBITDA target for the entire three-year period according to the Strategic Plan 2022-2024.



- 25% (6.25% of the total fixed remuneration for the three-year period), in the percentage determined by the Board at the proposal of and subject to a report by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, according to the assessment of the achievement of non-financial targets included in the Strategic Plan 2022-2024 and identified in the Scheme.
- And the remaining 25% (6.25% of the total fixed remuneration for the three-year period), in the percentage determined by the Board at the proposal of and subject to a report by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, according to the global qualitative assessment of the development of the Strategic Plan 2022-2024.

In the event of aggregate over-achievement or under-achievement of the aforesaid targets, the indications set out above for these situations will be applicable, including the 100% cap in the event of over-achievement.

- Each year (once the earnings of the preceding year are known), the Nomination and Remuneration Committee will review the level of achievement of the economic variables to which this deferred bonus is tied (EBITDA and EBITDA – CAPEX). The Nomination and Remuneration Committee will also review and validate, during the final year of the Scheme, the proposed qualitative assessment of the development of the Strategic Plan 2022-2024 submitted by the Strategy and Investment Committee and the proposed assessment of the degree of achievement of the non-financial targets made by the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee. After these verifications, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee will submit a proposal to the Board of Directors and the latter will determine the final amounts corresponding to the Executive Chairman (and the other executives included in the Scheme).

Based on the foregoing, the following should be taken into account with regard to the variable remuneration that might correspond to the Executive Chairman in 2023 within the Deferred Annual Remuneration Scheme tied to fulfilment of the Strategic Plan 2022-2024:

- The review by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the degree of achievement of the targets set for that year and submission to the Board, for approval, of the annual bonus for 2023 to be received by the Executive Chairman (in 2025) will be made in 2024, once the consolidated earnings of the Group for 2023 have been determined (normally in February).
- In monetary terms and taking account of the above-mentioned rules, the deferred annual variable remuneration of the Executive Chairman for 2023 may vary between 0 euros (if aggregate achievement of the targets is below 85%) and 1,125,000 euros gross (if aggregate achievement of the targets is 100% or more). The fixed remuneration for the three-year period is calculated based on the annual monetary fixed remuneration of the Executive Chairman in each of the years of the Scheme (which, as indicated above, is not subject to review, except in the event of extraordinary circumstances).
- This year (2023), the Executive Chairman has received the sum of 1,897,670.85 euros gross as his deferred annual remuneration for 2021, the last year of the previous Deferred Annual Remuneration Scheme tied to fulfilment of the Strategic Plan 2019-2021. It should be noted that since this sum corresponds to the final year of the previous Scheme, the deferred variable remuneration subject thereto was 50% of the variable remuneration of the three-year period.

The Scheme described above is not indexed to the value of the Company's share and the beneficiaries do not receive shares or any other rights thereover.

A.1.7. Main features of the long-term saving schemes. This information should include, inter alia, the contingencies covered by the scheme, whether it is defined-contribution or defined-benefit, the annual contribution to be made to defined-contribution schemes, the benefit to which beneficiaries are entitled under defined-benefit schemes, the conditions for the vesting of economic rights in favour of the directors and compatibility with any kind of termination benefit payable for or in connection with interruption or expiry of the contractual relationship between the company and the director.

State whether accrual or vesting of rights under any of the long-term savings schemes is subject to the achievement of certain targets or parameters related with the short and long-term performance of the director.

No contributions have been made in previous years, nor are any expected to be made this year (2023), to any pension funds or schemes for former or existing members of the Board (neither the Directors for their duties as such nor the executive Directors for the performance of executive duties) and no obligations have been contracted in this respect.

Nor have any contributions been made or obligations contracted for Directorships in other group companies (for the Directors for their duties as such or the executive Directors for the performance of executive duties).

A.1.8. Any kind of payment or compensation for termination, early or otherwise, of the contractual relationship between the company and the director, at the initiative of the company or the director, and any arrangements agreed, such as exclusive dedication, minimum employment commitment, loyalty and no competition during and after employment.

No compensations have been arranged or paid for termination of Directors' duties (neither the Directors for their duties as such nor the executive Directors for the performance of executive duties).

A.1.9. State the terms and conditions to be respected in the contracts of executive directors performing senior management duties. Include information, inter alia, on the term, limits on severance pay and other compensations, continued service clauses, required notice, payment in lieu of notice and any other clauses relating to golden hellos, golden handshakes, golden parachutes or any other compensation payable on termination, early or otherwise, of the contractual relationship between the company and the executive director. Include, inter alia, details of any clauses or agreements on restraint of trade, exclusive dedication, minimum employment commitment, loyalty and no competition during and after employment, save as explained in the previous section.



Pursuant to sections 249, 529 octodecies and 529 quindecies of the Corporate Enterprise Act and Article 22 of the Articles of Association, the Board is competent to establish the terms of contracts to be signed by the Company with its executive Directors having executive duties, at the proposal of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and within the confines of Directors' Remuneration Policy approved by the General Meeting.

According to the Directors' Remuneration Policy 2022-2024, the principal terms of contract of the Executive Chairman (the only Director with executive duties) for his executive duties (apart from his remuneration, which is explained in other sections of this Report) are as follows:

- Term: indefinite
- Notice: three months
- Termination benefits: none
- Continued service or post-contract no competition clauses: none

See the Explanatory Note Two in section D of this Report for the reasons why Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. is classified as an executive Director.

As regards the possible incorporation in the future of other executive Directors, the Directors' Remuneration Policy 2022-2024 provides that the current remuneration scheme for executive Directors for the performance of executive duties and other aspects relating to their contractual relationship with the Company take into account that the only executive Director who performs those duties is a reference shareholder of the Company.

For this reason, if new executive Directors with executive duties join the Board during the effective term of the Directors' Remuneration Policy 2022-2024, it might be necessary to revise some of those aspects, such as: (i) establishment of the continued service and/or no competition clauses (and the corresponding remuneration) or (ii) inclusion in the remuneration of aspects indexed to the value of the Company's share or that entail the receipt of shares or rights thereover. In this case, the Policy would be amended and the corresponding amendment would be tabled before the General Meeting for approval on the terms stipulated in law.

A.1.10. The nature and estimated amount of any other supplementary remuneration that will accrue by directors this year for services rendered in addition to those inherent in their directorship.

No supplemental remuneration is expected to be earned by Directors (Directors for their duties as such or executive Directors for the performance of executive duties) for services rendered in addition to those inherent in their directorship and/or the performance of executive duties.

A.1.11. Any other remuneration, such as advances, loans and guarantees granted to directors by the company, and other remuneration.

The Company has not granted and does not foresee granting this year (2023) any loans, advances or guarantees to members of the board (the Directors for their duties as such or the executive Directors for the performance of executive duties), nor has it contracted any obligations on their behalf through guarantees or bonds.

A.1.12. The nature and estimated amount of any other supplementary remuneration not included in the preceding paragraphs, paid by the company or another company in the group, that will accrue in directors' favour this year.

There is no remuneration other than as explained in this Report, apart from the attendance fees that received by the Executive Chairman each year as Director of Pastificio Lucio Garofalo, S.p.A (a subsidiary of the Ebro Foods Group). This year (2023), the Executive Chairman is expected to receive a similar amount in attendance fees to that received in 2022 (5,000 euros p.a. gross).

The Executive Chairman also receives attendance fees each year as a Director of Riso Scotti, S.p.A., an associate and not part of the Group, in which Ebro Foods, S.A. has a 40% interest (it is an associate consolidated by the equity method). This year (2023), the Executive Chairman is expected to receive a similar amount in attendance fees to that received in 2022 (5,200 euros p.a. gross).

- A.2. Explain any significant change in the remuneration policy applicable this year, deriving from:
 - a) A new policy or modification of the policy already approved by the general meeting.
 - b) Significant changes in the specific criteria established by the board for this year within the current remuneration policy in respect of those applied in the previous year.
 - c) Proposals that the board has agreed to submit to the general meeting at which this annual report will be presented, for application to this year.

This year (2023) is the second year of application of the Directors' Remuneration Policy 2022-2024.

As explained earlier, the only change expected this year (with effect from 1 January 2022) is the lowering of the cap on the Executive Chairman's annual variable remuneration from 150% to 100% of his annual fixed remuneration.

As indicated, that modification, proposed by the Executive Chairman, received a favourable assessment by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and was approved by the Board. As also mentioned earlier, the consequent amendment of the Directors' Remuneration Policy 2022-2024 on this point will be laid before the General Meeting of Shareholders to be held in 2023, at which this Report will be put to an advisory vote and is expected to be approved.

At the date of writing this Report, no further amendments to the current Remuneration Policy 2022-2024 are expected in subsequent years.



A.3. Indicate the direct link to the document containing the current remuneration policy of the company, which must be available on the company's website.

https://www.ebrofoods.es/wp-content/uploads/2022/06/Recast Directors-Remuneration-Policy-2022-2024.pdf

A.4. In view of the details provided in section B.4, explain how the shareholders' advisory vote at the general meeting on the annual report on remuneration of the previous year has been taken into account.

Given the large majority of the capital that voted in favour in the advisory vote on the Directors' Remuneration Report for 2021, with more than two-thirds of the capital present and represented at the General Meeting voting for the approval (74.2020%), and with 12.7425% abstaining, it has not been considered necessary to take any measures in this regard.

B. OVERALL SUMMARY OF APPLICATION OF THE REMUNERATION POLICY DURING THE REPORTING PERIOD

- B.1.1. Explain the process followed to apply the remuneration policy and determine the individual remunerations reflected in section C of this report. This information should include the role played by the remuneration commission, the decisions taken by the board and, if appropriate, the identity and role of the external advisers whose services were used in the process of applying the remuneration policy during the reporting period.
- a) Remuneration of Directors for their duties as such.

The fixed remuneration for all the Directors for their duties as such for 2021 was paid during the reporting period (2022).

In this regard, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee resolved on 16 February 2022 to submit a proposal to the Board of Directors, to be tabled by the latter at the Annual General Meeting held that year (2022), to set the fixed remuneration of all the Directors for their duties as such for the previous year (2021) at 2,850,000 euros gross. It further proposed maintaining the amount of attendance fees for Board meetings (1,600 euros gross per meeting) and meetings of the Board Committees (800 euros gross per meeting). On 28 February 2022, the Board of Directors resolved to table a motion with those proposals submitted by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee at the Annual General Meeting to be held in 2022. The motion was passed by an ample majority at that Annual General Meeting, held on 29 June 2022.

Based on the foregoing and the resolutions passed at the Board and Committee meetings held in 2021, the aggregate annual fixed remuneration of the Directors for their duties as such for 2021 (set in 2022) was distributed as follows:

- membership of the Board: a total sum of 1,871,425.52 euros gross
- membership of the Board Committees: a total sum of 978,574.44 euros gross.

The fees for attendance of Board and Committee meetings of Ebro Foods, S.A. in 2021 amounted to 317,600 euros gross.

At a meeting on 15 February 2023, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee resolved to submit a proposal to the Board of Directors (to be tabled at the Annual General Meeting in 2022) to set the aggregate fixed remuneration for all the Directors for their duties as such for the reporting period (2022) at 2,850,000 euros gross (the same amount as in 2021). It further proposed maintaining the amount of attendance fees for Board meetings (1,600 euros gross per meeting) and meetings of the Board Committees (800 euros gross per meeting).

On 27 February 2023, the Board of Directors resolved to table a motion with those proposals at the Annual General Meeting to be held in 2023.

If that amount is approved at the Annual General Meeting held in 2023, it will be distributed among the Board members in accordance with the prevailing distribution criteria (see section A.1). Based on those criteria, the annual fixed assignment to Directors for their duties as such for 2022, considering the meetings of the Board and its Committees during that year, would be as follows:

- membership of the Board: a total sum of 1,891,862.90 euros gross
- membership of the Board Committees: a total sum of 958,137.00 euros gross.

If the proposals are approved, the attendance fees for Board and Committee meetings of Ebro Foods, S.A. in 2022 would amount to 328,000 euros gross.

The total amount of the fixed assignment to Directors for their duties as such is distributed among the individual Directors based on the points system established in the Remuneration Policy in place from time to time (see section A.1.3 of this Report). For this purpose, in view of a Report by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board approves the individual remuneration of each Director in view of the Board Committees they are on and the number of meetings held by those committees.

b) Remuneration of the Chairman of the Board as executive Director for the performance of executive duties.

In 2022, the fixed cash remuneration of the Executive Chairman (the only Director with executive duties) for the performance of his executive duties was 1,500,000 euros gross, in accordance with the resolution adopted by the Board of Directors on 25 February 2021, proposed by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. That is the fixed remuneration established in the Directors' Remuneration Policy 2022-2024 (amended to update the information it contained on the annual fixed remuneration of the Executive Chairman at the Annual General Meeting held on 29 June 2022).



With regard to the annual variable remuneration for the reporting period (2022), on 15 February 2022 the Nomination and Remuneration Committee examined the degree of achievement of the consolidated EBITDA target indicated in the budget, this being the variable taken to determine the annual bonus of the Executive Chairman in 2022 and submitted the corresponding report to the Board of Directors in respect of that annual variable remuneration.

It should be recalled at this point that tying the Executive Chairman's annual bonus to the dual target of EBITDA (80%) and ROCE (20%) is applicable as from 1 January 2023, as indicated in the Directors' Remuneration Policy 2022-2024 following the amendment resolved at the Annual General Meeting on 29 June 2022.

It should also be remembered that, according to the proposed amendment to the Directors' Remuneration Policy 2022-2024 to be submitted for approval at the Annual General Meeting at which this Report will also be put to an advisory vote, the Executive Chairman's annual bonus for 2022 would be capped, in the event of over-achievement of targets, at 100% of the amount thereof (i.e. 100% of his annual fixed remuneration). As mentioned earlier, that amendment to the Directors' Remuneration Policy 2022-2024 is expected to be approved at the Annual General Meeting.

On 15 February 2023 the Nomination and Remuneration Committee also reviewed the level of achievement of the quantitative and qualitative targets to which the long-term variable remuneration for 2022 is tied, according to the Deferred Annual Bonus Scheme 2022-2024. 2022 being the first year of the Scheme, up to 25% of the deferred variable remuneration for the three-year period corresponds to that year, depending on the aggregate achievement of the EBIDTA and EBITDA – CAPEX targets set in the Strategic Plan 2022-2024 for 2022.

Accordingly, the sums corresponding to the Chairman of the Board (the only Director with executive duties) for the performance of executive duties in the reporting period (2022), according to his contract and the Directors' Remuneration Policy 2022-2024 and after the corresponding verifications by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, are as follows:

- Fixed remuneration: 1,508,000 euros gross (1,500,000 euros gross of fixed cash remuneration and 8,000 euros gross in kind).
- Short-term ordinary annual variable remuneration: 1,500,000 euros gross. The lowering of the cap on this bonus to 100% of the annual fixed remuneration has been taken into consideration here, assuming that the General Meeting will approve the lowering of that cap (at the same general meeting at which this Report is to be put to an advisory vote). Otherwise, the annual variable remuneration that would have corresponded to the Executive Chairman had that new cap not been applied, would be 1,931,719 euros gross.
- Deferred annual variable remuneration: 1,125,000 euros gross. A provision for this amount has been recognised in the annual accounts at 31 December 2022, as a provisional estimate of the deferred annual bonus corresponding to the Chairman of the Board (as executive Director and for the performance of executive duties) and it will be paid in 2024, provided that the Executive Chairman is still in the Group at that time, as explained earlier. It should be borne in mind that 25% of the variable remuneration corresponding to the three-year period was determined in 2022, the first year of the Deferred Annual Bonus Scheme 2022-2024.

In addition, during the reporting period (2022), the Executive Chairman received the sum of 1,058,191.51 euros gross as deferred annual variable remuneration for 2020, paid in 2022. A provision for that amount had been recognised in the 2020 accounts.

B.1.2. Explain any deviation during the year from the procedure established for application of the remuneration policy.

There were no deviations in 2022 from the procedure established for application of the Directors' Remuneration Policy 2022-2024, other than application of the reduced cap on the Executive Chairman's annual bonus, on the terms indicated hereinabove.

B.1.3. State whether any temporary exception to the remuneration policy has been applied and, if so, explain the exceptional circumstances giving rise to those exceptions, the specific components of the remuneration policy that were affected and the reasons why the company considered those exceptions necessary for the long-term interests and sustainability of the company overall or to guarantee its viability. Quantify the impact that the application of those exceptions has had on the remuneration of each director during the year.

No temporary exceptions to the Directors' Remuneration Policy 2022-2024 were applied during 2022.

B.2. Explain the different actions taken by the company regarding the remuneration system and how they have contributed to reducing excessive risk exposure, and align it with the long-term goals, values, and interests of the company, indicating what measures have been adopted to ensure that remuneration has accrued in consideration of the long-term results of the company, striking an appropriate balance between the non-variable and variable components of remuneration, what measures have been taken with respect to those categories of personnel whose professional activities have a significant impact on the company's risk profile, and what measures have been taken to avoid conflicts of interest, where necessary.

The Deferred Annual Variable Remuneration Scheme in place during the reporting period (2022), i.e. the one linked to the Strategic Plan 2022-2024, makes the payment of bonuses conditional upon meeting targets set each year and the beneficiary's continued employment in the Group at the date of payment established for those bonuses, except in cases of: (i) death or disability of the beneficiary or (ii) takeover in the Group or (iii) a similar corporate operation or any other extraordinary circumstance which may, in the board's opinion, materially affect the Scheme.

The general conditions of the Scheme include an adjustment clause whereby the Board of Directors of Ebro Foods, S.A. will adopt such resolutions as may be necessary to ensure that in any event or corporate operation or other extraordinary circumstances that might affect the calculation of deferred remuneration payable, the gross remuneration will be equivalent to the remuneration that would have been payable had that circumstance not existed.

The Scheme also includes a clawback clause whereby the Board of Directors of Ebro Foods, S.A. may require Directors to repay all or part of any deferred bonus paid under the Scheme when it considers such amounts to have been unduly paid, either because the amounts paid under the Scheme do not correspond to the



degree of fulfilment of the required targets, or because they were calculated on the basis of data subsequently proved to be misstated.

Finally, as indicated earlier, the Scheme is structured in such a way that the deferred annual bonus corresponding to any of the years within the Scheme will be paid 11 months after being determined (after checking the degree of fulfilment of the targets), so by the time they are paid, a reasonable time will have passed (approx. 14 months), enabling greater certainty as to the accuracy of the information used to calculate the bonus. The remuneration corresponding to members of the Scheme in 2022 will thus be paid in 2024, provided they are still employed in the Ebro Group.

B.3. Explain how the remuneration accrued and vested during the year complies with the provisions of the current remuneration policy and, in particular, how it contributes to the company's long-term sustainable profitability.

Describe the relationship between the remuneration received by the directors and the earnings or other short and long-term performance indicators of the company explaining, where appropriate, how any variations in the company's performance may have had a bearing on the variation in directors' remuneration, including any deferred remuneration, and how they contribute to the short and long-term results of the company.

As explained elsewhere in this Report, the remuneration of the Directors for their duties as such is set by the Annual General Meeting, so the General Meeting must assess the remuneration proposed in view of the performance of the Company and its Group.

The variable remuneration (both ordinary and deferred) of the Chairman of the Board as executive Director, for his executive duties, is tied to the development of the Group's business, being determined in view of the level of achievement of the targets set (linked to the future targets of the Group), as indicated in this Report and in the Directors' Remuneration Policy.

In the reporting year (2022), the Directors' Remuneration Policy 2022-2024 expressly contemplated both principles.

It should be noted in particular that the variable remuneration of the Executive Chairman (the only Director with executive duties) for his executive duties is tied to the achievement of quantitative and qualitative targets. This is designed to link his remuneration to the short and long-term development of the Company. So through achievement of the financial targets set for each year (either in the budget, for the annual variable remuneration, or in the Strategic Plan 2022-2024, for the remuneration received by virtue of his participation in the Deferred Annual Bonus Scheme), the remuneration of the Executive Chairman is tied to the evolution of the Group's results.

B.4. Report on the results of the advisory vote by the general meeting on the annual report on remuneration of the previous year, indicating the number of abstentions, blank votes and votes for and against.

	Number	% total
Votes cast	125,323,890	81.45
	Number	% votes cast
Votes against	16,319,794	13.02
Votes for	92,992,889	74.20
Blank votes	41,844	0.03
Abstentions	15,969,363	12.74

Comments

B.5. Explain how the fixed components accrued and vested during the year by the directors for their duties as such were determined, their relative proportion for each director and how they have varied in respect of the previous year.

As explained earlier, the fixed remuneration of the Directors for their duties as such is set by the Annual General Meeting, following assessment and a proposal by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors.

The proposal by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board of Directors generally takes into account the economic situation of the Group and the development of its business, as well as the number of Board members (being a collective remuneration for all the Directors for their duties as such).

Accordingly, the Annual General Meeting held on 29 June 2022 resolved to set the collective remuneration of all the Directors for their duties as such for 2021 at 2,850,000 euros p.a. gross.

With regard to the remuneration for 2022, the Board resolved on 27 February 2023 to table a motion at the Annual General Meeting in June 2023 to maintain the collective fixed remuneration for the Directors for their duties as such at 2,850,000 euros p.a. gross.

That sum was distributed among the individual Directors (for 2021) and will be distributed (for 2022) on the basis of the points system explained in section A.1.3 of this Report and in the Directors' Remuneration Policy 2022-2024.



B.6. Explain how the salaries accrued and vested by each of the executive directors for their management duties was determined in the reporting period and how they have varied in respect of the previous year.

In 2022 (the reporting period), the fixed cash remuneration of the Executive Chairman (the only Director with executive duties) for the performance of executive duties is specified in his contract. As indicated in the Directors' Remuneration Policy 2022-2024, the fixed cash remuneration for 2022 was 1,500,000 euros gross.

The amounts of variable remuneration in 2022 (both annual ordinary and deferred) are determined by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, which checks the level of achievement of the targets to which that variable remuneration is tied and submits a proposal to the Board. In this regard, the variable remuneration corresponding to the Executive Chairman for 2022 were:

- 1,500,000 euros gross in annual variable remuneration (1,593,733 euros gross in 2021). It should be noted here, once again, that this variable remuneration was determined applying the new cap of 100% of his fixed remuneration in the event of over-achievement of the targets (150% cap in the previous year), assuming that the amendment to the Directors' Remuneration Policy 2022-2024 will be approved by the General Meeting at which this Report is to be put to an advisory vote: and
- 1,125,000 euros gross in deferred annual remuneration for 2022 (1,897,671 euros gross in 2021). A provision for this amount has been recognised in the annual accounts 2022 as a provisional estimate of the deferred annual bonus corresponding to the Chairman of the Board (as executive Director and for the performance of executive duties) and it will be paid in 2024. It should be borne in mind that in accordance with the Deferred Annual Bonus Scheme, 25% of the variable remuneration corresponding to the three-year period accrued in 2022, the first year of the Scheme.

In accordance with the Deferred Annual Bonus Scheme and the collection criteria applicable to the sums accruing thereunder, in 2022 the Executive Chairman received the sum accrued in 2020 for his participation in the previous Deferred Annual Bonus Scheme 2019-2021: 1,058,191.51 euros gross.

B.7. Explain the nature and main features of the variable components of the remuneration schemes accrued and vested during the reporting period.

In particular:

- a) Identify each of the remuneration schemes that determined the variable remunerations accrued by each of the directors during the reporting period, including information on the scope, date of approval, date of implementation, vesting conditions if any, accrual and effective periods, criteria used to assess performance and the effect they had on the setting of the variable amount accrued, as well as the measurement criteria used and the time necessary to be in a position to measure adequately all the conditions and criteria stipulated. Include a detailed explanation of the criteria and factors applied with regard to the required time and the methods for checking that the performance and any other requirements on which the accrual and vesting of each component of the variable remuneration was conditional were actually met.
- b) In the case of stock options and other financial instruments, the general features of each scheme shall include information on the conditions for acquiring unconditional rights (vesting) and exercising those options or financial instruments, including the price and time for exercise.
- c) Each of the directors and their category (executive directors, non-executive proprietary directors, non-executive independent directors and other non-executive directors) who are beneficiaries of remuneration systems or schemes that include variable remuneration.
- d) If applicable, provide information on any payment deferral periods established that have been applied and/or the periods for retaining/not disposing of shares or other financial instruments, if any.
 - Explain the short-term variable components of the remuneration schemes:

Variable remuneration (short and long-term) for the performance of executive duties corresponds exclusively to the Chairman of the Board, the only Director performing executive duties, on the terms set out elsewhere in this Report.

The ordinary annual variable remuneration established in the executive Director's contract is proportionate to the level of achievement of the targets set for each year by the Board of Directors, based on a proposal by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. As established in the Directors' Remuneration Policy 2022-2024, accrual of the Executive Chairman's annual bonus for the reporting year (2022) is tied to the level of achievement of the Group's consolidated EBITDA target set in the 2022 budget. See in this regard section A.1.6 of this Report.

Once the results of the preceding year are available (normally in February of the following year) the Nomination and Remuneration Committee checks the level of achievement of the target, which is taken as the basis for determining the annual variable remuneration, if any, payable to the Executive Chairman.

The annual variable remuneration of the Executive Chairman is monetary.

Neither the Executive Chairman nor any Director participates in stock option schemes or similar schemes in respect of other financial instruments.



Explain the long-term variable components of the remuneration schemes:

Only the Executive Chairman, the only Director with executive duties, receives a long-term annual variable remuneration.

That long-term variable remuneration derives from the participation of the Executive Chairman, together with the senior executives of the Group, in the Deferred Annual Bonus Scheme (which is in turn tied to the three-year Strategic Plan in place from time to time).

The payment of bonuses is conditional upon meeting the targets set each year by the Remuneration Scheme and the beneficiary's continued employment in the Group at the date of payment established for those bonuses, except in cases of: (i) death or disability of the beneficiary or (ii) takeover in the Group or a similar corporate operation, or (iii) any other extraordinary circumstance which may, in the Board's opinion, materially affect the Scheme.

The targets to which the long-term bonus is tied are those identified in the Scheme for each year of the three-year period 2022-2024. A more detailed explanation is given in section A.1.6 of this Report.

Bonuses are paid 11 months after being determined (after checking the degree of achievement of the targets), so by the time they are paid, more than one year has passed since the end of the year to which the bonus corresponds.

Once the results of the preceding year are available, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee checks the degree of achievement of the quantitative targets taken as the basis for determining the remuneration corresponding to each year of the Scheme. The assessment by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the qualitative aspects considered to determine the long-term bonus is made following a report by the Strategy and Investment Committee.

B.8. Indicate whether certain variable components accrued have been adjusted downward after deferral of the payment of non-vested amounts, or repayment has been claimed after vesting and payment of those components, in view of information subsequently found to be inaccurate. State the amounts reduced or repaid by application of the malus and clawback clauses, why these clauses were enforced and the years to which they correspond.

No such circumstances have existed.

B.9. Explain the main features of the long-term savings schemes, the amount or equivalent annual cost of which is indicated in the tables in Section C, including retirement and any other survival benefit, wholly or partially financed by the company with internal or external funds, stating the type of scheme, whether it is defined-contribution or defined-benefit, the contingencies it covers, the conditions for the vesting of economic rights in favour of the directors and the compatibility thereof with any kind of termination benefit payable upon interruption of the contractual relationship between the company and the director.

There are no such schemes.

B.10. State any compensations or other kind of payment accrued and/or received by directors during the reporting period upon termination of their contracts, at the initiative of the company or the director, early or at the end of the specified term.

No compensation has been arranged or paid for termination of Directors' duties (to Directors for their duties as such or executive Directors for their executive duties).

B.11. State whether there have been any significant modifications in the contracts of senior executives or executive directors and explain those changes, if any. Explain the main terms and conditions of the new contracts signed with executive directors during the reporting period unless they have been explained in section A.1.

In the reporting year (2022), as resolved by the Board of Directors on 27 February 2023 at the proposal of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee (in response to a proposal submitted by the Executive Chairman), the annual variable remuneration of the Executive Chairman was capped at 100% of his fixed remuneration in the event of over-achievement of targets, as opposed to the 150% cap applicable prior to that, with effect from 1 January 2022.

That modification of the conditions applicable to the Executive Chairman's annual variable remuneration requires the consequent amendment of the Directors' Remuneration Policy 2022-2024, to indicate therein the lower cap for over-achievement. This amendment to the Policy will be laid before the Annual General Meeting at which this Report is to be put to an advisory vote and it is assumed in the drafting of this Report, as indicated elsewhere herein that it will be approved.

B.12. Explain any supplementary remuneration accrued by directors in consideration for services rendered other than those corresponding to their office as such.

As explained earlier, no supplementary remuneration is earned by the Directors (for their duties as such or for executive duties) in consideration for services rendered other than those corresponding to their office or, exclusively with regard to the Executive Chairman, to the performance of executive duties. However, as also mentioned earlier (see section A.1.12 of this Report), the Executive Chairman receives annual attendance fees as a Director of: (i) a Group Company, and (ii) an associate that is not part of the Group.



B.13. Explain any remuneration deriving from advances, loans or guarantees granted, indicating the interest rate, the essential terms and conditions and the amounts repaid, if any, as well as any obligations assumed on their behalf through guarantees.

Neither the Company nor any other companies in the Group have granted any loans, advances or guarantees to members of the board (to the Directors for their duties as such or the executive Directors for the performance of executive duties), or contracted any obligations on their behalf through guarantees or bonds.

B.14. Describe the remuneration in kind accrued by directors during the year, including a brief explanation of the nature of the different remuneration components.

As explained earlier (see sections A.1.4 and A.1.5 of this Report), only the Chairman of the Board, as the only executive Director with executive duties, receives remuneration in kind, consisting of the private use made of the company car allocated to him. The value of the remuneration in kind for the reporting year (2022), valued at 8.000 euros, is included within the fixed remuneration of the executive Director accrued in 2022.

In addition, the Company has a Flexible Remuneration Scheme, through which it is possible to design the composition of remuneration of the executives included in the Scheme (including the Chairman of the Board), so that they may receive part of that remuneration in the form of products and services previously selected by the Company. The value of those products and services is deducted from the gross salary of the executive, who is allocated in lieu the corresponding income in kind. These products and services include group medical insurance, housing rental, nursery, vehicle hire/lease and employee training.

Therefore, these items do not entail additional remuneration to that received in cash, since the amounts paid by the Company to the corresponding service providers are deducted from the beneficiary's cash remuneration.

B.15. Explain the remuneration accrued by the director by virtue of the payments made by the listed company to a third entity to which the director renders services, when those payments are intended to remunerate said director's services in that company.

No payments of this nature have been made.

B.16. Explain and provide details of the amounts accrued during the year in connection with any item of remuneration other than those listed above, of whatever nature and provenance within the group, including all benefits in whatsoever form, such as when it is considered a related party transaction or when it may distort the true and fair view of the total remuneration accrued by the director. The amount awarded or pending payment, the nature of the payment received and the reasons, where appropriate, why it has been considered not to form part of the director's remuneration, for their duties as such or for executive duties, and whether or not it has been considered appropriate to include it within the amounts accrued as "other items" in section C.

As explained earlier, there are no remunerations other than those listed above, without prejudice to the fees received by the Chairman of the Board as Director of Pastificio Lucio Garofalo, S.p.A (a subsidiary of the Ebro Foods Group), of 5,000 euros gross in 2022.

In 2022, the Chairman of the Board also received Directorship fees from Riso Scotti, S.p.A. in a sum of 5,200 euros gross. As indicated in Article A.1, point 12, above, Riso Scotti, S.p.A. is an associate and does not form part of the Ebro Foods Group.



C. DETAILS OF INDIVIDUAL REMUNERATION ACCRUED BY EACH DIRECTOR

Name	Туре	Accrual period 2021
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	Executive Chairman	From 01/01/2022 to 31/12/2022
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	Proprietary Vice-Chairman	From 01/01/2022 to 31/12/2022
ALIMENTOS Y ACEITES, S.A.	Proprietary Director	From 01/01/2022 to 29/03/2022
BELÉN BARREIRO PÉREZ-PARDO	Independent Director	From 01/01/2022 to 31/12/2022
MARÍA CARCELLER ARCE	Proprietary Director	From 01/01/2022 to 31/12/2022
FERNANDO CASTELLÓ CLEMENTE	Independent Director	From 01/01/2022 to 31/12/2022
JOSÉ IGNACIO COMENGE SÁNCHEZ-REAL	Proprietary Director	From 01/01/2022 to 31/12/2022
CORPORACIÓN FINANCIERA ALBA, S.A.	Proprietary Director	From 01/01/2022 to 31/12/2022
MERCEDES COSTA GARCÍA	Lead Independent Director	From 01/01/2022 to 31/12/2022
EMPRESAS COMERCIALES E INDUSTRIALES VALENCIANAS, S.L.	Proprietary Director	From 01/01/2022 to 31/12/2022
JAVIER FERNÁNDEZ ALONSO	Proprietary Director	From 01/01/2022 to 31/12/2022
GRUPO TRADIFÍN, S.L	Proprietary Director	From 01/01/2022 to 31/12/2022
HERCALIANZ INVESTING GROUP, S.L	Executive Director	From 01/01/2022 to 31/12/2022
MARC THOMAS MURTRA MILLAR	Independent Director	From 31/01/2022 to 31/12/2022
JORDI XUCLÀ COSTA	Proprietary Director	From 30/03/2022 to 31/12/2022



- C.1. Complete the following tables regarding the individual remuneration of each of the directors (including the remuneration for executive duties) accrued during the financial year.
 - a) Remuneration accrued in the reporting company:
 - i) Remuneration in cash (thousand euros)

Name	Fixed remuneration	Attendance fees	Remuneration as members of board committees	Salary	Short-term variable remuneration	Long-term variable remuneration	Termination benefits	Other items	Total 2022	Total 2021
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	244	24	149	1,508	1,500	1,058			4,483	4,407
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	183	30	183						396	389
ALIMENTOS Y ACEITES, S.A.	20	3							23	139
BELÉN BARREIRO PÉREZ-PARDO	122	23	32						177	176
MARÍA CARCELLER ARCE	122	18							140	139
FERNANDO CASTELLÓ CLEMENTE	122	29	70						221	224
JOSÉ IGNACIO COMENGE SÁNCHEZ-REAL	122	20	27						169	165
CORPORACIÓN FINANCIERA ALBA, S.A.	122	18							140	139
MERCEDES COSTA GARCÍA	122	29	69						220	226
EMPRESAS COMERCIALES E INDUSTRIALES VALENCIANAS, S.L.	122	18							140	139
JAVIER FERNÁNDEZ ALONSO	122	30	181						333	334
GRUPO TRADIFÍN, S.L	122	29	64						215	218
HERCALIANZ INVESTING GROUP, S.L	122	20	27						169	165
MARC THOMAS MURTRA MILLAR	122	25	154						301	
JORDI XUCLÀ COSTA	101	14							115	

Comments

See Explanatory Note One in section D of this Report regarding the changes produced in the Board of Directors in 2022.



ii) Table of changes in share-based remuneration schemes and gross earnings on the vested shares or financial instruments.

		Financial instrumof 2		Financial instru during		Financial instruments vested during the year				Instruments mature and not exercised	Financial instrur 20:	
Name	Name of Scheme	No. instruments	Equivalent shares	No. instruments	Equivalent shares	No. instruments	Equivalent/ vested shares	Price of vested shares	Gross earnings on vested shares or financial instruments (€ thousand)	No. instruments	No. instruments	Equivalent shares
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	Scheme							0.00				
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	Scheme							0.00				
ALIMENTOS Y ACEITES, S.A.	Scheme							0.00				
BELÉN BARREIRO PÉREZ-PARDO	Scheme							0.00				
MARÍA CARCELLER ARCE	Scheme							0.00				
FERNANDO CASTELLÓ CLEMENTE	Scheme							0.00				
JOSÉ IGNACIO COMENGE SÁNCHEZ- REAL	Scheme							0.00				
CORPORACIÓN FINANCIERA ALBA, S.A.	Scheme							0.00				
MERCEDES COSTA GARCÍA	Scheme							0.00				
EMPRESAS COMERCIALES E INDUSTRIALES VALENCIANAS, S.L.	Scheme							0.00				



		Financial instruments at beginning of 2022		Financial instru during		Fina	ncial instruments	vested during the y	Instruments mature and not exercised Financial in		struments at end of 2022	
Name	Name of Scheme	No. instruments	Equivalent shares	No. instruments	Equivalent shares	No. instruments	Equivalent/ vested shares	Price of vested shares	Gross earnings on vested shares or financial instruments (€ thousand)	No. instruments	No. instruments	Equivalent shares
JAVIER FERNÁNDEZ ALONSO	Scheme							0.00				
GRUPO TRADIFÍN, S.L	Scheme							0.00				
HERCALIANZ INVESTING GROUP, S.L	Scheme							0.00				
MARC THOMAS MURTRA MILLAR	Scheme							0.00				
JORDI XUCLÀ COSTA	Scheme							0.00			_	

Comments



iii) Long-term savings schemes

Name	Remuneration from vesting of rights in savings schemes
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	
ALIMENTOS Y ACEITES, S.A.	
BELÉN BARREIRO PÉREZ-PARDO	
MARÍA CARCELLER ARCE	
FERNANDO CASTELLÓ CLEMENTE	
JOSÉ IGNACIO COMENGE SÁNCHEZ-REAL	
CORPORACIÓN FINANCIERA ALBA, S.A.	
MERCEDES COSTA GARCÍA	
EMPRESAS COMERCIALES E INDUSTRIALES VALENCIANAS, S.L.	
JAVIER FERNÁNDEZ ALONSO	
GRUPO TRADIFÍN, S.L	
HERCALIANZ INVESTING GROUP, S.L	
MARC THOMAS MURTRA MILLAR	
JORDI XUCLÀ COSTA	



	ı	Contribution by company o	during the year (€ thousand	I		Amount of funds accu	ımulated (€ thousand)	
Name	Savings schemes with	economic rights vested	Savings schemes with ec	conomic rights not vested	Savings schemes with	economic rights vested	Savings schemes with ec	conomic rights not vested
матте	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS								
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE								
ALIMENTOS Y ACEITES, S.A.								
BELÉN BARREIRO PÉREZ-PARDO								
MARÍA CARCELLER ARCE								
FERNANDO CASTELLÓ CLEMENTE								
JOSÉ IGNACIO COMENGE SÁNCHEZ-REAL								
CORPORACIÓN FINANCIERA ALBA, S.A.								
MERCEDES COSTA GARCÍA								
EMPRESAS COMERCIALES E INDUSTRIALES VALENCIANAS, S.L.								



		Contribution by company o	during the year (€ thousand	i	Amount of funds accumulated (€ thousand)					
Mana	Savings schemes with	economic rights vested	Savings schemes with ed	conomic rights not vested	Savings schemes with	economic rights vested	Savings schemes with economic rights not vested			
Name	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021		
JAVIER FERNÁNDEZ ALONSO										
GRUPO TRADIFÍN, S.L										
HERCALIANZ INVESTING GROUP, S.L										
MARC THOMAS MURTRA MILLAR										
JORDI XUCLÀ COSTA										

Comments



iv) Details of other items

Name	Item	Amount
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	Item	
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	Item	
ALIMENTOS Y ACEITES, S.A.	Item	
BELÉN BARREIRO PÉREZ-PARDO	Item	
MARÍA CARCELLER ARCE	Item	
FERNANDO CASTELLÓ CLEMENTE	Item	
JOSÉ IGNACIO COMENGE SÁNCHEZ-REAL	Item	
CORPORACIÓN FINANCIERA ALBA, S.A.	Item	
MERCEDES COSTA GARCÍA	Item	
EMPRESAS COMERCIALES E INDUSTRIALES VALENCIANAS, S.L.	Item	
JAVIER FERNÁNDEZ ALONSO	Item	
GRUPO TRADIFÍN, S.L	Item	
HERCALIANZ INVESTING GROUP, S.L	Item	
MARC THOMAS MURTRA MILLAR	Item	
JORDI XUCLÀ COSTA	Item	

Comments



- b) Remuneration of directors of the company for directorships in other group companies:
 - i) Remuneration accrued in cash (€ thousand)

Name	Fixed remuneration	Attendance fees	Remuneration as members of board committees	Salary	Short-term variable remuneration	Long-term variable remuneration	Termination benefits	Other items	Total 2021	Total 2020
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS		5							5	5
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE										
ALIMENTOS Y ACEITES, S.A.										
BELÉN BARREIRO PÉREZ-PARDO										
MARÍA CARCELLER ARCE										
FERNANDO CASTELLÓ CLEMENTE										
JOSÉ IGNACIO COMENGE SÁNCHEZ-REAL										
CORPORACIÓN FINANCIERA ALBA, S.A.										
MERCEDES COSTA GARCÍA										
EMPRESAS COMERCIALES E INDUSTRIALES VALENCIANAS, S.L.										
JAVIER FERNÁNDEZ ALONSO										
GRUPO TRADIFÍN, S.L										
HERCALIANZ INVESTING GROUP, S.L										
MARC THOMAS MURTRA MILLAR										
JORDI XUCLÀ COSTA										

Comments



ii) Table of changes in share-based remuneration schemes and gross earnings on the shares or financial instruments vested.

		Financial instrume of 2			Financial instruments awarded during 2022		ncial instruments	vested during th	e year	Instruments mature and not exercised		Financial instruments at end of 2022	
Name	Name of Scheme	No. instruments	Equivalent shares	No. instruments	Equivalent shares	No. instruments	Equivalent/ vested shares	Price of vested shares	Gross earnings on shares or financial instruments vested (€ thousand)	No. instruments	No. instruments	Equivalent shares	
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	Scheme							0.00					
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	Scheme							0.00					
ALIMENTOS Y ACEITES, S.A.	Scheme							0.00					
BELÉN BARREIRO PÉREZ- PARDO	Scheme							0.00					
MARÍA CARCELLER ARCE	Scheme							0.00					
FERNANDO CASTELLÓ CLEMENTE	Scheme							0.00					
JOSÉ IGNACIO COMENGE SÁNCHEZ-REAL	Scheme							0.00					
CORPORACIÓN FINANCIERA ALBA, S.A.	Scheme							0.00					
MERCEDES COSTA GARCÍA	Scheme							0.00					
EMPRESAS COMERCIALES E INDUSTRIALES VALENCIANAS, S.L.	Scheme							0.00					
JAVIER FERNÁNDEZ ALONSO	Scheme							0.00					
GRUPO TRADIFÍN, S.L	Scheme							0.00					
HERCALIANZ INVESTING GROUP, S.L	Scheme							0.00	_				
MARC THOMAS MURTRA MILLAR	Scheme							0.00					
JORDI XUCLÀ COSTA	Scheme							0.00					

Comments



iii) Long-term savings schemes

Name	Remuneration from vesting of rights in savings schemes
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	
ALIMENTOS Y ACEITES, S.A.	
BELÉN BARREIRO PÉREZ-PARDO	
MARÍA CARCELLER ARCE	
FERNANDO CASTELLÓ CLEMENTE	
JOSÉ IGNACIO COMENGE SÁNCHEZ-REAL	
CORPORACIÓN FINANCIERA ALBA, S.A.	
MERCEDES COSTA GARCÍA	
EMPRESAS COMERCIALES E INDUSTRIALES VALENCIANAS, S.L.	
JAVIER FERNÁNDEZ ALONSO	
GRUPO TRADIFÍN, S.L	
HERCALIANZ INVESTING GROUP, S.L	
MARC THOMAS MURTRA MILLAR	
JORDI XUCLÀ COSTA	



		Contribution by company o	luring the year (€ thousand	i	Amount of funds accumulated (€ thousand)				
	Savings schemes with	economic rights vested	Savings schemes with economic rights not vested		Savings schemes with	economic rights vested	Savings schemes with economic rights not vested		
Name	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS									
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE									
ALIMENTOS Y ACEITES, S.A.									
BELÉN BARREIRO PÉREZ-PARDO									
MARÍA CARCELLER ARCE									
FERNANDO CASTELLÓ CLEMENTE									
JOSÉ IGNACIO COMENGE SÁNCHEZ-REAL									
CORPORACIÓN FINANCIERA ALBA, S.A.									
MERCEDES COSTA GARCÍA									
EMPRESAS COMERCIALES E INDUSTRIALES VALENCIANAS, S.L.									
JAVIER FERNÁNDEZ ALONSO									
GRUPO TRADIFÍN, S.L									
HERCALIANZ INVESTING GROUP, S.L									
MARC THOMAS MURTRA MILLAR									
JORDI XUCLÀ COSTA					•				

Comments



iv) Details of other items

Name	Item	Amount
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	Item	
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	Item	
ALIMENTOS Y ACEITES, S.A.	Item	
BELÉN BARREIRO PÉREZ-PARDO	Item	
MARÍA CARCELLER ARCE	Item	
FERNANDO CASTELLÓ CLEMENTE	Item	
JOSÉ IGNACIO COMENGE SÁNCHEZ-REAL	Item	
CORPORACIÓN FINANCIERA ALBA, S.A.	Item	
MERCEDES COSTA GARCÍA	Item	
EMPRESAS COMERCIALES E INDUSTRIALES VALENCIANAS, S.L.	Item	
JAVIER FERNÁNDEZ ALONSO	Item	
GRUPO TRADIFÍN, S.L	Item	
HERCALIANZ INVESTING GROUP, S.L	Item	
MARC THOMAS MURTRA MILLAR	Item	
JORDI XUCLÀ COSTA	Item	

Comments



c) Summary of remunerations (thousand euros):
Include in the summary the amounts corresponding to all items of remuneration included in this report that have been accrued by the directors, in thousand euros.

		Remuneration accrued in the Company			Remuneration accrued in Group companies						
Name	Total cash remuneration	Gross earnings on shares or financial instruments vested	Remuneration from savings schemes	Remuneration for other items	Total 2022 company	Total cash remuneration	Gross earnings on shares or financial instruments vested	Remuneration from savings schemes	Remuneration for other items	Total 2022 group	Total 2022 company + group
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	4,483				4,483	5				5	4,488
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	396				396						396
ALIMENTOS Y ACEITES, S.A.	23				23						23
BELÉN BARREIRO PÉREZ-PARDO	177				177						177
MARÍA CARCELLER ARCE	140				140						140
FERNANDO CASTELLÓ CLEMENTE	221				221						221
JOSÉ IGNACIO COMENGE SÁNCHEZ-REAL	169				169						169
CORPORACIÓN FINANCIERA ALBA, S.A.	140				140						140
MERCEDES COSTA GARCÍA	220				220						220
EMPRESAS COMERCIALES E INDUSTRIALES VALENCIANAS, S.L.	140				140						140
JAVIER FERNÁNDEZ ALONSO	333				333						333
GRUPO TRADIFÍN, S.L	215				215						215
HERCALIANZ INVESTING GROUP, S.L	169				169						169
MARC THOMAS MURTRA MILLAR	301				301						301
JORDI XUCLÀ COSTA	115				115						115
TOTAL	7,242				7,242	5				5	7,247

Comments

The total remuneration accrued by the Directors in the Company in 2022 was 7,244,201 euros, rounded off to 7,244 thousand euros. This differs from the amount indicated in the table as a result of the rounding off to thousands of the individual remuneration of each Director.



The total remuneration accrued by the Directors in the Company plus the Group in 2022 was 7,249,201 euros, rounded off to 7,249 thousand euros. This differs from the amount indicated in the table as a result of the rounding off to thousands of the individual remuneration of each Director.

C.2. Indicate the evolution over the past 5 years of the amount and percentage variation of the remuneration accrued by each of the directors who were directors of the listed company during the year, the consolidated earnings of the company and the average remuneration on a base equivalent to full time of the employees of the company and Group companies who are not directors of the listed company.

		Total amounts accrued and % annual variation								
	2022	% Variation 2022/2021	2021	% Variation 2021/2020	2020	% Variation 2020/2019	2019	% Variation 2019/2018	2018	
Executive Directors										
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	4,488	1.72	4,412	6.13	4,157	36.21	3,052	22.92	2,483	
HERCALIANZ INVESTING GROUP, S.L.	169	2.42	165	-4.07	172	1.18	170	-8.60	186	
Non-executive Directors										
ALIMENTOS Y ACEITES, S.A.	23	-83.45	139	-3.47	144	5.11	137	-9.87	152	
BELÉN BARREIRO PÉREZ- PARDO	177	0.57	176	-2.22	180	1.12	178	-8.72	195	
CORPORACIÓN FINANCIERA ALBA, S.A.	140	0.72	139	-45.91	257	-23.28	335	3.08	325	
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	396	1.80	389	-2.75	400	-0.25	401	-9.68	444	
EMPRESAS COMERCIALES E INDUSTRIALES VALENCIANAS, S.L.	140	0.72	139	-3.47	144	5.11	137	-9.87	152	
FERNANDO CASTELLÓ CLEMENTE	221	-1.34	224	0.00	224	-0.88	226	-10.67	253	
GRUPO TRADIFIN, S.L.	215	-1.38	218	-0.91	220	-0.92	218	-10.66	244	
JAVIER FERNÁNDEZ ALONSO	333	-0.30	334	138.57	140	-	0	-	1	
JORDI XUCLÀ COSTA	115	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	
JOSÉ IGNACIO COMENGE SÁNCHEZ- REAL	169	2.42	165	-4.07	172	1.18	170	-15.00	200	
MARC THOMAS MURTRA MILLAR	301	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	
MARÍA CARCELLER ARCE	140	0.72	139	-3.47	144	5.11	137	8.73	126	
MERCEDES COSTA GARCÍA	220	-2.65	226	0.00	226	0.44	225	-7.79	244	
Consolidated earnings of the company	_					_				



		Total amounts accrued and % annual variation								
	2022	% Variation 2022/2021	2021	% Variation 2021/2020	2020	% Variation 2020/2019	2019	% Variation 2019/2018	2018	
	122,059	-48.85	238,629	24.02	192,415	35.74	141,752	0.12	141,589	
Average remuneration of employees										

-3.71

41,356

Comments

42,948

1.63

42,261

See Explanatory Note Two in section D of this Report regarding the classification of Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. as an executive Director.

8.17

44,733

With regard to the average remuneration of the employees the information established for the year 2018 contained in the computer files of the Company for that year is not adjusted to the criteria established in this Report and, therefore, is not comparable.



D. OTHER INFORMATION OF INTEREST

If there are any material aspects relating to directors' remuneration that could not be disclosed in other sections of this report but that are necessary to provide a more comprehensive and fully reasoned picture of the remuneration structure and practices for the company's directors, describe them briefly.

CONTINUATION OF SECTION A.1.1 OF THIS REPORT

The principles behind the Directors' Remuneration Policy 2022-2024 are set out in section 3 thereof. Based on those principle, in the Directors' Remuneration Policy 2022-2024, the Directors' remuneration for this year (2023) is structured as follows:

a) All the Directors, as such, receive the fixed remuneration established each year by the Annual General Meeting. The relevant proposal submitted by the Board of Directors to the Annual General Meeting will take account of the importance of the Company and its economic situation. Pursuant to Article 22 of the Articles of Association regarding Directors' remuneration, it is up to the Annual General Meeting to set the annual fixed sum to be received by all the Directors, for their duties as such. Then, following a report by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board of Directors establishes the individual remuneration of each Director for their duties as such, taking into account the positions held by the Directors on the Board of Directors, their membership of Board Committees and any other objective circumstances that the Board of Directors may consider appropriate, within the framework of the Articles of Association and the Remuneration Policy. The Board of Directors will also decide on the timing of payments. For this purpose, a points system has been established in the terms described hereinbelow.

The Directors also receive, for their duties as such, fees for attending the meetings of the Board and any Board Committees they are on. The amount of those fees is also set by the Annual General Meeting and remains in force until amended.

- b) Non-executive Directors do not receive any variable remuneration based on the profits of the Company or Group.
- c) The executive Directors (only the Executive Chairman for his executive duties), just like the other senior executives of the Group, also receive an annual remuneration for their executive duties according to the terms of their respective contracts. The remuneration structure of executive Directors (and other senior executives in the Group) includes the following components:
- annual fixed remuneration;
- short-term variable remuneration;
- deferred annual variable remuneration, linked to the Strategic Plan 2022-2024, as explained in this Report.

The fixed remuneration is the remuneration established in the corresponding contract signed between the Company and the executive Director. With regard to the variable remunerations, both short-term annual and deferred annual, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee rates each year the degree of achievement of the targets to which they are linked (established in the Remuneration Policy 2022-2024), taking account of any reports submitted by other Committees, and submits the corresponding proposal and report to the Board of Director in respect of the individual remuneration of the executive Director in that year. For this year (2023):

- The annual variable remuneration of the Executive Chairman (the only executive Director with executive duties) will be determined according to the level of achievement of the EBITDA (80%) and ROCE (20%) targets established in the consolidated annual budget 2023. Assuming that the proposed amendment to the Policy, to be laid before the same Annual General Meeting at which this Report is to be put to an advisory vote, is approved, that annual variable remuneration will be capped (in the event of over-achievement of targets) at 100% of the annual fixed remuneration.
- The deferred annual variable remuneration of the Executive Chairman will be determined according to the level of achievement of the EBITDA (80%) and EBITDA-CAPEX (20%) targets established for 2023 in the Group's consolidated Strategic Plan 2022-2024. In 2023, if the targets are achieved in the terms established in the Policy, a deferred annual bonus will accrue of up to 25% of the total remuneration subject to the Long-Term Incentive Plan, capped at 100% in the event of over-achievement of targets.

The current Directors' Remuneration Policy 2022-2024 does not contemplate the application of any temporary exceptions.

EXPLANATORY NOTE ONE, REGARDING THE CHANGES PRODUCED IN THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS IN 2022

The following changes were produced in the composition of the Board during 2022:

- On 31 January 2022, the Board resolved to appoint Marc Thomas Murtra Millar Director by the cooptation procedure to fill the vacancy produced by the resignation tendered by Mr Zorrero Camas. Mr Murtra Millar was also appointed member of the Executive Committee and the Audit, Control and Sustainability of the Company.

At the Annual General Meeting held on 29 June 2022, it was resolved to ratify the appointment by cooptation of the Director Marc Thomas Murtra Millar and the Board of Directors at its meeting held after the General Meeting was resolved to ratify Mr Murtra Millar's appointment as member of the Executive Committee and the Audit, Control and Sustainability.

On 23 November 2022, in view of a favourable report by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board resolved to appoint Marc Thomas Murtra Millar Chair of the Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee, replacing Mercedes Costa García, whose term as Chair of that Committee had expired, pursuant to section 529.quarterdecies.2 of the Corporate Enterprises Act.

- On 24 March 2022, the proprietary Director and significant shareholder Alimentos y Aceites, S.A. stepped down from the Board with effect as from 29 March 2022.
- On 30 March 2022, the Board of Directors resolved to appoint Jordi Xuclà Costa Director by the cooptation procedure to fill the vacancy produced by the resignation tendered by Alimentos v Aceites, S.A.

At the Annual General Meeting held on 29 June 2022, it was resolved to ratify the appointment by cooptation of the Director Jordi Xuclà Costa.



EXPLANATORY NOTE TWO, REGARDING THE CLASSIFICATION OF HERCALIANZ INVESTING GROUP, S.L. AS EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

As mentioned throughout this Report, although Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. is classified as an Executive Director, it has never performed executive duties in Ebro Foods, S.A. or any subsidiary of the Group, so has never received and does not receive any remuneration as such.

Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. has been classified as an Executive Director (pursuant to section 212 bis of the Corporate Enterprises Act) because its representative on the Board of Directors of Ebro Foods, S.A. is an executive of a subsidiary of the Ebro Foods Group.

This annual remuneration report was approved by the board of directors of the company at its meeting on:

30/03/2023

[٧]	Yes
ſ		1	No

Name of board member (s) who did not vote for approval of this report	Reasons (against, abstention, non-attendance)	Explain the reasons
ALIMENTOS Y ACEITES, S.A.	Abstention	Jordi Xuclà Costa, proprietary Director for Alimentos y Aceites, S.A. (a significant shareholder that was a Director until 29 March 2022), abstained in the Board vote on this Report, declaring that the vote to be cast by SEPI, as shareholder of Ebro Foods, S.A. is determined by the Board of Directors of SEPI (as controlling shareholder of Alimentos y Aceites, S.A.). See Explanatory Note One in this section D.

The English version of this document is purely informative.

In the event of any discrepancy between the Spanish and English versions of this document, the Spanish version will prevail.