

ANNUAL CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

66 ANNUAL REPORT ON REMUNERATION

REPORT OF THE AUDIT AND COMPLIANCE COMMITTEE



ANNUAL CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

## **ANNEX 1**

# ANNUAL CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT OF LISTED COMPANIES

## DETAILS OF ISSUER

YEAR ENDED	31/12/2015

TAX REGISTRATION NUMBER	A47412333
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## NAME

EBRO FOODS, S.A.

## REGISTERED OFFICE

PASEO DE LA CASTELLANA 20, PLANTAS 3ª Y 4ª, MADRID

# ANNUAL CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT LISTED COMPANIES

## **A OWNERSHIP STRUCTURE**

A.1 Complete the following table on the capital of the company:

YES

Date latest modification	Capital ( € )	Number of shares	Number of voting rights
11/06/2002	92,319,235.20	153,865,392	153,865,392

NO

X

Indicate whether there are	different classes	of shares with	n different associated ri	ights:

A.2 Give details on the direct and indirect holders of significant interests in your company at yearend, excluding directors:

Name of shareholder	Number of direct voting rights	Number of indirect voting rights	Interest / total voting rights (%)
JUAN LUIS GÓMEZ-TRENOR FOS	0	10,924,443	7.10%
SOCIEDAD ANÓNIMA DAMM	0	15,426,438	10.03%
CORPORACIÓN FINANCIERA ALBA, S.A.	0	15,400,000	10.01%
SOCIEDAD ESTATAL DE PARTICIPACIONES INDUSTRIALES	0	15,940,377	10.36%

Name of indirect holder of the interest	Through: Name of direct holder of the interest	Number of voting rights
JUAN LUIS GÓMEZ-TRENOR FOS	EMPRESAS COMERCIALES E INDUSTRIALES VALENCIANAS, S.L.	10,924,443
SOCIEDAD ANÓNIMA DAMM	CORPORACIÓN ECONÓMICA DAMM, S.A.	15,426,438
CORPORACIÓN FINANCIERA ALBA, S.A.	ALBA PARTICIPACIONES, S.A.	15,400,000
SOCIEDAD ESTATAL DE PARTICIPACIONES INDUSTRIALES	ALIMENTOS Y ACEITES, S.A.	15,940,377

Indicate the principal movements in the shareholding structure during the year:

A.3 Complete the following tables on directors with voting rights in the company:

Name of director	Number of direct voting rights	Number of indirect voting rights	% of total voting rights held
JOSÉ ANTONIO SEGURADO GARCÍA	3,000	2,000	0.00%
EUGENIO RUIZ-GÁLVEZ PRIEGO	153	0	0.00%
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	30	8,000	0.01%
FERNANDO CASTELLÓ CLEMENTE	2,307,828	0	1.50%
JOSÉ NIETO DE LA CIERVA	8,969	2,044	0.01%

Name of director	Number of direct voting rights	Number of indirect voting rights	% of total voting rights held
JOSÉ IGNACIO COMENGE SÁNCHEZ-REAL	3,030	3,289,479	2.14%
INSTITUTO HISPÁNICO DEL ARROZ, S.A.	13,790,336	10,707,282	15.92%
ALIMENTOS Y ACEITES, S.A.	15,940,377	0	10.36%
EMPRESAS COMERCIALES E INDUSTRIALES VALENCIANAS, S.L.U.	10,924,443	0	7.10%
HISPAFOODS INVEST, S.L.	10,707,282	0	6.96%

Name of indirect holder of the interest	Through: Name of direct holder of the interest	Number of direct voting rights
JOSÉ ANTONIO SEGURADO GARCÍA	SEGURADO Y GALOBART, S.L.	2,000
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ GONZÁLEZ	4,000
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	LUIS HERNÁNDEZ GONZÁLEZ	4,000
JOSÉ NIETO DE LA CIERVA	Mª MACARENA AGUIRRE GALATAS	2,044
JOSÉ IGNACIO COMENGE SÁNCHEZ-REAL	LA FUENTE SALADA, S.L.	3,289,479
INSTITUTO HISPÁNICO DEL ARROZ, S.A.	HISPAFOODS INVEST, S.L.	10,707,282

Total % of voting rights held by board members	37.04%
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Complete the following tables on directors with stock options in the company:

A.4 Indicate family, commercial, contractual or corporate relationships among significant shareholders known to the company, if any, except any that are insignificant and those deriving from ordinary commercial business:

Name of related parties
CORPORACIÓN FINANCIERA ALBA, S.A.
ALBA PARTICIPACIONES, S.A.

Type of relationship: Corporate

**Brief description:** 

Corporación Financiera Alba, S.A. holds a direct interest of 100% in Alba Participaciones, S.A.

Name of related parties
SOCIEDAD ANÓNIMA DAMM
CORPORACIÓN ECONÓMICA DAMM, S.A.

Type of relationship: Corporate

**Brief description:** 

Sociedad Anónima Damm holds a direct interest of 99.93% in Corporación Económica Damm, S.A.

Name of related parties
JUAN LUIS GÓMEZ-TRENOR FOS
EMPRESAS COMERCIALES E INDUSTRIALES VALENCIANAS, S.L.

Type of relationship: Corporate

**Brief description:** 

Juan Luis Gómez-Trenor Fos owns 100% of the capital of Empresas Comerciales e Industriales Valencianas, S.A.

Mr Gómez-Trenor Fos is the Sole Director of Empresas Comerciales e Industriales Valencianas, S.A.

	Name of related parties
	SOCIEDAD ESTATAL DE PARTICIPACIONES INDUSTRIALES
	ALIMENTOS Y ACEITES, S.A.
	Type of relationship: Corporate Brief description: Sociedad Estatal de Participaciones Industriales holds a direct interest of 91.9625% in Alimentos y Aceites, S.A.
A.5	Describe the commercial, contractual or corporate relationships between significant shareholders and the company and/or its group, if any, except any that are insignificant and those deriving from ordinary commercial business:
	Name of related parties
	SOCIEDAD ANÓNIMA DAMM
	HERBA RICEMILLS, S.L.U.
A.6	Type of relationship: Corporate Brief description: Herba Ricemills, S.L.U., a subsidiary of the Ebro Foods Group, has sold rice and rice by-products to two subsidiaries of Sociedad Anónima Damm on arm's length terms, as indicated in section D.1 of this report.  State whether the company has been notified of any shareholders' agreements that may affect it pursuant to sections 530 and 531 of the Corporate Enterprises Act. If any, describe them briefly and list the shareholders bound by the agreement:
	YES □ NO 図
	Indicate and describe any concerted actions among company shareholders of which the company is aware:
	YES □ NO ⊠
	Expressly indicate any change or break-up of those agreements or concerted actions, if any, that has taken place during the year.
A.7	Indicate any individuals or entities that exercise or may exercise control over the company in pursuance of section 4 of the Securities Market Act and identify it/them if appropriate:
	YES □ NO ⊠
	<b>O</b> rmanite
	Comments
A.8	Complete the following tables on the company's treasury stock:
	At year-end:

Number of direct shares	Number of indirect shares (*)	Treasury stock/capital (%)
0	0	0.00%

## (\*) Through:

Describe any significant variations during the year, according to the provisions of Royal Decree 1362/2007:

#### **Explain the significant variations**

## A.9. Indicate the term and conditions of the authorisation granted by the General Meeting to the Board to buy or sell own shares

The Annual General Meeting of Shareholders held on second call on 3 June 2015 resolved, under item twelve on the agenda, to authorise the Board of Directors to buy back own shares and reduce the company's capital and to authorise subsidiaries to acquire shares in the parent company, by purchase or on any other payment basis, subject to the limits and other requisites stipulated in law.

#### a. Conditions of the authorisation

To authorise the board of directors, with the power to delegate, to buy back shares in Ebro Foods, S.A., directly or through its subsidiaries, by purchase, swap or under any other title and on one or several occasions, on the terms and conditions established in sections 146 et seq and sections 509 et seq of the Corporate Enterprises Act, and the following conditions::

- The par value of the shares purchased directly or indirectly, together with those already held by the company or its subsidiaries, shall not exceed 10% of the subscribed capital.
- The buyback, when added to the shares previously acquired by the company or any person acting in his own name but on behalf of the company and held in portfolio, shall not have the effect of reducing equity to below the amount of the capital plus the legal or restricted statutory reserves. For this purpose, equity shall be the amount considered such according to the principles for drawing up the annual accounts, less the amount of gains attributed directly thereto, plus the amount of uncalled subscribed capital and the par value and share premium of the subscribed capital recognised in liabilities.
- The shares thus acquired shall be fully paid up.
- The cap and floor values for buy-back shall be the market value of the shares on an official secondary market at the date of buy-back and a value equivalent to the par value of the own equity instruments acquired, respectively.

### b. Contents of the authorisation

- To authorise the Board, by direct resolution or delegation to the Executive Committee, or by delegation to such person or persons as the Board may authorise for this purpose, to buy back own shares to hold them in its treasury stock, dispose of them or, as the case may be, put a motion at the General Meeting for their redemption, within the legal limits and complying with the conditions established in this resolution.

This authorisation is also extended to the possibility of buying back own shares for delivery, on one or several occasions, to the company or group employees, directly or following exercise of their option rights, pursuant to section 146.1(a), third paragraph, of the Corporate Enterprises Act..

It is also extended to acquisitions of shares in Ebro Foods, S.A. by its subsidiaries.

- To authorise the Board to reduce the capital in order to redeem the own equity instruments purchased by the company or other companies in its group against the capital (for their par value) and unrestricted reserves (for the cost of the acquisition in excess of that par value), by such amounts as it may deem fit from time to time and up to the maximum own shares held at any time.
- To delegate to the board to implement the aforesaid resolution to reduce the capital, which it may do on one or several occasions or declare it null and void, within a period not exceeding 5 years from the date of this General Meeting, taking such actions for this purpose as may be necessary or required by law.

The Board is especially authorised so that it may, within the times and limits indicated in this resolution, proceed to: (i) make or declare void the reduction of capital, naming if appropriate the specific date(s) of the transactions, taking account of any internal or external factors that may influence this decision; (ii) specify in each case the amount by which the capital is reduced; (iii) determine the destination of the amount of the reduction of capital; (iv) in each case adjust Articles 6 ("Capital") and 7 ("Shares") of the Articles of Association to reflect each new amount of capital and new number of shares; (v) apply in each case for delisting of the redeemed shares; and (vi) in general adopt such resolutions as may be considered necessary for redemption and the consequent reduction of capital, designating who is to put it on record

#### c. Term of the authorisation

The authorisation contemplated in this resolution is granted for a maximum of five years from the date of the General Meeting (3 June 2015) and covers all transactions in own equity instrument made hereunder, without requiring reiteration for each acquisition made. It also covers any provisions or earmarking of reserves made in accordance with the Corporate Enterprise Act.

The resolutions adopted at the Annual General Meeting of 3 June 2015 regarding treasury stock, reduction of capital and delegation to the Board rendered void in the unused amount those adopted in this regard at the Annual General Meeting held on 15 June 2011. They remain in force, not having been since revoked.

Δ Q hie	Estimate	d fraa fl	nat

					%	
	Estima	ted free float				42.92
.10		the existence	of any cor	nstraint or lim	itation that m	ictions on voting rights nay hamper takeover o
		YES		NO	$\boxtimes$	
.11	Indicate whether the takeover bid, under A		ting has re	solved to ap	ply the breal	kthrough rule against
		YES		NO	$\boxtimes$	
	If so, explain the m ineffective:	easures appro	ved and t	he terms on	which the r	estrictions will becom
.12	State whether the comarket.	ompany has is	sued any	shares that	are not trade	ed on an EU regulate
		YES		NO	X	
	If appropriate, indica for each class.	te the different	classes of	f shares and	the rights an	d obligations conferre

### **B. GENERAL MEETING**

B.1	Indicate v	whether	there	are	any	differences	between	the	quorums	established	for	General
	Meetings	and the i	minimu	ums	stipul	ated in the C	Corporate	Ente	rprises Ac	t and, if any,	exp	lain.

YES	NO	X

B.2	Indicate whether th Enterprises Act for					oulated in th	ne Corporate
		YES		NO	X		
	What differences e	xist in respect of	the system stipul	ated in	the Corpora	te Enterpris	es Act?
B.3	Indicate the rules of the majorities stipus shareholders' rights	lated for altering	the articles of a				
	There are no requireme Enterprises Act.	nts for altering the ar	ticles of association o	ther than	those stipulate	ed in the Corpo	rate
B.4	Give details of att previous year:	endance of gen	eral meetings he	eld durii	ng the year	r of this rep	port and the
			Detai	Is of Atte	ndance		
D	ate General Meeting	% in person	% by proxy		% distance v		Total
		-		Elec	tronic vote	Others	
	04/06/2014 03/06/2015	5.29% 28.25%	65.67% 46.12%		0.00%	0.00% 0.00%	70.96% 74.37%
	shares to attend ge	neral meetings?		NO	×		
B.6	Repealed.						
B.7	Indicate the address corporate governar to shareholders through The Group's policy on control of th	nce and other in ough the compai	formation on gen ny's website.	eral me	etings that	must be ma	nde available
	establishes the corporat the company and its sha	e website (http://www	w.ebrofoods.es/) as the				
	The corporate website is criteria laid down in the			uously an	d permanently	updated accor	ding to the
	In this respect, the home contains all the informat				on for sharehol	ders and inves	tors", which
	Pursuant to current legis http://www.ebrofoods.es meeting/						
	That section includes all specifically at http://www.meeting-of-shareholdersshareholders-and-investine General Meeting of	v.ebrofoods.es/en/int s-exercise-of-the-righ tors/corporate-goveri	formation-for-shareho nt-to-information/ and nance/general-shareh	lders-and- http://www olders-me	-investors/corp v.ebrofoods.es eeting-2015/).	orate-governai /en/informatior	nce/general- n-for-

Regulations of the General Meeting
General Meeting of Shareholders: exercise of the right to information
General Shareholders' Meeting 2016
Board of Directors

- Regulations of the Board
- Annual Corporate Governance Report
- Remuneration of Directors
- Board Committees
- Internal Code of Market Conduct
- Shareholders' Forum

The contents of this chapter are structured and hierarchical, with a concise, explanatory title, to permit rapid, direct access to each section, in accordance with legal recommendations, at less than three clicks from the home page.

All these sections have been designed and prepared according to the principle of accessibility, aiming to enable fast location and download of the required information.

The corporate website offers all the information in this section in Spanish and English, and the information considered most important is also provided in French, Catalan, Euskera and Galician.

## C. MANAGEMENT STRUCTURE OF THE COMPANY

#### C.1 Board of Directors

C.1.1 State the maximum and minimum numbers of directors stipulated in the articles of association:

Maximum number of directors	15
Minimum number of directors	7

## C.1.2 Give details of the board members:

Name of director	Representative	Category of director	Position on Board	Date first appointment	Date latest appointment	Election procedure
JOSÉ ANTONIO SEGURADO GARCÍA		Independent	LEAD INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR	29/05/2012	04/06/2014	RESOLUTION PASSED AT AGM
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE		Proprietary	VICE- CHAIRMAN	01/06/2010	04/06/2014	RESOLUTION PASSED AT AGM
EUGENIO RUIZ- GÁLVEZ PRIEGO		Other Non- Executive	DIRECTOR	25/07/2000	04/06/2014	RESOLUTION PASSED AT AGM
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS		Executive	CHAIRMAN	24/01/2002	04/06/2014	RESOLUTION PASSED AT AGM
FERNANDO CASTELLÓ CLEMENTE		Independent	DIRECTOR	29/05/2012	04/06/2014	RESOLUTION PASSED AT AGM
JOSÉ NIETO DE LA CIERVA		Proprietary	DIRECTOR	29/09/2010	04/06/2014	RESOLUTION PASSED AT AGM
JOSÉ IGNACIO COMENGE SÁNCHEZ- REAL		Independent	DIRECTOR	29/05/2012	04/06/2014	RESOLUTION PASSED AT AGM
RUDOLF-AUGUST OETKER		Proprietary	DIRECTOR	01/06/2010	04/06/2014	RESOLUTION PASSED AT AGM
INSTITUTO HISPÁNICO DEL ARROZ, S.A.	FÉLIX HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	Executive	DIRECTOR	01/06/2010	04/06/2014	RESOLUTION PASSED AT AGM
ALIMENTOS Y ACEITES, S.A.	CONCEPCIÓN ORDÍZ FUERTES	Proprietary	DIRECTOR	23/07/2004	04/06/2014	RESOLUTION PASSED AT AGM
EMPRESAS COMERCIALES E INDUSTRIALES VALENCIANAS, S.L.	JUAN LUIS GÓMEZ-TRENOR FOS		DIRECTOR	18/12/2013	04/06/2014	RESOLUTION PASSED AT AGM
HISPAFOODS INVEST, S.L.	MARÍA BLANCA HERNÁNDEZ RODRÍGUEZ	Proprietary	DIRECTOR	30/01/2013	04/06/2014	RESOLUTION PASSED AT AGM

Total Number of Directors	12	
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Indicate any retirements from the board during the reporting period:

## C.1.3 Complete the following tables on the types of board members:

## **EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS**

Name of Director	Position in company's organisation
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	CHAIRMAN
INSTITUTO HISPÁNICO DEL ARROZ, S.A.	DIRECTOR

Total number of executive directors	2
% of board	16.67%

## NON-EXECUTIVE PROPRIETARY DIRECTORS

Name of Director	Name of significant shareholder represented or that proposed appointment
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	SOCIEDAD ANÓNIMA DAMM
JOSÉ NIETO DE LA CIERVA	CORPORACIÓN FINANCIERA ALBA, S.A.
RUDOLF-AUGUST OETKER	SOCIEDAD ANÓNIMA DAMM
ALIMENTOS Y ACEITES, S.A.	SOCIEDAD ESTATAL DE PARTICIPACIONES INDUSTRIALES
EMPRESAS COMERCIALES E INDUSTRIALES VALENCIANAS, S.L.	JUAN LUIS GÓMEZ-TRENOR FOS
HISPAFOODS INVEST, S.L.	INSTITUTO HISPÁNICO DEL ARROZ, S.A.

Total number of proprietary directors	6
% of board	50.00%

## **NON-EXECUTIVE INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS**

## Name of Director

JOSÉ ANTONIO SEGURADO GARCÍA

#### Profile

Born in Barcelona. Graduate in Law and Economics. Insurance broker and entrepreneur. Chairman of SEFISA, AEF and AEIM. Joint founder of CEIM and CEOE. President of the Liberal Party and MP in the National Government in the III and IV Parliamentary Terms. Member of the Trilateral Commission. Director of Unión y Fénix, Acerinox, J.W.Thompson and Vusa. Currently Chairman of Segurado & Galobart, S.L. and of the Advisory Council of Alkora EBS, Correduría de Seguros, S.A., Honorary Chairman & Founder of CEIM and member of the Management Board of CEOE and on the Advisory Board of Coviran, S.C.A. Grand Cross of the Order of 2 May awarded by the Community of Madrid.

#### Name of Director

FERNANDO CASTELLÓ CLEMENTE

#### Profile

Born in Mollerusa (Lleida). Industrial Engineer and MBA (IESE). Lecturer at the School of Engineers and Architects of Fribourg (Switzerland). Has held several important executive and management positions in companies operating in the dairy sector and has extensive experience in the sector.

Currently Vice-Chairman of Merchpensión, S.A. and on the board of other consultancy and financial services companies.

#### Name of Director

JOSÉ IGNACIO COMENGE SÁNCHEZ-REAL

#### Profile

Born in San Sebastián. Economist and graduate in International Banking. Extensive experience in the financial sector, director and executive positions in several financial institutions and insurance companies, such as Banco Hispano Americano, Mutua Madrileña and Axa Winterthur, among others. Chairman of Rexam Ibérica and Arbitraje Inversiones S.L.

Total number of independent directors	3
% of board	25.00%

State whether any director qualified as independent receives from the company or any other company in the same group any sum or gain other than directors' emoluments, or has or has had a business relationship with the company or any other company in its group during the past year, in his/her own name or as controlling shareholder, director or senior executive of a company which has or has had such a relationship.

None of the independent directors is in any of these circumstances.

If appropriate, include a reasoned statement by the board explaining why it considers that the director in question can perform his/her duties as an independent director.

#### OTHER NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS

Name any other non-executive directors and explain why they cannot be considered proprietary or independent directors and their relationships, with the company or its executives or with the shareholders:

## Name of Director

EUGENIO RUIZ-GÁLVEZ PRIEGO

Company, executive or shareholder with which he has a relationship: EBRO FOODS, S.A.

#### Reasons:

Eugenio Ruiz-Gálvez Priego is not a proprietary director because he does not hold a significant interest in the company or represent a significant shareholder; nor can he be considered an independent director since he has been a director of Ebro Foods, S.A. for more than 12 years in succession.

Total number of other non-executive directors	1
% of board	8.33%

Indicate any variations during the year in the type of each director:

## C.1.4 Complete the following table with details of the number of female directors over the past 4 years and the type of female directors:

	Number of female directors			Female directors / total directors of each type (%)				
	2015	2014	2013	2012	2015 2014 2013 2012			
Executive	0	0	0	0	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Proprietary	2	2	2	1	28.57% 28.57% 28.57%		16.67%	
Independent	0	0	1	1	0.00%	0.00%	25.00%	25.00%

Other non-executive	0	0	0	0	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Total	2	2	3	2	16.67%	16.67%	23.08%	16.67%

C.1.5 Explain any measures taken to endeavour to include in the board a number of women to give a balanced composition of men and women directors.

#### **Explanation of measures**

No specific measures of this nature have been adopted, the principal criterion applied when selecting candidates to the board being that the selection process should avoid any kind of implicit bias that could involve discrimination on any grounds against any of the candidates.

This notwithstanding, with regard to the balanced presence of women on the board, the Policy for Selecting Candidates to be Directors (approved by the Board of Directors) upholds the following principles: (i) a diversity of expertise, experience and gender on the Board shall be sought; and (ii) in equal conditions, the candidate whose gender is least represented on the board at that time shall be chosen.

In addition, the aforesaid Policy for Selecting Candidates to be Directors expressly contemplated the target that by 2020 the gender least represented on the Board shall account for at least thirty per cent of all the Board members.

C.1.6 Explain any measures agreed by the nomination committee to ensure that the selection procedures are not implicitly biased against the selection of female directors and that a conscious effort is made to include women with the target profile among the candidates:

#### **Explanation of measures**

There are no specific measures, other than the principles and target indicated in point C.1.5 above.

If, despite the measures taken, if any, there are few or no female directors, explain the reasons that justify this situation:

#### **Explanation of reasons**

The number of female directors was reduced to two following the resignation of one independent director as of 1 December 2014.

That vacancy was not filled, but if and when it is filled, the principles included in the Policy for Selecting Candidates to be Directors, particularly those regarding the balance of genders on the board, will be taken into account.

C.1.6 bis Explain the conclusions of the nomination committee on checking compliance with the policy for selecting directors and, in particular, on how that policy is promoting the target that by the year 2020 the number of female directors should represent at least 30% of all the board members.

## **Explanation of conclusions**

No directors were nominated or re-elected during 2015, so there was no need to apply any of the criteria for selecting candidates contemplated in the Policy for Selecting Directors established in the company. Therefore, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee was not called on to check compliance with that policy during the reporting period.

- C.1.7 Explain the form of representation on the board of shareholders with significant interests.
  - The directors nominated by Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A. and appointed by the general meeting are Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A., Hispafoods Invest, S.L. (also a significant shareholder of the company) and Antonio Hernández Callejas.
  - The director nominated by Sociedad Estatal de Participaciones Industriales and appointed by the general meeting is Alimentos y Aceites, S.A.
  - The directors nominated by Sociedad Anónima Damm and appointed by the general meeting are Demetrio Carceller Arce and Dr Rudolf-August Oetker.

- The director nominated by Corporación Financiera Alba, S.A. and appointed by the general meeting is José Nieto de la Cierva.
- The director nominated by Juan Luis Gómez-Trenor Fos and appointed by the general meeting is Empresas Comerciales e Industriales Valencianas, S.L.
- C.1.8 Explain, if appropriate, why proprietary directors have been appointed at the request of shareholders holding less than 3% of the capital:

State whether any formal requests for presence on the board have been rejected from shareholders holding interests equal to or greater than others at whose request proprietary directors have been appointed. If appropriate, explain why such requests were not met:

YES	NO	X

- C.1.9 State whether any director has retired before the end of his/her term of office, whether said director explained the reasons for such decision to the Board and through what means, and if the explanations were sent in writing to the entire Board, explain below at least the reasons given by the director:
- C.1.10 Indicate the powers delegated to the Managing Director(s), if any:
- C.1.11 Name Board members, if any, who are also directors or executives of other companies in the same group as the listed company:

Name of director	Name of Group company	Position	Has executive duties?
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	VOGAN, LTD	DIRECTOR	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	JOSEPH HEAP PROPERTY, LTD	DIRECTOR	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	JOSEPH HEAP&SONS, LTD	DIRECTOR	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	A W MELLISH, LTD	DIRECTOR	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	ANGLO AUSTRALIAN RICE LIMITED	DIRECTOR	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	SOS CUETARA USA, INC	CHAIRMAN	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	NEW WORLD PASTA COMPANY	CHAIRMAN	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	EBRO AMERICA, INC.	CHAIRMAN	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	HEAP COMET, LTD	DIRECTOR	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	RIVIANA FOODS, INC.	CHAIRMAN	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	AMERICAN RICE, INC.	CHAIRMAN	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	PASTIFICIO LUCIO GAROFALO, S.P.A.	DIRECTOR	YES

Name of director	Name of Group company	Position	Has executive duties?
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	N&C BOOST, N.V.	DIRECTOR	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	BOOST NUTRITION, C.V.	DIRECTOR	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	BOSTO PANZANI BENILUX, N.V.	DIRECTOR	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	BLUE RIBBON MILLS, INC.	CHAIRMAN	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	EBRO FOODS, GMBH	JOINT & SEVERAL DIRECTOR	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	T.A.G. NAHRUNGSMITTEL, GMBH	JOINT & SEVERAL DIRECTOR	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	BERTOLINI IMPORT UND EXPORT, GMBH	JOINT & SEVERAL DIRECTOR	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	HERBA GERMANY, GMBH	JOINT & SEVERAL DIRECTOR	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	PANZANI, S.A.S.	DIRECTOR	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	S&B HERBA FOODS, LTD	DIRECTOR	YES
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	ARROZEIRAS MUNDIARROZ. S.A.	CHAIRMAN	YES

C.1.12 Name the company directors, if any, who are on the Boards of non-group companies listed on Spanish stock exchanges, insofar as the company has been notified:

Name of Director	Listed Company	Position
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	GAS NATURAL SDG, S.A.	DIRECTOR
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	SACYR, S.A.	VICE-CHAIRMAN 1
EUGENIO RUIZ-GÁLVEZ PRIEGO	PROSEGUR, COMPAÑÍA DE SEGURIDAD, S.A.	DIRECTOR
JOSÉ NIETO DE LA CIERVA	CORPORACIÓN FINANCIERA ALBA, S.A.	DIRECTOR
JOSÉ NIETO DE LA CIERVA	BANCA MARCH, S.A.	MANAGING DIRECTOR

C.1.13	,			olain whether th fors may hold:	e compa	ny has esta	blished rules on
		YES	X	NO			

## **Explanation of the rules**

Article 32.2 of the Regulations of the Board establishes, in the "General Duties of Directors" that Directors shall dedicate to the company such attention and time as may be necessary to guarantee the effective and adequate fulfilment of each and all of the duties corresponding to their position. Consequently, the maximum number of other directorships they may hold will be such as to ensure that they are able at all times to meet each and all of their obligations to the company.

## C.1.14 Repealed.

#### C.1.15 Indicate the overall remuneration of the board:

Remuneration of the board (thousand euros)	4,907
Amount of the overall remuneration corresponding to the vested rights of current directors in pension schemes (thousand euros)	0
Amount of the overall remuneration corresponding to the vested rights of former directors in pension schemes (thousand euros)	4,907

C.1.16 Name the members of top management who are not executive directors and indicate the aggregate remuneration accrued in their favour during the year:

Name	Position
ANA MARÍA ANTEQUERA PARDO	MANAGER COMMUNICATIONS
LUIS PEÑA PAZOS	SECRETARY
LEONARDO ÁLVAREZ ARIAS	MANAGER I.T.
PABLO ALBENDEA SOLÍS	CHIEF OPERATING OFFICER
ALFONSO FUERTES BARRÓ	FINANCE MANAGER
GABRIEL SOLÍS PABLOS	TAX MANAGER
YOLANDA DE LA MORENA CEREZO	VICE-SECRETARY
JESÚS DE ZABALA BAZÁN	MANAGER INTERNAL AUDIT
MANUEL GONZÁLEZ DE LUNA	MANAGER INVESTOR RELATIONS AND FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS
GLORIA RODRÍGUEZ PATA	CORPORATE ASSETS MANAGER

Total remuneration top management (thousand euro)	2,061
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C.1.17 Name any board members who are also on the boards of companies holding significant interests in the listed company and/or in companies of its group:

Name of director	Name of significant shareholder	Position
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	SOCIEDAD ANÓNIMA DAMM	CHAIRMAN
RUDOLF-AUGUST OETKER	SOCIEDAD ANÓNIMA DAMM	DIRECTOR
JOSÉ NIETO DE LA CIERVA	BANCA MARCH, S.A.	MANAGING DIRECTOR
JOSÉ NIETO DE LA CIERVA	BANCA INVERSIS, S.A.	CHAIRMAN
JOSÉ NIETO DE LA CIERVA	CORPORACIÓN FINANCIERA ALBA, S.A.	DIRECTOR

Describe the significant relationships of the board members with the controlling shareholders and/or companies in their group, other than as mentioned above:

#### Name of director

DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE

Name of significant shareholder SOCIEDAD ANÓNIMA DAMM

**Description of relationship** 

Demetrio Carceller Arce has an indirect holding of 0.687% in Sociedad Anónima Damm

#### Name of director

ALIMENTOS Y ACEITES, S.A.

Name of significant shareholder

SOCIEDAD ESTATAL DE PARTICIPACIONES INDUSTRIALES

**Description of relationship** 

Sociedad Estatal de Participaciones Industriales has a direct holding of 91.9625% in Alimentos y Aceites, S.A. and its company secretary and secretary of the board, Concepción Ordiz Fuertes, represents Alimentos y Aceites, S.A. on the board of Ebro Foods, S.A.

#### Name of director

EMPRESAS COMERCIALES E INDUSTRIALES VALENCIANAS, S.L.

Name of significant shareholder JUAN LUIS GÓMEZ-TRENOR FOS

**Description of relationship** 

Juan Luis Gómez-Trenor Fos wholly owns Empresas Comerciales e Industriales Valencianas, S.L. and is Sole Director of the company.

C.1.18 State whether any modifications have been made during the year to the Regulations of the Board:

Description of modifications	_
YES ⊠ NO □	

On 29 April 2015 the Board approved modifications to the Regulations of the Board, mainly to adapt them to the amendments to the Corporate Enterprises Act made by Act 31/2014 of 3 December and adapt the contents to the new good governance recommendations and the new Articles of Association and Regulations of the General Meeting made in the wake of the aforesaid change in the law and laid before the General Meeting for approval on 3 June 2015.

The modifications made to the Regulations of the Board affected practically all the articles (either by altering the contents in some aspect or by moving them within the new structure of the Regulations). Those modifications are summed up below:

- The programmatic content or principles have been reduced considerably and now the Regulations contain more specific rules on the composition, positions, procedure and powers of the Board and its committees, the status of director and relations between the board and shareholders, market, auditors and senior executives.
- Those aspects of the new legislation that the Board considered should be reflected in the Regulations have been included, while avoiding the inclusion of imperative legal provisions (applicable regardless of whether or not they are reflected in regulations), so that the Regulations will be an operational, practical document.
- As a rule, they maintain the set-up and powers of the different bodies, positions and committees previously contemplated in the Regulations, completing them (as far as possible with referrals to current legislation) with the new legal provisions.
- In Chapter I, containing the general provisions, the changes were essentially to wording.
- In Chapter II, on the composition of the Board, the qualitative criteria of the composition were developed, mainly in accordance with the relevant good governance recommendations.
- In Chapter III, on duties and powers of the Board, it was indicated that they were included, and should be construed, within the framework of the imperative legal regulation on the powers of this body. In the same sense, a specific article was included on the possibility of delegating those duties which, by law, cannot be delegated, although in emergencies the delegated bodies may adopt decisions on business within the competence of the Board, in which case they must subsequently be ratified by the Board.
- In Chapter IV, on the structure of the Board, the provisions on the Chairman, Vice-Chairman, Managing Director and Secretary were adapted to the current legal provisions. Regulation of the Lead Independent Director was also included, essentially in the same terms as those set out in the Corporate Enterprises Act as amended by Act 31/2014.
- In Chapter V, on the procedures of the Board, minimum changes were made in the wake of the new legal provisions: reference to the periodical assessment of the Board, calling of Board meetings at the request of the Lead Independent Director and the limitations on representation on the Board.
- In Chapter VI, on Committees, the previous text of the Regulations was largely maintained, with any changes considered necessary in respect of the new legal provisions. It was opted to maintain the lists of

powers attributed to the Committees, although they must fit in with those of the different corporate bodies according to the current legislation.

- Chapter VII, on the status of Directors, suffered the greatest changes, mainly due to the major amendments to the Corporate Enterprises Act made by Act 31/2014 regarding directors' duties. The company has endeavoured to include in the Regulations the main aspects of those amendments (which are mandatory). The article on directors' remuneration was also altered, adjusting it to the new text of the Articles of Association on the matter (laid before the AGM on 3 June 2015 and approved), which was in turn adapted to the new legal provision (distinguishing between the remuneration of the directors as such and the remuneration of directors for executive duties performed).
- In Chapter VIII, on relationships between the board and shareholders, markets, auditors and senior management, the previously existing regulations were largely maintained, with certain changes in wording, mainly to adjust the regulations to the amended Act.
- The Final Provisions were eliminated, although they must nevertheless be observed. However, it was considered unnecessary to include them in the Regulations.
- C.1.19 Describe the procedures for selection, appointment, re-election, assessment and removal of directors. Indicate the competent bodies, the formalities and the criteria to be followed in each of these procedures.

The procedures for selection, appointment, re-election, assessment and removal of the directors are regulated in the Articles of Association and the Regulations of the Board.

There is also now a Policy for Selecting Candidates to be Directors of Ebro Foods, S.A., which specifically and verifiably establishes the basic criteria and principles to be followed in the selection of candidates. The Policy is applicable in the appointment, ratification and re-election of directors by the General Meeting and any appointments made by the Board by cooptation in the event of a vacancy pre-term. In directors who are legal persons, the principles and criteria of the Policy must be observed in respect of the individuals representing them on the board.

The General Meeting is responsible for deciding on the number of directors the company is to have, within the minimum (7) and maximum (15) established in the Articles of Association, and for appointing or re-electing directors as proposed by the Board, subject to a favourable report by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

The Board may also appoint directors by cooptation, subject to a report by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

In any case, the initiative of the Board regarding the incorporation of members by no means detracts from the sovereign power of the General Meeting to appoint and remove directors, or from any potential exercise by shareholders of their right to proportional representation.

The persons nominated by the Board for appointment or re-appointment as directors must be persons of recognised repute, with adequate experience and expertise to be able to perform their duties.

As regards the role of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee in the appointment of directors, see the duties of this Committee in Explanatory Note Seven of section H herein.

Directors are appointed for a term of four years, after which they are eligible for re-election on one or several occasions for terms of an equal duration. This term of four years is counted from the date of the General Meeting at which they are appointed, or ratified when previously appointed by cooptation by the Board.

If vacancies arise during the term for which they were appointed, the Board may appoint shareholders to fill those vacancies up to the next general meeting. Directors' appointments shall end at the first general meeting held after expiry of their term or lapse of the time stipulated in law for holding the general meeting that is to approve the accounts of the previous year.

The appointment and re-election procedure shall be preceded by the corresponding reports from the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and the Board, on the terms stipulated in law.

The Board regularly rates the Board, Chairman and Committees on their efficiency and fulfilment of their obligations, requesting the corresponding reports from its Committees and, if considered necessary, proposing any modifications that may be appropriate to improve their performance.

Directors retire upon expiry of the term for which they were appointed and in all other events stipulated in law, the Articles of Association or the Regulations of the Board. They must tender their resignations to the Board and step down in the events established in Article 24 of the Regulations of the Board.

C.1.20 Explain to what extent the annual assessment of the board has given rise to major changes in its internal organisation and the procedures applicable to its activities.

#### **Description of modifications**

It has not given rise to any change.

C.1.20.bis Describe the process of assessment and the areas assessed by the board, assisted where necessary by an external consultant, on diversity in its composition and powers, the procedure and composition of its committees, the performance by the chairman of the board and CEO of the company and the performance and contribution of each director.

#### A) Process of self-assessment:

A self-assessment process is carried out every year on the Board, its Committees and the executive chairman of the company. That process is based on (i) a report prepared by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee for presentation to the Board, (ii) the activity reports of the Audit and Compliance Committee and the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, and (iii) the resolutions adopted by the Board of Directors in view of the foregoing.

#### B) Methods used:

The Board members complete a questionnaire rating certain aspects regarding the quality and efficiency of the Board procedures, the actions performed by the chairman of the board, who is at the same time the chief executive of the company, and the procedure of the Executive Committee and other Board Committees. They can also make other comments, should they deem fit, on the functioning of the Board, its Committees and the Executive Chairman.

#### C) Areas assessed:

- Composition of the Board and actions by the Directors: assessment on the quantitative and qualitative composition of the Board and their perception of the performance by other directors of their duties.
- Procedure of the Board: assessment of the functioning of the Board, frequency of meetings, procedure for calling meetings, transaction of business within the Board and powers of the Board.
- Chairman of the Board: assessment on the dedication and actions by the Chairman, both as such and in his capacity as chief executive of the company.
- Committees of the Board: assessment of the directors' perception, from the Board, of the role of the Board Committees and perception of the members of the Board Committees on their functioning.
- C.1.20.ter Describe, where appropriate, any business relations between the consultant or any company in its group with the company or any other company in its group.

No assistance was received from external consultants in the assessment of the Board, its Committees and its Chairman in 2015.

C.1.21 State the events in which directors are obliged to step down.

The retirement and resignation of directors are regulated in Article 31 of the Regulations of the Board:

- Directors must step down at the end of the term for which they were appointed and in all other events stipulated in law, the Articles of Association and the Regulations of the Board.
- Directors must also tender their resignations and step down in the following cases:
- a) When they are affected by one of the causes of incompatibility or disqualification established in law, the articles of association or the regulations.
- b) When they step down from the executive post to which their appointment as director was linked, when the shareholder they represent on the Board disposes of its shares in the company or reduces its interest to an extent requiring a reduction in the number of proprietary directors and, in general, whenever the reasons for their appointment disappear.
- c) When the Board, following a report by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, considers that the Director has seriously defaulted his obligations or for reasons of corporate interest.

C.1.22	Repealed.				
C.1.23	Are special major decision?	ities diffe	ering from those	stipulat	ed in law required for any type of
		YES		NO	$\boxtimes$
	If yes, describe the	differen	ces:		
C.1.24	Are there any spe appointed Chairma		uirements, other	than th	ose established for directors, to be
		YES		NO	X
C.1.25	Does the Chairman	n have a	casting vote?		
		YES	X	NO	
		<u> </u>	Matters on which th	ere is a ca	asting vote
	All.				
	Article 22.11 of the R chairman, shall have			ites that in	the event of a tie, the chairman, or acting
C.1.26	Do the Articles of directors?	Associa	tion or Regulation	ons of th	ne Board establish an age limit for
		YES		NO	X
C.1.27	Do the Articles of office for independ				e Board establish a limited term of ted in law?
		YES		NO	$\boxtimes$
C.1.28	delegation of votes the maximum nul limitation has bee	s at boar mber of en establ	d meetings, how delegations that ished regarding	they are at a dire the ca	Board establish specific rules for the e to be delegated and, in particular, ector may hold, and whether any tegories to which proxies may be include a brief description.
	Both the Articles of Ass possibility of directors a				of the Board (Article 20) contemplate the uthorised proxy.
	The proxy must be made	de in advan	ce, in writing, especi	ally for ead	ch board meeting.
	The represented director	or may issu	e specific voting inst	ructions fo	r any or all of the items on the agenda.
	Non-executive directors	may only	grant proxies to othe	r non-exec	cutive directors.
	No limit is established of to which proxies may be				may hold, or any limitation on the categories
C.1.29		many tir	mes the Board h	as met v	Directors during the year, indicating, without the Chairman. Proxies made aces:

Number of board meetings	12
Number of board meetings held without the chairman	0

If the chairman is an executive director, indicate the number of meetings held without the attendance or representation of any executive director and chaired by the lead independent director.

Number of meetings	0
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Indicate the number of meetings held by the different Committees of the Board:

Committee	No. meetings
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE	8
AUDIT AND COMPLIANCE COMMITTEE	10
NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE	9
STRATEGY AND INVESTMENT COMMITTEE	2

C.1.30 State the number of meetings held by the Board during the period attended by all its members. Proxies made with specific instructions will be considered attendances:

Attendance of directors	10
% attendance over total votes during the year	98.61%

C.1.31 Are the separate and consolidated annual accounts submitted to the Board for approval previously certified?

YES □ NO ⊠

If yes, name the person(s) who certify the separate or consolidated annual accounts of the company before they are approved by the Board:

C.1.32 Explain the mechanisms, if any, established by the Board to avoid a qualified auditors' report on the separate and consolidated accounts laid before the General Meeting.

Relations with the auditors are expressly regulated in Article 43 of the Regulations of the Board.

The Board shall establish an objective, professional and continuous relationship with the external auditors of the company appointed by the general meeting, guaranteeing their independence and providing them with all the information they may require to perform their duties. This relationship and the relationship with the Internal Audit Manager shall be channelled through the Audit and Compliance Committee. Furthermore, the Board shall endeavour to draw up the Annual Accounts in such a way as to avoid a qualified Auditors' report.

Within the specific duties attributed to the board in certain areas, Article 9 of the Regulations establishes that the Board shall see that the separate and consolidated Annual Accounts and Directors' Reports give a true and fair view of the equity, financial position and results of the company, as stipulated in law, and each and all of the Directors shall have all the necessary information before signing the Annual Accounts.

Article 24.4 of the Regulations of the Board gives the Audit and Compliance Committee certain powers to ensure that the Annual Accounts are filed without a qualified auditors' report (see section C.2.4 of this Report).

Finally, there is a Risks Control and Management Policy established in the Group laying down the basic principles and the general framework for control and management of the business risks, including tax risks, and internal control of financial reporting to which the Company and other companies in its group are exposed.

As regards the control of financial reporting, the Group has procedures in place for checking and authorising financial reporting and a description of the financial reporting internal control system (FRICS), responsibility for which lies with the Economic and Finance Department, the Risks Committee, the economic and finance

departments of the different business units, the Audit and Compliance Committee and the Board. Financial information is checked and authorised up by the Economic and Finance Department of the Group on the basis of the information confirmed in the different business units. The information to be remitted to the market is supervised by the Audit and Compliance Committee and approved by the Board.

C.1.33 Is the Secretary of	the Board a Director?
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YES □ NO ⊠

If the secretary is not a director, complete the following table:

Name of Secretary	Representative
LUIS PEÑA PAZOS	

## C.1.34 Repealed.

C.1.35. Describe any mechanisms established by the company to preserve the independence of the auditor, financial analysts, investment banks and rating agencies.

A. With regard to the external auditors:

Both the Articles of Association and the Regulations of the Board vest in the Audit and Compliance Committee the power, among others, to contact the auditors and receive information on any issues that may jeopardise their independence, for examination by the Audit Committee, as well as any other issues relating to the auditing of accounts. The Committee shall also receive information from and exchange communications with the auditors in accordance with prevailing auditing standards and legislation, notwithstanding the ultimate responsibility of the Board, which, pursuant to Article 8.1.3.(a) of the Regulations of the Board is responsible for ensuring the independence and professional suitability of the External Auditor.

Article 43 of the Regulations of the Board addresses relations with the auditors, obliging the Board to establish an objective, professional, continuous relationship with the External Auditors of the Company appointed by the General Meeting, guaranteeing their independence and putting at their disposal all the information they may require to perform their duties. It further establishes that the aforesaid relationship with the External Auditors of the Company and the relationship with the Internal Audit Manager shall be conducted through the Audit and Compliance Committee.

Finally, Article 24.4 of the Regulations of the Board establish the following powers of the Audit and Compliance Committee in this respect:

- Supervise and promote the policies, procedures and systems used for drawing up and controlling the company's financial information, checking the services performed in this regard by the Internal Audit Department, the Financial Department and the Management Committee and making sure they are correctly distributed throughout the Group.
- Receive the information sent regularly to the Stock Exchange Councils, issue prospectuses and any public financial information offered by the Company and, in general, all information prepared for distribution among shareholders, ensuring the existence of internal control systems that guarantee the transparency and truth of the information.
- Ensure that (i) the systems used for preparing the separate and consolidated Annual Accounts and Directors' Report submitted to the Board to be authorised for issue in accordance with current legislation give a true and fair view of the equity, financial position and results of the Company and make sure that any interim financial statements are drawn up according to the same accounting principles as the annual accounts, considering the possibility of asking the external auditors to make a limited audit if necessary; and (ii) the Board of Directors endeavours to submit the annual accounts to the General Meeting with an unqualified auditors' report.

In this respect, it shall also see that the internal control systems are adequate and effective in respect of the accounting practices and principles used for drawing up the company's annual accounts, supervising the policies and procedures established to ensure due compliance with applicable legal provisions and internal regulations. The Committee shall, through its Chairman, obtain information and collaboration from both the Internal Audit Manager and the external auditors to perform these duties.

- Establish regular contact with the external auditors to receive information on any issues that may jeopardise their independence, and any other issues relating to the auditing of accounts, receiving information from and exchanging communications with the external auditors in accordance with prevailing auditing standards and legislation.

- Be informed of the decisions adopted by the senior management according to recommendations made by the external auditors in connection with the audit.
- Ensure the independence of the external auditors and the existence of a discussion procedure enabling the external auditors, the Internal Audit Department and any other expert to inform the company of any significant weaknesses in its internal control detected while checking the annual accounts or any other processes in which they have worked. The Committee shall issue an annual report, prior to issuance of the auditor's report, expressing an opinion on the independence of the external auditors and any supplementary services they may have provided.
- B. With regard to relations with analysts, investment banks and rating agencies:

The company has a Policy on Communication and Relations with Shareholders, Institutional Investors and Proxy Advisors approved by the Board, and a shareholder and investor relations department, through which communications and information for investors in general are channelled.

Article 42 of the Regulations of the Board regulates the company's relations with shareholders and the markets in general, providing that the Board shall take such measures as may be necessary to enable participation by shareholders in general meetings and organise meetings to inform the shareholders and investors (particularly institutional investors) on the progress of the company and, where appropriate, its subsidiaries.

The Policy on Communication and Relations with Shareholders, Institutional Investors and Proxy Advisors contemplates the following general principles applicable in this matter:

- Communication and relations with shareholders, institutional investors and proxy advisors shall be conducted in accordance with the principles of transparency, truth and permanent, adequate, timely reporting.
- The principle of non-discrimination and equal treatment is recognised for all shareholders who are in the same conditions and not affected by conflicts of interest or competence.
- The rights and legitimate interests of all shareholders shall be protected.
- Continuous, permanent communication with shareholders and investors shall be encouraged.
- Reporting and communication channels shall be established with shareholders and investors to ensure compliance with these principles.

The company's Audit and Compliance Committee is responsible for overseeing compliance with the rules and principles set out in the Policy on Communication and Relations with Shareholders, Institutional Investors and Proxy Advisors. Accordingly, the manager of the investor relations and communication department has reported to the Audit Committee on the work done in this respect.

					Company	Group	Total
	YES	X	NO	)			
C.1.37	State whether the firm of than standard audit work work and the percentage its group:	and if it repre	so, declare the sents of the tota	amo al fee	ount of the	fees recei	ved for such
	Explain any disagreemen		0 0				
	YES		NO	)	X		
C.1.36	Indicate whether the exterior incoming and outgoing au		iditors have char	nged	d during th	e year. If s	so, name the

C.1.38 Indicate whether the auditors' report on the annual accounts of the previous year was qualified. If so, state the reasons given by the Chairman of the Audit Committee to explain the content and scope of the qualifications.

Cost of work other than auditing (thousand euro)

by the auditors (%)

Cost of work other than auditing / Total amount invoiced

219

14.30%

320

18.10%

101

42.80%

		YES		NO	X		
C.1.39	State the number auditing the annual number of years a annual accounts he	al accounts	s of the compan the current aud	y and/or	its grou	up. Indicate the	e ratio of the
						Company	Group
	Number of years in	succession				2	2
	Number of years aud the company has be			ber of yea	ars that	8.10%	8.10%
C.1.40	Indicate, giving de directors to receive			ier a pr	ocedure	has been es	tablished for
		YES	$\boxtimes$	NO			
			Details of p	rocedure			
	The directors' right to which provides that:	counselling a	and information is re	gulated in	Article 40	of the Regulations	of the Board,
	<ul> <li>Any Director may, in within the framework Company's expense, as they may consider counselling is justified</li> </ul>	of any of the such legal ac necessary, i	Committees of the B dvisers, accountants n order to assist ther	oard, requ technical n in the pe	uest the Ch , financial erformance	nairman to contract or commercial exp e of their duties, pr	et, at the perts or others povided such
	<ul> <li>Considering the circ a communication sen- contract the expert in</li> </ul>	t through the					
	- The Chairman may a is considered unnece considered out of propassistance requested	ssary for disc portion with t	charging the duties on the importance of the	ommissior matter, or	ned, (ii) the r (iii) the B	e amount of financ oard considers tha	e required is
C.1.41	Indicate, with detadirectors to obtain meetings of the go	sufficiently	y in advance any				
		YES	X	NO			
			Details of p	rocedure			
	Article 40 of the Regu providing that:	lations of the	Board establishes t	ne directo	rs' right to	counselling and ir	formation,
	<ul> <li>Directors shall, when information on any ma other elements as the</li> </ul>	atter whatsoe	ever, obtaining such	documents	s, records,	background inform	mation or
	- All requests for infor who shall supply the i general, establish the	nformation d	irectly or indicate wh	o is to be	contacted	within the Compar	
C.1.42	Indicate, with deta obliging Directors detrimental to the	to report	and, if necessa	ary, retir	e in an		

	YES	X	NO		
		Explain t	he rules		
	t him for any	offences contempl			or an order is passed to nd regulations, he shall
The Board shall study to whether or not that Dire in the Annual Corporate	ector should	remain in office, re			
					have been sued or 3 of the Corporate
	YES	X	NO		
Name of Director DEMETRIO CARCE	ELLER AF	RCE			
Criminal Case Tax offence					
Comments: The director info	rmed the bo	eard of the criminal a	action brou	ght against him.	
	director	should remain	in offic	e or, if appro	decision made as to ppriate, describe the plans to take.
	YES	$\boxtimes$	NO		
Decision adopted/	action ta	ken:			
		the information rece take any initiative in			olved, with his abstention,
Reasoned expla	anation:				
The Board consi company and do		oceedings brought a	against the	director have not	ning to do with the
	or termina	ated in the ever			any which enter into company following a
type of contract. By vir agreement in the event	rtue of thos of a takeove	se provisions, the ler of the company.	ender resolution	erves the right to ere is no uniform	on the usual terms for this terminate the financing definition of "takeover" for the company's controlling
and its directors, ex	cecutives ation or u	or employees c unfair dismissal	ontempla or term	ating golden h	etween the company andshake clauses in ployment following a

C.1.43

C.1.44

C.1.45

Number of beneficiaries: 2

Type of beneficiary:

Executives

26

#### Description of the agreement:

Golden handshake clauses are established for two non-director executives in the event of dismissal or takeover in excess of the amount that would be payable pursuant to the labour laws currently in place.

State whether these contracts have to be notified to and/or approved by the governing bodies of the company/group companies:

	Board of Directors	General Meeting
Body authorising the clauses	Yes	No

	Yes	No
Is the General Meeting informed on the clauses?	Х	

## C.2 Committees of the Board

C.2.1 Give details of the different committees, their members and the proportion of proprietary and independent directors in each committee:

#### **EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE**

Name	Position	Туре
JOSÉ ANTONIO SEGURADO GARCÍA	MEMBER	Independent
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	VICE CHAIRMAN	Proprietary
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	CHAIRMAN	Executive
JOSÉ NIETO DE LA CIERVA	MEMBER	Proprietary

% executive directors	25.00%
% proprietary directors	50.00%
% independent directors	25.00%
% other non-executive directors	0.00%

Explain the duties attributed to this committee, describe the procedures and rules of organisation and procedure and summarise its most important actions during the year.

The Executive Committee shall have no fewer than three nor more than seven members, including the Chairman and Vice-Chairman of the Board, who will form part of this Committee.

The Executive Committee shall be presided by the Chairman of the Board.

The Executive Committee shall generally hold one meeting a month. Its meetings may be attended by such members of the management, employees and advisers of the company as the Committee may deem fit. The powers of the Executive Committee and its actions during 2015 are set out in Explanatory Note Seven in section H of this report.

State whether the composition of this committee reflects the participation in the Board of the different categories of director:

YES	$\overline{\mathbf{X}}$	NO	

## **AUDIT AND COMPLIANCE COMMITTEE**

Name	Position	Туре
EUGENIO RUIZ-GÁLVEZ PRIEGO	MEMBER	Other non-executive
FERNANDO CASTELLÓ CLEMENTE	MEMBER	Independent
JOSÉ IGNACIO COMENGE SÁNCHEZ-REAL	CHAIRMAN	Independent
HISPAFOODS INVEST, S.L.	MEMBER	Proprietary

% proprietary directors	25.00%
% independent directors	50.00%
% other non-executive directors	25.00%

Explain the duties attributed to this committee, describe the procedures and rules of organisation and procedure and summarise its most important actions during the year.

This Committee has a minimum of three directors and a maximum of five.

All the members of this committee must be non-executive directors and at least two of them must be independent directors. One of the members must be appointed on account of his expertise and experience in accounting, auditing or both.

The Board shall appoint one of the independent directors on the Audit and Compliance Committee to chair that committee, subject to a report by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. The Committee Chairman shall be replaced every four years and will become eligible for re-election one year after his retirement as such.

Meetings are held when called by its Chairman, or at the request of two of its members and at least once every three months. It shall also meet whenever so required by law or when the Board requests the issuance of reports, submission of proposals or adoption of resolutions within the scope of its duties.

The powers of the Audit and Compliance Committee and its actions during 2015 are set out in Explanatory Note Seven in section H of this report.

Name the member of the audit committee who has been appointed on account of his expertise and experience in accounting, auditing or both and indicate the number of years that the chairman of this committee has held this position:

Name of director with experience	JOSÉ IGNACIO COMENGE SÁNCHEZ-REAL	
No. years that the chairman has been in office		1

## **NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE**

Name	Position	Туре
JOSÉ ANTONIO SEGURADO GARCÍA	MEMBER	Independent
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	MEMBER	Proprietary
FERNANDO CASTELLÓ CLEMENTE	CHAIRMAN	Independent
HISPAFOODS INVEST, S.L.	MEMBER	Proprietary

% proprietary directors	50.00%
% independent directors	50.00%
% other non-executive directors	0.00%

Explain the duties attributed to this committee, describe the procedures and rules of organisation and procedure and summarise its most important actions during the year.

This Committee has a minimum of three and a maximum of five non-executive directors, at least two of which must be independent directors. The members are appointed by the Board in accordance with the provisions of law, the Articles of Association and the Regulations of the Board.

The Board shall appoint one of the independent directors who are members of the committee to chair it, subject to a report by that Committee.

Meetings are held when called by its Chairman, or at the request of two of its members and at least once every three months. It shall also meet whenever so required by law or when the Board requests the issuance of reports, submission of proposals or adoption of resolutions within the scope of its duties.

The powers of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and its actions during 2015 are set out in Explanatory Note Seven in section H of this report.

## STRATEGY AND INVESTMENT COMMITTEE

Name	Position	Туре
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	CHAIRMAN	Proprietary
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	MEMBER	Executive
JOSÉ NIETO DE LA CIERVA	MEMBER	Proprietary
INSTITUTO HISPÁNICO DEL ARROZ, S.A.	MEMBER	Executive

% executive directors	50.00%
% proprietary directors	50.00%
% independent directors	0.00%
% other non-executive directors	0.00%

Explain the duties attributed to this committee, describe the procedures and rules of organisation and procedure and summarise its most important actions during the year.

This Committee has a minimum of three and a maximum of five directors, including a Chairman, appointed by the Board subject to a report by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee

Meetings are held when called by its Chairman, or at the request of two of its members and at least once every three months. It shall also meet whenever so required by law or when the Board requests the issuance of reports, submission of proposals or adoption of resolutions within the scope of its duties.

The powers of the Strategy and Investment Committee and its actions during 2015 are set out in Explanatory Note Seven in section H of this report.

C.2.2 Complete the following table with information on the number of female directors on the board committees over the past four years:

	Number of female directors							
	2015		2014		2013		2012	
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
AUDIT AND COMPLIANCE COMMITTEE	1	25.00%	1	25.00%	2	40.00%	2	40.00%
NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE	1	25.00%	1	25.00%	2	40.00%	2	40.00%
STRATEGY AND INVESTMENT COMMITTEE	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%

- C.2.3 Repealed.
- C.2.4 Repealed.
- C.2.5 Indicate the existence, if appropriate, of regulations of the board committees, where they are available for consultation and any modifications made during the year. State whether an annual report has been issued voluntarily on the activities of each committee.

In general, Article 28 of the Articles of Association establishes the basic regulation of the Committees of the Board, contemplating the existence and composition of (i) the Executive Committee, (ii) the Audit and Compliance Committee and (iii) the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. It also refers to the Regulations of the Board regarding the possible existence of a Strategy and Investment Committee.

The Regulations of the Board regulate the Board committees in the following specific provisions:

- General provisions applicable to all the committees: Article 22

- Executive Committee, Article 23
- Audit and Compliance Committee, Article 24
- Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Article 25
- Strategy and Investment Committee, Article 26

The Regulations of the Board also contemplate in different articles powers of the different Committees of the Board in different areas (e.g. modification of the Regulations).

Both the Articles of Association and the Regulations of the Board are available for consultation on the company's website (<a href="www.ebrofoods.es">www.ebrofoods.es</a>) and the website of the National Securities Market Commission (<a href="www.cnmv.es">www.cnmv.es</a>).

See section C.1.8 of this report for the latest alterations to the Regulations of the Board.

Both the Audit and Compliance Committee and the Nomination and Remuneration Committee issue annual activity reports, which are submitted to the Board of Directors for its information and consideration within the assessment of the Board and its Committees. Those activity reports are made available for shareholders on the company's website (<a href="www.ebrofoods.es">www.ebrofoods.es</a>) coinciding with the call to the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders.

#### C.2.6 Repealed.

#### D. RELATED PARTY AND INTER-COMPANY TRANSACTIONS

D.1 Explain the procedure, if any, for approving related party and inter-company transactions.

#### Procedure for approving related party transactions

Apart from cases which, by law, require approval by the General Meeting, related party transactions are approved by the Board subject to a report by the Audit and Compliance Committee.

Article 24 of the Regulations of the Board establishes the power of the Audit and Compliance Committee to report to the Board prior to the adoption of any decisions on related party transactions submitted for its authorisation and to supervise and report to the Board on intragroup and related party transactions of the company or subsidiaries of the Group

With regard to related party transactions, Article 37.3 of the Regulations of the Board expressly establishes that other than in the cases in which this power is reserved by law to the General Meeting, any transactions made by the company or group companies with directors, controlling shareholders, other related parties or shareholders represented on the Board must be authorised by the Board.

This authorisation is not necessary when the transactions meet all of the following three conditions: (i) they are made under contracts with standard terms and conditions applied "en masse" to numerous clients; (ii) they are made at prices or rates established generally by the supplier of the goods or provider of the services in question. (iii) the amount thereof does not exceed 1% of the company's annual revenue. A general, prior authorisation by the Board for a line of transactions and their conditions, subject to a report by the Audit and Compliance Committee, will only be sufficient for bilateral or recurring transactions made in the normal course of the company's business. By exception, in cases where urgent action is necessary, related party transactions may be authorised by the Executive Committee, subject to subsequent ratification by the Board.

Finally, the company makes intragroup transactions on arm's length terms, documenting them according to the requirements of the laws (essentially tax laws) in place in each jurisdiction. This is one of the practices required by the Risk Control and Management Policy established in the Ebro Group.

## D.2 List any transactions for a significant amount or object between the company and/or companies in its group and controlling shareholders of the company:

Name of significant shareholder	Name of company or group company	Relationship	Type of transaction	Amount (thousan d euro)
SOCIEDAD ANÓNIMA DAMM	HERBA RICEMILLS, S.L.U.	Contractual	Sale of goods (finished or otherwise)	1,036
SOCIEDAD ANÓNIMA DAMM	HERBA RICEMILLS, S.L.U.	Contractual	Sale of goods (finished or otherwise)	3,985

## D.3 List any significant transactions for a significant amount or object between the company and/or companies in its group and the directors or executives of the company:

Name of director or executive	Name of company or group company	Relationship	Type of transaction	Amount (thousand euro)
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	LUIS HERNÁNDEZ GONZÁLEZ	Relative	Leases	37
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	CARDENAL ILUNDAIN 4, S.L.	Controlled company	Leases	72
INSTITUTO HISPÁNICO DEL ARROZ, S.A.	ANGLO AUSTRALIAN RICE, LTD	Controlled company	Purchase of goods (finished or otherwise)	114
INSTITUTO HISPÁNICO DEL ARROZ, S.A.	ANGLO AUSTRALIAN RICE, LTD	Controlled company	Sale of goods (finished or otherwise)	114
INSTITUTO HISPÁNICO DEL ARROZ, S.A.	DEHESA NORTE, S.A.	Controlled company	Purchase of goods (finished or otherwise)	114
INSTITUTO HISPÁNICO DEL ARROZ, S.A.	DEHESA NORTE, S.A.	Controlled company	Sale of goods (finished or otherwise)	114
INSTITUTO HISPÁNICO DEL ARROZ, S.A.	EL COBUJÓN, S.A.	Controlled company	Purchase of goods (finished or otherwise)	1,447
INSTITUTO HISPÁNICO DEL ARROZ, S.A.	EL COBUJÓN, S.A.	Controlled company	Sale of goods (finished or otherwise)	109
INSTITUTO HISPÁNICO DEL ARROZ, S.A.	ISLASUR, S.A.	Controlled company	Purchase of goods (finished or otherwise)	166
INSTITUTO HISPÁNICO DEL ARROZ, S.A.	ISLASUR, S.A.	Controlled company	Sale of goods (finished or otherwise)	125
INSTITUTO HISPÁNICO DEL ARROZ, S.A.	MUNDIARROZ, S.A.	Controlled company	Purchase of goods (finished or otherwise)	113
INSTITUTO HISPÁNICO DEL ARROZ, S.A.	MUNDIARROZ, S.A.	Controlled company	Sale of goods (finished or otherwise)	113
INSTITUTO HISPÁNICO DEL ARROZ, S.A.	PESQUERÍAS ISLA MAYOR, S.A.	Controlled company	Purchase of goods (finished or otherwise)	102
INSTITUTO HISPÁNICO DEL ARROZ, S.A.	PESQUERÍAS ISLA MAYOR, S.A.	Controlled company	Sale of goods (finished or otherwise)	102
INSTITUTO HISPÁNICO DEL ARROZ, S.A.	-	-	Leases	122
INSTITUTO HISPÁNICO DEL ARROZ, S.A.	-	-	Purchase of goods (finished or otherwise)	7,851
INSTITUTO HISPÁNICO DEL ARROZ, S.A.	-	-	Services rendered	2
INSTITUTO HISPÁNICO DEL ARROZ, S.A.	-	-	Services received	192
INSTITUTO HISPÁNICO DEL ARROZ, S.A.	-	-	Sale of goods (finished or otherwise)	113
ALIMENTOS Y ACEITES, S.A.	-	-	Dividends and other distributions	10,521
INSTITUTO HISPÁNICO DEL ARROZ, S.A.	-	-	Dividends and other distributions	9,102
HISPAFOODS INVEST, S.L.	-	-	Dividends and other distributions	7,067
FERNANDO CASTELLÓ CLEMENTE	-	-	Dividends and other distributions	1,523
JOSÉ NIETO DE LA CIERVA	-	-	Dividends and other distributions	6
JOSÉ NIETO DE LA CIERVA	MARÍA MACARENA AGUIRRE GALATAS	Relative	Dividends and other distributions	1

Name of director or executive	Name of company or group company	Relationship	Type of transaction	Amount (thousand euro)
JOSÉ IGNACIO COMENGE SÁNCHEZ-REAL	-	-	Dividends and other distributions	2
JOSÉ IGNACIO COMENGE SÁNCHEZ-REAL	LA FUENTE SALADA, S.L.	Controlled company	Dividends and other distributions	2,130
JOSÉ ANTONIO SEGURADO GARCÍA	-	-	Dividends and other distributions	1
EMPRESAS COMERCIALES E INDUSTRIALES VALENCIANAS, S.L.U.	-	-	Dividends and other distributions	7,210

D.4 Report any significant transactions with other companies in the group that are not eliminated in the consolidated financial statements and which do not, by virtue of their object or terms, correspond to the normal business of the Company:

In any case, inform on any inter-company transaction with companies established in countries or territories considered tax havens:

D.5 State the amount of transactions made with other related parties.

130 (thousand euros).

D.6 Describe the mechanisms established to detect, define and resolve possible conflicts of interest between the company and/or its group, and its directors, executives or controlling shareholders:

Apart from the powers of the General Meeting and the Board of Directors on conflicts of interest of the directors, under Article 24 of the Regulations of the Board, the Audit and Compliance Committee has the power to settle any conflicts of interest that may arise between the company or the group and its directors, executives, significant shareholders and listed subsidiaries, if any.

With regard to the directors, Article 36 of the Regulations of the Board provides that directors may not perform activities for their own or third party account that effectively or potentially compete with the company or which otherwise puts them in a permanent conflict of interest with the company; and Article 37.1 establishes the obligation of directors to take such measures as may be necessary to avoid falling into situations in which their interests, for their own or third party account, may conflict with the corporate interests and their duties to the company.

For this purpose, Article 38 of the Regulations stipulates that directors shall inform the Board of any direct or indirect conflict of interest that they or any of their related parties may have with the company. Furthermore, pursuant to Article 32.4 of the Regulations, directors shall abstain from participating in the corresponding debates and voting on resolutions or decisions in which they or any person related to them has a direct or indirect conflict of interest, except in the cases in which they are authorised by law to participate in the discussion and voting.

	which they are authorised by law to participate in the discussion and voting.
	As far as executives of the Group are concerned, the Internal Code of Market Conduct stipulates in Rule 11 that any Relevant Persons (which includes Group executives) who are or may be in a conflict of interest shall Inform the Compliance Unit (reporting to the Audit and Compliance Committee) of their situation, abstain from participating in or influencing any decisions on the matters affected by the conflict, act with freedom of judgement, loyalty to the Company and its shareholders and independently of their own interests and abstain from requesting or having access to any information or documentation related with the conflict of interest
	Without prejudice to their obligation to inform, both the directors and the significant shareholders of the company are asked each year, when drawing up the Annual Accounts and preparing the Annual Corporate Governance Report, fo confirmation of any transactions that they may have made with the company and/or other companies in the group, thei engagement in activities similar or complementary to those included in the company's objects and that there have been no other conflicts of interest during the year.
D.7	Is more than one company of the Group listed in Spain?
	YES □ NO ⊠
	Name any subsidiaries listed in Spain:
	32
	CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

## **Listed subsidiary**

State whether the respective areas of business and possible business relationships between them have been precisely and publicly defined, as well as those of the listed subsidiary with other group companies;

Define any business relationships between the parent company and the listed subsidiary and between the latter and the other group companies

Describe the mechanisms in place to settle any possible conflicts of interest between the listed subsidiary and other companies in the group:

Mechanisms for solving possible conflicts of interest

#### E. RISK CONTROL AND MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS

#### E.1 Explain the scope of the company's Risk Management System, including tax risks.

As an integral part of the corporate policies passed by the Board, the Risk Control and Management Policy lays down the basic principles and the general framework for control and management of the business risks, including tax risks, and internal control of financial reporting to which the Company and other companies in its group are exposed.

Within this general framework, the integral, homogenous Risk Control and Management System is based on the preparation of a business risk map, through which, by pinpointing, assessing and grading of the risk management capacity, the risks are ranked from greater to lesser impact for the Group and by probability of occurrence. The risk map also identifies methods for mitigating or neutralising the risks detected.

The risk universe is structured in four main groups: compliance, operational, strategic and financial, and they are all subdivided into a large number of categories.

The risk classification process dynamically assesses both the inherent risk and the residual risk after application of the internal controls and action protocols established to mitigate them. These controls include preventive controls, adequate separation of duties, clear levels of authorisation and definition of policies and procedures. These controls can in turn be grouped into manual and automatic, made by data processing applications.

This model is both qualitative and quantitative and can be measured in the Group's results, for which purpose the risk level is considered acceptable or tolerable on a corporate level.

The Risk Control and Management System is dynamic, so the risks to be considered will vary according to the circumstances in which the Group's business is performed.

## E.2 Name the corporate bodies responsible for preparing and implementing the Risk Management System, including tax risks.

In 2015, in the wake of the amendments to the Corporate Enterprises Act in December 2014 and the new recommendations included in the Code of Good Governance of Listed Companies in February 2015, the Group has bolstered its Risk (including tax risks) Control System and internal control of financial reporting, the main novelty being the creation of the Risks Committee, an internal committee reporting to the Audit and Compliance Committee, as the centrepiece of the control system.

Following those changes, the System for Control and Management of Risks, including tax risks, and control of financial reporting is based essentially on the following structure:

- The Board of Directors, as ultimately responsible, defines the policy for control and management of risks, including tax risks, and control of financial reporting. Article 17.3 of the Regulations of the Board provide that the Board shall receive information on the most important aspects of business management and any foreseeable risk situations for the Company and its subsidiaries, together with the actions proposed by the senior management in respect thereof.
- The Audit and Compliance Committee, through the Risks Committee, performs the duties of oversight and monitoring of the financial reporting and risk control systems, reporting regularly to the Board on any significant aspects arising in

these areas. It is responsible for supervising and promoting internal control of the company and the risk management systems and submitting recommendations to the Board on the risk control and management policy and possible mitigation measures in those areas.

- The Risks Committee, based on the policy established by the Board and under the supervision of and reporting to the Audit Committee, is specifically responsible for coordinating and monitoring the system for control and management of risks, including tax risks, and control of the Group's financial reporting. The Risks Committee also analyses and assesses the risks associated with new investments
- The Management Committees of the different units, on which the Chairman of the Board and the Chief Operating Office (COO) sit, assess the risks and mitigation measures.
- Risk officers in the different units. The Risks Committee nominates individuals in the major subsidiaries to monitor the systems for control and management of risks, including tax risks, and control of the financial reporting and reporting to the Committee.
- Internal Audit Department. Within the internal audits of the different subsidiaries, the Company's Internal Audit Department shall check that the testing and control of the financial reporting and risk management systems have been performed adequately in accordance with the indications by the Risks Committee.

## E.3 Define the main risks, including tax risks, that could have a bearing on achievement of the company's business goals.

- · Operational risks:
- Food safety and environmental risks: Owing to the nature of the Group's business, aspects regarding food safety are a critical point to which the Group pays the utmost attention, as it is bound by a large number of laws and standards in each of the countries in which the Group's products are put on the market. Respect for the environment is another critical point for the Group, considering our industrial activity, with a large number of plants distributed mainly throughout Europe and the USA.
- Commodity supply risk: The availability of commodities in the quantity and quality required to meet our commitments to customers and the requirements of our brands is a key factor for our business both nationally (Spanish paddy rice) and internationally (semi-processed rice for the Group subsidiaries).
- Market risk (prices): Unexpected variations in the prices of our commodity supplies may seriously affect the profitability of our commercial transactions, in both the industrial and brand-based segments.
- Customer concentration risk: The concentration of customers, which can occur in both the industrial and retail segments, may lead to less favourable commercial terms for our sales and affect our credit risk.
- Technological risk. In our sector, one of the most important tools for competing with our rivals is based on constant technological innovation and searching for ways to adapt to consumers' desires. Consequently, "technological lag" is considered a possible risk.
- · Risks related with the environment and strategy:
- Environmental/climate risk: The effects of droughts, flooding and other weather perils in the countries where we source our supplies can cause problems of availability and unstable commodity prices, in both rice and durum wheat.
- Competition risk: In general, the pressure from white label brands is the main threat for maintaining our market shares.
- Reputational risk: This is the risk associated with changes of opinion resulting in a negative perception of the Group, its brands or products by customers, shareholders, suppliers, market analysts, etc., as they may adversely affect the Group's ability to maintain its commercial and financial relations.
- Changes in lifestyle: The proliferation of low carbohydrate diets or other food habits could alter consumers' perception of our products.
- Country or market risk. Owing to the international nature of the Group's activities, political and economic circumstances in the different countries in which we operate and other market variables, such as exchange rates, interest rates, costs of production, etc. may affect our business.
- Natural disasters, fires, etc.: As a major industrial group, a significant part of the assets on the Group's balance sheet corresponds to its factories, so any natural incidents (earthquakes, fires or similar) that may affect the integrity of the Group's plants are a business risk.

- · Compliance risks:
- Sectoral regulatory risk: The food industry is a sector subject to numerous regulations affecting export and import quotas, customs duties, intervention prices, etc., subject to the directives laid down in the Common Agricultural Policy (CAP). The Group's activity may also be affected by changes in legislation in the countries in which it sources raw materials or sells its products.
- General regulatory risk: These include risks of compliance with civil, commercial, criminal and good governance provisions. In the area of criminal risks, the Group has a Crime Prevention Model, monitored and controlled by the Compliance Unit.
- Tax risks: Any changes in the tax laws or the interpretation or application thereof by the competent authorities in the countries in which the Group operates could affect its earnings.
- Financial risks: This group includes foreign exchange, interest rate, liquidity and credit risks. The foreign exchange risk is particularly significant because the functional currency of the Group is the euro, but a considerable part of its commodity supply transactions are in US dollars and a very large part of the Group's investments are also in that currency.

## E.4 State whether the company has a risk tolerance level, including one for tax risks.

Risks are measured by both inherent and residual risk. A scorecard is made each year of the principal ten risks to which the Group may be exposed (the TOP TEN), which are rated and measured as far as possible. If the economic consequences of a risk could cause a loss (or a loss of profit) of more than 5% of the consolidated EBITDA budgeted, or over 20% of the individual EBITDA of a business, it is considered a threat requiring corporate action.

In general, the heads of the different business units (the Management Committee of each unit) define the risks affecting their respective businesses, assess the possible economic impact of those risks and, according to the specific circumstances prevailing, establish whatever mitigation measures they deem fit. Without prejudice to the supervision by the Risks Committee and Audit Committee, the Management Committee of each unit implements and monitors the mitigation measures taken and assesses the results thereof.

This notwithstanding, when a threat is identified that requires action on a corporate level (as mentioned in the first paragraph above), the persons responsible for risk control and management in the corresponding unit inform the Risks Committee of the situation, proposing such mitigation measures as may be considered adequate. The Risks Committee assesses the situation and the sufficiency and suitability of the proposed mitigation measures, supplementing them with additional measures should it deem fit.

## E.5 What risks, including tax risks, have occurred during the year?

The main risks that occurred during the reporting period were related with the supply of raw materials:

- There was a shortage in 2015 of domestic pearl rice stocks, which the Group uses in its brands. The problem stemmed from a small harvest the previous autumn and increased competition from other operators for supplies of this type of rice. The situation recurred with the new harvest and became a threat for the Group's brands. Measures were immediately put into place, consisting of international sourcing to find and obtain supplies of similar varieties. New controls over rice varieties have been established in the IT systems as a preventive measure, enabling the company to anticipate this type of situation according to sales budgets.
- The drought persisted in Texas for the fourth year in succession, with water levels in the reservoirs at all-time lows, preventing irrigation in traditional rice-growing areas and generating a small harvest, with a price spread over other sources. This has forced our Freeport plant in Texas to seek alternative sources of supply, which entail higher logistic costs, dragging down the profits of this plant. Riviana (the Group's US subsidiary) has had to move part of its Freeport production to another plant in Tennessee, where it is easier to obtain rice from Arkansas and Louisiana and minimise the cost structure of the plant.
- The 2014/2015 durum wheat harvest suffered several problems of quality and yield caused by weather factors that affected some of the principal producers (France, United States and Canada). As a result, prices soared in the last third of 2014, with a terrific impact on the cost of the Group's supplies. To cope with this, the Group's subsidiaries raised the prices of certain products and cut promotions after making a thorough study of product listings and customers. Controls were also stepped up on purchases and stock to enable the maximum possible flexibility in the face of expected changes in the market, which indeed occurred as from the new 2015/2016 harvest, when prices came down.

Other financial and competition risks also occurred:

- There was a sharp devaluation of the Canadian dollar in 2015, falling 23% against the American dollar. Part of the supplies of our subsidiary in Canada, Catelli, are made in US\$, with the consequent increase in the cost of its products. This increased cost was partly offset by raising the selling prices of the affected products and using alternative cover to guarantee the cash flows deriving from these transactions.
- A regional rival in the fresh pasta business in Canada has embarked on a very aggressive strategy, taking advantage of the start-up of a new plant enabling them to increase their production capacity. As a result of this increase in their activity, Olivieri (Canadian subsidiary of the Group) has lost part of its business with one of our customers in two provinces of Canada. This has also put extra pressure on selling prices and promotions in this segment. In response, Olivieri has increased the number of exclusive agreements and private label production agreements to guarantee an adequate volume of production in the medium term so as to ensure its medium and long-term profit and recover positions through innovation.

## E.6 Explain the response and supervision plans for the main risks, including tax risks, to which the company is exposed.

The management committee in each subsidiary is responsible for monitoring the subsidiary's risk supervision system. Management committees usually meet monthly to analyse any risks that may have materialised and follow up the contingency plans and actions taken to mitigate them. Control and monitoring of the economic variables in each subsidiary against the corresponding budget also ensures the immediate detection of unforeseen risk situations. The subsidiaries with greatest weight within the Group, such as the North American subsidiaries, have "Crisis Management Plans" (CMP), which specify the main risks to which the company is exposed, the protocols for responding to them and the company officers responsible for implementation.

This notwithstanding, when a threat is identified that requires action on a corporate level (see section E.4), the persons responsible for risk control and management in the corresponding unit inform the Risks Committee of the situation, proposing such mitigation measures as may be considered adequate. The Risks Committee assesses the situation and the sufficiency and suitability of the proposed mitigation measures, supplementing them with additional measures should it deem fit.

The measures to control, reduce and, as the case may be, mitigate the risks are established according to the following basic criteria:

- They shall seek to neutralise the risk detected, maintaining coherence between the importance of the risk and the cost and means required to neutralise it.
- If neutralisation is not feasible, measures shall be designed to reduce the potential economic consequences, if possible to within tolerance levels.
- The management and control shall, as far as possible, forestall rather than remedy.
- The control mechanisms shall adequately separate management and oversight.
- The different people responsible for risk management shall coordinate their actions to be efficient, seeking the utmost integration between control systems.
- Maximum transparency shall be ensured in the identification and assessment of risks, specification and implementation of mitigation measures and assessment of the results of those measures.
- Compliance must be guaranteed with the internal reporting requirements to the bodies responsible for supervision and control

## F FINANCIAL REPORTING INTERNAL RISK CONTROL AND MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (FRICS)

Describe the mechanisms comprising the financial reporting internal control and risk management systems (FRICS) of your company

#### F.1 Control environment

Report on at least the following, describing their principal features:

F.1.1 What bodies and/or duties are responsible for: (i) the existence and maintenance of an adequate and effective FRICS; (ii) its implementation; and (iii) its oversight?

As established in its Regulations, the Board of Directors is ultimately responsible for the existence, maintenance and oversight of an adequate, effective financial reporting internal control system (FRICS).

The Audit and Compliance Committee is responsible for: (i) supervising and promoting the procedures and systems used to prepare and control the company's financial reporting; (ii) checking any public financial reporting; and (iii) ensuring implementation of and compliance with the internal regulations and codes applicable to the risk control and management systems in relation to the financial reporting process.

The Management Committee is responsible for the design, implementation and functioning of the FRICS through the Group Finance Department and the Finance Departments of the different business units. The different general managements are responsible for effective implementation of these systems within their respective areas of activity. There are also officers responsible for the different processes documented within the FRICS, who must ensure that those processes are kept up to date, informing the Risks Committee, through the finance department and general management of the corresponding business unit, of any modifications or adaptations required.

The Risks Committee, reporting to the Audit and Compliance Committee, is specifically responsible for coordinating and monitoring the system for control and management of risks, including tax risks, and controlling the Group's financial reporting.

- F.1.2 State whether the following elements exist, especially in respect of the financial reporting process:
  - Departments and/or mechanisms responsible for: (i) designing and reviewing the
    organisational structure; (ii) clearly defining the lines of responsibility and authority, with an
    adequate distribution of tasks and duties; and (iii) ensuring that there are sufficient procedures
    for adequately informing the company.

As established in its Regulations, the board is responsible for defining the general strategy and guidelines for management of the company and encouraging and supervising the actions taken by the senior officers, establishing an organisational structure that will guarantee the utmost efficiency of the senior management and the management team in general.

According to the Regulations of the Board, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee is responsible for checking the criteria followed regarding the composition and structure of the board and for selecting candidates for the board. It also nominates the chairman, CEO or managing directors and secretary of the board and proposes the assignment of directors to the different board committees, the members of the Management Committee and any other advisory committees that the board may create.

In turn, under the policies approved by the Board, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee supervises the Senior Management of the group, both in appointments and removals and in assessing the senior executive remuneration and incentives policy.

Within each group company, the organisational structure of the units participating in the preparation of financial reporting depends on several factors, such as the volume of operations or type of business, but in all cases it corresponds to the need to cover the main duties of recording, preparing, checking and reporting the operations performed and the economic and financial position of the company. The executive directors and management of Ebro Foods participate actively in the management committees of the group's subsidiaries, thereby guaranteeing direct communication through the lines of responsibility and authority.

The senior management and the human resources departments of the Group and each of the subsidiaries are responsible for designing the organisational structure according to local needs, the most important subsidiaries having a formal definition through organisation charts, which include a description of the duties and responsibilities of the main areas participating in internal control of financial reporting.

The different job descriptions of positions and responsibilities are maintained by the human resources department of each subsidiary and the managements of all the subsidiaries, especially the financial managements, are informed of any new member of a subsidiary.

 Code of conduct, body responsible for its approval, degree of publicity and instruction, principles and values included (stating whether there is any specific mention of the recording of transactions and preparation of financial reporting), body responsible for analysing default and proposing corrective measures and penalties.

The Code of Conduct of the Ebro Group, an update of the earlier Codes of Ethics and Conduct of the Ebro Foods Group, was approved by the board on 25 November 2015 and all levels of the organisation were notified.

The Code of Conduct provides guidance on how to act in the Group's internal and external relationships, strengthening the values that distinguish us and establishing a basic reference to be followed by the Group.

#### The Code aims to:

- · Be a formal, institutional reference for personal and professional conduct.
- · Guarantee the responsible, ethical behaviour of all the Group's professionals in their work.
- · Reduce the element of subjectivity in personal interpretations of moral and ethical principles.
- Create a standardisation tool to guarantee progressive implementation throughout the Group of the ten principles of the UN Global Compact.
- · Grow responsibly and committed to all our stakeholders.

As established in the Code of Conduct, the Group assumes a principle of conduct based on transparent reporting, consisting of an undertaking to report reliable financial, accounting or other information to the markets. Accordingly, the company's internal and external financial reporting will give a true and fair view of its real economic, financial and equity situation according to generally accepted accounting principles.

Employees formally sign the Code of Conduct when they join the workforce of practically any Group company and it has been distributed among all Group employees during the year.

The Code of Conduct is also published in the Intranet, where it can be consulted by any employee, and on the Group's website.

The Audit and Compliance Committee is responsible for monitoring and controlling application of the Code. It has a Compliance Unit, with sufficient initiative, autonomy and resources, which is responsible, among other duties, for assisting the Audit and Compliance Committee in the supervision of compliance, publication and interpretation of the Code of Conduct.

The Audit and Compliance Committee has an e-mail address to which any Group employee may send queries and suggestions regarding the interpretation of the Code of Conduct.

The Audit and Compliance Committee reports regularly to the Group's Board of Directors on any queries raised in respect of the interpretation and application of the Code of Conduct, how they have been solved and, where appropriate, the interpretation criteria followed.

The Code of Conduct provides that any violation or breach of the Code that is classified as a labour offence shall be penalised according to the labour laws, without prejudice to any other liability that the infringer may incur and the remedial measures that may be established by the different Group companies in pursuance of prevailing laws. On a Group level, the Audit and Compliance Committee, assisted by the Compliance Unit, shall receive reports of any violation of the Code of Conduct and act accordingly.

Whistleblowing channel, through which the audit committee can be informed of any financial
or accounting irregularities, any breaches of the code of conduct and irregular activities within
the organisation, indicating whether this channel is confidential.

As established in the Regulations of the Board, the Audit and Compliance Committee is formally responsible for implementing a confidential whistle-blowing channel accessible to all Group employees and defining a protocol for prioritising, processing, investigating and settling reports according to their importance and nature, especially any concerning possible financial or accounting misrepresentations.

For this purpose, the Ebro Group has established a whistle-blowing or reporting channel, through its Code of Conduct, through which any irregular conduct in financial, accounting or other areas and any breach of the code of conduct can be reported confidentially.

The Audit and Compliance Committee has a specific e-mail address through which any employees may report whatever conduct they may consider necessary and contact the Audit and Compliance Committee to inform on breaches of the code of conduct. Access to that e-mail account, technologically protected to prevent any unauthorised access, is limited exclusively to the Chairman of the Audit and Compliance Committee who, as an independent director, has no relationship with the management structure of the Group.

The Audit and Compliance Committee guarantees the confidentiality of the reports handled, according to a confidentiality commitment signed by all those involved in handling the reports and other precautions included in the "Report Handling Protocol". That protocol, approved by the Audit and Compliance Committee in 2012, establishes the procedure to be followed on receiving reports, regarding their processing, prioritising, solving and notification.

 Training programmes and regular updates for employees involved in the preparation and checking of financial information and evaluation by the FRICS, covering at least accounting and auditing standards, internal control and risk management.

The Ebro Group has a policy of making sure it has personnel with sufficient training and experience to perform the duties and responsibilities assigned to them. The Ebro employees involved in the preparation and checking of the financial information and FRICS evaluation participate in training and refresher courses regarding the laws and standards in place from time to time and good practices to guarantee the reliability of the financial information generated.

The Ebro Group also encourages and provides means and resources for its employees to keep their accounting knowledge up to date through the attendance of seminars, on-line information and other means and regular meetings are held with the external auditors to assess in advance the standards in place or those about to enter into force.

During the year the Ebro Group has focused its training for personnel involved in the preparation and checking of financial information and FRICS evaluation on the following aspects:

- Accounting updates
- Management and control of costs for business decision-making
- Training in the tax laws in different countries
- Financial reporting internal control system manual

In addition, the external auditors of the company and its group regularly attend the meetings of the Audit and Compliance Committee to give training on the principal novelties in accounting and auditing, especially those that have or may have a greater effect on the Group's accounts.

## F.2 Measurement of risks in financial reporting

Report at least on:

- F.2.1 What are the main features of the risk identification process, including risks of error or fraud, in respect of:
  - Whether the process exists and is documented.

Within the risk control and management policy approved by the Board, the financial reporting internal control system is supervised by the Audit and Compliance Committee, assisted by the Risks Committee and the Group Finance Department.

The potential risk events that could affect the organisation are identified and assessed through the FRICS, pinpointing and assessing the risks corresponding to each line of business. Through this risk control and management system, the Ebro Group has drawn up a consolidated risk map by compiling and combining the risk maps of its major subsidiaries.

This process is coordinated by a group-level team, which manages and establishes the permitted tolerance to the risk and coordinates actions to align the measures addressing risks with the Group's global risk policy so that the exposure to risk assumed by the Ebro Group overall is known at all times.

Based on the results obtained, systems are devised for addressing risks and internal control, to keep the likelihood and impact of those risks on financial reporting within the tolerance levels, thereby providing reasonable certainty regarding achievement of the strategic business goals.

 Whether the process covers all the financial reporting objectives (existence and occurrence; integrity; measurement; presentation, breakdown and comparison; and rights and obligations); whether it is updated and how often. The Ebro Group has established a continuous improvement process to minimise the risks related with financial reporting, improving the design and effectiveness of existing controls.

For this purpose, it has a process identifying the risks affecting the reliability of financial reporting, based on and beginning with a definition of the scope, according to quantitative criteria of materiality in respect of the consolidated amounts and other qualitative criteria (error, fraud, uncommon transactions, etc.). Companies in the major business units or divisions that meet any of the afore-mentioned criteria and the material accounting items of each one are defined according to those criteria. Once the material items have been defined on a company level, the processes and sub-processes they affect are established, according to a relationship matrix.

For each of the sub-processes included within the scope, the inherent risks are identified and the checks made by the responsible persons to mitigate those risks are defined, setting this information down in a Risks-Controls Matrix. Those risks take account of all the financial reporting objectives (existence and occurrence; integrity; measurement; presentation, breakdown and comparison; and rights and obligations).

The financial reporting risks are identified in the Ebro Group's Risks-Controls Matrix and updated to take account of any changes in the scope of consolidation of the Group or development of its business and their reflection in the financial statements, making a comparative analysis every year of the variations in material processes and sub-processes to establish any risks that have not been previously identified.

The existence of a process for defining the scope of consolidation, taking into account, among
other aspects, the possible existence of complex corporate structures, base companies or
special purpose vehicles.

The Ebro Group has a documented process based on internal regulations that guarantees the correct identification of the scope of consolidation through an adequate separation of duties in the requesting, authorising, reporting and recording of any operation entailing the incorporation, merger, division, acquisition or sale of companies and any other corporate operation, directly involving the legal department and the board.

This process considers the possible existence of complex corporate structures, base companies or special purpose vehicles, among other means by establishing an adequate structure to separate the duties of requesting, authorising and reporting for any corporate operation within the Group. However, transactions or complex corporate structures that might entail off-balance sheet transactions which should be recorded within it are not identified at present.

 Whether the process takes into account the effects of other types of risk (operational, technological, financial, legal, reputational, environmental, etc.) insofar as they affect the financial statements.

The Risk Control and Management System of the Ebro Group is designed to identify potential risk events that might affect the organisation. At present there are four types of risks: Operating, Compliance, Strategic and Financial risks, and the conclusions are taken into account insofar as the risks may affect financial reporting. For this purpose, the Risks Committee acts as a unit of coordination and interrelation of the effect of the risks detected on the different areas (management, business, financial reporting, legal, reputational etc. risks).

• Which governing body of the company supervises the process.

While the Board has the power, which it may not delegate, to determine the policy for control and management of risks, including tax risks, and supervision of the FRICS, the Audit and Compliance Committee is responsible for supervising and promoting the procedures and systems used to prepare and control the company's financial reporting, and controlling the implementation of and compliance with the risk control and management systems, both in general and in respect of the financial reporting process.

## F.3 Control activities

Inform whether the company has at least the following, describing their main features:

F.3.1 Procedures for checking and authorising financial information to be published on the stock markets and description of the FRICS, indicating who is responsible for these tasks and documentation describing the flows of activities and controls (including those checking for the risk of fraud) in the different types of transactions that may have a material effect on the financial statements, including the procedure for closing of accounts and the specific review of judgements, estimates, valuations and significant projections.

The priorities established within the Ebro Group include the quality and reliability of the financial information, both internal information for decision-making and external information published on the markets. The information to be provided by the different units is requested by the Group financial department, paying special attention to the processes of closing the accounts, consolidation, measurement of intangibles and areas subject to judgement and estimates.

The Ebro Group has procedures for checking and authorising the financial information and description of the FRICS, responsibility for which corresponds to the Financial Department, the Risks Committee, the Audit and Compliance Committee and the Board.

The Audit and Compliance Committee checks and analyses the financial statements and any other important financial information, as well as the principal judgements, estimates and projections included and discusses them with the corporate financial department and the internal and external auditors to confirm that the information is complete and the principles applied are consistent with those of the previous full-year accounts.

The procedure for checking and authorising the financial information corresponds to the Group financial department, based on the information checked and validated by the different units. The Audit and Compliance Committee supervises this information to be published on the market and it is approved by the Board.

The Group has implemented an improvement process to increase the documentation and make the generation of financial information and its subsequent supervision more effective and efficient.

The significant processes involved in the generation of the Group financial reporting are documented based on the COSO internal control model. The main processes documented are:

- Closing of Financial Statements and Reporting
- Consolidation
- Sales and Receivables
- Purchases and Payables
- Fixed Assets
- Inventories
- Payroll

The documentation outline is extended progressively, according to the materiality and the general criteria established in the Group's financial reporting internal control system.

The persons responsible for each of the documented processes in each subsidiary have been identified. They are responsible for keeping those processes up to date on an annual basis, reporting any modifications or adaptations to the Risks Committee through the Group's financial department.

Process documentation includes details of the flows and transactions and the financial reporting objectives and controls established to ensure they are met. It also contemplates the risks of error and/or fraud that might affect the financial reporting objectives. The documentation of flows of activities and controls that may have a material effect on the financial statements, including the accounts closing procedure, includes the preparation of narratives on the processes, flow charts and risk and control matrices. The controls identified are both preventive and detective, manual or automatic, describing also their frequency and associated information systems.

F.3.2 Internal control procedures and policies for the IT systems (including access security, track changes, operation, operating continuity and separation of duties) used for the significant processes of the company in the preparation and publication of financial information.

The Group has rules of action for managing financial information security. Those rules are applicable to the systems used to generate financial information and the IT Department is responsible for defining and proposing the security policies.

Within its policies and infrastructure management the Ebro Group has procedures to secure each of the following points:

i) Both physical and logical access are controlled to ensure that only authorised internal and external personnel can access the Ebro centres and systems. Ebro has several Data Centres, the main one in Spain where the company's critical systems are housed. The major subsidiaries also have local data centres. They all have their own infrastructure to guarantee adequate control of access to the installations. In small subsidiaries, the general rule is to have external service providers to provide that security. When external

service providers are used, the Ebro Group makes internal audits of the information systems and their architecture, including the security aspect.

Logical access control is secured with efficient management of access to our systems, whether internal or external, and through a user management coordinated with the human resources department and the company's group of managers. Ebro has user access control systems and workflow tools to guarantee interdepartmental integration and efficient updating of user status, regularly identifying those who no longer access the systems. Ebro Foods will shortly begin a global Duties Separation project, within its corporate risk control policy.

External access is guaranteed through specific users and controlled management. The necessary elements have also been provided on a network level to ensure that only authorised users and processes have access from outside.

- ii) The larger subsidiaries mainly use the ERP system called SAP. In all those cases, Ebro has procedures underpinned by systems in which production changes are systematically filtered and assessed, their life cycle managed, and disseminated after acceptance by specific users and impact analysis in the systems currently used in production.
- iii) The separation of duties is underpinned by the use of roles by groups of users, which allow access only to the information and transactions previously approved by the organisation. The modification or creation of new roles is backed by the same procedure that guarantees management of the user life cycle and is applicable to the major companies of the Ebro Group. Special attention is paid to separation in IT support processes to make sure that the tasks of development, sending to production and administration of the system are duly separated.
- iv) Ebro has internal tools which, combined with the user support departments and systems (Help Desks), guarantee the management and traceability of incidents in the IT systems. Programme changes are managed within that system, which is based on ITIL best practices and management.

The critical information systems are always housed in our data centres and there are individuals assigned to each one who are responsible for proactive monitoring of the automatic processes and proactive assessment of the yield and functioning of the systems.

Ebro has global contracts with security control tool providers, which guarantee the installation of such tools in all the computer and data processing equipment used in the company.

- v) Ebro has tools to guarantee the continuity of business support by its IT systems in the event of a fatal error or system crash. There are backup systems and policies in its data centres that guarantee access to information and systems in case of a crash. The use of tape or disk backups and replicating the information in several computers with subsequent triangular distribution are habitual procedures for making incremental or complete backup copies. The current systems allow recovery of the information up to the specific time of the fatal error or system crash.
- F.3.3 Internal control procedures and policies to oversee the management of outsourced activities and any aspects of valuation, calculation or measurement commissioned to independent experts, which may have a material impact on the financial statements

In general, the Ebro Group manages all activities that may have a material impact on the reliability of the financial statements directly using internal resources to avoid outsourcing. There are very few outsourced activities and the procedures and controls of those activities are regulated in the contracts signed with the service providers in question.

The valuation, calculation or measurement activities commissioned by the Ebro Group to independent experts are mainly concerned with the appraisal of properties, actuarial studies of commitments to employees and impairment testing of intangibles.

Only service providers of internationally recognised standing are used for these valuation reports, making sure that they are not affected by any circumstance or event that could compromise their independence.

The reports obtained from these firms are submitted to internal review to check that the most significant assumptions and hypotheses used are correct and that they comply with the International Valuation Standards (IVS) and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). Furthermore, the valuation processes and the hypotheses and assumptions used by independent experts are reported to and considered by the external auditors of the company and its group.

#### F.4 Information and communication

Inform whether the company has at least the following, describing their main features:

F.4.1 A specific department responsible for defining the accounting policies and keeping them up to date (accounting policy department or division) and solving queries or conflicts deriving from their interpretation, maintaining fluent communication with those responsible for operations in the organisation, as well as an updated accounting policy manual distributed among the units through which the company operates.

The Ebro Group has adequate procedures and mechanisms to put the applicable criteria across to the employees involved in the preparation of financial information and the IT systems used in that preparation. This is done through the Management Control Unit and the Corporate Financial Department, whose powers include the following, among others:

- Define, administer, update and report on the Group's accounting policies, in compliance with the applicable accounting standards and rules of consolidation for the preparation and presentation of financial information to be disclosed.
- Prepare, update and report on the Accounting Policy Manual to be applied by all financial units in the Group. This manual is updated annually.
- Settle any queries or conflicts regarding the interpretation and application of the accounting policies, maintaining fluent communication with those responsible for these operations in the organisation.
- Define and create templates, formats and criteria to be used for preparing and reporting the financial information. All financial information distributed on the markets is prepared by consolidating the reports of the different business units, prepared using mechanisms for data input, preparation and presentation that are homogenous for the entire Group. These mechanisms are designed to enable compliance with the standards applicable to the principal financial statements, including accounting criteria, valuation rules and presentation formats and embrace not only the balance sheet, profit and loss account, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows, but also the obtaining of other information that is necessary to prepare the notes to the financial statements.
- F.4.2 Mechanisms for collecting and preparing financial information with homogenous formats, applied and used by all business units in the company or group, valid for the main financial statements and notes, and the information given on the FRICS

The Group's financial information is prepared using a process of aggregating separate financial statements at source for subsequent consolidation according to the applicable accounting and consolidation standards, to obtain the consolidated financial information to be presented monthly to the Board and published on the markets

The process of aggregation and consolidation of the Group's financial statements is based on homogenous, common format templates that include different tables and reports to be completed. They also have automatic internal controls to check the integrity and reasonability of the data input.

These templates are validated each month by a financial manager in each subsidiary before sending them for checking and consolidation. To complete the automatic checks, those data and the estimation, valuation and calculation principles used to obtain them, as well as the accounts closing procedure, are checked by the financial manager at each level of aggregation and consolidation until the Ebro Group consolidated financial information is obtained, prepared and checked by the corporate financial department.

The Ebro Group has established a reporting system for the Financial Reporting Internal Control System, which is available in the Group for all the subsidiaries included within the scope of the FRICS. Through that reporting, the management of the parent coordinates maintenance of the system in the rest of the subsidiaries annually through the assignment of persons responsible for their maintenance and updating in the event of any significant change to be taken into consideration in the documentation. Finally, if any weaknesses are detected in the financial reporting internal control system, the subsidiaries are notified of the necessary action plans and they are monitored by management of the parent.

## F.5 Supervision of the functioning of the system

Inform on at least the following, describing their main features:

F.5.1 The FRICS supervisory activities performed by the Audit Committee and whether the company has an internal audit department responsible, among its duties, for assisting the committee in its supervision of the internal control system, including the financial reporting internal control system (FRICS). Inform also on the scope of the FRICS appraisal made during the year and the procedure through which the department or body responsible for the appraisal informs on the outcome, whether the company has an action plan defining any possible corrective measures and whether their impact on the financial information has been considered.

The board is ultimately responsible for the existence, maintenance and supervision of an adequate, effective financial reporting internal control system. Among the duties defined in the Regulations of the Board, the Audit and Compliance Committee assists and supports the board in its supervision of the accounting and financial information, the internal and external audit services and corporate governance.

The Audit and Compliance Committee must see that the internal audit procedures, the internal control systems in general, including the risk management control system and in particular the financial reporting internal control system, are adequate; ensure that the external auditor and manager of the internal audit department are selected on the basis of objective, professional qualifications, guaranteeing their independence in the performance of their duties; report to the board on any related party transactions submitted for its consideration; control any possible conflicts of interest; and, in general, make sure that all the company's information and reporting, particular financial, complies with the principle of truth and maximum transparency for shareholders and markets.

The internal audit department has submitted its annual working plan to the Audit and Compliance Committee and reported directly to said committee on any incidents detected in the performance of that work, proposing the corresponding action plan defining any necessary corrective measures; and at the end of each year, it has submitted an activity report.

The results of checks made by the internal audit department and any incidents detected have been reported to the Audit and Compliance Committee. Moreover, the action plan devised for remedying those incidents has been sent to both the person responsible for remedying them and the Audit and Compliance Committee.

7.5.2 Inform on whether the company has a discussion procedure whereby the auditor (according to the provisions of the auditing standards), the internal audit department and other experts can inform the senior management and audit committee or company directors of any significant weaknesses detected in internal control during the auditing or checking of the annual accounts or any other processes commissioned to them. Indicate also whether the company has an action plan to remedy or mitigate the weaknesses observed.

The Audit and Compliance Committee has a stable, professional relationship with the external auditors and the main companies in its group, strictly respecting their independence. That relationship favours communication and discussion of any internal control weaknesses pinpointed during the auditing of annual accounts or any other audit work commissioned to them.

In this regard, the Audit and Compliance Committee receives information from the external auditor at least every six months on the audit plan and outcome of its performance, and checks that the senior management heeds the auditor's recommendations.

In addition, as established in the Regulations of the Board, it is responsible for overseeing the Internal Audit Services, being informed on the financial reporting process and internal control systems.

During 2015, the External Auditor attended 5 meetings of the Audit and Compliance Committee and the Internal Auditor has attended 9 meetings.

## F.6 Other significant information

N/A

#### F.7 External auditor's report

Inform on:

7.7.1 Whether the FRICS information sent to the markets was checked by the external auditor, in which case the company should include the corresponding report in an annex. If not, why not.

The report by the external auditor is appended.

#### **G EXTENT** OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CORPORATE **GOVERNANCE RECOMMENDATIONS**

	Indicate the degree of compliance by the company with the recommendations of the Unified Good Governance Code.
	If any recommendation is not followed or is only partly followed, include a detailed explanation of the reasons so that shareholders, investors and the market in general have sufficient information to assess the company's actions. General explanations are not acceptable.
1.	The Articles of Association of listed companies should not limit the maximum number of votes that may be cast by an individual shareholder or impose other restrictions hampering takeover of the company via the market acquisition of its shares.  Complies X Explanation
2.	When both the parent company and a subsidiary are listed, they should both publish a document specifying exactly:
	a) The types of activity they are respectively engaged in and any business dealings between them, and between the listed subsidiary and other group companies;
	b) The mechanisms in place to solve any conflicts of interest.
	Complies Partial compliance Explanation Not applicable X
3.	During the annual general meeting, to supplement the written distribution of the annual corporate governance report, the chairman of the board should inform the shareholders orally, in sufficient detail, of the most important aspects of the company's corporate governance, especially:
	a) Any changes made since the previous annual general meeting.
	b) The specific reasons why the company does not follow any of the recommendations of the Code of Corporate Governance and the alternative rules applied, if any.
	Complies X Partial compliance Explanation
4.	The company should define and promote a policy of communication and contacts with shareholder, institutional investors and proxy advisors that fully respects the laws against market abuse and gives similar treatment to shareholders who are in the same position.
	And the company should publish that policy on its website, including information on how it has been implemented naming those responsible for such implementation.
	Complies X Partial compliance Explanation
5.	The board should not table a motion at the general meeting for delegating powers to issue shares or convertible securities excluding the preferential subscription right in a sum of more than 20% of the capital at the time of the

securities excluding the preferential subscription right in a sum of more than 20% of the capital at the time of the delegation.

						•	equired by commercial
		Complies		Partial compliance		Explanation	X
	pursuant 1		.1(b) of the Corp				d to increase the capital on right on the terms of
	of the pref intended t approved necessary	erential subscrool limit the use of the authorisation to extend the	ription right was not this power to non, unless there we exclusion beyond	explained that even thou not limited by any amount to more than 20% of the owere especially important that limit in the compan- the Board on exercising the	(beyond the appli company's capital circumstances why's interests. Were	icable limits stipulate at the date on which hich, in the Board's this to occur, it wo	h the General Meeting opinion, made it
6.				llowing reports, whether annual general meet		•	publish them on their s not compulsory:
	a) Repor	t on the indep	endence of the	e auditor.			
	b) Repor	ts on the fund	ctioning of the a	udit committee and th	e nomination an	d remuneration c	ommittee.
	c) Repor	t by the audit	committee on r	related party transaction	ons.		
		-		ponsibility policy.			
		Complies		Partial compliance	X	Explanation	
	All the sec	ctions of this Re	ecommendation a	are met, except c).			
	directors h	nave been mad consider it conv	le at market price	es and on arm's length te the contents of that repo	rms and issues a f	favourable report to	rolling shareholders and the Board, the company nercial information that is
7.	The com	pany should I	broadcast gene	eral meetings live, thro	ugh its website.		
			Complie	es E	xplanation X		
		neetings of sha alisation of the		ro Foods S.A. are not br	oadcast live throu	igh the corporate w	ebsite owing to the size
	meetings (74.37% a	(such as the at the last AGM	shareholders' fo	rum or electronic voting 2015), the company cons	and proxies) an	d the ample quoru	' participation at general um at general meetings vest economic resources
				general meeting is subsects, with no limitations or			website, where it is fully
8.	accounts	laid before t	he general me	eting, and in exceptio	nal circumstance	es when such qu	uditor's report on the alifications exist, both ders their content and
		Complies	X	Partial compliance		Explanation	on
9.				•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	it will accept as proof f shareholders' voting
			nts and proced y way discrimin		he attendance	and exercise by	shareholders of their
		Complies	X	Partial compliance		Explanation	on

		a legitimate sha omit new propo			•		the general i	neeting, to	suppleme	ent the a	agenda or
	a)	Immediately di	istribute t	hose suppl	ementary iter	ms and nev	v proposed re	solutions.			
	b)	Publish the modifications to same terms as	to enable	voting on	the new iten	ns on the a					
	c)	Put all these it the proposals		-				_			olicable to
	d)	After the general proposals.	eral mee	ting, repor	t the details	of the vo	oting on thos	e supplem	entary ite	ms or a	alternative
		Complies		Partial con	npliance		Explanation		Not applic	able	X
		he company pla those fees and		-	_	eneral mee	tings, it shoul	d establish	in advance	e a gene	eral policy
		Complies	X	Partial con	npliance		Explanation		Not applic	able	
	tre acl	e board should atment to all s nievement of a onomic value of	sharehold profitab	lers in the le busines	same posit	tion and b	e guided by	the compa	any's inter	ests, na	amely the
	fait coi ma	d in its search th, ethically an porate interest by be affected, d environment.	d with res	espect for legitimate	generally ad interests of i	ccepted us ts employe	e and good es, suppliers,	practice, customers	endeavour and other	to reco	oncile the olders that
		Compl	ies [	X	Partial compli	iance		Explanation	n		
		e Board should refore, between				erate effec	tively, with pa	ırticipation.	The recor	mmende	ed size is,
				Complie	s X	Expl	anation				
14.	Th	e board should	approve	a policy for	selecting dir	ectors which	ch:				
	a)	Is specific and	verifiable.								
	b)	Ensures that no	mination	s or propos	sals for re-ele	ection are b	ased on a prid	or analysis	of the boar	rd's nee	ds.
	c)	Favours the div	ersity of e	expertise, e	experience ar	nd gender.					
	pul	e results of the blished when capposed.	-	•					-		
		d the policy for ould be equival	_	•	•	_			emale direc	tors on	the board
		e nomination cout the a					policy for sele	ecting direc	tors annua	ally and	inform on
		Compl	ies [	X	Partial compli	iance		Explanation	n		
	dir	e proprietary ar ectors is the mi ke held by the	nimum n	ecessary, t	taking accour	nt of the co	mplexity of th				
		Compl	ies [	X	Partial compli	iance		Explanation	n 🗀		
						47					

16		e ratio of propi resented by the	•				ectors should	not be grea	ater than the	ratio of capital
	This	s may be ease	d:							
	a)	In companies	with a hig	jh capitalisati	ion, in whic	ch shareho	ldings legally	considered	significant are	scarce.
	b)	In companies	with a plu	ırality of unre	elated share	eholders r	epresented or	n the board.		
				Complies	X	Ex	planation			
17	. The	number of inc	lepender	nt directors sh	nould repre	esent at lea	ast one-half o	f the total dir	ectors.	
	but		eholder, d	or several ac	ting in cor	ncert, that	controls more	e than 30% o	-	f capitalisation the number of
				Complies		Ex	planation X			
	Of th	he twelve board	members	at present, thr	ee are inde	pendent and	l one is an "oth	er non-execut	ive" director.	
	just	ough the directo like any other in ontinuous period	dependen	t director, he c						
		refore, despite the pendent director		classification o	f the directo	rs, in actua	fact of a total of	of twelve direc	tors, four (1/3)	act as true
		notwithstanding pendent director			this situatior	n into accou	nt when filling t	he vacancy pr	roduced on the	board when an
18	. Cor	npanies should	d publish	on their web	sites and k	keep up to	date the follo	wing informa	ation on their o	directors:
	a)	Professional	and biogr	aphic profile						
	b)	Other directo whatsoever n	-	eld, in listed	or unliste	ed compar	nies, and oth	er remunera	ited activities	performed, of
	c)	Indication of with which the			tor, indica	ting for pr	oprietary dire	ctors the sh	areholder the	y represent or
	d)	Date of first a	ppointme	ent as directo	or of the co	mpany and	d subsequent	re-elections		
	e)	Shares and s	tock option	ons held in th	ne compan	y.				
		Complie	s	F	Partial comp	liance	X	Expla	anation	
	All t	he requirements	of this Re	commendation	n are met ex	cept b).				
	infor perf	ough there is no rmation on the d ormed, remuner ual accounts and	irectors of ated or oth	Ebro Foods, S nerwise, in con	S.A., includir npanies eng	ng directors jaged in sim	nips held in liste ilar or identical	ed companies activities as E	and positions a bro Foods, is s	ind activities et out in the
19	exp inte pres	lanation of the rest of less that	reasons an 3% in board fi	why proprie the capital, rom shareho	tary directo as well as olders with	ors have b the reaso	een appointe ns, if appropi	d at the requirate, for not	uest of shareh meeting form	old include an nolders with an al requests for whose request
		Complies		Partial comp	oliance		Explanation		Not applicable	e X
20		•		_			•			eholding in the

shares to an extent requiring a reduction in the number of proprietary directors.

	Complies	X	Partial com	pliance		Explar	nation		Not	applicable		
21.	The Board shoul were appointed, Nomination Comor contracts new the board, or if longer be considered.	unless the mittee. I obligation they brea	here are just In particular, ons preventi ach their du	t grounds , just groung them f uties or fa	for doing so ands are dee rom dedicati all into any o	o, as appemed to ing the roof the ci	oreciated be exist whe necessary ircumstand	oy the Ben the ditime to	Board su lirector f perform	ibject to a takes up i nance of t	report new po heir du	by the sitions ties on
	The removal of corporate operat of the board are	ions enta	ailing a char	nge in the	ownership s	structure	of the cor	mpany,	when c	hanges in		
			С	omplies	X	Exp	lanation					
22	Companies show jeopardise the co any criminal prod	ompany'	s credit and	reputation	n. In particu	ular, dire	ectors sho	uld be	obliged	to inform	the Bo	
	If a director is prothe case as soor remain in office.	n as poss	sible and, in	view of th	ne specific c	ircumsta	ances, dec	cide whe	ether or	not the d	irector	
	Compli	es 🕽	<	Partial co	ompliance	[		Ex	kplanatio	n [		
23	All the directors submitted to the the potential cor represented on t	Board n oflict of in the Board	nay go agai nterest shou d.	nst corpo uld also c	rate interest lo so when	the dec	ndepende sisions ma	ent and and by be de	other di etriment	irectors no tal to sha	ot affect reholde	ers not
	And when the E reservations, the the letter contem	latter sh	nould reach	the appro	priate concl							
	This recommend	lation als	o affects the	e Secretai	y of the Boa	ard, evei	n if he or s	she is no	ot a dire	ctor.		
	Compli	es 🗅	X Partia	l compliand	ce	E	Explanation		1	Not applica	ble	
24	If a director resign should explain the announced as a	he reasc	ons in a lett	er sent to	all the Boa	ard men	nbers. Re	gardles	s of wh	ether the	retirer	nent is
	Compli	es >	X Partia	l compliand	ce [	E	Explanation		1	Not applica	ble	
25	The nomination their duties corre		ee should m	ake sure	that non-exe	ecutive	directors h	nave su	fficiently	y availabil	ity to p	erform
	And the regulation directors.	ons of th	ne board sho	ould stipu	late the max	ximum r	number of	directo	rships t	hat may t	oe held	l by its
	Compli	es		Partial co	ompliance	[	X	Ex	cplanatio	n [		
	Although the Regulation Foods, S.A., necessary to guar Consequently, the times to meet each directors").	it does im antee the maximun	npose on the e e effective and n number of	directors the d adequate other direct	ne obligation t e fulfilment o torships they	to dedicated of each a may hole	te to the co and all of to ld will be s	mpany s he dutie uch as t	such atte s corres to ensure	ention and to ponding to that they	ime as their p are ab	may be position. le at all
26	The Board shou	ld meet a	as often as	may be n	ecessary to	secure	efficient p	erforma	nce of	its duties,	follow	ing the

calendar and business established at the beginning of the year, although any director may individually propose other items not initially contemplated to be included on the agenda.

		Complies	X	Partial compliance		Explanation	
27	Governan		If a director	s should be limited to is forced to miss a			
		Complies	X	Partial compliance		Explanation	
28	performar		se concerns	y express concern over are not settled by the			
		Complies	X Parti	al compliance	Explanation	Not	applicable
29	-	-		equate channels for ld circumstances so r			
		Complies	X	Partial compliance		Explanation	
30				red of directors to popropriate circumstan		companies shou	ld also offer their
		Comp	lies X	Explanation	Not ap	plicable	
31	_		-	early indicate the iten an study or obtain in a		-	•
	the agend	da for appr		f urgency, the chairm poard, the prior, exp the minutes.			
		Complies	X	Partial compliance		Explanation	
32		shall be reg	ularly informed	Partial compliance  I on any changes in the  and ratings agencies of	•	company and the c	ppinion held by the
32		shall be reg	ularly informed	d on any changes in the	•	company and the c	opinion held by the
	Being res	shall be reging shareholder  Complies  ponsible for d in the articles to be if any, of the time is allotted.	the efficient fulles of associatransacted; of ecompany; bed to the disc	d on any changes in thand ratings agencies o	of the company and it  d of directors, apart to  puld prepare and sub ate the periodical act aging the board and	ecompany and the costs group.  Explanation  from performing the mit to the board a ssessment of the for its efficient opers.	ne duties assigned schedule of dates board and chief eration; make sure
	Being res	shall be reging shareholder  Complies  ponsible for d in the articles to be if any, of the time is allotted.	the efficient fulles of associatransacted; of ecompany; bed to the disc	d on any changes in the and ratings agencies of a Partial compliance functioning of the boartion, the chairman shorganise and coording the responsible for manussion of strategic is	of the company and it  d of directors, apart to  puld prepare and sub ate the periodical act aging the board and	ecompany and the costs group.  Explanation  from performing the mit to the board a ssessment of the for its efficient opers.	ne duties assigned schedule of dates board and chief eration; make sure
33	. Being responded by law and busing executive, sufficient for each december of the chair investors	shall be reging shareholder Complies  ponsible for d in the articles to be if any, of the time is allotted in the complies  re is a lead if powers, apart and viriand shareh	the efficient following to the discontinuous transacted; one company; being the discontinuous transacted to the discontinuous transacted to the discontinuous transacted to the discontinuous transacted to the discontinuous transacted transacted; one company; being the discontinuous transacted transacted; one company; being the discontinuous transacted	d on any changes in the and ratings agencies of Partial compliance functioning of the boarding, the chairman shorganise and coording responsible for manuscion of strategic is ances so require.	of the company and it  d of directors, apart to build prepare and substate the periodical attagging the board and sues; and resolve and association or regular by law: preside over oncerns of non-exectiew and form an oping	Explanation  from performing the firmit to the board assessment of the for its efficient open and review the refree Explanation  attions of the board assessment of the board meetings entired the board meetings are the board meetings on their continuous the continuous and the board meetings are the board meeting are	ne duties assigned schedule of dates board and chief eration; make sure esher programmes  I should assign the in the absence of hold contacts with acerns, particularly
33	. Being responded by law and busing executive, sufficient for each december of the chair investors	shall be reging shareholder Complies  ponsible for d in the articles to be if any, of the time is allotted in the complies  re is a lead if powers, apart and viriand shareh	the efficient folles of associal transacted; of ecompany; beed to the disconever circumstructure from those ce-chairmen, olders to find the governance	Partial compliance unctioning of the boar tion, the chairman short responsible for man eussion of strategic is cances so require.  Partial compliance irector, the articles of corresponding to the rif any; echo the cout their points of v	of the company and it  d of directors, apart to build prepare and substate the periodical attagging the board and sues; and resolve and association or regular by law: preside over oncerns of non-exectiew and form an oping	Explanation  from performing the firmit to the board assessment of the for its efficient open and review the refree Explanation  attions of the board assessment of the board meetings entired the board meetings are the board meetings on their continuous the continuous and the board meetings are the board meeting are	ne duties assigned schedule of dates board and chief eration; make sure esher programmes  I should assign the in the absence of hold contacts with acerns, particularly the chairman.
33	Being responded by law and busing executive, sufficient for each dotain the chair investors regarding.	shall be reging shareholder Complies  ponsible for d in the articles to be a lead in the is allotted in the interest of the shareholder.  Complies  re is a lead in powers, apart and virtue and shareholder the corporation of the corporation of the corporation of the shareholder.	the efficient following to the discontinuous to find the governance association and descent to the discontinuous to find the governance association and descent to the discontinuous to the discontinu	Partial compliance unctioning of the boartion, the chairman short responsible for manuscion of strategic is cances so require.  Partial compliance irector, the articles of corresponding to there if any; echo the cout their points of verifice of the company; and	of the company and it  d of directors, apart to ould prepare and substate the periodical attagging the board and sues; and resolve and sues; and resolve and process of non-exective and form an opic coordinate the plant of the coordinate the coordi	Explanation  from performing the second assessment of the for its efficient open and review the refree Explanation  Explanation  ations of the board are board meetings entire directors; hinion on their confor succession of the second in the lead indeed in the lead in th	ne duties assigned schedule of dates board and chief eration; make sure esher programmes  I should assign the in the absence of hold contacts with acerns, particularly the chairman.

35.	reco	secretary of ommendations pany.										
					Complies	X	E	Explanation				
36.		full Board sho		issess (	once a ye	ear and, wh	iere necess	ary, adopt aı	n actior	n plan to	correct any	deficiencies
	a)	The quality ar	nd eff	ectiven	ess of the	e Board's a	ctions.					
	b)	The functioning	ng an	d comp	osition of	its commit	tees.					
	c)	Diversity in th	e con	npositio	on and po	wers of the	Board.					
	d)	The performa	nce b	y the C	Chairman	of the Boar	rd and Chie	Executive C	Officer o	of their re	espective dut	ies;
	e)	The performation			ntribution	of each o	director, pay	ing special	attentio	on to the	e heads of t	he different
		different comi essed on the b								the Boa	ard and the E	Board will be
		ry three years Il be checked t					is assessm	ent by an ex	ternal o	consultar	nt, whose inc	dependence
		business rela group should b								the com	pany or any	company in
	The	process and a	areas	assess	sed shoul	d also be d	escribed in	the Annual C	Corpora	ite Gove	rnance Repo	ort.
		Complies	s		F	Partial compl	iance	X	Expla	nation		
		company comp cutive chairman,									ard, its comm	ittees and its
		future years, the					Committee v	vill assess ar	nd subm	nit to the	board its op	oinion on the
37.		en there is an of the Board a							t types	of direct	or should ro	ughly mirror
		Complies	s	X	Partial co	mpliance		Explanation	1	1	Not applicable	
38.		Board should										
		Complies	s	X	E	Explanation		Not applic	able			
39.	and	members of t experience in ctors.										-
		Complies	6		F	Partial compl	iance	X	Expla	nation		
		he members of erience and expe										
	Dire who any	egards the Reco ctors, we should is classified as other independe inuous period of	point other nt dire	out that non-exe ector, he	this Comrecutive". Alecanot be	mittee is mad Ithough the declassified a	de up of two i director class is such becat	ndependent di fied as "other ise he has bee	irectors, non-exe en a dire	one prop cutive" pe ector of Et	rietary directo erforms his du	and one ties just like
		refore, despite to nmittee, three of										I Compliance

40	and report	ting system		erly. This unit					internal control ne Board or the
		Complies	X	Partial complia	nce		Explanation		
41				unit should sub ise during its ful		-	-		mmittee, report each year
	Comp	olies X	Partial o	compliance		Explanation	1	Not applicable	
42	. In addition	to those co	ontemplated	I in law, the Aud	it Committe	ee should ha	ave the followi	ng duties:	
	1. In conne	ection with	the internal	control and repo	orting syste	ms:			
	a)	reporting,	checking	_	n the legal	requireme	nts, adequate		roup's, financial of the scope of
	b)	appointme departme material r	ent, re-appoint; approve isks of the	ointment and re its approach a	emoval of nd working ive regular	the chief a plans, mak information	udit officer; ping sure its an on its activi	oropose the ctivity focuse ties; and che	the nomination, budget for this s mainly on the cck that the top
	c)	appropria	te, even an		ort any pote	entially impo			ally and, where serve within the
	2. In conne	ection with	the external	auditors:					
	a)	Investigat	e the circun	nstances giving	rise to resig	gnation of ar	ny external au	ditor.	
	b)	Ensure th independe		neration of the e	external au	ditors for the	eir work does	not jeopardise	e their quality or
	c)	a declarat		oossible existen	•			•	osure, attaching the contents of
	d)			xternal auditors on of the compa			-	board to info	orm on the work
	e)	services o	other than a		n the conce	entration of t	•	•	the provision of in general, any
		Complies	X	Partial co	mpliance		Expla	nation	
43			-	ny employee or e of any other se		-	oany into its r	neetings, eve	n ordering their
		Complies	X	Partial co	mpliance		Explai	nation	
44	make, so t	that it can a	nalyse then		oreliminary	report to the			mpany plans to rms and impact
	Comp	olies	Partial o	compliance		Explanation	<u> </u>	Not applicable	X
45	The risk co	ontrol and n	nanagemen	t policy should i	dentify at le	ast:			

	a)	The different typenvironmental, poother off-balance	olitical and rep	utational) to whic	h the comp	any is exposed		-	
	b)	The risk level tha	t the company	considers accep	table.				
	c)	The measures co	ontemplated to	mitigate the impa	act of the ris	sks identified, s	hould they mate	erialise.	
	d)	The internal cont liabilities and other			used to cor	ntrol and mana	ge those risks,	including cor	ntingent
		Complies	X	Partial complia	ince		Explanation		
46.	ther	ler the direct super should be an inspany expressly has See that the risk affecting the comparticipate active See that the risk the board.	aternal risk con aving the follow control and m spany are adeq ly in the prepa	trol and manage ving duties: nanagement syst uately identified, ration of the risk	ment role eems work permanaged astrategy and	exercised by an properly and, in and quantified. d in the major of	n internal unit on particular, that decisions on the	r departmen t all the maj eir managem	t of the or risks ent.
		Complies	X	Partial complia	ince		Explanation		
47.	Con	npanies should er nmittee and the ertise for the dutie	Remuneration	Committee, if	they are s	eparate- have	adequate exp	erience, ski	
		Complies		Partial complia	ince	X	Explanation		
	All t	he members of the	Nomination and	d Remuneration C	ommittee ha	ve adequate ex	perience, skills a	and expertise	for their
	The direc	Nomination and R ctors and the other t ne resignation tende	wo proprietary di	irectors. The compa	any will bear	this situation in			
48.		npanies with a hi	gh level of cap	oitalisation should	d have a s	eparate nomin	ation committed	e and remur	neration
		Complies		Explanation		Not applicable	X		
49.		nomination comi				board and th	e chief executi	ve of the co	mpany,
		any director sho		•			onsider potenti	al candidate	s to fill
		Complies	X	Partial complia	ince		Explanation		
50.		remuneration co se assigned to it b		d perform its dut	ies indeper	ndently, having	the following	duties in add	lition to
	a)	Propose to the bo	oard the basic	terms of contract	of the seni	or executives.			
	b)	See that the rem	uneration polic	y established by	the compar	ny is observed.			
	c)	Periodically revie of payment with s that paid to other	shares and the	ir application, an	d ensure th	at their individ			
	d)	Ensure that any counselling provi		•	arise do n	ot jeopardise	the independe	nce of the e	external

	e) Check the information on the remuneration of directors and senior executives in the different corporate documents, including the annual report on directors' remuneration.										
			Complies	X	Partial complia	ance		Explai	nation		
51.				nmittee should creferring to the ex					executive	of the	e company,
			Complies	X	Partial complia	ance		Explai	nation		
52.	regu	ulation	s of the boar	tion and proced d and be cohere ations, including	nt with those	applicable					
	a)	The n	nembers sho	ould be exclusive	ly non-execut	ive director	rs, most of the	m indeper	ndent direc	ctors.	
	b)	They	should be ch	naired by indeper	ndent director	s.					
	c)	exper	ience of the	d appoint the red directors and eports; and repowerk done.	the duties o	f each co	mmittee; and	the com	mittees sh	ould	discuss its
	d)		committees s rm their dutie	should be able to es.	o obtain exter	rnal counse	elling wheneve	er they ma	ay conside	er it ne	ecessary to
	e)	Minut	es should be	e issued of their r	meetings and	made avai	lable to all dire	ectors.			
		Comp	olies	Partial complia	ance	X Expl	lanation [	No	t applicable		
	The the	compa Audit ar	ny complies ward Compliance	vith all of this Reco e Committee and th	mmendation ex ne Nomination a	xcept the firs and Remune	st paragraph, ac eration Committe	ccording to ee should b	which most e independ	of the ent dire	members of ectors.
	Reg	arding t	the Audit and	Compliance Comm	nittee, we refer	to the explar	nation given in F	Recommend	dation 39 ab	ove.	
	are i	indeper mittee	ndent directors the independe	on of the Nominati s, one of them cha ent directors repre- the casting vote of	airing the comr sent 50% of the	nittee, and t e total, altho	he other two arough in the eve	re proprieta nt of a tie,	ry directors	. There	efore, in this
53.	soci which any	al res ch ma , or ar	ponsibility po y be the aud n ad hoc col	mpliance with th olicy should be dit committee, th mmittee that the ould specifically h	assigned to ended to	one or dis committed cising its p	tributed amor e, the corpora owers of self	ng several ate social	committe responsibi	es of lity co	the board, mmittee, if
	a)	Overs	sight of comp	bliance with the in	nternal codes	of conduct	and the comp	oany's corp	oorate gov	ernan	ce rules.
	b)	-		e strategy of con d shareholders.	nmunication a	ınd relation	s with investo	ors and sh	areholders	s, inclu	uding small
	c)	fulfils	its mission of	ment of the ade of promoting cor ere appropriate.	•				-		
	d)	Revie	w of the com	npany's corporat	e responsibilit	ty policy, m	aking sure tha	at it is gear	ed toward	s crea	iting value.
	e)		oring of the liance.	corporate socia	ıl responsibili	ty strategy	and practice	s and ass	sessment	of the	degree of
	f)	Super	rvision and a	ssessment of the	e processes o	of relations	with different	stakeholde	ers.		
	g)			everything related related in the social, enviror					ny, includ	ling o	operational,

h) Coordination of the reporting process for non-financial information and diversity, complying with the

applicable legal provisions and international benchmark standards.

		Complie	es	X	Partial compliance		Explanation			
		•			policy should include the ps with the different stakeh					
	a)	The corporat	e socia	l responsibility	goals and the developmen	nt of supporting	g instruments.			
	b)	The corporat	e strate	egy related wit	h sustainability, the enviror	ment and soc	ial issues.			
	c)				ated with shareholders, e sibility, respect for human r					
	d)		_		nitoring the results of app ted risks and management		cific practices co	ntemplated in the		
	e)	The mechan	isms fo	r supervising ı	non-financial risks, ethics a	nd business co	onduct.			
	f)	The commun	nication	channels, par	ticipation and dialogue with	stakeholders				
	g)	Responsible	commi	unication pract	ices to avoid manipulation	of information	and protect integ	rity and honour.		
		Complie	es [	X	Partial compliance		Explanation			
55.				•	arate document or in the di nternationally accepted me	•	, on matters rela	ted with corporate		
		Complie	es [	X	Partial compliance		Explanation			
	rem	nunerate the o	dedicati	on, qualification	be high enough to attract a on and responsibility requi xecutive directors.			•		
				Complie	s X Expl	anation				
	Complies X Explanation  7. Variable remuneration linked to the company's yield and personal performance and the remuneration paid in shares, stock options, rights over shares or instruments indexed to the value of the share, and long-term savings systems such as pension plans, retirement schemes or other welfare systems, should be limited to executive									
	-			on plans, retir	ement schemes or other v	velfare systen	ns, should be lin	-		
	dire The upo	stems such as ectors. e delivery of s on holding tho	pension	as remunerati	ement schemes or other volume on to non-executive direct retire from the board. The sts incurred in their acquisi	ors may be co	ontemplated whe	nited to executive en it is conditional		
	dire The upo	stems such as ectors. e delivery of s on holding tho	hares assessed to sell	as remunerati	on to non-executive direct retire from the board. Th	ors may be co	ontemplated whe	nited to executive en it is conditional		
	The upo dire	etems such as ectors.  e delivery of son holding the ector may need  Complied remaining the remainin	hares a see shad to sell es [	as remunerations until they to pay the co	on to non-executive direct retire from the board. Th sts incurred in their acquisi	ors may be consist will not be tion.  establish the offessional performance.	entemplated whe applicable to an Explanation  limits and techormance of their	en it is conditional y shares that the inical precautions beneficiaries and		
	The upodire	etems such as ectors.  e delivery of son holding the ector may need  Complied remaining the remaining the remaining the remaining the remaining to make not merely decumstances.	hares a see shad to sell es [ munerat sure the trive from the triv	as remunerations until they to pay the community to pay the community to pay the remains, the remains remuner more remuneral tremains and the community to pay the community to p	on to non-executive direct retire from the board. Th sts incurred in their acquisi  Partial compliance  uneration policies should ations are linked to the pro-	establish the feesonal performs company's	entemplated whe applicable to an Explanation  limits and techormance of their	en it is conditional y shares that the inical precautions beneficiaries and		
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one-off, occasional or extraordinary events.

		Complies	X	Partial compliance		Explanation		Not applicable	
59.		_		part of the variable compethat the yield conditions e					ninimum
		Complies	X	Partial compliance		Explanation		Not applicable	
60.	•	linked remui		should take account of ar s.	ny qualif	ications made in	the repo	ort by the external a	auditors
		Complies		Partial compliance		Explanation		Not applicable	X
61.				e variable remuneration indexed to their value.	of exec	cutive directors s	hould be	e linked to the del	ivery of
		Complies		Partial compliance		Explanation	X	Not applicable	
	the f not s remi	form of shares so far submitte uneration of the	s, stock op ed this form ne execut	articles of Association conter otions or any other system on on of remuneration to approva- ive director currently used a itment to and relationship wi	of remune al by the are most	eration indexed to t general meeting, co appropriate for sti	he price	of the shares, the Bog that the systems of	oard has variable
62.	distribute fixed rem	d, the direct	ors may r exercis	ns or rights over shares not transfer the ownersh e the stock options or r	ip of a	number of share	s equiva	alent to twice their	annual
	This will acquisition		icable to	any shares that the dire	ector m	ay need to sell	to pay t	he costs incurred	in their
		Complies		Partial compliance		Explanation		Not applicable	X
63.	compone	nts of remur	neration v	clawback clause whereby when the amounts paid of s of data subsequently pr	do not c	orrespond to fulf		•	
		Complies	X	Partial compliance		Explanation		Not applicable	
64.	and shou			not exceed a specified and the company has confirmed		•	-		
		Complies	X	Partial compliance		Explanation		Not applicable	

## **H OTHER INFORMATION OF INTEREST**

- 1. If you consider there to be any important aspects regarding the corporate governance practices applied by your company or other companies in the group that have not been mentioned in this report, but which should be included to obtain more complete, reasoned information on the corporate governance practices and structure in the company or group, describe them below and give a brief explanation.
- 2. This section may be used to include any other information, clarification or qualification relating to the previous sections of the report, provided it is relevant and not repetitive.

In particular, state whether the company is subject to any laws other than the laws of Spain on corporate governance and, if this is the case, include whatever information the company may be obliged to supply that differs from the information included in this report.

The company may also state whether it has voluntarily applied any international, sector-based or other codes of ethical principles or good practices. If so, it should name the code in question and the date of its accession.

EXPLANATORY NOTE ONE, CONCERNING THE CURRENT COMPOSITION OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND THE PROPORTIONS OF MEMBERS IN THE DIFFERENT CATEGORIES OF DIRECTORS

- With regard to the presence of female directors and the numbers of independent directors, it is put on record that:
- (i) The company bears both aspects in mind for filling the vacancy produced on the resignation as of 1 December 2014 of an independent director.
- (ii) The director classified as "other non-executive" was appointed director and member of the Audit and Compliance Committee on account of his personal and professional qualities. He performs his duties unconditioned by relations with the company or its group, controlling shareholders or executives. Therefore, this director performs his duties in the Board and Audit and Compliance Committee just like any other independent director, although he cannot be classified as such because he has been on the board for more than 12 years in succession.
- As regards the classification of Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A. as an executive director:
- (i) Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A. does not perform executive or management duties in Ebro Foods, S.A. or any subsidiary of the Group and, therefore, receives no remuneration for such duties.
- (ii) Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A. has been classified as an executive director because its individual representative on the board of directors of Ebro Foods, S.A. (see section 212 bis of the Corporate Enterprises Act) is an executive of one of the Group's subsidiaries.
- (iii) Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A. holds the position of director because it is the largest shareholder of the company, with a total interest, direct and indirect, of 15.92%. Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A. will continue to be a director of Ebro Foods, S.A. during such time as it is a significant shareholder, regardless of who its personal representative is and the executive position that said representative may hold within the Group.

### EXPLANATORY NOTE TWO, ON SECTION A.4

Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A. and Hispánods Invest, S.L. are directors and also significant shareholders of the company (see percentage shareholdings indicated in A.3) and the relationships contemplated in the explanatory note on section C.1.17 exist between them.

#### **EXPLANATORY NOTE THREE, ON SECTION A.5**

Relationships between the companies of the Ebro Foods Group and the controlling shareholders, excluding those who are directors, are explained in section A.5.

See sections D.2 and D.3 of this Report.

#### EXPLANATORY NOTE FOUR, ON SECTION B.4

As indicated in the information contained in the attendance list of the AGM incorporated in the notarial minutes issued thereof, the figures on attendance in person and by proxy set out in section B.4 of this report include the percentages of postal and electronic votes.

## EXPLANATORY NOTE FIVE, ON SECTION C.1.16

- The total amount indicated in section C.1.16 includes the remuneration of all the company executives, even though they do not all have senior management employment relations on the terms stipulated in law.
- In 2015 a sum of €128,000 was distributed among all executives (except the Chairman of the Board) of Ebro Foods, S.A. included in the Deferred Annual Bonus Scheme linked to the Group's Strategic Plan 2013-2015, corresponding to 2013. This sum represents 25% of the Deferred Annual Variable Remuneration for the three-year period and was provided for in the 2013 accounts.
- A provision has been recognised in the 2015 accounts of €124,000 as the provisional estimate of the sum corresponding to 2015 to be distributed among all executives (except the Chairman of the Board) included in the Deferred Annual Bonus Scheme linked to the Group's Strategic Plan 2013-2015. This sum represents 50% of the Deferred Annual Variable Remuneration for that three-year period and, in accordance with the terms of that Scheme, will be paid in 2017.
- Finally, these Deferred Annual Bonus Schemes are not indexed to the value of the company share and the beneficiaries do not receive any shares or rights thereover.

- The contracts of two executives contemplate termination benefits in the event of termination or takeover, in a sum exceeding that payable under the applicable labour laws. For other executives, the benefits initially established are lower than the indemnity established in the Workers' Statute, owing to their accumulated seniority.

#### **EXPLANATORY NOTE SIX, ON SECTION C.1.17**

- Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A. and Hispánicods Invest, S.L. are directors and controlling shareholders of Ebro Foods, S.A. Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A. holds 100% of the capital of Hispánicods Invest, S.L. (direct interest of 51.62% and indirect interest of 48.38%) and is director of that company.
- Antonio Hernández Callejas has a direct interest of 16.666% in Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A. and an indirect interest of 16.666% in Hispafoods Invest, S.L. Therefore, Antonio Hernández Callejas has an indirect interest in Ebro Foods, S.A. through the 15.921% interest held directly and indirectly in this company by Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A. Antonio Hernández Callejas does not hold any office in those companies.
- Félix Hernández Callejas and Blanca Hernández Rodríguez, representatives of Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A. and Hispafoods Invest, S.L., respectively, each have a direct interest of 16.666% in Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A. and an indirect interest of 16.666% in Hispafoods Invest, S.L. Therefore, Félix Hernández Callejas and Blanca Hernández Rodríguez each have an indirect interest in Ebro Foods, S.A. through the 15.921% interest held directly and indirectly in this company by Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A. Félix Hernández Callejas is Managing Director of Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A. and does not hold any office in Hispafoods Invest, S.L. Blanca Hernández Rodríguez does not hold any office in either of those companies.
- Demetrio Carceller Arce has an indirect interest in Ebro Foods, S.A. through the 10.03% interest held indirectly in this company by Sociedad Anónima Damm through Corporación Económica Damm, S.A.

#### EXPLANATORY NOTE SEVEN, ON SECTION C.2.1

- The name of the audit committee in the company is "Audit and Compliance Committee" and the name of the nomination and remuneration committee is "Nomination and Remuneration Committee".
- All the members of the Audit and Compliance Committee were appointed on account of their expertise and experience in accounting and auditing, including Hispafoods Invest, S.L., which was elected on the basis of the expertise of its representative in these matters.
- The duties of the different Board Committees as established in the Regulations of the Board are set out below, without prejudice to those they have by law:

#### **DUTIES OF THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE:**

Notwithstanding the specifications of the Board in the resolution to delegate powers and the powers of the Board that may not be delegated, the Executive Committee has the following powers:

- a) Adopt resolutions corresponding to the powers delegated to it by the Board of Directors.
- b) Monitor and supervise the normal management of the company, ensuring adequate coordination with subsidiaries in the common interests of the latter and the company.
- c) Study and propose to the Board of Directors the guidelines defining business strategy, supervising their implementation.
- d) Debate and inform the Board on any issues corresponding to the following matters, regardless of whether or not they have been delegated by the Board:
- Separate and consolidated annual budget of the company, itemising the provisions corresponding to each core business.
- Monthly monitoring of the financial management, deviations from the budget and proposed remedial measures, if necessary.
- Significant financial investments and investments in property, plant and equipment and the corresponding economic justification.
- Alliances and agreements with other companies which, by virtue of their amount or nature, are important for the company.
- Financial transactions of a material economic significance for the company.
- Programme of medium-term actions.
- Assessment of the achievement of objectives by the different operating units of the company.
- Monitoring and assessment of the subsidiaries in respect of the matters contemplated in this sub-section d).
- e) Adopt resolutions corresponding to the buy-back and disposal of treasury stock by the Company, in accordance with the authorisation, if any, granted by the General Meeting. A Director may be designated to execute and formalise the

decisions to buy or sell own shares, supervising and, if appropriate, authorising any resolutions that may be adopted by subsidiaries to buy and sell their own shares or shares in the Company, whenever such authorisation is required by law.

#### DUTIES OF THE AUDIT AND COMPLIANCE COMMITTEE:

The Audit and Compliance Committee shall have the following powers, in addition to those assigned to it by law, regulations or the Articles of Association:

- a) Supervise and promote internal control of the company and the risk management systems and submit recommendations to the Board for a decision on the risk management and control policy, including tax risks, specifying at least:
- The types of risk to which the company is exposed.
- The risk level that the company considers acceptable.
- The measures for mitigating the impact of identified risks, should they actually occur.
- The control and reporting systems used to control and manage those risks.
- b) Supervise and promote the policies, procedures and systems used for drawing up and controlling the company's financial information, checking the services performed in this regard by the Internal Audit Department, the Financial Department and the Management Committee and making sure they are correctly distributed throughout the Group.
- c) Receive the information sent regularly to the Stock Exchange Councils, issue prospectuses and any public financial information offered by the Company and, in general, all information prepared for distribution among shareholders, ensuring the existence of internal control systems that guarantee the transparency and truth of the information.
- d) Ensure that (i) the systems used for preparing the separate and consolidated Annual Accounts and Directors' Report submitted to the Board to be authorised for issue in accordance with current legislation give a true and fair view of the equity, financial position and results of the Company and make sure that any interim financial statements are drawn up according to the same accounting principles as the annual accounts, considering the possibility of asking the external auditors to make a limited audit if necessary; and (ii) the Board of Directors endeavours to submit the annual accounts to the General Meeting with an unqualified auditors' report.

In this respect, it shall also see that the internal control systems are adequate and effective in respect of the accounting practices and principles used for drawing up the company's annual accounts, supervising the policies and procedures established to ensure due compliance with applicable legal provisions and internal regulations. The Committee shall, through its Chairman, obtain information and collaboration from both the Internal Audit Manager and the External Auditors to perform these duties.

- e) Establish regular contact with the External Auditors to receive information on any issues that may jeopardise their independence, and any other issues relating to the auditing of accounts, receiving information from and exchanging communications with the External Auditors in accordance with prevailing auditing standards and legislation.
- f) Be informed of the decisions adopted by the senior management according to recommendations made by the External Auditors in connection with the audit.
- g) Report to the Board prior to the adoption of any decisions on related party transactions submitted for its authorisation.
- h) Implement a confidential whistle-blowing channel accessible to all Group employees and a protocol for establishing priority, processing, investigating and solving any issues reported through that channel according to their importance and nature, paying special attention to those involving possible falsehood or misrepresentation in financial or accounting documents and possible fraud.
- i) Supervise compliance with the internal codes of conduct and rules of corporate governance. In particular, oversee the implementation of and compliance with the internal regulations and codes applicable to the risk management and control systems in general and the financial reporting process in particular.
- j) Submit to the Board, to be tabled at the General Meeting, proposals for the selection, appointment, re-appointment and replacement of the company's External Auditors and their terms of contract, the scope of their commission and the renewal or revocation of their engagement. The Committee shall ensure the independence of the External Auditors and the existence of a discussion procedure enabling the External Auditors, the Internal Audit Department and any other expert to inform the company of any significant weaknesses in its internal control detected while checking the annual accounts or any other processes in which they have worked. The Committee shall issue an annual report, prior to issuance of the auditor's report, expressing an opinion on the independence of the External Auditors and any supplementary services they may have provided. It shall also inform the Board on the proposal submitted to the Board by the Company Chairman regarding the appointment of the Internal Audit Manager, who shall report directly to the Chairman of the Board.
- k) Supervise and report to the Board on intragroup and related party transactions of the company or subsidiaries and settle any conflicts of interest that may arise between the company or the group and its directors, executives, significant shareholders and listed subsidiaries, if any.
- I) The Audit and Compliance Committee shall also report to the General Meeting on any issues raised by shareholders concerning matters within its competence.

#### DUTIES OF THE NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE:

In addition to any other powers corresponding to it by law or the Articles of Association, the Committee shall study, issue reports and submit proposals for the Board, at its request, on the following matters:

- a) Definition and, where appropriate, revision of the criteria to be followed for the composition and structure of the Board and selection of candidates to join the Board, informing always prior to the appointment of a Director by cooptation or the submission to the General Meeting of any proposal regarding the appointment or removal of Directors.
- b) Appointment of the Chairman, and Vice-Chairman if any, of the Board, Managing Director(s), Lead Independent Director and the Secretary, and Vice-Secretary if any, of the Board; appointment of Directors to the Committees of the Board; and appointment and possible dismissal of senior executives and their termination benefit clauses.
- c) Position of the Company regarding the appointment and removal of board members in subsidiaries.
- d) Proposal of directors' emoluments, according to the system of remuneration established in the Articles of Association and the executive directors' relationship with the Company. The Committee shall also inform in advance on any resolution or proposal of the Board on the remuneration of directors and executives indexed to the value of the shares in the Company or its subsidiaries or consisting of the delivery of shares in the Company or its subsidiaries or the granting of options thereover.
- e) Supervision of the senior management remuneration and incentives policy, obtaining information and reporting on the criteria followed by the Company's subsidiaries in this respect.
- f) Assessment of the principles of the management training, promotion and selection policy in the parent company and, where appropriate, in its subsidiaries.
- g) Examination and organisation, as deemed adequate, of the succession of the Chairman and chief executive and, if appropriate, submission of proposals to the Board to ensure that such succession is made in an orderly, well-planned manner.
- h) Preparation and proposal of the Annual Report on Directors' Remuneration and the Directors' remuneration policy in accordance with the laws and regulations in place from time to time.
- i) Setting targets for the representation of the least represented gender on the Board and issue guidelines on how to achieve them.

#### DUTIES OF THE STRATEGY AND INVESTMENT COMMITTEE:

The Committee shall study, issue reports and submit proposals for the Board on the following matters:

- a) Setting of targets for growth, yield and market share.
- b) Strategic development plans, new investments and restructuring processes.
- c) Coordination with subsidiaries in the matters contemplated in paragraphs (a) and (b) above, for the common interests and benefit of the Company and its subsidiaries.
- The activities performed by the different Board Committees in 2015 are indicated below:

#### ACTIONS PERFORMED BY THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE:

- Several investments, divestments and sales of assets were valued.
- Strategic decisions to be adopted in respect of the different businesses were assessed.

## ACTIONS PERFORMED BY THE AUDIT AND COMPLIANCE COMMITTEE:

- The Committee checked and resolved to pass a favourable report to the board on the periodical financial reporting for H2 of 2014 and on Q1, H1 and Q3 of 2015.
- The Committee checked and resolved to pass a favourable report to the board on the review and modification of periodical public reporting on 2014, which had previously been checked and approved by the Board, following the resolution passed by the CNMV in the dairy inquiry, in view of which that review of the previously approved financial information was considered advisable on the terms reported to the market.
- The related party transactions and situations of potential conflict of interest corresponding to 2014 were checked, resolving to submit a favourable report to the board on those transactions and situations, and on the authorisation for them to be made in 2015.
- The committee checked and agreed to issue a favourable report to the Board on the separate and consolidated annual accounts and directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2014. During the review, the external auditors of the company and its group (EY) submitted its draft unqualified auditors' report.
- The draft report by the auditors on the FRICS (financial reporting internal control system) 2014 was reviewed.
- The external audit of the separate and consolidated annual accounts 2014 was monitored.
- After the corresponding review, a favourable report was issued on the independence of the auditors.
- The Internal Audit Plan for 2015, presented by the Chief Audit Officer, was approved.
- The operation and use of the whistle-blowing channel in 2014 was reviewed.
- The information on related party transactions and situations of potential conflict of interest and the information on risk control included in the Annual Corporate Governance Report 2014 was checked, resolving to submit a favourable report to the board.
- The activity report of the Committee for 2014 was issued and submitted to the board.

- The committee studied and submitted a favourable report to the board on the modification of the Regulations of the
- The committee studied the presentation given by the external auditors (EY) of the letter of recommendations regarding internal control processes, analysing the alternatives submitted by the internal audit department in respect of the implementation of measures to optimise the internal control system.
- The external auditors (EY) ran a training session on new aspects on accounting and auditing; in particular, they explained (i) the novelties introduced in the Corporate Enterprises Act by the reform of December 2014 and the new good governance recommendations affecting the Committee; and (ii) the parliamentary initiatives concerning auditing.
- The report prepared by the Internal Audit Department on different subsidiaries of the Group, within the Internal Audit Plan 2015, was examined.
- The external auditors (EY) ran a training session on IFRS 15 (revenue recognition), with special emphasis on how it might affect the Group's accounting.
- The proposed fees of the external auditors (EY) for auditing of the 2015 accounts was analysed and a report submitted to the board.
- The committee was informed on the work being done in respect of the control and management of risks, including tax risks, and financial reporting internal control systems, particularly the measures taken to strengthen the control structure in accordance with the good governance recommendations.
- The committee was informed on the review and update in progress of the crime prevention model.
- The general policies affecting the powers of the committee were checked and a favourable report was submitted to the board
- The amendment to the Internal Code of Market Conduct and the Code of Conduct proposed within the review of the crime prevention model were checked and a favourable report was submitted to the board.
- The proposal for the distribution of dividends against the 2015 accounts (payable in 2016) was assessed and a favourable report was submitted to the board, on the terms subsequently approved by the board and announced to the market on 22 December 2015.
- The committee attended the presentation given by the head of the shareholder and investor relations department, within the committee's duty to supervise the general policies of the company.

#### ACTIONS PERFORMED BY THE NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE:

- The new aspects introduced in the Corporate Enterprises Act by Act 31/2014 of 3 December affecting the composition and duties of the Committee, the board and other committees were analysed, in order to assess and report to the board on the resolutions, if any, that should be adopted to adapt to the new legislation.
- The committee studied and reported favourably to the board on the appointment of the Lead Independent Director.
- The Committee studied and agreed to issue a favourable report to the Board on the Remuneration Policy for Company Directors and Executives of the Parent and Group for 2014-2015.
- The Committee studied and agreed to issue a favourable report to the Board on the conditions of termination of a group executive in Portugal.
- It was resolved to recommend the board to pay the second instalment of the share in profits corresponding to 2014.
- The Committee agreed to recommend the Board, with a favourable report, to approve the Report on Directors' Remuneration for 2014, to be put to an advisory vote at the AGM as a separate item on the agenda.
- The report on the assessment of the Board, its Chairman and Committees in 2014 was prepared, to be submitted to the Board of Directors.
- The Nomination and Remuneration Committee Report 2014 was prepared, to be submitted to the Board of Directors.
- The Committee studied and agreed to issue a favourable report to the Board on the information included in the Annual Corporate Governance Report 2014 on remuneration and categories of directors. In this regard, it was also resolved, in the light of the latest amendment to the Corporate Enterprises Act, to classify the directors into categories in order to adopt any resolutions that may be necessary for 2015.
- The Committee studied and agreed to issue a favourable report to the Board on the modifications to the Regulations of the Board.
- It was resolved to propose to the Board, with a favourable report, payment of (i) the final share in profits corresponding to 2014, once foreseeably approved at the annual general meeting, and (ii) the first instalment of the share in profits corresponding to 2015
- Within the framework of the review of categories of directors, it was resolved to propose to the Board, with a favourable report, a change of category of the director Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A., from proprietary director director
- It was resolved to propose to the Board, with a favourable report, approval of the employee Share Delivery Plan 2015.
- The Committee studied and issued a favourable report to the Board on the general policies affecting the powers of the Committee.
- The Committee studied and issued a favourable report to the Board on the terms of contract of two Group executives in foreign subsidiaries.

#### ACTIONS PERFORMED BY THE STRATEGY AND INVESTMENT COMMITTEE:

- Preliminary work was done on the Ebro Foods Group Strategic Plan 2016-2018.

#### EXPLANATORY NOTE EIGHT, ON SECTION D.3

The gross amount of dividends of Ebro Foods, S.A. for 2015 received by all the executives listed in section C.1.16 totalled €16 thousand.

#### EXPLANATORY NOTE NINE, ON SECTION D.5

During 2015, the Ebro Group concluded two transactions with related parties with an overall value of €130 thousand.

More precisely, the subsidiary Herba Ricemills, S.L.U. effected the following transactions with two companies controlled indirectly by the individual representing the director Hispafoods Invest, S.L., María Blanca Hernández Rodríguez:

- Purchase of goods (finished or otherwise) from Cabher 96, S.L. for €121 thousand.
- Receipt of services (expense) from Real Club de Golf de Sevilla, S.L. for €9 thousand.

#### EXPLANATORY NOTE TEN, CONCERNING RECOMMENDATION 60 IN SECTION G

The auditors' report contains no qualification of any nature so the situation contemplated in Recommendation 60 has not existed and, consequently, no decision has been made in this regard.

#### **EXPLANATORY NOTE ELEVEN**

- Ebro Foods, S.A. had an interest of 3.121% in Biosearch, S.A. at 31 December 2015. This interest is recognised in the Ebro Group accounts as "Available-for-sale financial assets".

Biosearch, S.A. is a listed company engaged in activities similar to the objects of Ebro Foods, S.A. and was part of the Ebro Group until January 2011.

The transactions made between 1 January and 31 December 2015 between Biosearch, S.A. and different companies of the Ebro Foods Group are indicated below:

- Herba Ricemills, S.L.U., purchase of goods (finished or otherwise) for €8 thousand
- Herba Ricemills, S.L.U., lease (income) for €26 thousand
- Ebro Foods, S.A., services rendered (income) for €21 thousand
- Ebro Roods, S.A. has an interest of 25% in Riso Scotti S.p.A. This is an associate consolidated by the equity method.

The transactions made in 2015 between Riso Scotti and a subsidiary of the Ebro Foods Group are indicated below:

- Herba Ricemills, S.L.U., purchase of goods (finished or otherwise) for €200 thousand
- Herba Ricemills, S.L.U., sale of goods (finished or otherwise) for €355 thousand
- Herba Ricemills, S.L.U., services rendered (income) for €9 thousand
- Ebro Foods, S.A., services rendered (income) for €5 thousand
- Ebro Foods, S.A., dividends received for €337 thousand

#### ETHICAL PRINCIPLES AND CODES VOLUNTARILY APPLIED BY EBRO FOODS, S.A. AND YEAR OF ACCESSION:

- United Nations Global Compact 2001
- Project of the Spanish Commercial Coding Association (AECOC) against food waste, "Don't waste food, use it" 2012
- Advisory Committee of the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) to boost the Sustainable Development Goals (SDG) 2015
- Sustainable Agriculture Initiative (SAI) Platform 2015
- SERES Foundation 2015

This Annual Corporate Governance 31/03/2016.	Report w	as approved by	the Boa	rd of Directors of the company on
State whether any directors voted ag	ainst appr	oval of this Rep	ort or ab	stained in the corresponding vote.
	YES		NO	$\boxtimes$



Ernst & Young, S.L.

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Translation of a report originally issued in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails

AUDIT REPORT ON THE "DISCLOSURES REGARDING THE INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING (ICFR) SYSTEM" OF EBRO FOODS, S.A. FOR 2015

Dear Directors of Ebro Foods, S.A.,

As per the request made by the Board of Directors of EBRO FOODS, S.A. (hereinafter, the Company) and our proposal letter of February 1, 2016, we have applied certain procedures in relation to the accompanying "ICFR disclosures" of EBRO FOODS, S.A. for 2015, which summarize the Company's internal control procedures in respect of its annual reporting exercise.

The Board of Directors is responsible for taking the opportune measures to reasonably assure the implementation, maintenance and supervision of an adequate internal control system, making improvements to this system and preparing the contents of the ICFR disclosures required in section F) of the accompanying Annual Corporate Governance Report.

Against this backdrop, it is important to note that, regardless of the quality of design and effective functioning of the ICFR system adopted by the company in respect of is annual financial reporting effort, the later can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance regarding the objectives pursued, due to the limitations intrinsic to any internal control system.

In the course of our financial statement audit work and in keeping with Spain's Technical Auditing Standards, the sole purpose of our assessment of the Company's internal controls was to enable us to establish the scope, nature and timing of the Company's financial statement audit procedures. Accordingly, our internal control assessment, performed in connection with the financial statement audit, was not sufficiently broad in scope to enable us to issue a specific opinion on the effectiveness of the internal controls over the annual financial disclosures that the Company is required to present.

For the purpose of issuing this report, we have only carried out the specific procedures described below, as indicated in the Procedures for external audit reviews of an entity's ICFR disclosures contained in the Internal Control over Financial Reporting in Listed Companies report published by Span's securities market regulator, the CNMV (and available on its website), which establishes the procedures to be performed, the scope thereof and the contents of this report. Given that the products resulting from these procedures is at any rate limited in scope and substantially more limited than an audit or review of the internal control system, we do not express any opinion on the effectiveness of the system or on its design as effective functioning in respect of the Company's 2015 financial reporting disclosures, as described in the accompanying f ICFR disclosures. As a results, had we performed additional procedures to those stipulated in the above mentioned that the Company is required to present, other matter might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

Furthermore, given that this special assignment neither constitutes a financial statement audit nor is subject to the Consolidated Text of Spain's Financial Statement Audit Act, enacted by means of Royal Decree- Law 1/2011, of July 1, 2011, we do not express an audit opinion in the terms provided for in that piece of legislation.



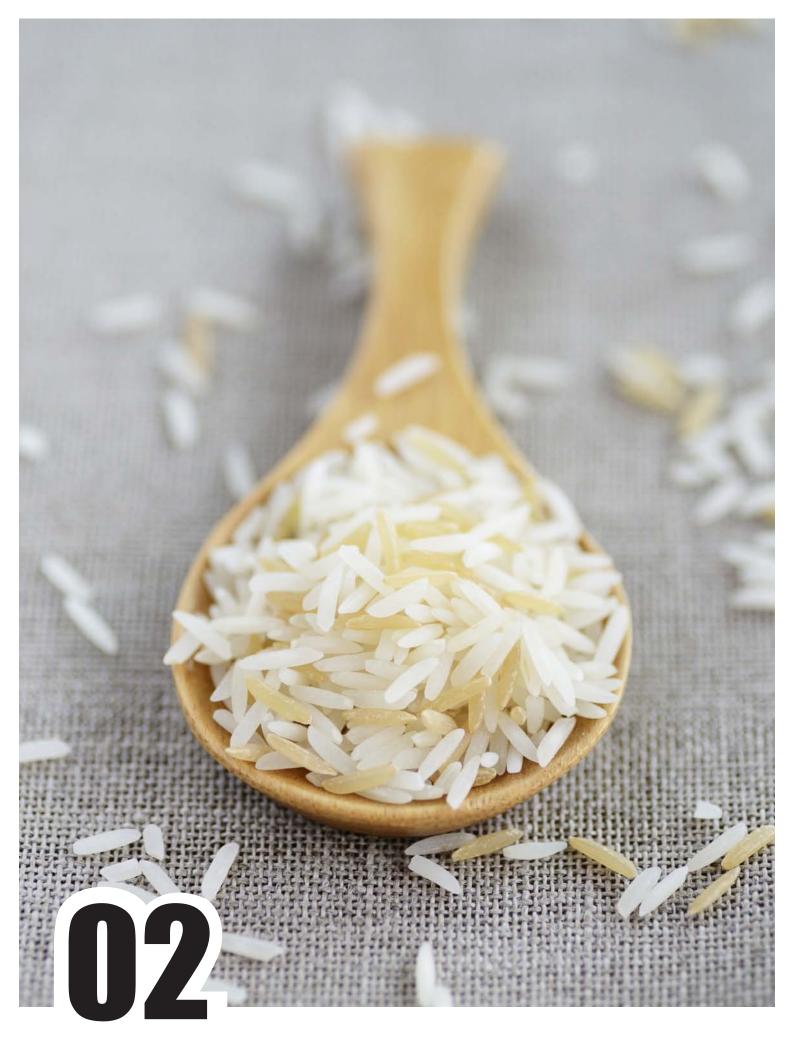
The procedures performed are itemized below:

- 1. Read and understand the information prepared by the Entity in relation to the ICFR which is provided in the Director's Report disclosure- and assess whether such information addresses all the required information which will follow the minimum content detailed in Section F, relating to the description of the ICFR, as per the IAGC model established by CNMV Circular no 7/2015 dated December 22, 2015.
- 2. Questioning of personnel responsible for drawing up the information detailed in item 1 above: (i) to obtain an understanding of the process that goes into drawing up the information; (ii) to obtain information that permits an evaluation of whether the terminology used complies with the framework definitions; and (iii) to obtain information on whether the control procedures described are in place and functioning.
- 3. Reviewing the explanatory documents supporting the information detailed in item 1, including documents directly made available to those responsible for describing ICFR system. The documentation to be reviewed may include reports prepared for the audit committee by internal audit, senior management and other internal or external specialist.
- 4. Comparing the information detailed in item 1 above with their knowledge of the Company's ICFR obtained through the external audit procedures applied during the annual audit.
- 5. Reading of the minutes taken at meetings of the board of directors, audit committee and other committees of the Company to evaluate the consistency between the ICFR business transacted and the information detailed in item 1 above.
- 6. Obtaining a management representation letter in connection with the work performed, signed by those responsible for preparing and formulating the information detailed in item 1 above.

The specific procedures carried out in respect of the Company's ICFR disclosures did not reveal any inconsistencies or incidents that could affect such disclosures

This report was prepared exclusively within the framework of the requirements established by article 540 of the consolidated text of the Corporate Enterprises Act and by Circular  $n^{\circ}7/2015$  dated December 22, 2015 of the Spanish National Securities Market Commission related to the description of the ICFR in the Annual Corporate Governance Report.

	ERNST & YOUNG, S.L.
	(Signed on the original in Spanish)
March 30, 2016	David Ruiz-Roso Moyano



**ANNUAL REPORT ON REMUNERATION** 

## **ANNEX 1**

# ANNUAL REPORT ON REMUNERATION OF THE DIRECTORS OF LISTED COMPANIES

## **DETAILS OF ISSUER**

YEAR ENDED	31/12/2015
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TAX REGISTRATION NUMBER	A47412333
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## **NAME**

EBRO FOODS, S.A.

## **REGISTERED OFFICE**

PASEO DE LA CASTELLANA 20, PLANTAS 3ª Y 4ª, MADRID

## ANNUAL REPORT ON REMUNERATION OF THE DIRECTORS OF LISTED COMPANIES

#### A. COMPANY'S REMUNERATION POLICY FOR THIS YEAR

- A.1 Explain the company's remuneration policy. Information should be included within this section on:
  - General principles and foundations of the remuneration policy.
  - Most significant changes in the remuneration policy in respect of that applied in the previous year and changes made during the year to the terms and conditions for exercising options already granted.
  - Criteria followed and composition of comparable groups of companies whose remuneration policies were taken into account when defining the company's remuneration policy.
  - Relative importance of the variable and non-variable remuneration items and criteria followed to determine the components of the directors' remuneration package (remuneration mix).

#### Explain the remuneration policy

The Articles of Association regulate directors' remuneration in Article 22, making a distinction between the remuneration of directors as such (share in profits and attendance fees for board and committee meetings) and the remuneration corresponding to executive directors for their executive duties. See explanatory note one in section E of this report, in which Article 22 is transcribed, and Article 41 of the Regulations of the Board.

Based on the regulations laid down in the company's articles, the remuneration policy for directors is established in accordance with the following principles:

- (i) Directors shall be remunerated according to their duties, responsibilities and dedication. This remuneration shall be sufficient to retain talent and acknowledge the directors' track record.
- (ii) The remuneration shall be set according to the importance of the company and its economic situation from time to time.
- (iii) Directors' remuneration should be reasonable without compromising their independence of judgement, especially that of non-executive directors.
- (iv) The remuneration system of directors, particularly executive directors, shall be designed to boost the company's long-term sustainability and profitability and maximise its value for the benefit of all its shareholders, avoiding excessive exposure to risks and reward for unfavourable results. In this regard, an attractive remuneration system has been designed for executive directors (and other senior executives of the Group) with a view to attracting and retaining talent and professional worth on the one hand, and securing an adequate balance between Group results and risk exposure on the other.

In keeping with the regulations and principles indicated above, the remuneration policy for company directors is structured as follows:

- a) All directors, as such, receive a non-variable remuneration set in consideration of (i) the economic situation of the company (since the share in profits established in the articles is calculated on the basis of the consolidated profits of the Group) and (ii) the duties of each director on the board and in the different committees, and their attendance of board and committee meetings.
- b) Non-executive directors do not receive any variable remuneration based on the profits of the company or group.

- c) Like other senior executives of the Group, executive directors are rewarded for their executive duties as specified in their respective contracts. The remuneration of executive directors (and other senior executives of the Group) includes the following components:
- Annual fixed remuneration:
- Short-term variable remuneration, depending on the degree of fulfilment of the quantitative and qualitative targets set by the board for each year, based on a report by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. This remuneration is proportional to the fulfilment of the targets set, establishing a floor (below which variable remuneration is zero) and a ceiling (above which variable remuneration is capped at 150% of the amount payable for meeting the targets); and
- Deferred annual variable remuneration, applicable in some cases, as explained in section A.4 of this report.

No material changes were made to the remuneration policy in 2015 in respect of the previous year.

A.2 Information regarding preparatory work and the decision-making process followed to determine the remuneration policy and any role played by the remuneration committee and other control bodies in the configuration of the remuneration policy. This information shall include any mandate given to the remuneration committee, the composition thereof and the identity of any external advisors whose services have been used to determine the remuneration policy. The nature of any directors who contributed towards defining the remuneration policy shall also be indicated.

#### Explain the process for determining the remuneration policy

Article 25.4 of the Regulations of the Board stipulates that the Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall "study, issue reports and submit proposals for the Board on the following matters:

.../...

d) Proposal of directors' emoluments, according to the system of remuneration established in the Articles of Association and the executive directors' relationship with the Company. The Committee shall also inform in advance on any resolution or proposal of the Board on the remuneration of directors and executives indexed to the value of the shares in the Company or its subsidiaries or consisting of the delivery of shares in the Company or its subsidiaries or the granting of options thereover.

.../...

h) Preparation and proposal of the Annual Report on Directors' Remuneration in accordance with the laws and regulations in place from time to time."

In addition, following the reform of the Corporate Enterprises Act, No. 31/2014 of 3 December ("Act 31/2014)"), the Nomination and Remuneration Committee must "submit to the board a proposal for the remuneration policy for directors and chief executives and any other senior executives reporting directly to the board, executive committees or managing directors, and the individual remuneration and other terms of contract of executive directors, overseeing compliance".

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee performs these duties at working meetings held throughout the year. The composition of this committee at the date of this report is as follows:

- Fernando Castelló Clemente (Non-Executive Independent Director) Chairman
- Demetrio Carceller Arce (Non-Executive Proprietary Director) Member
- Hispafoods Invest, S.L. represented by Blanca Hernández Rodríguez (Non-Executive Proprietary Director) Member
- José Antonio Segurado García (Non-Executive Independent Director) Member
- Luis Peña Pazos (Non-member Secretary)

Notwithstanding the powers of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee in this matter, following the reform introduced by Act 31/2014 the Board of Directors is exclusively competent to make "decisions on directors' remuneration, in accordance with the articles of association and the remuneration policy, if any, approved by the general meeting". Prior to the reform, the board of directors decided on the directors'

remuneration and the terms of contract of executive directors in view of a report issued by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, in accordance with the good governance recommendations in place at that time.

The foregoing powers are included within the framework defined in Article 22 of the Articles of Association transcribed in Explanatory Note One, Section E of this report.

The company has not engaged the services of external advisers to define its remuneration policy for the year.

A.3 State the amount and nature of the fixed components, stating separately, if applicable, the remuneration of executive directors for performance of senior management duties, additional remuneration as chair or member of a board committee, attendance fees for meetings of the board and its committees or other non-variable remuneration as director, and include an estimate of the annual fixed remuneration produced. Identify any other benefits not paid in cash and the basic parameters for which they accrue.

#### Explain the fixed components of directors' remuneration

a) Fixed remuneration of the directors as such

As regards the distribution of the directors' remuneration as such (share in the profits established in the articles) among the different Board members, according to the duties of each one on the Board and the different Committees, the scale currently in force, following the latest review agreed by the Board on 22 June 2006 upon recommendation by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee is as follows:

- · Member of the Board of Directors: 1 point
- · Chairman of the Board: 1 point
- · Vice-Chairman of the Board: 0.5 points
- Member of the Executive Committee: 1 point
- · Committees other than the Executive Committee:
- Member of the Committee: 0.2 points
- Chairman: 0.05 points per meeting
- Members: 0.03 points per meeting

On 24 February 2016, upon recommendation by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board resolved to freeze the director's share in the 2015 profits (to be laid before the shareholders at the AGM 2016), with no variation in respect of the previous four years. Consequently, a sum of €2,565,454 will be proposed to shareholders at the Annual General Meeting, representing 1.76% of the consolidated net profit attributed to the company in 2015.

With a favourable report by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board further decided to table a motion at the AGM to maintain in 2015 the attendance fees of €1,600 for attending the Ebro Foods board meetings and 800 € for attending the different committee meetings, giving a total sum in 2015 of €321,600.

b) Fixed remuneration of directors for performing executive duties

The Chairman of the Board, the only executive director, received a fixed remuneration for the performance of executive duties of €705,347 in 2015, in accordance with his contract.

For 2016, the board resolved on 24 February 2016 (in view of a favourable report by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee) to raise the fixed remuneration of the chairman of the board for his executive duties by 44.31%. This increase in fixed remuneration of the executive chairman had been assessed by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee in 2015, although it was decided to postpone it for assessment within the framework of the new Strategic Plan 2016-2018. This matter was contemplated in the 2014 Report on the Remuneration of Directors of Ebro Foods, S.A.

The increase takes account, among other factors, of the fact that the executive chairman's fixed remuneration for the performance of executive duties had not been reviewed (outside the general reviews of group executives) since it was originally established in 2005.

Although Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A. is an executive director, it does not perform executive or management duties in Ebro Foods, S.A. or any subsidiary of the Group and, therefore, receives no remuneration for such duties .Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A. has been classified as an executive director because its individual representative on the board of directors of Ebro Foods, S.A. (see section 212 bis of the Corporate Enterprises Act) is an executive of one of the Group's subsidiaries.

The individual amounts actually accrued in 2015 by each member of the Board for each of the components indicated above are set out in section D of this report.

## A.4 Explain the amount, nature and main features of the variable components of the remuneration systems.

## In particular:

- Identify each of the remuneration schemes of which the directors are beneficiaries and the scope, date of approval, date of implementation, effective period and main features thereof. In the case of stock option plans and other financial instruments, the general features of the plan shall include information on the conditions for the exercise of those options or financial instruments for each scheme.
- State any remuneration received under profit-sharing or bonus schemes and the reason for accrual thereof.
- Explain the fundamental parameters and rationale for any annual bonus plan.
- The types of director (executive directors, non-executive proprietary directors, non-executive independent directors or other non-executive directors) who are beneficiaries of remuneration systems or schemes that include variable remuneration.
- The rationale for such remuneration systems or schemes, the performance assessment criteria used and the components and methods of assessment to determine whether or not those performance criteria have been met. Estimate the total amount of variable remuneration accruing under the current remuneration scheme, according to the degree of fulfilment of the hypotheses or objectives used as the benchmark.
- If applicable, provide information on any payment deferral periods that have been established and/or the periods for retaining shares or other financial instruments.

#### Explain the variable components of directors' remuneration

Of the directors, only the Chairman of the Board, as executive chairman of the company, receives variable remuneration on similar terms to the rest of the senior management.

The variable remuneration of the chairman of the board for his executive duties includes:

(i) Ordinary annual variable remuneration: As mentioned in point A.1 above, the annual variable remuneration is proportionate to the level of achievement of the objectives established for each year by the board, in view of a recommendation and report by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

The ordinary annual variable remuneration accrues according to the rules set out in explanatory note two in section E of this report.

On 24 February 2016, following a favourable report by the Nomination and Remuneraiton Committee, the board established the budgeted EBITDA for the consolidated group as the only objective to be assessed for the ordinary annual variable remuneration of the executive chairman in 2016.

For 2015, after examining the achievement of the objective established in February 2015 (EBITDA budgeted for the Consolidated Group 2015), it was established that the target had been met in a percentage of 113.36% and, following assessment and a favourable report by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board resolved on 24 February 2016 to set the variable remuneration for the executive director at 785,561 €.

(ii) Deferred annual variable remuneration: On 24 April 2013, on recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the board of directors of Ebro Foods, S.A. approved a Deferred Annual Bonus Scheme linked to fulfilment of the Strategic Plan 2013-2015 for the senior management of the Ebro Foods Group. The Chairman of the Board, as executive director, participates in that scheme according to the terms of his contract.

The performance criteria to which the deferred bonus is linked are the annual EBITDA and ROCE for the three years covered by the scheme.

The deferred annual bonus will not accrue or be payable until eleven months after it has been decided in view of the financial results of each year.

The beneficiaries of the scheme (including the Chairman of the Board as executive director) will only be entitled to receive the bonus earlier if (i) their employment relationship with the company ends during the period of the scheme owing to their death or a final declaration of total, absolute or major disability; or (ii) takeover of the Group or any similar corporate operation.

The Chairman of the Board is entitled to a deferred annual bonus for his executive duties proportional to the degree to which the set targets have been met, such that if the budgeted EBITDA and ROCE are fully met, he will be entitled to 100% of the bonus, capped at 125% of the budgeted targets and with a floor of 85% of the budgeted targets, below which no bonus will accrue.

This year (2016) the Chairman of the Board has received a sum of 455 thousand euros as deferred annual variable remuneration for 2014 under the current Deferred Annual Bonus Scheme linked to the Strategic Plan 2013-2015. That sum represents 25% of the remuneration for the 3-year period, for which a provision was recognised in the 2014 annual accounts.

A provision of 485 thousand euros has been recognised in the company's accounts for 2015 as a provisional estimate of the deferred annual variable remuneration payable to the Chairman of the Board (as executive director) corresponding to 2015, according to the prevailing Deferred Annual Bonus Scheme linked to the Strategic Plan 2013-2015. That sum represents 50% of the remuneration for the 3-year period and will be payable in 2017.

In 2015 the Chairman of the Board received the deferred annual variable remuneration corresponding to 2013 under the Deferred Annual Bonus Scheme linked to the Strategic Plan 2013-2015, in a sum of €524,000, equivalent to 25% of the remuneration for the 3-year period. A provision had been recognised in the 2013 accounts for this bonus.

The above-mentioned scheme is not linked to the value of the company's share, nor does it entail receipt by its beneficiaries of any shares or rights thereover.

The company is working on the implementation of a new Deferred Annual Bonus Scheme for 2016-2018, linked to the Strategic Plan 2016-2018, although it is expected to be essentially the same a the previous scheme (2013-2015). At the date of this report, the new scheme has not yet been concluded or, therefore, assessed by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee or the Board of Directors.

It is recalled that although Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A. is an executive director, it does not perform executive or management duties in Ebro Foods, S.A. or any subsidiary of the Group and, therefore, receives no remuneration for such duties .Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A. has been classified as an executive director because its individual representative on the board of directors of Ebro Foods, S.A. (see section 212 bis of the Corporate Enterprises Act) is an executive of one of the Group's subsidiaries.

A.5 Explain the main features of the long-term saving schemes, including retirement and any other survival benefit, wholly or partially financed by the company with internal or external funds, estimating the equivalent annual cost thereof, stating the type of plan, whether it is a defined-contribution or defined-benefit plan, the conditions for the vesting of economic rights in favour of the directors and the compatibility thereof with any kind of termination benefit payable upon interruption of the contractual relationship between the company and the director.

Indicate also the contributions made on behalf of any directors to defined-contribution pension schemes; or the increase in directors' vested rights when the contributions are made to defined-benefit schemes.

## Explain the long-term saving schemes

No contributions have been made to any pension funds or schemes for former or present members of the Board of Directors and no obligations have been contracted in this respect.

Nor have any contributions been made or obligations contracted for directorships in other group companies.

A.6 State any compensations arranged or paid for termination of directors' duties as such.

### **Explain compensations**

No compensations have been arranged or paid for termination of directors' duties as such.

A.7 State the terms and conditions to be respected in the contracts of executive directors performing senior management duties. Include information, inter alia, on the term, limits on severance pay and other compensations, continued service clauses, required notice and payment in lieu of notice, and any other clauses relating to golden hellos, as well as golden parachutes or any other compensation payable on termination of the contractual relationship between the company and the executive director. Include details of any clauses or agreements on restraint of trade, exclusive dedication, minimum employment commitment, loyalty and no competition during and after employment.

#### Explain the terms of executive director contracts

Pursuant to sections 249, 529 octodecies and 529 quindecies of the Corporate Enterprise Act (as amended in Act 31/2014) and Article 22 of the Articles of Association, the Board is competent to establish the terms of contracts to be signed by the company with its executive directors, upon recommendation by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and within the Remuneration Policy approved by the General Meeting.

The principal terms of contract of the Executive Chairman of the company for his executive duties (apart from the remuneration, which is explained in other sections of this report) are as follows:

- Term: indefinite

- Notice: three months

- Termination benefits: none

- Continued service or post-contract no competition clauses: none

It is recalled that although Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A. is an executive director, it does not perform executive or management duties in Ebro Foods, S.A. or any subsidiary of the Group and, therefore, receives no remuneration for such duties .Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A. has been classified as an executive director because its individual representative on the board of directors of Ebro Foods, S.A. (see section 212 bis of the Corporate Enterprises Act) is an executive of one of the Group's subsidiaries.

A.8 Explain any supplemental remuneration paid to directors for services rendered in addition to those inherent in their directorship.

#### **Explain supplemental remuneration**

No supplemental remuneration is earned by directors for services rendered in addition to those inherent in their directorship.

A.9 Inform on any remuneration paid in the form of advances, loans and guarantees, indicating the interest rate, principal terms and conditions and any amounts that have been repaid, as well as any collateral obligations.

# Explain advances, loans and guarantees given

The company has not granted any loans or advances to members of the board, or contracted any obligations on their behalf through guarantees or bonds.

#### Explain remuneration in kind

The Chairman of the Board receives remuneration in kind to the extent of private use made of the company car allocated to him.

In addition, the company has a Flexible Remuneration Scheme, through which it is possible to design the composition of remuneration of the executives included in the scheme, including the Chairman of the Board, so that they may receive part of that remuneration in the form of products and services previously selected by the company, the amount of which is discounted from the executive's salary and he/she is instead allocated the income in kind corresponding to the product or service. These products and services include a group medical insurance, housing rental, nursery, vehicle hire/lease and training of the employee. These items do not entail additional remuneration to that received in cash, since the amounts paid by the company to the corresponding service providers are deducted from the executive's salary.

A.11 Indicate the remuneration accrued by the director by virtue of payments made by the listed company to a third party in which the director works, when such payments are intended to remunerate the director's services to the company.

Explain remuneration accrued by the director by virtue of payments made by the listed company to a third party in which the director works

No payments of this nature have been made.

A.12 Indicate any item of remuneration other than those listed above, of whatever nature and provenance within the group, especially when it is considered a related party transaction or when it may distort the true and fair view of the total remuneration accrued by the director.

### Explain the other remuneration items

There are no remunerations other than those listed above.

A.13 Explain the actions taken by the company regarding the remuneration system in order to reduce exposure to excessive risk and align it with the long-term goals, values, and interests of the company, including any reference to measures provided to ensure that the remuneration policy takes into account the long-term results of the company, measures establishing an appropriate balance between the non-variable and variable components of remuneration, measures adopted with respect to those categories of personnel whose professional activities have a significant impact on the company's risk profile, recovery formulas or clauses for clawback of bonuses based on performance based on data which subsequently proves to be manifestly misstated, and measures taken to avoid conflicts of interest, where necessary.

#### Explain measures taken to reduce risks

The current Deferred Annual Variable Remuneration Scheme described in section A.4 links the payment of bonuses to the meeting of targets set each year and the beneficiary's continued employment in the Group at the date of payment established for those incentives, except in cases of (i) death or disability of the beneficiary or (ii) takeover in the Group or a similar corporate operation or any other extraordinary circumstance which may, in the board's opinion, materially affect the scheme.

The general conditions of the scheme include an adjustment clause whereby the Board of Directors of Ebro Foods, S.A. will adopt such resolutions as may be necessary to ensure that in any event or corporate

operation or other extraordinary circumstances that might affect the calculation of deferred remuneration payable, the gross remuneration will be equivalent to the remuneration that would have been payable had that circumstance not existed.

The scheme also includes a clawback clause whereby the Board of Directors of Ebro Foods, S.A. may require directors to repay all or part of any deferred bonus paid under the scheme when it considers such amounts to have been unduly paid, either because the amounts paid under the scheme do not correspond to the degree of fulfilment of the required targets, or because they were calculated on the basis of data subsequently proved to be misstated.

Finally, as indicated earlier, the scheme is structured in such a way that the deferred annual bonus corresponding to any of the years within the scheme will be paid 11 months after being determined (after checking the degree of fulfilment of the objectives), so by the time they are paid, sufficient time will have passed to reveal any adjustment in the objectives on which accrual is based.

## **B REMUNERATION POLICY FOR FUTURE YEARS**

Repealed

# C OVERALL SUMMARY OF APPLICATION OF THE REMUNERATION POLICY DURING THE REPORTING PERIOD

C.1 Give a brief description of the main features of the structure and pay items of the remuneration policy applied during the reporting period, indicating the individual remuneration accrued by each of the directors listed in section D of this report, and a summary of the decisions adopted by the board for application of those items.

# Describe the structure and pay items of the remuneration policy applied during the year

a) Remuneration of directors as such:

The annual fixed allocation to the directors in 2015 pursuant to the articles was:

- members of the board, a total sum of €1,625,992
- members of the board committees, a total sum of €939,462

Attendance fees for meetings of the Board of Directors of Ebro Foods, S.A. and committees amounted to €321,600.

This notwithstanding, both the total amount of the share in the profits and the sums payable as attendance fees are subject to approval at the AGM 2016.

The sums received by the Board members in 2015 as share in profits and attendance fees were the same as in 2014.

b) Remuneration of the Chairman of the Board for his executive duties:

The sums received by the Chairman of the Board in 2015 as the only executive director were, in accordance with his contract, as follows:

- Fixed remuneration: €705,347
- Ordinary short-term variable remuneration: €785,561
- Deferred annual variable remuneration: €524,223 corresponding to 2013 and paid in 2015
- Termination benefits: none have been paid in the period and none are anticipated in the foreseeable future.

See section E, explanatory note three, for the attendance fees received in 2015 by the Chairman of the Board as member of the Board of a subsidiary in the Ebro Foods Group (quantified in section D.1) and an associate.

The Board of Directors approved the above items and amounts assigned to them upon recommendation by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee.

It is recalled that although Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A. is an executive director, it does not perform executive or management duties in Ebro Foods, S.A. or any subsidiary of the Group and, therefore, receives no remuneration for such duties .Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A. has been classified as an executive director because its individual representative on the board of directors of Ebro Foods, S.A. (see section 212 bis of the Corporate Enterprises Act) is an executive of one of the Group's subsidiaries.

# D INDIVIDUAL REMUNERATION ACCRUED BY EACH DIRECTOR

Name	Туре	Accrual period 2015
FERNANDO CASTELLÓ CLEMENTE	Independent	From 01/01/2015 to 31/12/2015
JOSE IGNACIO COMENGE SÁNCHEZ-REAL	Independent	From 01/01/2015 to 31/12/2015
EMPRESAS COMERCIALES E INDUSTRIALES VALENCIANAS, S.L.	Proprietary	From 01/01/2015 to 31/12/2015
HISPAFOODS INVEST, S.L.	Proprietary	From 01/01/2015 to 31/12/2015
INSTITUTO HISPÁNICO DEL ARROZ, S.A.	Executive	From 01/01/2015 to 31/12/2015
JOSÉ NIETO DE LA CIERVA	Proprietary	From 01/01/2015 to 31/12/2015
RUDOLF-AUGUST OETKER	Proprietary	From 01/01/2015 to 31/12/2015
EUGENIO RUIZ-GÁLVEZ PRIEGO	Non-Executive	From 01/01/2015 to 31/12/2015
JOSÉ ANTONIO SEGURADO GARCÍA	Independent	From 01/01/2015 to 31/12/2015
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	Executive	From 01/01/2015 to 31/12/2015
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	Proprietary	From 01/01/2015 to 31/12/2015
ALIMENTOS Y ACEITES, S.A.	Proprietary	From 01/01/2015 to 31/12/2015

- D.1 Complete the following tables regarding the individualised remuneration of each of the directors (including the remuneration for the financial year for executive duties) accrued during the financial year.
  - a) Remuneration accrued in the reporting company:
    - i) Remuneration in cash (thousand euros)

Name	Salaries	Fixed remuneration	Attendance fees	Short-term variable remuneration	Long-term variable remuneration	Remuneration as members of Board committees	Termination benefits	Other items	Total 2015	Total 2014
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	705	241	27	786	524	148	0	0	2,431	3,086
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	0	181	35	0	0	189	0	0	405	372
ALIMENTOS Y ACEITES, S.A.	0	120	18	0	0	0	0	0	138	1314
FERNANDO CASTELLÓ CLEMENTE	0	121	34	0	0	90	0	0	245	217
JOSE IGNACIO COMENGE SÁNCHEZ-REAL	0	121	27	0	0	54	0	0	202	172
EMPRESAS COMERCIALES E INDUSTRIALES VALENCIANAS, S.L.	0	120	19	0	0	0	0	0	139	134
HISPAFOODS INVEST, S.L.	0	120	35	0	0	81	0	0	236	210
INSTITUTO HISPÁNICO DEL ARROZ, S.A.	0	120	21	0	0	28	0	0	169	157
JOSÉ NIETO DE LA CIERVA	0	121	27	0	0	148	0	0	296	277
RUDOLF-AUGUST OETKER	0	120	19	0	0	0	0	0	139	133
EUGENIO RUIZ-GÁLVEZ PRIEGO	0	121	27	0	0	42	0	0	190	172
JOSÉ ANTONIO SEGURADO GARCÍA	0	120	33	0	0	159	0	0	312	292

# ii) Share-based remuneration schemes

# iii) Long-term saving schemes

- b) Remuneration accrued by company directors for directorships in other group companies:
  - i) Remuneration in cash (thousand euros)

Name	Salaries	Fixed remuneration	Attendance fees	Short-term variable remuneration	Long-term variable remuneration	Remuneration as members of Board committees	Termination benefits	Other items	Total 2015	Total 2014
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	5

- ii) Share-based remuneration schemes
- iii) Long-term saving schemes

# c) Summary of remunerations (thousand euros):

This should include a summary of the amounts of all the remuneration items contemplated in this report accrued by directors, in thousand euros.

In the case of long-term saving schemes, indicate the contributions or allocations made:

	Remuneration accrued in the company			Remuneration accrued in group companies				Total			
Name	Total cash remuneration	Amount of shares awarded	Gross gain on the options exercised	Total 2015 company	Total cash remuneration	Amount of shares delivered	Gross gain on the options exercised	Total 2015 group	Total 2015	Total 2014	Contribution to saving schemes during the year
ANTONIO HERNÁNDEZ CALLEJAS	2,431	0	0	2,431	5	0	0	5	2,436	3,091	0
DEMETRIO CARCELLER ARCE	405	0	0	405	0	0	0	0	405	372	0
ALIMENTOS Y ACEITES, S.A.	138	0	0	138	0	0	0	0	138	134	0
FERNANDO CASTELLÓ CLEMENTE	245	0	0	245	0	0	0	0	245	217	0
JOSE IGNACIO COMENGE SÁNCHEZ-REAL	202	0	0	202	0	0	0	0	202	172	0
EMPRESAS COMERCIALES E INDUSTRIALES VALENCIANAS, S.L.	139	0	0	139	0	0	0	0	139	134	0
HISPAFOODS INVEST, S.L.	236	0	0	236	0	0	0	0	236	210	0
INSTITUTO HISPÁNICO DEL ARROZ, S.A.	169	0	0	169	0	0	0	0	169	157	0
JOSÉ NIETO DE LA CIERVA	296	0	0	296	0	0	0	0	296	277	0
RUDOLF-AUGUST OETKER	139	0	0	139	0	0	0	0	139	133	0
EUGENIO RUIZ-GÁLVEZ PRIEGO	190	0	0	190	0	0	0	0	190	172	0
JOSÉ ANTONIO SEGURADO GARCÍA	312	0	0	312	0	0	0	0	312	292	0
TOTAL	4,902	0	0	4,902	5	0	0	5	4,907	5,361	0

D.2 Describe the relationship between the remuneration received by the directors and the company's earnings or other performance indicators, explaining how any variations in the company's performance may have had a bearing on the variation in directors' remuneration.

As explained elsewhere in this report, the directors' remunerations are linked to the company's results, both the share in profits stipulated in the articles for all the directors and the variable remuneration of the Chairman for his executive duties.

D.3 Report the outcome of the advisory vote at the annual meeting on the annual remuneration report for the previous year, indicating the number of votes against, if any:

	Number	% of total votes
Votes cast	114,426,827	100.00%

	Number	% of total votes
Votes against	815,839	0.71%
Votes for	97,663,473	85.35%
Abstentions	15,947,515	13.94%

## **E OTHER INFORMATION OF INTEREST**

If there are any material aspects relating to directors' remuneration that could not be disclosed in other sections of this report but that are necessary to provide a more comprehensive and fully reasoned picture of the remuneration structure and practices for the company's directors, describe them briefly.

#### **EXPLANATORY NOTE ONE ON SECTION A.1**

Article 22 of the Articles of Association mentioned in section A.1 of this report is transcribed below:

"Article 22: Directors' emoluments

Remuneration of the Board members for their duties as such shall consist each year in a share of up to two and a half per cent (2.5%) of the consolidated profits attributable to the company, although this sum may only be taken from the company's net profit and after setting aside such sums as may be necessary to meet the legal reserve requirements, fund any reserves that may be established in the articles of association, pay shareholders the minimum dividend established in prevailing legislation and meeting all and any other priority assignments required by law. The general meeting shall determine the percentage applicable within the maximum established in this article. The board shall distribute the aforesaid sum among its members each year.

The directors will also be entitled to a fee for attending meetings of the governance bodies of the company, the amount of which will be established every year by the general meeting.

The maximum amount of the annual remuneration for all the directors as such shall be approved by the general meeting and shall be maintained until a modification is approved.

The directors' emoluments shall in any case be reasonably aligned with the importance of the company, its economic situation from time to time and the market standards of comparable companies. The remuneration system established shall focus on promoting the long-term yield and sustainability of the company and shall contemplate such precautions as may be necessary to avoid excessive exposure to risk or rewarding unfavourable results.

The remuneration policy for directors shall comply with all applicable provisions in the articles of association on the remuneration system and shall be approved by the general meeting at least every three years as a separate item on the agenda.

Directors with executive duties in the company shall, regardless of the nature of their legal relationship with the latter, be entitled to remuneration for the performance of such duties on the terms established by the board of directors in accordance with the remuneration policy for directors in place from time to time. The relationship between the company and its executive directors shall be set down in a contract, which must be approved by the Board in the manner and with the majorities stipulated in law.

In addition and independently of the emoluments contemplated in the preceding paragraphs, directors may receive remuneration in the form of shares, stock options or any other system of remuneration indexed to the price of the shares of the company or any other companies in its group although the use of those remuneration systems shall be decided by the general meeting in the form, terms and conditions stipulated in law.

If executive directors waive the share in the profits to which they are entitled for their duties as directors, the sums that would correspond to them as a share in the company's profits will not be distributed among the remaining directors."

#### **EXPLANATORY NOTE TWO ON SECTION A.4**

- The ordinary annual variable remuneration of the executive director described in section A.4 accrues according to the following rules:
- (i) If the targets are fully met (100%), an annual variable remuneration equivalent to 100% of the fixed remuneration is paid.
- (ii) If the targets are exceeded, the variable remuneration may be increased to no more than 150% of the fixed remuneration. So if targets are met in a proportion of over 100%, the ordinary annual variable remuneration will be increased in the same proportion up to a ceiling of 150% of the fixed remuneration. Therefore, if the targets are surpassed by more than 150%, the ordinary annual variable remuneration will be 150% of the fixed remuneration, at which it is capped.
- (iii) If the targets are not met, the ordinary annual variable remuneration will be reduced in proportion to the percentage fulfilment (under 100%) achieved, with a minimum of 85%, such that if targets are met in a proportion of less than 85%, no ordinary annual variable remuneration will accrue.
- (iv) As an exception considering special dedication by the executive director and a temporary situation in the company or group, the board may, upon recommendation by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, decide to raise the variable remuneration of the executive direct to the maximum limit established for his fixed remuneration.

#### EXPLANATORY NOTE THREE ON SECTIONS C.1 AND D

- The sum of attendance fees 2015 corresponding to Antonio Hernández Callejas indicated in Section D.1, b) and c) include those received as director of Pastificio Lucio Garofalo, S.p.A. (company in the Ebro Foods Group) in a sum of 5,000 euros.
- In 2015 the Chairman of the Board also received €5,200 in attendance fees from the associated company Riso Scotti, S.p.A., in which Ebro Foods, S.A. has a 25% interest.
- It is recalled that although Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A. is an executive director, it does not perform executive or management duties in Ebro Foods, S.A. or any subsidiary of the Group and, therefore, receives no remuneration for such duties .Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A. has been classified as an executive director because its individual representative on the board of directors of Ebro Foods, S.A. (see section 212 bis of the Corporate Enterprises Act) is an executive of one of the Group's subsidiaries.

This annual remuneration report was approved by the board of directors of the company at its meeting of 31/03/2016.

State whether any directors voted against or abstained in connection with the approval of this Report.

Yes		No	$\boxtimes$



**ANNUAL ACTIVITY REPORT OF THE AUDIT AND COMPLIANCE COMMITTEE** 

# EBRO FOODS, S.A.

# ANNUAL ACTIVITY REPORT OF THE AUDIT AND COMPLIANCE COMMITTEE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2015

## 1. DUTIES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

The Audit and Compliance Committee was set up by virtue of a resolution adopted by the Board of Directors on 22 September 1998. As a delegated committee of the board it has the duties and responsibilities attributed to it by law, the Articles of Association and the Regulations of the Board of Directors of Ebro Foods, S.A. (the "Company").

Following the amendments made by Act 31/2014 of 3 December, section 529 quaterdecies. 4 of the Corporate Enterprises Act establishes that, "without prejudice to any other duties assigned in the Articles of Association or, in accordance therewith, in the Regulations of the Board, the Audit Committee shall have at least the following duties:

- a) Inform the general meeting of shareholders on any issues raised in connection with the matters falling within the competence of the committee, particularly the results of the audit, explaining how it has contributed to the integrity of the financial reporting and the role played by the committee in that process.
- b) Oversee the effectiveness of the internal control of the company, internal audit and risk management systems and discuss with the auditors any material weaknesses of the internal control system detected during their audit work, without jeopardising their independence. For this purpose, if appropriate, recommendations or proposals may be submitted to the board of directors, indicating the time for follow-up.
- **c)** Supervise the process of preparation and delivery of the mandatory financial reporting and submit recommendations or proposals to the board to protect its integrity.
- d) Submit to the board proposals for the selection, appointment, re-appointment and replacement of the external auditor(s), taking responsibility for the selection process, pursuant to Articles 16.2, 3 and 5 and 17.5 of Regulation (EU) No 537/2014 of 16 April. It shall also propose the terms of contract and regularly obtain information from the auditors on the audit plan and its fulfilment, while preserving their independence in the performance of their duties.
- e) Establish the appropriate relations with the external auditors to receive information on any issues that may threaten their independence, which shall be studied by the committee; any other issues related with the audit process and, where appropriate, the authorisation of non-audit services other than the prohibited non-audit services, pursuant to Articles 5.4 and 6.2(b) of Regulation (EU) No 537/2014 of 16 April, and Title I, Chapter IV, Section 3 of the Audit Act 22/2015 of 20 July, on independence, and any other communications contemplated in the audit laws and standards. In any case, the committee should receive each year from the external auditors a declaration of their independence from the company or any companies directly or indirectly related to it, and detailed information for each company of any additional services of whatsoever nature provided and the corresponding fees received from those companies by the external auditors or the persons or entities related to them, according to the laws and standards regulating audit activities.

- f) Issue annually, prior to issuance of the auditors' report, a report expressing the committee's opinion on whether the independence of the auditors or audit firms is jeopardised. This report shall contain at least a reasoned assessment of the presentation of each and all of any additional services contemplated in the preceding paragraph, individually or altogether, other than the legal audit and in relation to the provisions on independence or those regulating audit activity.
- **g)** Inform the board in advance on all matters contemplated in the law, the articles of association and the regulations of the board and, in particular, on:
  - 1. The financial information that the company is obliged to publish periodically.
  - **2.** The creation or acquisition of shares in base companies or special purpose vehicles or companies domiciled in countries or territories considered tax havens.
  - 3. Related party transactions.

The Audit Committee will not perform the duties contemplated in this paragraph (g) if they are assigned in the articles of association to another committee and the members of that other committee are exclusively non-executive directors, at least two of them being independent directors, one of whom should be chairman.

**5.** The provisions of paragraphs 4.(d), (e) and (f) shall be without prejudice to the audit laws, regulations and standards."

Article 24.4 of the Regulations of the Board establishes the following: "The Audit and Compliance Committee shall have the following powers, in addition to those assigned to it by law, regulations or the Articles of Association:

- **a)** Supervise and promote internal control of the company and the risk management systems and submit recommendations to the Board for a decision on the risk management and control policy, including tax risks, specifying at least:
  - The types of risk to which the company is exposed.
  - The risk level that the company considers acceptable.
  - The measures for mitigating the impact of identified risks, should they actually occur.
  - The control and reporting systems used to control and manage those risks.
- **b)** Supervise and promote the policies, procedures and systems used for drawing up and controlling the company's financial information, checking the services performed in this regard by the Internal Audit Department, the Financial Department and the Management Committee and making sure they are correctly distributed throughout the Group.
- c) Receive the information sent regularly to the Stock Exchange Councils, issue prospectuses and any public financial information offered by the Company and, in general, all information prepared for distribution among shareholders, ensuring the existence of internal control systems that guarantee the transparency and truth of the information.

d) Ensure that (i) the systems used for preparing the separate and consolidated Annual Accounts and Directors' Report submitted to the Board to be authorised for issue in accordance with current legislation give a true and fair view of the equity, financial position and results of the Company and make sure that any interim financial statements are drawn up according to the same accounting principles as the annual accounts, considering the possibility of asking the external auditors to make a limited audit if necessary; and (ii) the Board of Directors endeavours to submit the annual accounts to the General Meeting with an unqualified auditors' report.

In this respect, it shall also see that the internal control systems are adequate and effective in respect of the accounting practices and principles used for drawing up the company's annual accounts, supervising the policies and procedures established to ensure due compliance with applicable legal provisions and internal regulations. The Committee shall, through its Chairman, obtain information and collaboration from both the Internal Audit Manager and the External Auditors to perform these duties.

- e) Establish regular contact with the External Auditors to receive information on any issues that may jeopardise their independence, and any other issues relating to the auditing of accounts, receiving information from and exchanging communications with the External Auditors in accordance with prevailing auditing standards and legislation.
- *f)* Be informed of the decisions adopted by the senior management according to recommendations made by the External Auditors in connection with the audit.
- **g)** Report to the Board prior to the adoption of any decisions on related party transactions submitted for its authorisation.
- h) Implement a confidential whistle-blowing channel accessible to all Group employees and a protocol for establishing priority, processing, investigating and solving any issues reported through that channel according to their importance and nature, paying special attention to those involving possible falsehood or misrepresentation in financial or accounting documents and possible fraud.
- i) Supervise compliance with the internal codes of conduct and rules of corporate governance. In particular, oversee the implementation of and compliance with the internal regulations and codes applicable to the risk management and control systems in general and the financial reporting process in particular.
- j) Submit to the Board, to be tabled at the General Meeting, proposals for the selection, appointment, reappointment and replacement of the company's External Auditors and their terms of contract, the scope of their commission and the renewal or revocation of their engagement. The Committee shall ensure the independence of the External Auditors and the existence of a discussion procedure enabling the External Auditors, the Internal Audit Department and any other expert to inform the company of any significant weaknesses in its internal control detected while checking the annual accounts or any other processes in which they have worked. The Committee shall issue an annual report, prior to issuance of the auditor's report, expressing an opinion on the independence of the External Auditors and any supplementary services they may have provided. It shall also inform the Board on the proposal submitted to the Board by the Company Chairman regarding the appointment of the Internal Audit Manager, who shall report directly to the Chairman of the Board.
- **k)** Supervise and report to the Board on intragroup and related party transactions of the company or subsidiaries and settle any conflicts of interest that may arise between the company or the group and its directors, executives, significant shareholders and listed subsidiaries, if any.

The Audit and Compliance Committee shall also report to the General Meeting on any issues raised by shareholders concerning matters within its competence."

# 2. COMPOSITION

The composition of the Audit and Compliance Committee is regulated in Article 28.2 of the company's Articles of Association and Article 24.1 of the Regulations of the Board.

Article 28.2 of the Articles of Association provides that: "eAn Audit and Compliance Committee shall be set up within the Board, with no fewer than three nor more than five members appointed by the Board. All the members of this Committee shall be non-executive directors and at least two of them shall be independent directors, one of whom will be appointed on the basis of his experience and expertise in accounting, auditing or both.

The Board shall appoint one of the independent directors on the Audit and Compliance Committee to chair that committee. The Committee Chairman shall be replaced every four years and will become eligible for re-election one year after his retirement as such. In the event of absence or temporary unavailability of the Chairman, he shall be substituted by a member of the Committee provisionally so nominated by the Board, or otherwise by the oldest Committee member."

Article 24.1 and 2 of the Regulations of the Board establishes the following:

"An Audit and Compliance Committee shall be set up within the Board, with no fewer than three nor more than five directors. All the members of this Committee shall be non-executive directors and at least two of them shall be independent directors, one of whom will be appointed on the basis of his experience and expertise in accounting, auditing or both.

The Board shall appoint one of the independent directors on the Audit and Compliance Committee to chair that committee, subject to a report by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. The Committee Chairman shall be replaced every four years and will become eligible for re-election one year after his retirement as such."

The composition of the Audit and Compliance Committee during 2015 was as follows, with no variation during the year (or after year-end up to the date of this report):

- José Ignacio Comenge Sánchez-Real Chairman (Independent director)
- Fernando Castelló Clemente Member (Independent director)
- Hispafoods Invest, S.L. (Blanca Hernández Rodríguez) Member (Proprietary director)
- Eugenio Ruiz-Gálvez Priego Member ("Other non-executive" director)

As stipulated in the Regulations of the Board, Luis Peña Pazos, non-member Secretary of the Board, is (non-member) Secretary of the Audit and Compliance Committee.

## 3. PROCEDURE

Article 28.2 of the Articles of Association provides as follows: "The Audit and Compliance Committee shall meet with the frequency stipulated in the Regulations of the Board and as and when called by its Chairman, whenever so decided by at least two of its members or at the request of the Board. Committee meetings shall be held at the registered office or wheresoever else may be decided by the Chairman and indicated in the notice of call, and shall be quorate when attended, in person or by proxy, by the majority of its members. Resolutions shall be carried with the votes in favour of the majority of members attending the meeting. In the event of a tie, the Chairman, or acting Chairman, shall have the casting vote. The Secretary of the Committee shall be appointed by the Board and shall issue minutes of the resolutions adopted, which shall be reported to the Board.

The Audit and Compliance Committee shall have the powers assigned to it by law, the Articles of Association and the Regulations of the Board. The Regulations of the Board may develop and complete the Committee's powers and the rules for its organisation and procedure, in accordance with the relevant provisions of law and the Articles of Association."

Article 22 of the Regulations of the Board contains general provisions applicable to all the Committees of the Board, including the Audit and Compliance Committee...

# 4. ACTIVITIES PERFORMED DURING 2015

The Audit and Compliance Committee held ten meetings in 2015 all attended by the Committee Chairman.

The actions taken by the Audit and Compliance Committee during the year are summarised below:

# Meeting on 25 February 2015:

- The external auditing of the separate and consolidated annual accounts 2014 was monitored.
- The related party transactions and situations of potential conflict of interest corresponding to 2014 were checked, resolving to submit a favourable report to the board on those transactions and situations, and on the authorisation for them to be made in 2015.
- The committee checked and agreed to issue a favourable report to the Board on the H2 2014 financial report.
- It approved the Internal Audit Plan for 2014 presented by the Internal Audit Manager.
- The operation and use of the whistle-blowing channel in 2014 was reviewed.

#### Meeting of 11 March 2015:

The Committee checked and resolved to pass a favourable report to the board on the review and modification of periodical public reporting on 2014, which had previously been checked and approved by the Board, following the resolution passed by the CNMV in the dairy inquiry, in view of which that review of the previously approved financial information was considered advisable on the terms reported to the market.

#### Meeting of 24 March 2015::

- The separate and consolidated annual accounts for the year ended 31 December 2014 were checked, submitting a favourable report to the board. Within the review, the external auditors of the company and its group (EY) presented the draft audit report, unqualified.
- The draft report by the auditors on the FRICS (financial reporting internal control system) 2014 was reviewed.
- After the corresponding review, a favourable report was issued on the independence of the auditors.
- The information on related party transactions and situations of potential conflict of interest and the information on risk control included in the Annual Corporate Governance Report 2014 was checked, resolving to submit a favourable report to the board.
- The information on risk control included in the Annual Corporate Governance Report 2014 was checked, resolving to submit a favourable report to the board.
- \* The Committee's Activity Report for 2014 was issued, to be submitted to the Board.

# Meeting of 29 April 2015:

- The committee checked and agreed to issue a favourable report to the Board on the Q1 2015 financial report.
- TThe committee studied and resolved to submit a favourable report to the board on the modification of the Regulations of the Board
- \* TThe committee studied the presentation given by the external auditors (EY) of the letter of recommendations regarding internal control processes. The internal audit department was required to present an analysis of the alternatives for heeding the recommendations made by the external auditors to optimise internal control.
- TThe external auditors (EY) ran a training session on new aspects on accounting and auditing; in particular, they explained (i) the novelties introduced in the Corporate Enterprises Act by the reform of December 2014 and the new good governance recommendations affecting the Committee; and (ii) the parliamentary initiatives concerning auditing
- \* TThe report prepared by the Internal Audit Department on a subsidiary of the Group, within the Internal Audit Plan 2015, was examined.

#### Meeting of 1 July 2015

- The alternatives submitted by the internal audit department in respect of the implementation of measures to optimise the internal control system were analysed.
- ❖ The committee was informed of the review and update of the crime prevention model made following the reform of the Penal Code 2015.

#### Meeting of 29 July 2015:

- The committee checked and agreed to issue a favourable report to the Board on the H1 2015 financial report.
- The external auditors (EY) ran a training session on IFRS 15 (revenue recognition), with special emphasis on how it might affect the Group's accounting.
- The report prepared by the Internal Audit Department on two subsidiaries of the Group, within the Internal Audit Plan 2015, was examined.

#### Meeting of 30 September 2015:

- The report prepared by the Internal Audit Department on two subsidiaries of the Group, within the Internal Audit Plan 2015, was examined.
- \* TThe proposed fees of the external auditors (EY) for auditing of the 2015 accounts was analysed and a report submitted to the board.

#### Meeting of 28 October 2015:

- \* The committee checked and agreed to issue a favourable report to the Board on the Q3 2015 financial report.
- The committee was informed on the work being done in respect of the control and management of risks, including tax risks, and financial reporting internal control systems, particularly the measures taken to strengthen the control structure in accordance with the good governance recommendations.
- The committee was informed on the review and update in progress of the crime prevention model

### Reunión de 25 de noviembre de 2015:

- \* The general policies affecting the powers of the committee were checked and a favourable report was submitted to the board.
- The amendment to the Internal Code of Market Conduct and the Code of Conduct proposed within the review of the crime prevention model were checked and a favourable report was submitted to the board.

## Meeting of 22 December 2015:

- This was the first meeting to monitor the external audit work on the separate and consolidated annual accounts 2015 and was attended by representatives of the external auditors.
- \* The proposal for the distribution of dividends against the 2015 accounts (payable in 2016) was assessed and a favourable report was submitted to the board, on the terms subsequently approved by the board and announced to the market on 22 December 2015.
- The report prepared by the Internal Audit Department on a subsidiary of the Group, within the Internal Audit Plan 2015, was examined.

\* The committee attended the presentation given by the head of the shareholder and investor relations department, within the committee's duty to supervise the general policies of the company.

The Audit and Compliance Committee informed the Board promptly on all issues discussed at its meetings during 2015.

# 5. WHISTLE-BLOWING CHANNEL

Two reports were received during 2015 through the channel provided in the Code of Conduct.

These reports gave rise to the corresponding internal procedures to check the facts reported. The reporting parties were duly informed of the conclusion of the investigations, by the procedure established for this purpose, and it was then filed with the Committee Secretary.

No significant aspects emerged from that investigation requiring the adoption of remedial or disciplinary measures.

# 6. INTERNAL AUDIT PLAN FOR 2016

As in previous years, the internal audit department will submit its Internal Audit Plan for 2016 to the Audit and Compliance Committee for approval.

# 7. RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THE ANNUAL ACTIVITY REPORT OF THE AUDIT AND COMPLIANCE COMMITTEE

The Audit and Compliance Committee assumes responsibility for the contents of this Report, approved by the Committee on 31 March 2016. This report will be made available to the company's shareholders and investors within the General Meeting section on the corporate website **www.ebrofoods.es** coinciding with publication of the notice of call to the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

Issued in Madrid on 31 March 2016.

José Ignacio Comenge Sánchez-Real Luis Peña Pazos
Chairman Secretary