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#### **EBRO FOODS GROUP**

# Consolidated Financial Statements and Consolidated Management Report for the year ended December 31, 2022

#### DATA TO BE TAGGED FOR XBRL FORMATTING PURPOSES

- √ Name of reporting entity or other means of identification: Ebro Foods, S.A.
- Explanation of change in name of reporting entity or other means of identification from end of preceding reporting period: There has been no change in the name of the entity or other means of identification.
- ✓ Domicile of entity: Paseo de la Castellana, 20, 28046 Madrid
- ✓ Legal form of entity: Public limited company (sociedad anónima).
- √ Country of incorporation: Spain
- √ Address of entity's registered office: Paseo de la Castellana, 20, 28046 Madrid
- ✓ Principal place of business: Paseo de la Castellana, 20, 28046 Madrid
- ✓ Description of nature of entity's operations and principal activities: Refer to Note 1 of the consolidated financial statements.
- ✓ Name of parent entity: Ebro Foods, S.A.
- ✓ Name of ultimate parent of group: Not applicable.
- ✓ Length of life of limited life entity: The reporting entity does not have a limited life.

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### EBRO FOODS GROUP CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AT YEAR-END 2022 AND 2021 THOUSANDS OF EUROS

	<u>Note</u>	31/12/2022	31/12/2021
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	•	2,231,038	2,205,307
Intangible assets	8	429,480	434,348
Property, plant and equipment	9	824,450	788,681
Right-of-use assets	10	54,639	59,375
Investment properties	11	19,382	19,398
Financial assets	12	3,986	4,874
Investments in associates	14	43,235	43,002
Deferred tax assets	21	48,794	46,270
Goodwill	15	807,072	809,359
CURRENT ASSETS		1,669,178	1,733,315
Inventories	16	911,115	702,699
Trade and other receivables	12	474,625	415,938
Current tax assets	21	19,414	23,097
Taxes receivable	21	66,476	35,465
Other financial assets	12	2,116	4,265
Derivatives	12	1,457	527
Other current assets		9,025	12,085
Cash and cash equivalents	13	184,950	539,239
Non-current assets held for sale	5 & 25	0	0
TOTAL ASSETS		3,900,216	3,938,622
		044404000	0.4.4.0.400.4
	Note	31/12/2022	31/12/2021
<u>EQUITY</u>		2,198,280	2,133,190
Equity attributable to equity			
holders of the parent	17	2,164,438	2,101,627
Share capital		92,319	92,319
Share premium		4	4
Restricted parent company reserves		21,633	21,633
Retained earnings		1,912,836	1,882,678
Translation differences		137,646	104,993
Non-controlling interests		33,842	31,563
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		832,066	881,681
Deferred income	18	10,919	10,326
Provisions for pensions and similar obligations	19	25,187	35,088
Other provisions	20	15,506	15,538
Financial liabilities	12	553,164	598,509
Deferred tax liabilities	21	227,290	222,220
CURRENT LIABILITIES		869,870	923,751
Other financial liabilities	12	394,833	445,916
Derivatives	12	2,843	1,270
Trade and other payables	12	438,370	415,565
Current tax assets	21	14,364	37,454
Taxes payable	21	14,745	19,766
Other current liabilities		4,715	3,780
Liabilities of non-current assets held for sale	5 & 25	0	0
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		3,900,216	3,938,622
	!		

The accompanying notes 1 to 28 are an integral part of the consolidated statement of financial position at December 31, 2022.

# EBRO FOODS GROUP CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 THOUSANDS OF EUROS

THOUSENED OF EUROS	<u>Note</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Revenue from contracts with customers	6	2,967,672	2,427,068
Change in inventories of finished goods and work in progress		38,392	19,398
Own work capitalized	_	508	243
Other operating income	7	19,993	25,687
Raw materials and consumables used and other external expenses	6	-1,727,697	-1,356,990
Employee benefits expense	7	-358,329	-333,188
Depreciation and amortization	8, 9, 10 & 11 –	-101,023	-94,565
Other operating expenses	7_	-636,945	-484,595
OPERATING PROFIT	_	202,571	203,058
Finance income	7	65,365	32,130
Finance costs	7	-84,068	-39,601
Impairment of goodwill	15	0	0
Share of profit of associates	14	1,939	3,144
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	-	185,807	198,731
Income tax	21	-50,242	-53,512
PROFIT FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	<del>-</del>	135,565	145,219
Profit after tax from discontinued operations	25	-917	105,027
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	- -	134,648	250,246
Attributable to:			
Equity holders of the parent		122,059	238,629
Non-controlling interests	_	12,589 <b>134,648</b>	11,617 <b>250,246</b>
	=	134,040	250,240
	<u>Note</u>	2022	2021
Earnings per share (euros)	17		
- From continuing operations			
Basic	<del>-</del>	0.799	0.868
Diluted	_	0.799	0.868
- From profit for the period			
Basic	_	0.793	1.551
Diluted	_	0.793	1.551

The accompanying notes 1 to 28 are an integral part of the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year ended December 31, 2022.

EBRO FOODS GROUP CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 THOUSANDS OF EUROS								
			2022			2021		
	Note	Gross amount	Tax effect	Net amount	Gross amount	Tax effect	Net amount	
1. Profit for the year				134,648			250,246	
2. Other comprehensive income recognized directly in equity:		42,855	-2,562	40,293	116,049	-2,330	113,719	
2.1 Other comprehensive income to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods		32,399	0	32,399	105,972	0	105,972	
Translation differences	17	32,399	0		105,070	0	105,070	
Translation differences reclassified to profit or loss during the reporting period		0	0	0	902	0	902	
2.2 Other comprehensive income not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods		10,456	-2,562	7,894	10,077	-2,330	7,747	
Actuarial gains and losses	19	10,456	-2,562	7,894	10,077	-2,330	7,747	
1+2 Total income and expense recognized during the period:	17			174,941			363,965	
Attributable to: Equity holders of the parent	17			162,606			352,213	
Non-controlling interests	17			12,335 <b>174,941</b>			11,752 <b>363,965</b>	

The accompanying notes 1 to 28 are an integral part of the consolidated statement of recognized income and expense for the year ended December 31, 2022.

#### EBRO FOODS GROUP CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 THOUSANDS OF EUROS

					Equit	ty attributable	e to equity	y holders of	f the parer	nt		
			Total	Share	Share	Revaluation	Legal	Retained	Profit/	Interim	Translation	Own
	<b>Total Equity</b>	NCI	lotai	capital	premium	reserve	reserve	earnings	(loss)	dividend	differences	shares
Balance at December 31, 2020	1,957,798	30,447	1,927,351	92,319	4	3,169	10 464	1,621,824	102 415	0	-844	0
					·							
- Distribution of prior-period profit	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	- , -	-192,415	0	-	0
- Dividend payment	-184,089	-8,682	-175,407	0	0	0	0	-175,407	0	0	0	0
<ul> <li>Gain/(loss) on own share sales</li> </ul>	-4	0	-4	0	0	0	0	-4	0	0	0	0
- Transactions with non-controlling interests	-1,882	-1,954	72	0	0	0	0	72	0	0	0	0
- Other movements in equity	-2,598	0	-2,598	0	0	0	0	-2,598	0	0	0	0
Total distribution of profit and												
transactions with shareholders	-188,573	-10,636	-177,937	0	0	0	0	14,478	-192,415	0	0	0
- Profit for the year (as per statement of profit or loss)	250,246	11,617	238,629	0	0	0	0	0	238,629	0	0	0
- Change in translation differences	105,070	135	104,935	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	104,935	0
- Translation differences reclassified to profit or loss	902	0	902	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	902	0
<ul> <li>Change due to actuarial gains/(losses)</li> </ul>	10,077	0	10,077	0	0	0	0	10,077	0	0	0	0
<ul> <li>Tax effect of gains/(losses) recognized in equity</li> </ul>	-2,330	0	-2,330	0	0	0	0	-2,330	0	0	0	0
Total income and expense recognized	363,965	11,752	352,213	0	0	0	0	7,747	238,629	0	105,837	0
Balance at December 31, 2021	2,133,190	31,563	2,101,627	92,319	4	3,169	18,464	1,644,049		0	104,993	0
<ul> <li>Distribution of prior-period profit</li> </ul>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	,	-238,629	0	0	0
- Dividends paid (note 17)	-94,861	-7,158	-87,703	0	0	0	0	-87,703	0	0	0	0
- Issue of shares	121	121	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<ul> <li>Costs of issuing/cancelling shares</li> </ul>	-209	0	-209	0	0	0	0	-209	0	0	0	0
<ul> <li>Gain/(loss) on own share sales</li> </ul>	-21	0	-21	0	0	0	0	-21	0	0	0	0
<ul> <li>Transactions with non-controlling interests</li> </ul>	-3,314	-3,019	-295	0	0	0	0	-295	0	0	0	0
- Other movements (notes 5 & 22)	-11,567	0	-11,567	0	0	0	0	-11,567	0	0	0	0
Total distribution of profit and												
transactions with shareholders	-109,851	-10,056	-99,795	0	0	0	0	,	-238,629	0		0
<ul> <li>Profit for the year (as per statement of profit or loss)</li> </ul>		12,589	122,059	0	0	0	0	0	122,059	0		0
- Change in translation differences	32,399	-254	32,653	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	32,653	0
<ul> <li>Translation differences reclassified to profit or loss</li> </ul>	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<ul> <li>Change due to actuarial gains/(losses)</li> </ul>	10,456	0	10,456	0	0	0	0	10,456	0	0	0	0
<ul> <li>Tax effect of gains/(losses) recognised in equity</li> </ul>	-2,562	0	-2,562	0	0	0	0	-2,562	0	0	0	0
Total income and expense recognized	174,941	12,335	162,606	0	0	0	0	7,894	122,059	0	32,653	0
Balance at December 31, 2022	2,198,280	33,842	2,164,438	92,319	4	3,169	18,464	1,790,777	122,059	0	137,646	0

The accompanying notes 1 to 28 are an integral part of the consolidated statement of changes in equity for the year ended December 31, 2022.

# EBRO FOODS, S.A. GROUP CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021

FUN THE TEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021	<b>.</b>		
THOUSANDS OF EUROS	<u>Note (*)</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Descints from contensors		2.040.220	2 002 000
Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers and employees		3,016,229 -2,961,991	3,002,908 -2,845,104
Interest paid Interest received		-6,575 1,013	-8,757 373
Dividends received		1,013 2,319	
		25,809	4,350
Other operating activity receipts / payments Income tax paid	21		223 -136,510
income tax paid	21	-90,821	-136,510
Net cash flows from operating activities	a)	-14,017	17,483
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of fixed assets	b)	-118,808	-120,035
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	c)	4,711	3,724
Purchase of financial assets (net of cash acquired)	ď)	-48,556	-24,063
Proceeds from sale of financial assets and/or businesses	e)	22,700	750,202
Other investment activity proceeds / purchases	,	353	-116
Net cash flows from investing activities	_	-139,600	609,712
Acquisition of own shares		-665	-632
Proceeds from sale of own shares		13	14
Dividends paid to shareholders (including NCI holders)	f)	-96,528	-185,719
Proceeds from borrowings	,	541,877	1,481,723
Repayment of borrowings		-673,845	-1,608,919
Other financing activity proceeds / payments and grants		10,918	-1,833
Net cash flows used in financing activities	_	-218,230	-315,366
Translation differences arising on cash flows from foreign companies		4,111	8,429
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) in cash and cash equivalents	_	-367,736	320,258
	_		,
Cash and cash equivalents, opening balance		539,239	210,486
Effect of year-end exchange rate on opening balance		13,447	8,495
Cash and cash equivalents, closing balance	13	184,950	539,239

The statement of cash flows for 2021 includes the cash flows pertaining to the Dry Pasta business in France, classified as discontinued that year (and to a lesser degree, the cash flows pertaining to the dry pasta businesses in the US and Canada, sold early that year).

Net cash flows from operating activities	0	2,457
Net cash flows used in investing activities	0	-10,693
Net cash flows used in financing activities	0	-3,095

The accompanying notes 1 to 28 are an integral part of the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2022.

- (\*) The cross-references to the corresponding notes accompanying the consolidated financial statements are provided for qualitative purposes only; it is not always possible to provide cross-references to the precise amounts reported.
- a) Cash flow generation declined by comparison with 2021 due to a higher working capital requirement as a result of farmgate price inflation affecting most raw materials, as well as higher energy and other utility prices.
- b) This balance, less the 2,492 thousand euros of differences between the cash outflows and accrual for accounting purposes of the additions to property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, explain the movements in new investments disclosed in Notes 9 and 10.
- c) Corresponds basically to the amounts received from the sale of fixed assets arranged with deferred payments (Note 12).
- d) Corresponds basically to the payment for the acquisition of the InHarvest business (Note 5).
- e) Corresponds mainly to collection of the proceeds from the sale of Roland Monterrat (Note 5).
- f) This balance is made up of:
  - -Dividends paid to shareholders of the Parent in the amount of 87,703 thousand euros.
  - Dividends paid to non-controlling shareholders and holders of stock options (put & call options) in the amount of 8,825 thousand euros.

#### 1. GROUP INFORMATION

Ebro Foods, S.A., a Spanish public limited company (*sociedad anónima*), hereinafter the "Parent" or the "Company", was created by the merger by absorption of Puleva S.A. into Azucarera Ebro Agrícolas S.A. on January 1, 2001. On the occasion of that transaction, Azucarera Ebro Agrícolas, S.A.'s name was changed to Ebro Puleva, S.A. Later, at the Annual General Meeting of June 1, 2010, its registered name was changed again to its current name: Ebro Foods, S.A. The Company is the Parent of the international Ebro Foods Group (hereinafter, the "Group" or the "Ebro Group").

The Company's current registered office is in Madrid (28046), at Paseo de la Castellana, 20.

The Group's corporate object is to perform the following business activities in Spanish and foreign markets:

- a) The production, preparation, sale, research, export and import of all manner of food and dietary products for both human and animal consumption, in addition to energy food products, including their by-products and waste, and, in particular, rice, pasta, sauces and all manner of nutritional products.
- b) The production, exploitation and sale of all manner of food and soft and alcoholic beverages.
- c) The use of by-products and the provision of services or products of all types relating to the aforementioned activities, including refrigeration cabinets, ice, industrial gas, steam, cold and energy.
- d) The acquisition, lease, creation, installation, development and management of industrial, farming and livestock facilities in the food, nutrition and beverage (including alcohol) industries.
- e) The performance of projects and installation work and the provision of all manner of technical assistance to other companies in the aforementioned industries; the creation, development, protection and use of patents, trademarks and other assets susceptible to intellectual property protection.
- f) Staff training, computer programming or management, investment and monetization of resources, advertising and image, transport, distribution and sale and marketing activities that are ancillary or complementary to the aforementioned activities.

Those activities may be carried on through the subscription or acquisition of shares or other equity interests in companies with an identical or similar corporate purpose.

The Group currently operates in Spain and internationally. The revenue breakdown by geographic market is provided with the segment reporting disclosures (Note 6).

The 2021 consolidated financial statements were approved at the Annual General Meeting held by Ebro Foods, S.A. on June 29, 2022 and duly filed with Madrid's Companies Register.

The distribution of the profit of the Parent proposed by the directors of Ebro Foods, S.A. at a meeting of the Board of Directors on December 21, 2022 for submission for ratification at the upcoming Annual General Meeting is as follows:

Amounts relating only to the Parent's separate financial statements	Amount (€000)
Basis of appropriation:	
Unrestricted reserves	1,036,271
Profit for the year (as per statement of profit or loss)	214,562
	1,250,833

The profit generated by the Ebro Foods Group in 2022 makes it possible, as in prior years, to propose the payment of a cash dividend by Ebro Foods, S.A. with a charge against profit for the year, of 0.57 euros per share, payable in the course of 2023, for a total amount of 87,703 thousand euros.

The dividend will be paid out in three equal instalments of 0.19 euros per share on April 3, June 30, and October 2, 2023.

#### Limitations on the distribution of dividends

Ebro Foods, S.A. is obliged to transfer 10% of profit for the year to a legal reserve until this reserve reaches an amount equal to at least 20% of share capital. That reserve cannot be distributed to shareholders unless it exceeds and only in the amount by which it exceeds the 20% threshold.

Once the legal and bylaw-stipulated requirements have been met, dividends may be distributed against profit for the year or freely distributable reserves, so long as the value of equity is not lower than or would not fall below share capital as a result of the distribution. Any profit recognized directly in equity may not be distributed either directly or indirectly for such purposes. If prior-year losses were to reduce the Company's equity to below the amount of share capital, profit would have to be allocated to offset those losses.

# 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION AND COMPARABILITY OF THE INFORMATION INCLUDED IN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

These consolidated financial statements are presented in thousands of euros (unless expressly stated otherwise). Transactions performed in other currencies are translated into euros using the accounting policies outlined in Note 3.

#### a) Basis of preparation

# 1. General accounting policies

The consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) adopted by the European Union, in conformity with Regulation (EC) No. 1606/2002 of the European Parliament and of the Council.

These consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022, which were authorised for issue by the Parent's directors on March 30, 2023, are pending approval by its shareholders at the Annual General Meeting; however, they are expected to be approved without modification. (Similarly, at the reporting date, the separate 2022 financial statements of Ebro Foods, S.A. and of its subsidiaries and associates had still to be ratified by their respective shareholders at the corresponding Annual General Meetings).

#### 2. Use of estimates and assumptions

The Parent's directors are responsible for the information included in these consolidated financial statements.

In preparing the accompanying consolidated financial statements, they have relied on occasion on estimates made by the management of the various Group companies in order to measure certain of the assets, liabilities, income, expenses and commitments recognized therein. Essentially, those estimates refer to:

- The estimates related to recoverability of the carrying amounts of intangible assets and goodwill for impairment testing purposes (Notes 8 and 15).
- The assumptions used in the actuarial calculation of pension and similar liabilities and obligations (Note 19).
- The estimated useful lives of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment (Notes 8 and 9).
- The assumptions used to calculate the fair value of financial instruments and put options (Notes 12 and 22).
- The probability of occurrence and amount of liabilities of uncertain amounts and/or contingent liabilities (Note 20).
- The estimates related to the recoverability of the carrying amount of deferred tax assets (Note 21).

Although these estimates and assumptions were made on the basis of the best information available at the date of authorising these consolidated financial statements for issue regarding the facts analysed, future events, specifically including events related with the situation induced by COVID-19 and the war in Ukraine (see below), could make it necessary to revise the estimates (upwards or downwards) in coming years. Changes in accounting estimates would be applied prospectively, recognizing the effects of the changes in estimates in the related consolidated financial statements.

# <u>COVID-19 and war in Ukraine Implications of the pandemic on the consolidated</u> financial statements

<u>With respect to the "COVID-19" pandemic</u>: the global economy continues to recover, albeit unevenly across the various countries and regions. As expected, 2022 was marked by continuation of the gradual recovery in GDP initiated in 2021, particularly in Europe and the Americas (which may continue for some of 2023, depending on the country and region).

After successive waves and variants between March 2020 and well into 2022, it is safe to say that by the end of 2022 things were virtually back to the way they were before it all started (particularly in Europe and North America).

In Spain, a raft of urgent and extraordinary measures were passed to address the economic and social fallout from COVID-19. The majority of the Spanish population is currently vaccinated against the coronavirus. Other countries took similar actions, introducing their own measures.

With respect to the war in Ukraine: events in Ukraine, following military invasion by the Russian Federation on February 24, 2022, have sparked significant global uncertainty. The international community reacted swiftly, with many countries (including the European Union and United States) imposing sanctions on Russia and its people.

The difficulty in predicting how the conflict will end and its obvious geopolitical implications mean that it is not currently possible to reliably estimate what potential impact the conflict and the international response to it could have on the Group's businesses. The situation is affecting the availability and prices of certain commodities (those in which Russia and Ukraine are leading global producers and exporters, such as wheat and sunflower oil), energy prices and exchange rates.

In short, the post-pandemic era has been marked unanticipated economic developments such as global supply chain friction, energy inflation (oil, gas and electricity), financial market and exchange rate volatility and, ultimately, the war in Ukraine, which has ushered in a period of high inflation with scope for provoking recessionary episodes in Europe and the Americas and social tension, which have in turn triggered new monetary and economic policies in an attempt to curb and resolve the prevailing inflationary cycle. As a result, it is hard to estimate how these variables will evolve in the coming months.

Despite the uncertainty and impossibility of making reliable estimates, the Parent's directors believe that the current situation and its consequences are not and should not have a material impact on the Group, underpinned primarily by the following considerations:

- The Group has no subsidiaries, branches or operations in the region affected by the armed conflict. The Group does not have (and has not had in the recent past) factories, customers or suppliers in Ukraine or Russia.
- Neither Russia nor Ukraine are or have been sources of wheat supply for the Group which, moreover, downsized its dry pasta business significantly in 2021 and 2020. As a result, its exposure to the potential impact of inflation in that commodity and its different variants is considered low (as it should not go beyond the indirect effect that the reduction of wheat exports from Russia and Ukraine could have on the prices of wheat sourced from other markets).
- With respect to the global economic impact, the type of products made by the Ebro Group makes its businesses more resilient during times of economic crisis.
   As a result, the Group does not anticipate a significant decrease in customer demand, loss of suppliers or other adverse effects on its supply and distribution channels.
- As for energy costs, the measures announced by the European Union and other countries with the aim of (i) reducing dependence on oil and gas sourced from Russia; and (ii) mitigating the effect of the conflict on energy costs, should mean that those potential increases will not have a very significant impact on the Group's businesses.

On the basis of the most updated information available, in order to duly reflect the prevailing and prospective impact of the situation induced by COVID-19 and the war in Ukraine on the financial situation, performance and cash flows of the Ebro Group, the following specific disclosures are made:

- 1. To date there have been no net adverse ramifications on the Ebro Group's financial position, earnings performance or cash flows.
- 2. In 2022, the trend in sales was far more 'normal' and akin to that observed in other years, such as 2021 and 2019. In 2020 (due to the pandemic), sales of our products were distorted, especially in the months of March and April.
- 3. In light of the complexity of the current circumstances and based on the information available for recent months, the situation had a small net impact on the Ebro Group in 2022. The Group's performance in 2022 was very similar to that of 2021 or 2019, despite sharp growth in commodity prices and logistics costs, which were mitigated by cost savings and controls and product price increases.

- 4. The Ebro Group continues to take the steps required to tackle the situation and minimize its impact. It believes that the situation is circumstantial and, based on its most recent estimates and its liquidity position as of the reporting date, will not compromise its ability to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Asset and liability measurement conventions at December 31, 2022 and additional information. As disclosed in Note 2.d below, the Group has used the same accounting policies to prepare the 2022 consolidated financial statements as it used to prepared the 2021 set. Below is a list of the asset and liability accounts that may have been affected by the extraordinary situation brought about by the COVID virus and war in Ukraine in light of the consequences it has had for the Ebro Group:
  - Both situations constitute significant extraordinary events and, therefore, in keeping with prevailing accounting standards, require the fine-tuning and possibly the expansion of the level of disclosures provided in the consolidated financial statement notes. The Ebro Group has therefore expanded the information provided in these consolidated financial statements where necessary.
- Neither situation has had a significant adverse effect on the Ebro Group's direct activities; nor has it given rise to the need to recognise any impairment losses of significance.
- In terms of its financial liabilities, the Group did not encounter any problems whatsoever in relation to the refinancing of any debt, the arrangement of new financing agreements or its ability to service its financial obligations in 2022. Financial liability management unfolded exactly as anticipated, in keeping with the natural and normal maturity schedules.
- Note, in keeping with IFRS 9, in relation to the estimation of expected credit losses on our accounts receivable, that there have been no significant changes in the assumptions or judgements used to analyse the Group's accounts receivable with respect to those used at year-end 2021 (i.e., the analysis performed did not indicate the need to recognize any additional extraordinary losses on account of the pandemic or war in Ukraine).
- As for the Group's lease contracts (IFRS 16), there have been no changes in the agreements as a result of the pandemic or war in Ukraine.
- Lastly, the Group has verified that the prevailing extraordinary circumstances have not had any impact on the recognition of deferred tax assets or the utilization of tax credits in keeping with IAS 12, the measurement of fair value in keeping with IFRS 13 or the measurement of provisions or onerous contracts in accordance with IAS 37.

#### 3. Materiality assessment

These consolidated financial statements omit information and disclosures that do not require detailed breakdown on account of their qualitative importance and were not deemed material or relevant in accordance with the materiality or significance concept defined in the IFRS Conceptual Framework, considering the consolidated financial statements of the Ebro Group as a whole.

#### b) Comparability

For comparative purposes, the Group presents, in addition to the figures for the year ended December 31, 2022, for each item in the consolidated statement of financial position, consolidated statement of profit or loss, consolidated statement of cash flows, consolidated statement of changes in equity, consolidated statement of comprehensive income and the notes to the consolidated financial statements, the figures for the year ended December 31, 2021.

It was not necessary to restate the prior-year figures in order to make them comparable year-on-year.

# c) Changes in the scope of consolidation

Notes 4 and 5 detail the main changes affecting the consolidation scope in 2022 and 2021, outlining the corresponding consequences in terms of accounting methods used.

#### 3. MEASUREMENT STANDARDS

The most significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below:

#### a) Basis of consolidation

#### Subsidiaries

All of the companies over which the Group has control are fully consolidated in these financial statements. Control is the power to affect an investee's returns through the ability to direct its relevant activities.

When the Group acquires a business, that business's assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities are measured at their acquisition-date fair values. The difference between the cost of the business combination and the fair value of the net assets acquired is recognized as goodwill if positive and as a gain on a bargain purchase in profit and loss if negative.

The results of companies acquired during the year are consolidated from the effective date of acquisition. When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies in line with the Group's accounting policies.

All material intra-group balances relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

#### Non-controlling interests

Non-controlling interests are determined at the acquisition date at their percentage interest in the fair value of the acquired business, i.e., including their share of goodwill.

#### Put options written over non-controlling interests (NCI)

As detailed in Notes 12.2 and 22, the Group has closed a number of business combinations in recent years in which it has acquired the majority of the target companies' voting rights and, by extension, control. When structuring those transactions it wrote certain put options over the NCI holders' shares.

Whenever the Group acquires a business without acquiring all of the voting shares, it analyzes the acquisition terms from a technical standpoint. The purpose of that analysis is to determine whether: (1) the terms of the transaction substantiate the conclusion that the Group has entered into a forward-purchase contract for the NCI shares, in which case IAS 32 applies; or (2) the terms of the transaction evidence that the Group has not acquired 100% of the NCI shares, in which case IFRS 10 applies.

- a) Forward-purchase contract (applying IAS 32) the Group is obliged to acquire the percentage of shares still in the hands of the NCI holders at a fixed price. That fixed price is grossed up by the corresponding percentage interest in any profits that have not been distributed on the date of the purchase of the NCI holder shares. In this instance, it is understood that the Group has deferred payment for 100% of the shares, such that the NCI shares are recognized as if they had already been acquired at the time of the business combination and any changes in the liability payable to the NCI holders are recognized in profit or loss.
- b) Not a forward contract (applying IFRS 10):
  - <u>Acquisition-date measurement</u>: on the acquisition date, the Group recognizes
    the non-controlling interests, in keeping with paragraph 10 of IFRS 3, at their
    proportionate share in the fair value of the business acquired (considering,
    therefore, the business acquired).
  - <u>Subsequent measurement and classification</u>: IFRS does not provide specific guidance for accounting for put options written over NCI which irrevocably oblige the Group to purchase their shares. As a result, the Group, in keeping with customary practice and the interpretations of the main audit firms and experts in the field, does the following at each year-end:

- It determines the value at which the non-controlling interests would have been recognized, including an updated allocation of profit or loss, any changes in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income that are recognized in equity and any dividends declared during the reporting period, in accordance with IFRS 10;
- 2. It then derecognizes the non-controlling interests as if they had been acquired on that date (year-end).
- 3. It recognizes a financial liability at the present value of the amount payable as consideration for the NCI holders' put options in accordance with IFRS 9.
- 4. The difference between the figures arrived at under items 2) and 3) above is recognized against equity.

#### **Associates**

The Group's investments in associates (companies over which it has significant influence but not control) are accounted for using the equity method. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate is initially recognized at cost. The carrying amount of the investment is adjusted to recognize changes in the Group's share of the net assets of the associate since the acquisition date, adjusted for impairment charges as necessary.

The Group's share of the results of operations of its associates is recognized, net of the related tax effect, in the consolidated statement of profit or loss or the consolidated statement of other comprehensive income, as warranted.

### b) Foreign currency translation: results and financial position of foreign operations

The Group companies' separate financial statements are expressed in each company's functional currency.

On consolidation, their assets and liabilities are translated into euros using the yearend exchange rate; items of profit and loss are translated at the average exchange rate for the period; and the share capital, share premium and reserve accounts are translated using the historical exchange rate. The exchange differences arising on translation for consolidation purposes of investments in foreign subsidiaries and associates are recognized in equity under "Translation differences".

If there are non-controlling interests in these subsidiaries, the related translation differences are recognized under "Non-controlling interests" within equity.

Any goodwill arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation and any fair value adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities arising on the acquisition are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and translated at the rate of exchange prevailing at the reporting date.

On disposal of an investment in a foreign subsidiary or associate, the translation differences relating to that particular foreign operation, deferred in equity until the transaction date, are recognized in profit or loss.

# c) Foreign currency transactions and balances

Each Group company translates its transactions in foreign currencies to its respective functional currency using the rate prevailing on the transaction date. Differences arising on settlement of these transactions or translation of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than each Group company's functional currency are recognized in profit or loss.

# d) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are mainly certificates of deposit, short-term deposits, short-term marketable securities, short-term government bonds and other money market assets with a maturity of three months or less, and bank deposits with a maturity of more than three months from the date of acquisition but immediately drawable without incurring any kind of penalty. Those assets are valued at cost, which is deemed a fair approximation of their realizable amount.

### e) Property, plant and equipment and investment properties

Items of property, plant and equipment and investment properties are stated at the lower of:

- Acquisition (or production) cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.
- Their recoverable amount, i.e. the amount that will be recovered via the cashgenerating units to which they belong or via their sale, capital appreciation or a combination of the two.

For items of property, plant and equipment and investment properties acquired in business combinations, acquisition cost equates to their fair value on the date that the Group obtained control, determined using appraisals carried out by independent experts, as detailed in section a) above.

Transfers are made to (or from) investment property only when there is a change in use. For a transfer from investment property to owner-occupied property, the deemed cost for subsequent accounting is its carrying amount on the date of the change in use.

If owner-occupied property becomes an investment property, the Group accounts for such property in accordance with the policy stated under property, plant and equipment up to the date of change in use. Investment properties are derecognized either when they have been disposed of or when they are permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from their disposal. The difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss in the reporting period in which they are derecognized.

In the event that management detects indications that these assets may be impaired, the corresponding impairment losses are recognized.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the construction of a qualifying asset are capitalized as part of the cost of the asset until such assets are commissioned. Extension, upgrade or improvement costs that represent an increase in productivity, capacity or efficiency or an extension in the useful life of assets are capitalized as an increase in the cost of the corresponding assets.

Upkeep and maintenance costs are expensed in the year they are incurred.

Items of property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis over their respective useful lives, taking into consideration actual depreciation sustained through operation, usage and wear and tear, as follows: The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year-end.

Depreciation rates								
Buildings and other structures	1.0% to 3.0%							
Plant and machinery	2.0% to 20%							
Other fixtures, tools and furniture	8.0% to 25%							
Other items of PP&E	5.5% to 25%							

Assets acquired under finance lease agreements, i.e., when the Group assumes substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership, are capitalized, recognizing the present value of the total lease liability in tandem. Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and principal (reduction of the lease liability) so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the useful life of the assets, using the rates shown above.

Operating lease payments are recognized as an operating expense in profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### f) Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities

<u>Right-of-use assets</u>: The Group recognizes right-of-use assets at the lease commencement date (i.e., the date on which the underlying asset is made available for use).

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses and are adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of the lease liability at initial recognition, initial direct costs incurred and lease payments made at or before the commencement of the lease, less any lease incentives received. Unless the Group is reasonably certain it will obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of their estimated useful life and the lease term. Right-of-use assets are subject to impairment.

<u>Lease liabilities</u>: At the lease commencement date, the Group recognizes lease liabilities at the present value of the lease payments to be made during the lease term. Lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed lease payments) less any incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and the amounts expected to be payable under residual value guarantees. Lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option and the payment of penalties for terminating the lease. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are expensed in the period in which the event or condition that triggers those payments occurs.

To calculate the present value of its lease payments, the Group uses a discount rate equivalent to its incremental borrowing rate at the date of commencement of the lease if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable.

After initial recognition, the measurement of a lease liability is increased by the interest accrued and reduced by lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if the lease is modified, if there is a change in the assessment of the lease term, a change in in-substance fixed lease payments or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

<u>Short-term and low-value leases</u>: The Group applies the recognition exemption allowed for short-term leases (i.e., leases that, at the commencement date, have a lease term of 12 months or less and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the permitted recognition exemption to leases of equipment of low value (i.e., less than 5 thousand euros). Lease payments for short-term leases and leases for which the underlying asset is of low value are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

<u>Significant judgements and estimates made to determine the term of leases with extension options</u>: The Group determines the lease term as the non-cancellable period of the lease, together with both the periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to exercise that option and the periods covered by an option to terminate the lease if it is reasonably certain not to exercise that option.

In some of its leases, the Group has the option of extending the lease for an additional three to five years. The Group applies judgement in assessing whether it is reasonably certain to exercise those options. To do so, it considers all the relevant facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive for it to exercise the option to extend the lease.

After first-time recognition, the Group reassesses the lease term upon the occurrence of a significant event or significant change in circumstances that is within its control and affects whether it is reasonably certain to exercise (or not exercise) the option to extend the lease (e.g., a change in sales strategy).

# g) Intangible assets (excluding goodwill and greenhouse gas emission allowances)

Intangible assets are recognized at their acquisition or production cost, which is reviewed continually, and written down for impairment, as warranted, as described in Note 3.h) below. Intangible assets with finite lives are amortized; their residual values, amortization periods and amortization methods are reviewed annually. The assets included under this heading are the following:

 <u>Development costs</u>: The costs incurred on specific projects for the development of new projects for sale or internal use that are reasonably certain to be recovered are capitalized and amortized on a straight-line basis over the period of expected future benefit from the date of completion.

Recovery is regarded reasonably assured when it is considered technically feasible and the Group has the ability and intention to complete the asset and use it or sell it and it is expected to generate future economic benefits.

Trademarks, patents and licences: Capitalized development expenditure is recognized under this heading when the corresponding patent or similar protection is obtained. This heading also includes new trademarks or brand names acquired from third parties (recognized at their acquisition cost) and those acquired in business combinations (recognized at their fair value on the date control is obtained). Based on an analysis of all the relevant factors, the Group has determined that there is no foreseeable limit to the period of time for which its most significant trademarks will generate net cash inflows for the Group, which is why it has classified them as intangible assets with indefinite useful lives. Nevertheless, it reviews that indefinite useful life assessment every year.

Those that are amortized are amortized over their estimated useful lives, which vary between 10 and 20 years.

 <u>Computer software</u>: Computer software includes the amounts paid for title to or the right to use computer programmes and the costs incurred to develop software in-house, to the extent that the software is expected to be used for several years. Software is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life, which is usually around three years.

Software maintenance expenses are expensed in the year incurred.

#### h) Goodwill

Goodwill is the excess of the consideration transferred in exchange for control of a business and the acquisition-date fair value of the share of the net assets acquired, including the portion attributable to non-controlling interests, as detailed earlier in this note. Goodwill in respect of investments in associates is recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position within "Investments in associates", while any corresponding impairment losses are recognized under "Share of profit of associates" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

When the price of a business combination includes contingent consideration, the acquisition price includes the present value of such contingent consideration.

Goodwill is not amortized but is tested for impairment annually. Any impairment of goodwill indicated by such tests is recognized immediately in profit or loss and cannot be reversed in subsequent years.

Similarly, gains from a bargain purchase are recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss once the Group has confirmed the fair value of the net assets acquired.

Whenever the Group disposes of a subsidiary or associate to which goodwill has been allocated, the amount of such goodwill is included in the carrying amount in order to determine the gain or loss on disposal.

Where goodwill forms part of a cash generating unit and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal. Goodwill derecognized under these circumstances is measured based on the relative values of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

#### i) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group tests its assets for impairment every year.

If its impairment tests indicate that an asset's recoverable amount is less than its carrying amount, the asset is written down to its recoverable amount by recognizing an impairment loss in the consolidated statement of profit or loss. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of its realizable value and its value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using an appropriate discount rate.

If an asset being tested for impairment does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets, the impairment test is performed in respect of the group of assets to which it belongs (cash-generating unit or CGU).

The recoverable value of intangible assets with indefinite useful lives is reassessed annually (annual impairment test) or whenever there are indications that such assets may be impaired. The reversal of an asset impairment loss is recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

# j) Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations

Non-current assets classified as held for sale and discontinued operations are measured at the lower of their acquisition cost and fair value less costs of disposal.

Assets are classified into this category when their carrying amount is expected to be realised through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use, the asset is available for immediate sale in its present condition and the sale is expected to qualify for recognition as a completed sale within one year.

#### k) Financial assets and financial liabilities

#### Financial assets

Financial assets are classified in accordance with how they are measured on the basis of the corresponding business model and the characteristics of the contractual cash flows. A financial asset is only reclassified from one category to another when there is a change in the business model used to manage the financial assets.

Financial asset acquisitions and disposals are recognized at the trade date, i.e., on the date the Group undertakes to acquire or sell the asset. Upon acquisition they are classified into one of the following categories:

#### a) Financial assets at amortized cost

These are non-derivative financial assets that are held in order to collect their contractual cash flows and those contractual cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest. They are included in current assets, except for amounts maturing more than 12 months from the end of the reporting period. They are recognized initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

Interest income from these financial assets is recognized in finance income and any gain or loss arising on their derecognition and any impairment losses are recognized directly in profit and loss as they arise.

#### b) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

These are assets that are acquired for sale in the short term. Derivatives are included in this category unless they are designated as hedging instruments. These financial assets are initially recognized and subsequently measured at fair value and any changes in fair value are recognized in profit and loss as they arise.

Equity instruments classified into this category are recognized at fair value and any gain or loss arising from changes in their fair value or as a result of their sale are similarly recognized in profit and loss as they arise.

The fair values of quoted investments are based on quoted prices (fair value hierarchy level 1). The fair value of investments in unlisted entities is established using valuation techniques, which include the use of recent arm's length transactions between knowledgeable, willing parties, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same and discounted cash flow analysis (levels 2 and 3). In the event that recent information available is insufficient to measure fair value or there is a wide range of possible fair value measurements and cost represents the best estimate within that range, such investments are recognized at cost less any impairment losses.

#### c) Equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI).

These are investments in equity instruments which the Group has opted to irrevocably designate as at fair value through other comprehensive income upon initial recognition. They are recognized at fair value and any gains or losses arising from changes in their fair value are recognized in other comprehensive income, except for the dividends received from those investments, which are recognized in profit or loss when the right to receive payment is established. Accordingly, no impairment losses are recognized on these investments. Changes in their fair value are not recycled to profit and loss when they are sold.

The fair value measurements made in the accompanying consolidated financial statements are classified using a fair value hierarchy articulated around the relevance of the inputs used to make the corresponding measurements. The hierarchy categorizes the inputs used in valuation techniques into three levels:

- Level 1 inputs: Fair value measurements based on quoted prices in active markets for identical instruments. These measurements are based on quoted prices at the reporting date.
- Level 2 inputs: Fair value measurements based on inputs that are observable for the asset or liability. The fair value of financial assets included in this category is determined by using valuation techniques. Those valuation techniques maximize the use of available observable market-based inputs and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates.

If all the significant inputs required to measure fair value are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2. If one or more of the significant inputs required to measure fair value are not observable market inputs, the instrument is included in Level 3.

- Level 3 inputs: Measurements based on inputs that are not based on observable market data.

Financial assets are derecognized when the contractual rights to the related cash flows have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the assets. If substantially all the risks and rewards have been retained, the financial asset is not derecognized; instead the Group recognises a financial liability in the amount of any consideration received in exchange for the transfer.

Agreements for the transfer of account receivables are considered non-recourse factoring agreements if the risks and rewards of ownership of the receivables have been transferred substantially.

The financial asset impairment model is based on expected credit losses. The Group accounts for expected credit losses, and any changes therein, at every reporting date, to reflect changes in credit risk since the date of initial recognition, without waiting for an impairment event to occur.

The Group applies the general expected loss approach for all its financial assets except for trade and other accounts receivable that do not contain a significant financing component; it applies the simplified approach for those qualifying assets.

Under the general approach, the Group recognises the expected loss from a financial asset default on either a 12-month or lifetime basis, depending on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. Under the simplified approach, the Group recognises a loss allowance from the outset based on lifetime expected credit losses using available information about past events (such as historical customer default rates), current conditions and forward-looking estimates (macroeconomic factors such as the outlook for GDP, unemployment, inflation, interest rates, etc.) that could affect the creditworthiness of its debtors.

# **Financial liabilities**

#### a) Financial liabilities at amortized cost

Borrowings are initially recognized at fair value, less any transaction costs incurred. Any difference between the amount received and the redemption value is recognized in profit and loss over the borrowing repayment term using the effective interest method. These financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost.

In the event that a modification in the contractual terms of a liability at amortized cost does not result in its derecognition (a non-substantial modification), the contractual cash flows from the refinanced debt are calculated using the original effective interest rate and any resulting modification gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss on the date of the modification.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless they mature more than 12 months from the reporting date or the Group is entitled to automatically roll them over.

Trade and other current accounts payable are financial liabilities and are initially recognized at fair value; they do not explicitly accrue interest and are recognized at their face value. Non-current borrowings are those due more than 12 months from the reporting date.

#### b) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

These are liabilities that are incurred with the intention of repurchasing them in the short term. Derivatives are included in this category unless they are designated as hedging instruments. These financial liabilities are initially recognized and subsequently measured at fair value and any changes in fair value are recognized in profit and loss as they arise.

### I) Derivatives and other financial instruments

The Group uses certain financial derivatives to manage its exposure to movements in exchange and interest rates. All of these derivatives are measured at fair value, regardless of whether or not they are designated as hedges, their fair value being their market value in the case of listed instruments, and valuations based on option valuation models or discounted cash flow analysis in the case of unlisted instruments. The following criteria are used for recognition purposes:

• Cash flow hedges: the gains and losses derived from the restatement to fair value at the reporting date of derivatives designated as hedges, to the extent effective, are recognized directly in equity (net of tax) until the committed or forecast transaction is realised, at which point they are reclassified to profit or loss.

Gains and losses on ineffective hedges are recognized directly in profit or loss.

 Hedges of a net investment in a foreign operation: the gains and losses derived from the measurement at fair value of these investments in respect of the portion of the hedge deemed effective are recognized, net of tax, directly in equity under "Translation differences" and are reclassified to profit or loss when the hedged investment is disposed of. Gains and losses on ineffective hedges are recognized directly in profit or loss.

 Accounting treatment for financial derivatives not designated as hedges or not qualifying for hedge accounting: the gains and losses arising from the restatement to fair value of these financial instruments are recognized directly in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

### m) Inventories

Inventories are measured at their weighted average acquisition or production cost.

The acquisition price includes the amount stated on the invoice plus all additional costs incurred until the goods are stored in the warehouse.

Production cost is determined by adding to the cost of acquiring raw materials and other consumables, manufacturing costs directly attributable to the product and the corresponding portion of indirect costs attributable to the product in question, to the extent such costs are incurred during the manufacturing period. If the selling price less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale are less than the costs indicated above, the inventories are written down for impairment.

#### n) Deferred income - Grants

The grants received by the Group are accounted for as follows:

- a. Non-repayable grants related to assets: these grants are measured at the amount awarded and reclassified to profit and loss on a straight-line basis over a period of 10 years, which is roughly equivalent to the average period during which the assets financed by such grants are depreciated. They are presented on the liability side of the consolidated statement of financial position.
- b. Grants related to income: when a grant relates to an item of expense, it is recognized as income in the period that the costs it is intended to compensate are expensed.

#### o) Pension commitments and similar obligations

The Group manages several defined benefit and defined contribution pension plans. The cost of providing benefits under defined benefit plans is determined using the projected unit credit method.

The defined benefit commitment is calculated by independent actuarial experts annually for the most significant plans and regularly for the rest. The actuarial assumptions used to calculate the Group's obligations depend on each country's economic situation. The various funds may be funded through an external fund or through internal provisions.

For defined benefit plans funded externally, any deficit in the fair value of the plan assets with respect to the present value of the obligation as a result of actuarial gains or losses is recognized directly in equity net of the related tax effect, and any changes in past service costs are recognized in profit or loss. A gain is only capitalized in respect of a surplus to the extent that it represents a future economic benefit, in the form of refunds from the plan or a reduction in future contributions.

Actuarial gains and losses arise mainly as a result of changes in actuarial assumptions or differences between estimated and actual variables.

In the case of defined benefit plans, the actuarial cost charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss is the sum of the current service cost, interest cost, the expected return on any plan assets and the past service cost, while any material actuarial gains and losses are recognized directly in retained earnings within equity.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are charged to the consolidated statement of profit or loss when they are made.

Pursuant to the prevailing collective bargaining agreement and other non-binding agreements, Ebro Foods, S.A. is obliged to pay bonuses for long service to certain of its permanent employees upon retirement at the legally-stipulated age or early retirement.

In accordance with the applicable collective bargaining agreements and other nonbinding agreements, the Riviana Group (USA) and certain European Group companies are obliged to make annual supplementary payments of various kinds and other bonuses for long service and retirement, where applicable, to certain of their permanent employees upon retirement at the legally-stipulated age or early retirement.

The provision recognized represents the present value, calculated by means of actuarial studies, most of which performed by independent experts, of the future payment obligations of the companies concerned to their former and current employees in connection with the aforementioned retirement bonus obligations, net of the present value of the financial assets in which the related funds are invested. These plans are managed independently by a management committee made up of employees, executives and third parties.

In addition, certain Group companies grant their employees certain voluntary retirement bonuses of undetermined amount. Those bonuses, which are scantly material, are recognized as an expense when they are paid. The other Group companies do not have similar obligations or have obligations that are scantly material.

# p) Other provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is considered probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

They are measured at the year-end estimate of the amounts (at their present value) that will be required to discharge probable or certain liabilities arising as a result of lawsuits or other outstanding obligations.

If an outflow of resources is considered possible but not probable, the Group does not recognise a provision but discloses the nature of the contingent liability in the notes to the annual consolidated financial statements.

Restructuring provisions are recognized only when the Group has a constructive obligation, which is deemed to exist when a detailed formal plan identifies the business concerned, the locations affected, the function and number of employees who will be compensated for terminating their services, a detailed estimate of the associated costs, and when it will be implemented, and a valid expectation has been raised among those affected that the restructuring will be carried out because the plan has started to be implemented or because the main features of the plan have been announced to those affected by it. Those provisions are estimated on the basis of their economic substance and not just their legal form.

#### g) Income tax

Current tax expense is recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss, except for current income tax relating to items recognized directly in equity, the tax effect of which is recognized in equity.

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized on the basis of the temporary differences between the carrying amounts of the assets or liabilities and their tax bases and are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities that arise from items recognized in equity are directly credited to or charged against equity. Deferred tax assets and unused tax credits are recognized to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow the benefit to be utilized and they are written down if this expectation changes. Deferred tax liabilities associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates are not recognized unless the Parent has the power to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

#### r) Revenue from contracts with customers

The Group's core business is the sale of food products to end consumers and the supply of food-related raw materials to third parties. That business involves the sale of finished food products and food-based raw materials to customers and that is generally the only performance obligation to be satisfied. Revenue is recognized when control of the asset is transferred to the customer, which is customarily when the goods are delivered.

With respect to variable consideration (discounts), despite the fact that (i) the types of arrangements vary widely; (ii) the volume of information required to make the corresponding estimates is considerable; and (iii) the estimation process is intrinsically subjective in nature, the Group believes it does not make judgements that significantly affect the determination of the amount and timing of revenue from contracts with customers (as per paragraph 123 of IFRS 15), as the variable consideration (discounts) included in its contracts is realized within a relatively short period of time, the Group has ample historical experience with respect to its customers' behaviour and the subjectivity involved in the estimation required is very low.

In addition, the discount estimation process is framed by adequate preventive and supervisory controls and an appropriate level of segregation of duties and involves skilled professionals with the experience required to make the estimates in keeping with the applicable accounting rules.

The Group has two main types of customers: retailers and industrial customers. Discounts are more diverse and varied in the retail segment. Below is a description of the types of discounts given and how they are treated for accounting purposes under IFRS 15:

-Volume discounts - these are accrued by Group customers as a function of certain sales volume thresholds and are unknown at the time of executing the contracts or placing an order. Therefore, these discounts are estimated at each year-end as a function of the sales thresholds reached and those the Group deems it is probable its customers will reach at the time of estimation.

Therefore, given that volume discounts generally depend on future events (sales volumes to be reached), they are treated as variable consideration and are recognized as a reduction of revenue in the consolidated statement of profit or loss.

-Discounts for prompt payment - in this instance, the consideration receivable by the Group in exchange for fulfilling its main performance obligation of delivering goods and services depends on whether its customers make use of this discount by paying promptly. As with the volume discounts, the Group estimates the volume it expects to be paid for at the discount, recognizing that estimate as a reduction of revenue at year-end.

-There are other discounts related with contracts with customers that may be fixed or variable and are tied to concepts such as preferential aisle positioning (slotting fees), new product promotions, anniversary discounts, etc. Such discounts are commercial and promotional in nature and commonplace in the retail sector. In general, all those discounts are treated as a reduction of revenue: in the contracts they can be identified as a service included in or intrinsic to the product delivery performance obligation, constituting a reduction in the transaction price and not, therefore, a distinct service or a cost for the customer in exchange for such services.

These terms and conditions are negotiated with customers annually or more frequently depending on their nature and following negotiations at the behest of the latter. However, promotions entailing a related service with a cost for the customer, e.g., instore tastings, are accounted for as a cost. They are recognized as a 'service provided by the customer'.

### s) Environmental disclosures

Expenditure incurred under initiatives taken or that have to be undertaken to manage the environmental effects of the Group's business operations and that deriving from environmental commitments are considered environmental expenses.

Capitalized assets acquired or produced by the Group for the purpose of long-lasting use in its business operations and whose main purpose is to minimize environmental damage and/or enhance environmental protection, including assets intended to make the Group's operations less contaminating, are considered environmental capital expenditure. Those assets are accounted for using the same criteria as other items of property, plant and equipment of the same nature.

#### t) Greenhouse gas emission allowances

The Group recognizes its greenhouse gas emission allowances as intangible assets with an infinite useful life. Allowances received for free under the various national allocation plans are measured at their fair value at the time of receipt and a deferred income balance is recognized in the same amount.

Since 2013 the Group is no longer obliged to meet allowance requirements and will therefore not be allocated additional free allowances.

# u) Own shares

Own equity instruments that are reacquired (own shares or treasury shares) are deducted from equity. No gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Group's own equity instruments.

# v) New and amended standards and interpretations

The measurement standards (accounting policies) applied in preparing the accompanying consolidated financial statements are consistent with those used to prepare the 2021 consolidated financial statements with the exception of the following new and amended standards and interpretations (none of which has been early adopted by the Ebro Group):

- Standards and amendments published by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and adopted by the European Union for application in Europe in annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022:
  - Certain standards and standard amendments became applicable for the first time from January 1, 2022 (including the amendments to IFRS 3, IAS 16, IAS 37 and the 2018-2020 Cycle of the Annual Improvements to IFRS) but did not have any impact on these consolidated financial statements.
- 2) At the date of authorising the accompanying consolidated financial statements for issue, the following new and amended standards and interpretations have been published but are either effective for reporting periods beginning after December 31, 2022 or are still pending adoption by the European Union. None of the upcoming standards has been adopted early by the Group.

The Group intends to apply the new standards, interpretations and amendments issued by the IASB whose application is not mandatory in the European Union when they are effective, to the extent applicable to the Group. The Group is in the process of analysing their impact but estimates that their first-time application will not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements.

# 4. SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATES

Ebro Foods, S.A. has the following direct and indirect investments in subsidiaries and associates:

SUBSIDIARIES	Ownership	o interest, %	% Parent company			
AND ASSOCIATES	31-12-22	31-12-21	31-12-22	31-12-21	Registered office	Business activity
Dosbio 2010, S.L.	100.0%	100.0%	EF	EF	Madrid (Spain)	Flour production
Fincas e Inversiones Ebro, S.A.	100.0%	100.0%	EF	EF	Madrid (Spain)	Agricultural holding
Arotz Foods, S.A.	100.0%	100.0%	EF	EF	Madrid (Spain)	Production of canned vegetables
Riviana Foods Inc. (Group) (Riviana)	100.0%	100.0%	EF	EF	Houston, Texas (USA)	Production and sale of rice and pasta
Ebro Foods, Gmbh. (Group) (EFG)	100.0%	100.0%	EF/Boost	EF/Boost	Hamburg (Germany)	Holdco
Ebro Alimentación México, S.A.	100.0%	100.0%	EF	EF	Mexico	Sale and marketing of rice
Fundación Ebro Foods	100.0%	100.0%	EF	EF	Madrid (Spain)	Foundation
Ebro Financial Corporate Services, S.L.	100.0%	100.0%	EF	EF	Madrid (Spain)	Insurance and finance
Herba Foods, S.L.U. (HF)	100.0%	100.0%	EF	EF	Madrid (Spain)	Investment management
Herba Ricemills S.L.U. (HR)	100.0%	100.0%	EF	EF	Madrid (Spain)	Production and sale of rice
Herba Nutrición S.L.U. (HN)	100.0%	100.0%	EF	EF	Madrid (Spain)	Production and sale of rice
Semola, S.r.l. (SEM)	100.0%	100.0%	EF	EF	Naples (Italy)	Investment management
Riso Scotti, S.p.a. (Group) (A)	40.0%	40.0%	EF	EF	Milan (Italy)	Production and sale of rice
Geovita, S.r.l. (B)	52.0%	52.0%	EF	EF	Vercelli (Italy)	Production and sale of pulses
Santa Rita Harinas, S.L. (B)	52.0%	52.0%	EF	EF	Guadalajara (Spain)	Production and sale of flour
Ebro Frost ENA, Inc.	100.0%	100.0%	EF	EF	Houston (USA)	Production and sale of rice and pasta
Fallera Nutrición, S.L.	100.0%	100.0%	HN	HN	Valencia (Spain)	Production and sale of rice
Tilda Limited (Tilda)	100.0%	100.0%	EF	EF	London (UK)	Production and sale of rice
Tilda International DMCC	100.0%	100.0%	Tilda	Tilda	Dubai (ÚAE)	Sale and marketing of rice
Tilda Rice Limited	100.0%	100.0%	Tilda	Tilda	London (UK)	Dormant
Ebro UK	100.0%	-	Tilda/S&B	-	London (UK)	Administration
Ebro Tilda Private Limited	100.0%	100.0%	EF	EF	New Delhi (India)	Sale and marketing of rice
Herba Germany, GmbH	100.0%	100.0%	EFG	EFG	Hamburg (Germany)	Trademark holdco
Euryza, Gmbh.	100.0%	100.0%	EFG	EFG	Hamburg (Germany)	Sale and marketing of rice
Transimpex, Gmbh (B)	55.0%	55.0%	EFG	EFG	Hamburg (Germany)	Sale and marketing of rice
T.A.G. Nahrungsmittel Gmbh.	100.0%	100.0%	EFG	EFG	Stuttgart (Germany)	Dormant
Bertolini Import Export Gmbh.	100.0%	100.0%	EFG	EFG	Mannheim (Germany)	Dormant
Ebro Frost Holding, Gmbh (Efrost)	55.0%	55.0%	HF	HF	Munich (Germany)	Investment management
Ebro Frost Denmark, AS.	100.0%	100.0%	Efrost	Efrost	Orbaek (Denmark)	Production and sale of rice and pasta
Ebro Frost Germany, Gmbh.	100.0%	100.0%	Efrost	Efrost	Munich (Germany)	Production and sale of rice and pasta
Ebro Frost UK, Ltd.	100.0%	100.0%	Efrost	Efrost	London (UK)	Production and sale of rice and pasta
S&B Herba Foods, Ltda. (Group) (S&B)	100.0%	100.0%	HF/R. Int.	HF/R. Int.	London (UK)	Production and sale of rice
Riceland Magyarorszag, KFT.	100.0%	100.0%	HF/EF	HF/EF	Budapest (Hungary)	Sale and marketing of rice
Ebro Belgium, NV (Boost) (6)	100.0%	100.0%	HF / NC	HF / NC	Merksem (Belgium)	Production and sale of rice
Mundi Riso S.R.L.	100.0%	100.0%	HF	HF	Vercelli (Italy)	Production and sale of rice
Mundi Riz, S.A. (MR)	100.0%	100.0%	HF	HF	Larache (Morocco)	Production and sale of rice
Agromeruan, S.A.	100.0%	100.0%	MR	MR	Larache (Morocco)	Farmland concessionaire
Rivera del Arroz, S.A.	100.0%	100.0%	MR	MR	Larache (Morocco)	Rice farming
Katania Magrheb, S.A.R.L	100.0%	100.0%	MR	MR	Larache (Morocco)	Sale and marketing of rice
Arrozeíras Mundiarroz, S.A.	100.0%	100.0%	HF	HF	Lisbon (Portugal)	Production and sale of rice
Josep Heap Properties, Ltda.	100.0%	100.0%	HF	HF	Liverpool (UK)	Investment management
Risella OY	100.0%	100.0%	HF	HF	Helsinki (Finland)	Sale and marketing of rice
Herba Bangkok, S.L. (Group) (HB)	100.0%	100.0%	HF	HF	Bangkok (Thailand)	Production and sale of rice
Herba Cambodia CO, Ltd	100.0%	100.0%	HB UE/EE	HB	Cambodia	Sale and marketing of rice
Ebro India, Ltda.	100.0%	100.0%	HF/EF	HF	New Delhi (India)	Production and sale of rice

SUBSIDIARIES	RIES Ownership interest, % Parent company					
AND ASSOCIATES	31-12-22	31-12-21	31-12-22	31-12-21	Registered office	Business activity
Ebrosur, S.R.L.	100.0%	100.0%	HF	HF	Argentina	Sale and marketing of rice
Ebro Rice Handling, S.A.	100.0%	100.0%	HF	HF	Merksem (Belgium)	Logistics
La Loma Alimentos, S.A.	100.0%	100.0%	HF	HF	Argentina	Production and sale of rice
Neofarms Bio, S.A.	60.0%	60.0%	HF	HF	Argentina	Sale and marketing of rice
Indo European Foods Limited	100.0%	100.0%	HF	HF	London (UK)	Production and sale of rice
Ebro Foods Netherland, B.V. (EFN)	100.0%	100.0%	HF	HF	Amsterdam (Netherlands)	Investment management
Lassie Netherland, B.V.	100.0%	100.0%	EFN	EFN	Amsterdam (Netherlands)	Production and sale of rice
Lassie, B.V.	100.0%	100.0%	EFN	EFN	Amsterdam (Netherlands)	Industrial operations
Lassie Property, B.V.	100.0%	100.0%	EFN	EFN	Amsterdam (Netherlands)	Industrial operations
Rice & Cereals Consultancy BV (RCC)	100.0%	100.0%	EFN	EFN	Amsterdam (Netherlands)	Holdco
Ebro Ingredients, B.V. Group 1:	100.0%	100.0%		EFN/HF/RCC	Amsterdam (Netherlands)	Holdco and sale of rice
Mediterranean Foods Label, B.V.	100.0%	100.0%	EFN	EFN	Amsterdam (Netherlands)	Production and sale of rice
Gourmet Foods and Beverages Limited	100.0%	100.0%	EFN	EFN	London (UK)	Sale and marketing of rice
Nuratri. S.L.	100.0%	100.0%	HR	HR	Madrid (Spain)	Sale and marketing of rice
Nutramas, S.L.	100.0%	100.0%	HR	HR	Madrid (Spain)	Sale and marketing of rice
Nutrial, S.L.	100.0%	100.0%	HR	HR	Madrid (Spain)	Sale and marketing of rice
Pronatur. S.L.	100.0%	100.0%	HR	HR	Madrid (Spain)	Sale and marketing of rice
Vitasan, S.L.	100.0%	100.0%	HR	HR	Madrid (Spain)	Sale and marketing of rice
Yofres, S.A.	100.0%	100.0%	HR	HR	Seville (Spain)	Sale and marketing of rice
Herba Trading, S.A.	100.0%	100.0%	HR	HR	Seville (Spain)	Sale and marketing of rice
Formalac, S.L.	100.0%	100.0%	HR	HR	Seville (Spain)	Sale and marketing of rice
Eurodairy, S.L.	100.0%	100.0%	HR	HR	Seville (Spain)	Sale and marketing of rice
Española de I+D, S.A.	100.0%	100.0%	HR	HR	Valencia (Spain)	New product development and sale
Riviana International Inc. (R. Int.)	100.0%	100.0%	Riviana	Riviana	Houston (USA)	Investment management
Ebro Riviana de Guatemala. S.L.	100.0%	100.0%	R. Int.	R. Int.	Guatemala	Investment management
Ebro de Costa Rica, S.L.	100.0%	100.0%	R. Int.	R. Int.	San José (Costa Rica)	Investment management
R&R Partnership (A)	50.0%	50.0%	Riviana	Riviana	Houston (USA)	Production and sale of rice
N&C Boost N.V. (N.C. Boost)	100.0%	100.0%	R. Int.	R. Int.	Antwerp (Belgium)	Investment management
Ebro Premium Foods (formerly, LTL) (EPF)	99.8%	99.8%	EF	EF	Lyon (France)	Investment management
Lustucru Riz	99.9%	99.9%	EPF	EPF	Lyon (France)	In liquidation
Lustucru Frais	100.0%	100.0%	EPF	EPF	Lyon (France)	Production and sale of food
Roland Monterrat, SAS	100.076	100.0%		EPF	Lyon (France)	Sold
Panzani Development, S.A.	100.0%	100.0%	EPF	EPF	Lyon (France)	Investment management
S.F.C. d'Investissements, SAS	100.0%	100.0%	EPF	EPF	Marseilles (France)	Industrial operations
Bertagni, Spa. (Bertagni) (B)	70.0%	70.0%	EPF	EPF	Verona (Italy)	Production and sale of pasta
Bertagni USA, Inc.	70.0%	70.0%	Bertagni	Bertagni	New York (USA)	Sale and marketing of pasta
Bertagni UK, Ltd.	56.0%	76.0% 56.0%	Bertagni	Bertagni	London (UK)	Sale and marketing of pasta
TBA Suntra Beheer, B.V. (Group)	100.0%	100.0%	El	El	Netherlands and Belgium	Production and sale of rice
Ebro Ingredients Netherlands, BV (2)	100.0%	100.0%	EI	EI	Netherlands	Industrial operations
Ebro Ingredients Netherlands, BV (2)	100.0%	100.0%	EI	EI	Belgium	· •
Ebro Ingredients Belgium C, BV (4)	100.0%	100.0%	EI	EI	9	Industrial operations
	100.0%		EI	EI	Belgium	Industrial operations
Ebro Ingredients Belgium F, BV (5) Euro Rice Flour, BV	100.0%	100.0% 100.0%	EI	EI	Belgium Nethorlands	Industrial operations
Pastificio Lucio Garofalo, Spa. (GAROF) (B)					Netherlands	Dormant  Draduation and sale of pacts
	52.0%	52.0%	SEM	SEM	Naples (Italy)	Production and sale of pasta
Garofalo Nordic, AB.	100.0%	100.0%	GAROF	GAROF	Sweden	Sale and marketing of pasta
Garofalo USA, Inc.	100.0%	100.0%	GAROF	GAROF	New York (USA)	Sale and marketing of pasta
Garleb, SAL.	70.0%	70.0%	GAROF	GAROF	Lebanon	Sale and marketing of pasta
Riviana Canadá, Ltda	100.0%	100.0%	Riviana	Riviana	Montreal (Canada)	Production and sale of rice
Garofalo France, S.A.	100.0%	100.0%	Garof/EPF	Garof/EPF	Lyon (France)	Sale and marketing of pasta and sauces

- (A) Associates consolidated using the equity method
- (B) Companies fully consolidated due to the existence of a commitment to acquire the rest of these investees' equity (for a description of those commitments, refer to Note 22).
  - (1) Formerly, Herba Ingredients, B.V.
  - (2) Formerly, Herba Ingredients Netherlands, BV
  - (3) Formerly, Herba Ingredients Belgium B, BV
  - (4) Formerly, Herba Ingredients Belgium C, BV
  - (5) Formerly, Herba Ingredients Belgium F, BV
  - (6) Formerly, Boost Nutrition C.V.

None of the subsidiaries or associates is publicly traded. The financial statements of all of the companies consolidated by the Group correspond to the same financial year-end, namely December 31, 2022 and 2021.

# 5. SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS (BUSINESS COMBINATIONS, DISPOSALS, ETC.) CLOSED IN 2022 AND 2021 AND IMPACT ON COMPARABILITY

#### 5.1 Business combinations of entities under common control in 2022

There were no significant internal company restructuring transactions in 2022.

#### 5.2 Business combinations of entities under common control in 2021

There were no internal company restructuring transactions in 2021, other than the restructuring of the Group's subsidiaries in France prior to the sale of the Panzani business that year.

# 5.3 Third-party business combinations undertaken in 2022 and 2021 and impact on comparability. Changes in consolidation scope:

#### **New transactions in 2022**

Companies added to the consolidation scope and increases in shareholdings in 2022:								
Company affected     Subgroup     %     Comments								
Ebro UK, Ltd. (UK)	Rice	100%	Company incorporation					
InHarvest, Inc (USA)	Rice	100%	Outright acquisition of this business					

Companies removed from the consolidation scope and decreases in shareholdings in 2022:			
Company affected	Subgroup	<u>%</u>	Comments
Roland Monterrat, S.A. (France)	Pasta	100%	Sale of this company

The most important transactions undertaken in 2022 were the following:

#### Acquisition of the InHarvest business in the US

On April 1, 2022, the Group, through its rice business, specifically its US subsidiary, Riviana Foods Inc., completed the acquisition of the assets comprising the business of InHarvest, Inc., an American company with an important presence in the industrial (B2B), food service and private label businesses, specialized in premium rice, quinoa and grains, in the US market. The acquisition encompasses the two factories operated by InHarvest, located in Colusa and Woodland (California), strategically located in the country's western rice-growing region, where the Ebro Group did not have a manufacturing presence. The business employs approximately 140 people.

The Group's investment totalled 45.2 million euros. The acquisition was financed from own funds. The Group took effective control of this business on April 1, 2022, which is the date of its first-time consolidation. The preliminary estimate of the fair value of the net assets acquired as at April 1, 2022 is as follows:

Acquisition of 100% of the InHarvest business (USA)	Date of first-time consolidation
	April 1, 2022
Thousands of euros	Fair
	value
Property, plant and equipment	19,709
Inventories	19,557
Other current assets	7,334
Total assets	46,600
Trade payables	781
Other current liabilities	617
Total liabilities	1,398
Total identifiable net assets at fair value	45,202
Goodwill arising on acquisition	0
Purchase consideration transferred	45,202
Non-controlling interests	0
Financed with financial liabilities and cash	45,202
Purchase consideration transferred	45,202
Net cash (debt) acquired with the subsidiary	0
Revenue since the acquisition date	31,904
Net profit contribution since the acquisition date	2,486
Revenue since January 1, (a)	45,041
Net profit contribution since January 1, (a)	3,513
(a) Estimate as if the businesses had been acquired on January 1, 2022	2

The Group expects to conclude the process of valuing and analysing the various assets in order to determine the definitive fair value of the net assets acquired as of the date of first-time consolidation by the Ebro Group in the coming months.

#### Sale of the Monterrat business (France)

In June 2022, the Group sold Roland Monterrat, a company which makes fresh prepared dishes in France (*pâté en croûte*, sandwiches and *croque-monsieur*).

The consideration comprised (i) 10 million euros for the shares sold; and (ii) 12 million euros in respect of the account receivable by the Group from the company sold; it was collected in June, which is when the business was delivered to the buyer and the sale was recognized for accounting purposes.

Since 2015, that investment had generated a loss for the Ebro Group of 49.2 million euros (after tax), of which 25.9 million euros had already been recognized in prior years so that 23.3 million euros was recognized in 2022 (3.7 million euros as an operating loss and 19.6 million euros as a non-recurring loss; refer to Note 7.2). That business was part of the Group's Pasta segment.

In May 2021, the Ebro Group presented a claim for damages before Roland Monterrat's former shareholders (i.e., the shareholders that sold the company to the Ebro Group in September 2015). That legal claim remains ongoing and the experts appointed by the parties are assessing the damages for presentation before the competent court. However, as a pre-trial measure, the competent court has embargoed the assets of some of the former shareholders being sued.

At the date of publishing these consolidated financial statements, it is impossible to say with reasonable certainty when this case will be settled or how much the Group can expect to receive. Nevertheless, the Ebro Group believes it has strong chances of being handed a favourable ruling that will enable it to receive a sum close to the amount invested in this business. However, the Group has not recognized any income in relation with this matter as applicable accounting rules preclude the recognition of contingent assets.

### New transactions in 2021

Companies added to the consolidation scope and increases in shareholdings in 2021:								
Company affected	Subgroup	<u>%</u>	Comments					
Indo European Foods Limited (UK)	Rice	100%	Outright acquisition of this business					
Gourmet Food & Beverages Ltd (UK)	Rice	100%	Outright acquisition of this business					

Companies removed from the consolidation scope and decreases in shareholdings in 2021:										
Company affected	Subgroup	<u>%</u>	Comments							
French dry pasta business Panzani SAS (France) and S.F.C. Silo de la Madrague, SAS (France)	Pasta	100%	Sale of these companies							
Brand Associated Limited (UK)	Rice	100%	Liquidation of this company							
Herba Ricemills Rom, SRL (Romania)	Rice	100%	Sale of this company							
Herba Egipto Rice Mills, S.A.E.	Rice	100%	Liquidation and sale of this company							

The most important transactions undertaken in 2021 were the following:

### Acquisition of the Kohinoor brand for use in Europe

In April 2021, the Group acquired, through its rice business, 100% of two English companies, "Indo European Foods Limited" and "Gourmet Foods and Beverages Limited", and ownership of the Kohinoor trademark for use in the main European markets. The Group's investment totalled 20.8 million euros. The acquisition was financed from own funds.

The Group took effective control of this business on April 15, 2021, which was also the date of its first-time consolidation. The fair value of the net assets acquired at April 15, 2021 was as follows:

	KOHINOOR
	Date of first-time
	consolidation
	15/04/2021
Thousands of euros	Fair
	value
Intangible assets	17,108
Property, plant and equipment	714
Right-of-use assets	7,760
Inventories	3,881
Cash	133
Other current assets	7,638
Total assets	37,234
Non-current financial liabilities	7,612
Deferred tax liabilities	927
Current financial liabilities	6,714
Trade payables	624
Other current liabilities	540
Total liabilities	16,417
Total identifiable net assets at fair value	20,817
Goodwill arising on acquisition	0
Purchase consideration transferred	20,817
Non-controlling interests	o
Financed with financial liabilities and cash	20,817
Purchase consideration transferred	20,817
Net cash (debt) acquired with the subsidiary	-14,194
Revenue since the acquisition date	16,901
Net profit contribution since the acquisition date	411
Revenue since January 1 (a)	25,028
Net profit contribution since January 1 (a)	1,697
(a) Estimate as if the businesses had been acquired on January 1,	

### Sale of the dry pasta business in France

During the first half of 2021, the Group took stock of the interest expressed by several players in the Group's dry pasta business in France (following the disposal of its dry pasta businesses in the US and Canada in 2020) and decided to initiate contact with the potentially interested parties in order to assess the potential sale of the business in the event of an attractive offer.

On July 26, 2021, Ebro Foods, S.A. received a binding offer from CVC Capital Partners VIII and decided to give that candidate exclusivity in relation to the sale of Panzani's dry pasta, semolina, couscous and sauce business in France (the "French Dry Pasta" business).

The sale of that business to Pimente Investissement, a vehicle majority owned by funds managed or advised by CVC Capital Partners VIII Limited or its affiliates, closed on December 31, 2021. The sale agreement closed after the various stipulated closing conditions and formalities were satisfied and the transaction was approved at an Extraordinary General Meeting held by Ebro Foods, S.A. on December 15, 2021.

The sale price, of 550 million euros (albeit subject to debt and working capital adjustments, which when calculated in 2022 did not yield significant differences) was collected on December 31, 2021, which is when the business was delivered to the buyer and the sale was recognized for accounting purposes. The transaction generated an after-tax gain of 48.5 million euros for the Ebro Group in 2021.

Accordingly, under the applicable accounting standard, that business's assets and liabilities were derecognized at December 31, 2021 and its income and expenses for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 were reclassified to "Profit after tax from discontinued operations" (Note 25). That business's income and expenses had previously been included in the Group's Pasta segment.

Prior to the sale of the French Dry Pasta business, the Group de-merged the businesses that were to be carved out of the sale of the French subsidiary disposed of, Panzani, SAS. Panzani constituted a subgroup in France made up of several businesses. Specifically, the sale encompassed the Panzani dry pasta, semolina, couscous and sauce businesses, leaving the Ebro Group with the fresh pasta and rice businesses. Today the parent of the French subgroup is Ebro Premium Food (formerly LTL, a 100%-owned subsidiary of Panzani SAS). Ebro Premium Food is the holding company which now encompasses all the French fresh pasta and rice businesses retained by Ebro.

### 2020 transactions that closed in 2021

#### Sale and discontinuation of the Canadian Dry Pasta business

At year-end 2020, the assets and liabilities comprising this business were classified as non-current assets held for sale. At the end of October 2020, the Ebro Group, through its indirectly-owned Canadian subsidiary, Catelli Foods Corporation, agreed the sale of the "Catelli" dry pasta business in Canada to Barilla G.eR. Fratelli S.p.A. The business sold encompassed the Catelli, Lancia and Spledor trademarks and the factory in Montreal (Québec).

Execution of the transaction was subject to performance of the opportune requirements for Canadian anti-trust purposes and other standard closing conditions.

Once those closing conditions had been met, the transaction closed on January 29, 2021; the proceeds were collected, the business was delivered to the buyer and the transaction was accounted for. The transaction generated an after-tax gain of 13.5 million euros for the Ebro Group in 2021.

### Sale and discontinuation of the US Ronzoni Pasta business

At year-end 2020, the assets and liabilities comprising this business were classified as non-current assets held for sale. The Ebro Group, through its US subsidiary, Riviana, agreed the sale of the Ronzoni dry pasta business and the Winchester dry pasta factory to 8th Avenue Foods & Provisions Inc on March 26, 2021. The business was valued for transaction purposes at 95 million dollars (the value of 100% of the business, before potential working capital adjustments).

Execution of the transaction was subject to performance of the various steps required before the US anti-trust authorities as well as other standard closing conditions. Once those closing conditions had been met, the transaction closed on May 31, 2021; the proceeds were collected, the business was delivered to the buyer and the transaction was accounted for. The transaction generated an after-tax gain of 21.7 million euros for the Ebro Group in 2021.

#### 6. SEGMENT REPORTING AND REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

The operating segments are organised and managed separately by products and services; each segment represents a strategic business unit that sells different products and services different markets. Accordingly, the Group's segment reporting disclosures are articulated around its business segments, as the Group's risks and returns are shaped primarily by differences in the products and services provided.

Against this backdrop, the Ebro Foods Group is divided into the following business segments and/or activities:

- Rice business
- Fresh and premium dry pasta business
- Other businesses and/or activities

The Group structures its segment reporting disclosures around these businesses and/or activities. The financial information relating to these business segments is presented in the table provided at the end of this note.

#### Rice business

<u>Herba Group</u>: Specialized in businesses related with rice, pulses and other grains. The Herba Group has established itself as Europe's leading rice group and one of the world's most important players. It boasts an extensive and modern manufacturing base and an extensive sales network, doing business in more than 70 markets.

It is the leading European player in rice retailing, the food service segment and in the supply of rice, rice derivatives and ingredients for industrial purposes. It follows a multi-brand strategy underpinned by a deep portfolio of successful brands that boast strong recognition in their operating markets. These high-profile brands include: SOS, Brillante, La Fallera, La Cigala, Saludades, Lassie, Reis fit, Rix fis, Oryza, Bosto, Riceland, Risella, Peacock and Phoenix. The table below summarizes the Group's market shares in its main retail markets:

Country	By volume	By value	Ranking
Spain	25.7%	32.5%	#1
Portugal	16.4%	18.0%	#1
Belgium	22.6%	31.5%	#2
Germany	13.8%	19.6%	#2
Netherlands	21.6%	31.6%	#1

In parallel it supplies rice to Europe's leading food sector players:

- ✓ Beverage industries
- √ Industrial rice companies
- ✓ Baby food: cereals, baby food, etc.
- ✓ Pre-cooked dishes: non-refrigerated, dehydrated, frozen, etc.
- ✓ Animal and pet food

<u>Riviana Rice Group</u>: This is the unit specialized in the rice business in the US, specifically through Riviana Foods, Inc., the largest rice company in the US, with rice processing and production facilities in Tennessee, Texas, Arkansas and California.

Riviana is the leading rice retailer in the US and boasts a variety of brands including Mahatma and Minute, leaders in the traditional and instant & microwaveable rice segments, respectively.

The Group's overall market share in the US retail segment is 23.6% by volume; its footprint extends to growth segments such as aromatic and microwaveable rice and grains.

This subgroup also has an international presence in markets with long-standing trade ties with the US, several Caribbean nations and the Middle East, the latter through the Abu Bint brand, which is the leading player in the par-boiled rice segment in Saudi Arabia.

**Tilda Group**: Its main asset is the Tilda brand, a rice company deeply specialized in basmati with global brand recognition. It boasts a presence in several markets on all five continents and is particularly well known and well positioned in the UK, which is where it manufactures: approximately 60% of its sales stem from its home market. In the UK market it sells its products under a variety of brands and is the joint market leader by both volume (18.6%) and value (24.3%); it also commands a market share of 11% (by value) in Ireland.

**Ebro Premium Food France**: This unit sells rice under two brands: Lustucru, devoted to conventional and quick-cook rice, and Taureau Ailé, specialized in select, premiumquality rice. Between the two brands, this unit is the number-one player in the French market, with a market share of 20.4% by sales volumes.

#### Premium Dry Pasta and Fresh Pasta Business

**Ebro Premium Food Fresh Pasta France** This is the Group unit specialized in the fresh pasta business in France. It is the undisputed market leader with a share of 48.8% by volume and 41.6% by value, thanks to its value-added customer proposition.

Its products are sold under the Lustucru brand and include fresh pasta, pan-fry gnocchis, snacks and ready-made dishes. It represents a growth segment and a launch pad for the Group's R&D effort.

<u>Bertagni Group:</u> Added to the Group in March 2018 following the acquisition of 70% of the shares of Bertagni 1882, Spa, the parent of the Bertagni Group. The Group has an option over the remaining 30%. The Bertagni Group has factories in Vicenza and Alvio (Italy). Bertagni is known as the oldest filled pasta brand in Italy. An expert in the production and sale of fresh pasta in the premium fresh pasta segment, it combines the finest artisan pasta traditions with extraordinary product development and innovation capabilities.

**Garofalo Group:** This is the Group unit that specialises in the high-end dry pasta segment; its products enjoy protective geographic indications. Pastificio Lucio Garofalo is steeped in over two hundred years of history and marries tradition and innovation in the premium pasta business. It is based in Gragnano (at the back of the Bay of Naples), the region considered the cradle of pasta on account of its special micro-climate. It owns the Garofalo and Santa Lucia trademarks, among others.

This company has etched out a growth story in recent years, transforming from a small-sized local player into a leader in the Italian premium dry pasta segment (share of 6.6% by volume and 7.7% by value). Its brands are sold in most European markets and the US and its Santa Lucía brand is a best-selling pasta brand in eastern Africa.

<u>Riviana Fresh Pasta Group:</u> This subgroup includes the North American fresh pasta business, led by the Olivieri brand, which is the undisputed leader in the fresh pasta segment in Canada with a market share of 65% by volume and value. Olivieri makes and sells simple and filled fresh pasta products as well as a wide range of traditional and pan-fry gnocchi products.

### Other businesses and/or activities

The most notable activity in this category:

#### **Asset management:**

This unit manages the Group's property that is not used in the core businesses (investment properties). Its purpose is to centrally control all of the Group's properties with a view to remaining abreast of their status, reducing costs and selling off those not used for industrial purposes after taking action to maximize their valuation prior to monetization.

#### Criteria used to allocate amounts to reportable segments

The restructuring effort and initiatives undertaken by the Group in recent years have enabled it to configure each of its main business segments separately, thereby facilitating their management, decision-making and financial control. Accordingly, the allocation of consolidated expenses, income, assets and liabilities among the segments derives from the amounts that belong directly to each.

It has not been necessary to establish criteria for allocating shared expenses and income or shared assets and liabilities among the segments other than in the French and Canadian businesses for which certain expenses were allocated on a *pro rata* basis (as is common practice in these kinds of situations) between the rice and fresh pasta units. Against this backdrop, although the non-financial fixed assets and liabilities and working capital structures dovetail with the needs of each business or activity, the financial structure shown by segment is determined by internal financial management criteria in keeping with appropriate and necessary centralisation and coordination at the Group level.

#### **Inter-segment transactions**

Although not material in relation to the total consolidated figures, inter-segment transactions have been eliminated for the purpose of determining the reportable segments' revenue, expenses and profits. Transfer prices between operating segments are on an arm's length basis in a manner similar to transactions with third parties. Inter-segment transactions are eliminated on consolidation.

### 6.1 Geographic information

The geographic information is provided on the basis of the location of the Group's assets. Revenue from external customers is based on the geographic location of the customers. The detailed descriptions of each of the Group's business segment provided above indicate the geographic areas in which each operates. A summary of the businesses and/or activities carried out by the Group by geographic area is provided below:

- Spain: Herba's rice business and the Harinas de Santa Rita and Arotz businesses.
- Rest of Europe: essentially the businesses of Herba, Ebro France (including Bertagni), Garofalo, Tilda, Kohinoor and Geovita.
- US & Canada: the Riviana business in the US and the Olivieri business in Canada; to a lesser extent, Bertagni, Tilda and Garofalo.
- Rest of world: essentially the rice business of Herba and some of the exports of Bertagni, Riviana and Garofalo.

The breakdown of assets and revenue provided by geographic market for continuing operations, without considering the place where the goods are produced, is provided in the next table (thousands of euros):

2021 - Geographic market	Spain	Europe	Americas	Other	TOTAL
Segment revenue	216,082	1,037,062	844,831	531,243	2,629,218
Inter-segment revenue	-13,138	-54,251	-97,031	-37,730	-202,150
Total revenue	202,944	982,811	747,800	493,513	2,427,068
Intangible assets	43,395	255,418	135,330	205	434,348
Property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets	112,022	420,066	254,032	61,936	848,056
Other assets	476,735	1,267,565	752,880	159,038	2,656,218
Total assets	632,152	1,943,049	1,142,242	221,179	3,938,622
Capital expenditure	33,560	60,018	27,577	3,235	124,390

2022 - Geographic market	Spain	Europe	Americas	Other	TOTAL
Segment revenue	260,312	1,167,290	1,216,202	646,285	3,290,089
Inter-segment revenue	-31,290	-71,217	-179,360	-40,550	-322,417
Total revenue	229,022	1,096,073	1,036,842	605,735	2,967,672
Intangible assets	43,080	243,890	142,312	198	429,480
Property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets	122,310	408,369	285,112	63,298	879,089
Other assets	346,276	1,264,399	766,690	214,282	2,591,647
Total assets	511,666	1,916,658	1,194,114	277,778	3,900,216
Capital expenditure	20,103	62,422	36,297	2,576	121,398

In two of the countries within the Group's markets, specifically the US and France, the revenue from contracts with customers and the unit's assets are material in comparison with those of the remaining countries (i.e., the countries other than Spain that account for over 10% of consolidated revenue and assets) and are thus broken down below (thousands of euros):

Capital expenditure	25,287	24,192
Total assets	1,122,554	1,067,805
Other assets	722,332	703,566
Property, plant and equipment	263,824	234,884
Intangible assets	136,398	129,355
Total revenue	892,296	634,936
Inter-segment revenue	-158,466	-86,845
Segment revenue	1,050,762	721,781
UNITED STATES	2022	2021
LINUTED OTATEO	0000	0004

Capital expenditure	36,936	41,261
Total assets	396,413	479,760
Other assets	242,334	312,096
Property, plant and equipment	116,043	127,558
Intangible assets	38,036	40,106
Total revenue	384,862	380,381
Inter-segment revenue	-57,148	-39,937
Segment revenue	442,010	420,318
FRANCE	2022	2021

# 6.2 <u>Segment information by business</u>

The following tables provide information on the revenue and earnings of continuing operations, as well as certain asset and liability disclosures for the Group's reportable segments, for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

REPORTABLE SEGMENT DISCLOSURES - CONTINUING OPERATIONS												
EBRO FOODS GROUP	TOTAL C	ONSOL.	Rice E	Business	North America Fresh Pasta Business						Other Busi	nesses &
(Thousands of euros)	FIGUI	RES	(excl. North America)		Rice & Fresh Pasta		(excl. North America)		EF Holdco		Consol. Ad	justments
STATEMENT OF FIN'L POSITION	31-12-22	31-12-21	31-12-22	31-12-21	31-12-22	31-12-21	31-12-22	31-12-21	31-12-22	31-12-21	31-12-22	31-12-21
Intangible assets	429,480	434,348	185,057	194,561	142,312	135,330	79,455	81,490	21,351	21,659	1,305	1,308
Property, plant and equipment	879,089	848,056	356,511	346,744	285,109	254,026	227,522	237,404	963	1,683	8,984	8,199
Investment properties	19,382	19,398	22,107	22,109	0	0	0	0	8,464	8,478	-11,189	-11,189
Financial assets	6,102	9,139	3,368	6,397	21	20	2,517	2,524	146	146	50	52
Investments in associates	43,235	43,002	1	1	52,177	46,622	5	5	1,726,427	1,619,592	-1,735,375	-1,623,218
Deferred tax assets	48,794	46,270	19,887	16,625	8,306	10,481	7,195	7,427	6,529	4,953	6,877	6,784
Goodwill	807,072	809,359	190,788	195,392	299,232	281,795	309,295	324,415	0	0	7,757	7,757
Other non-current assets	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Accounts receivable from group companies	0	0	76,482	70,258	120,309	231,532	27,191	16,538	104,181	123,148	-328,163	-441,476
Other current assets	1,667,062	1,729,050	895,089	767,071	453,376	460,294	291,626	315,434	32,471	193,457	-5,500	-7,206
	3,900,216	3,938,622	1,749,290	1,619,158	1,360,842	1,420,100	944,806	985,237	1,900,532	1,973,116	-2,055,254	-2,058,989
Assets held for sale	0	0			0	0	0	0			0	0
Total assets	3,900,216	3,938,622			1,360,842	1,420,100	944,806	985,237			-2,055,254	-2,058,989
Total equity	2,198,280	2,133,190	1,037,479	984,188	1,111,019	1,177,731	354,976	294,656	1,379,493	1,254,277	-1,684,687	-1,577,662
Deferred income	10,919	10,326	4,769	4,411	0	0	6,150	5,915	0	0	1,004,007	1,077,002
Provisions for pensions and similar obligations	25,187	35,088	11,643	15,007	2,654	8,161	4,999	6,347	4,000	3,682	1,891	1,891
Other provisions	15,506	15,538	2,165	2,551	655	102	1,317	1,566	11,240	11,240	129	79
Non-current & current financial liabilities	947,997	1,044,425	169,460	251,558	33,366	33,473	354,774	359,024	364,586	375,978	25,811	24,392
Other non-financial liabilities	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0
Deferred tax liabilities	227,290	222,220	63,225	62,523	94,627	89,749	35,562	38,877	33,466	30,661	410	410
Borrowings from group companies	0	0	247,391	96,185	29,920	24,778	21,076	123,671	96,771	261,036	-395,158	-505,670
Other current liabilities	475,037	477,835	213,158	202,735	88,601	86,106	165,952	155,181	10,976	36,242	-3,650	-2,429
	3,900,216	3,938,622	1,749,290	1,619,158	1,360,842	1,420,100	944,806	985,237	1,900,532	1,973,116	-2,055,254	-2,058,989
Liabilities of non-current assets held for sale	0	0			0	0	0	0			0	0
Total liabilities	3,900,216	3,938,622			1,360,842	1,420,100	944,806	985,237			-2,055,254	-2,058,989
0 2 1 22 7 3	101.000	101.000										
Capital expenditure for the year	121,398	124,390	47,368	52,431	30,987	25,510	41,732	45,874	306	263		
Capital employed	2,228,932		1,123,547	1,004,366	687,653	496,359	357,969	548,711	34,663	12,176		
ROCE	10.5	10.1										
Leverage	29.8%	41.2%										
Average headcount for the year	6,293	6,440										
Stock market data:	450.005	450.005										
Number of shares outstanding ('000)	153,865	153,865		1								
Market cap. at year-end	2,256		Millions of e	uros								
EPS Dividend per share (DPS)	0.79	1.55 1.14										
	0.57 14.07	13.66										
Underlying carrying amount per share	14.07	13.00										

Within "North America: Rice and Fresh Pasta", the breakdown of intangible assets and property, plant and equipment between the Rice and Fresh Pasta segments is as follows (thousands of euros):

	• •	31/12/2022		31/12/2021			
	Rice	Pasta	TOTAL	Rice	Pasta	TOTAL	
Intangible assets	136,399	5,913	142,312	129,354	5,976	135,330	
Property, plant and equipment	263,819	21,290	285,109	234,877	19,149	254,026	
	400,218	27,203	427,421	364,231	25,125	389,356	

REPORTABLE SEGMENT DISCLOSURES - CONTINUING OPERATIONS										
F	REPORTABLE	SEGMENT	DISCLOSURI	=5 - CONTIN	IUING OPERA	IIONS				
EBRO FOODS GROUP	TOTAL C	ONSOL.							Other Busin	esses &
(Thousands of euros)	FIGU	RES	Rice Bu	siness	Fresh/Premiu	m Pasta Bus.	EF Ho	oldco	Consol. Adjustments	
STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS	31-12-22	31-12-21	31-12-22	31-12-21	31-12-22	31-12-21	31-12-22	31-12-21	31-12-22	31-12-21
External revenue	2,967,672	2,427,068	2,319,883	1,853,201	636,358	565,413	542	1	10,889	8,453
Inter-segment revenue			9,603	5,718	15,187	25,368	3,853	4,468	-28,643	-35,554
Total revenue	2,967,672	2,427,068	2,329,486	1,858,919	651,545	590,781	4,395	4,469	-17,754	-27,101
Change in inventories	38,392	19,398	27,197	17,365	9,708	1,930	0	0	1,487	103
Own work capitalized	508	243	73	85	435	158	0	0	0	0
Other operating income	19,993	25,687	13,707	21,832	13,585	10,509	35,137	12,878	-42,436	-19,532
Raw materials and consumables used and other expenses	-1,727,697	-1,356,990	-1,400,110	-1,095,926	-336,884	-279,036	0	0	9,297	17,972
Employee benefits expense	-358,329	-333,188	-238,434	-211,270	-106,098	-107,417	-14,348	-14,418	551	-83
Depreciation and amortization	-101,023	-94,565	-67,165	-58,593	-32,147	-34,379	-1,500	-1,425	-211	-168
Other operating expenses	-636,945	-484,595	-451,578	-345,323	-196,960	-152,172	-11,062	-12,493	22,655	25,393
					·					
Operating profit	202,571	203,058	213,176	187,089	3,184	30,374	12,622	-10,989	-26,411	-3,416
Finance income	65,365	32,130	68,724	30,246	4,548	3,605	209,050	227,855	-216,957	-229,576
Finance costs	-84,068	-39,601	-69,934	-30,272	-10,121	-4,609	-8,600	-4,223	4,587	-497
Impairment of goodwill	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Share of profit of associates	1,939	3,144	1,382	4,854	0	0	0	0	557	-1,710
Consolidated profit (loss) before tax	185,807	198,731	213,348	191,917	-2,389	29,370	213,072	212,643	-238,224	-235,199

### 6.3 Revenue from customer contracts

Disaggregated revenue disclosures. The Group's disaggregated revenue from contracts with customers:

Type of goods or services	31/12/2022				
(Thousands of euros)	Rice	Pasta	Other	Inter-company	Total
Sale of goods	2,318,387	644,910	11,276	-21,955	2,952,618
Rendering of services	9,192	4,589	3,516	-6,030	11,267
Revenue from royalties et al.	170	2,046	887	-1,054	2,049
Lease income	1,737	0	1	0	1,738
	2,329,486	651,545	15,680	-29,039	2,967,672

Type of goods or services			31/12/2021		
(Thousands of euros)	Rice	Pasta	Other	Inter-company	Total
Sale of goods	1,851,828	586,745	9,114	-29,001	2,418,686
Rendering of services	6,415	618	3,889	-6,102	4,820
Revenue from royalties et al.	307	3,418	599	-1,133	3,191
Lease income	369	0	2	0	371
	1,858,919	590,781	13,604	-36,236	2,427,068

The Group's core business is the sale of food products to end consumers and the supply of food-related raw materials to third parties. The Group's contracts with customers are contracts for the sale of finished food products and food-related raw materials and the delivery of those products and raw materials is generally the only performance obligation.

Revenue is recognized when control of the asset is transferred to the customer, which is customarily when the goods are delivered.

#### 7. OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSE

### 7.1 Other operating income (thousands of euros)

	2022	2021
Government grants (related to income and grants)	3,006	1,001
Other operating income	15,180	15,232
Gains on disposal of fixed assets	232	1,150
Gains on disposal of investment properties	0	264
Gains on disposal of investees	0	948
Reversal of non-current asset impairment provisions	204	566
Other income	1,371	6,526
Income from lawsuits	0	4,372
Reversal of provisions for other lawsuits	680	582
Other less significant items	691	369
Other income from discontinued activities	0	1,203
	19,993	25,687

Other income included the following less-recurring items in 2022:

- A gain of 232 thousand euros recognized on the sale of items of property, plant and equipment and a gain of 204 thousand euros derived from the reversal of impairment allowances against items of property, plant and equipment.
- Income from the reversal of provisions for liabilities and pensions of 680 thousand euros.
- The rest of other operating income related to grants and minor other operating items.

Other income included the following less-recurring items in 2021:

- A gain of 1,150 thousand euros recognized on the sale of items of property, plant and equipment; a gain of 264 thousand euros on the sale of investment properties; and a gain of 566 thousand euros derived from the reversal of impairment allowances against items of property, plant and equipment.
- Income from the reversal of provisions of 582 thousand euros and income from earnouts from businesses sold in prior years in the amount of 720 thousand euros.
- Income from a settlement reached in a lawsuit related with the sale of the business in Puerto Rico several years ago, in the amount of 4,372 thousand euros.
- The rest of other operating income related to grants and minor other operating items.

#### 7.2 Other operating expenses (thousands of euros)

	2022	2021
External services	(515,718	(385,168)
Advertising expenditure	(77,161	(75,474)
Research and development costs	(1,578	3) (1,434)
Taxes/levies other than corporate income tax	(9,653	3) (8,828)
Loss on sale, derecognition or impairment of property, plant	and equipment (5,358	3) (3,650)
Losses on disposal of investees	(19,619	9) (754)
Other provisions and charges recognized	(7,858	3) (9,287)
Provisions for lawsuits and disputes	(1,726)	(2,183)
Industrial and logistics restructuring charges	(4,911)	(3,473)
New business and investment acquisition costs	(414)	(1,905)
Tax assessment expenses	0	(335)
Claims expenses	0	(670)
Other less significant items	(807)	(721)
	(636,945	(484,595)

The most significant less-recurring items included under other operating expenses in 2022:

- A loss of 5,358 thousand euros recognized on the derecognition, sale or restructuring of several pieces of industrial equipment and plant.
- Investment expenditure not eligible for capitalisation in the amount of 414 thousand euros.
- Charges for provisions and expenses for lawsuits with third parties in the amount of 1,726 thousand euros.
- Industrial restructuring charges and costs at certain centres totalling 4,911 thousand euros.
- The loss recognized on the sale of Monterrat in the amount of 19,619 thousand euros (Note 5).

Other operating expenses included the following less-recurring items in 2021:

- A loss of 3,650 thousand euros recognized on the derecognition, sale or restructuring of several pieces of industrial equipment and plant.
- Investment expenditure that did not quality for capitalisation in the amount of 1,905 thousand euros (M&A transaction fees, costs of starting up new production lines and logistics centres, etc.).
- Charges for provisions and expenses for lawsuits with third parties in the amount of 2,183 thousand euros.
- Industrial restructuring charges and costs at certain centres totalling 3,473 thousand euros.
- A loss of 754 thousand euros on the liquidation and sale of a subsidiary in Egypt.
- Expenditure related with industrial equipment damage and business fines totalling 670 thousand euros.

# 7.3 Finance costs and finance income (thousands of euros)

Finance costs	2022	2021
Third-party borrowings	(6,982)	(4,661)
Unwinding of discount on financial liabilities	(1,766)	(1,728)
Unwinding of discount on provisions for pensions and similar obligations	( , ,	(615)
Losses on derecognition of financial assets and liabilities	(2)	` (1)
Impairment provisions on other financial assets	(2,583)	(1,572)
Expenses/losses related to derivatives and financial instruments	(12,006)	(6,708)
Exchange losses	(59,653)	(24,316)
	(84,068)	(39,601)
Finance income		
Third-party loans	2,436	1,524
Gains on derecognition of financial assets and liabilities	3,524	964
Reversal of financial asset impairment provisions	187	792
Gains on derivatives and financial instruments	4,331	3,283
Exchange gains	54,887	25,567
	65,365	32,130
Net finance income/(cost)	(18,703)	(7,471)

# 7.4 Employee benefits expense

The breakdown of employee benefits expense and the average Group headcount in 2022 and 2021 and at each year-end (thousands of euros):

	2022	2021
Wages and salaries	(273,761)	(257,642)
Other benefit expense	(32,583)	(24,911)
Social security and similar costs	(40,384)	(38,961)
Cost of post-employment and similar benefits	(11,601)	(11,674)
•	(358,329)	(333,188)

### **AVERAGE HEADCOUNT**

AVERAGE	MEN		WOMEN		
<u>2022</u>	FIXED	TEMPORARY	FIXED	<b>TEMPORARY</b>	TOTAL
Executives	201	3	87	6	297
Skilled staff and middle management	586	10	251	8	855
Clerical and support staff	399	122	464	29	1,014
Production staff	2,286	748	661	358	4,053
Other staff	24	22	24	4	74
TOTAL	3,496	905	1,487	405	6,293

AVERAGE	MEN		WOMEN		
<u>2021</u>	FIXED	<b>TEMPORARY</b>	FIXED	<b>TEMPORARY</b>	TOTAL
Executives	209		74	1	284
Skilled staff and middle management	609	11	284	14	918
Clerical and support staff	367	152	434	39	992
Production staff	2,268	799	699	405	4,171
Other staff	26	19	22	8	75
TOTAL	3,479	981	1,513	467	6,440

### YEAR-END HEADCOUNT

YEAR-END	MEN		WO		
<u>2022</u>	FIXED	<b>TEMPORARY</b>	FIXED	<b>TEMPORARY</b>	TOTAL
Executives	198	3	85	8	294
Skilled staff and middle management	587	12	260	6	865
Clerical and support staff	404	113	479	34	1,030
Production staff	2,324	583	703	271	3,881
Other staff	23	19	25	4	71
TOTAL	3,536	730	1,552	323	6,141

YEAR-END	MEN		WO		
<u>2021</u>	FIXED	<b>TEMPORARY</b>	FIXED	TEMPORARY	TOTAL
Executives	198	1	75	1	275
Skilled staff and middle management	621	14	288	16	939
Clerical and support staff	382	141	446	40	1,009
Production staff	2,307	755	711	450	4,223
Other staff	26	17	23	3	69
TOTAL	3,534	928	1,543	510	6,515

As required under article 260 of the Corporate Enterprises Act, it is hereby disclosed that the number of people employed by the Group in 2022 (2021) with a disability of a severity of 33% or higher averaged 62 (55) men and 25 (27) women, most of whom in the production staff categories.

# 8. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The reconciliation of the carrying amount of intangible assets at the beginning and end of 2022 and 2021, detailing the amortization and impairment provisions recognized each year, is provided below (in thousands of euros):

Carrying amounts	Development	Patents &	Computer	Intangibles	
	costs	trademarks	software	in progress	Total
Balance at December 31, 2020	0	442,203	6,051	1,102	449,356
Balance at December 31, 2021	60	429,822	4,222	244	434,348
Balance at December 31, 2022	48	424,770	4,267	395	429,480

Gross carrying amounts	Development	Trademarks	Computer	Intangibles	
	costs	& patents	software	in progress	Total
Balance at December 31, 2020	0	476,144	52,571	1,102	529,817
Business combinations	17	17,091			17,108
Business sales (exits)		(46,709)	(19,047)		(65,756)
Additions	76	77	3,619	(858)	2,914
Decreases	(17)		(3,150)		(3,167)
Translation differences		21,780	1,533		23,313
Assets held for sale					0
Transfers		17	(17)		0
Balance at December 31, 2021	76	468,400	35,509	244	504,229
Business combinations					0
Business sales (exits)		(2,677)	(159)		(2,836)
Additions	5	38	2,071	151	2,265
Decreases		(28)	(7)		(35)
Translation differences		92	1,033		1,125
Assets held for sale					0
Transfers		4	(4)		0
Balance at December 31, 2022	81	465,829	38,443	395	504,748

Amortization and impairment	Development	Trademarks	Computer	Intangibles	1
Amortization and impairment			•	Ü	Tatal
	costs	& patents	software	in progress	Total
Balance at December 31, 2020	0	(33,941)	(46,520)	0	(80,461)
Business combination					C
Business sales (exits)		2	17,089		17,091
Additions	(21)	(2,832)	(2,941)		(5,794)
Decreases	5		2,581		2,586
Translation differences		(1,799)	(1,489)		(3,288)
Assets held for sale					0
Transfers		(8)	(7)		(15)
Balance at December 31, 2021	(16)	(38,578)	(31,287)	0	(69,881)
Business combination					0
Business sales (exits)			228		228
Additions	(17)	(2,578)	(2,044)		(4,639)
Decreases		1	3		4
Translation differences		44	(1,024)		(980)
Assets held for sale					0
Transfers		52	(52)		0
Balance at December 31, 2022	(33)	(41,059)	(34,176)	0	(75,268)

#### **Movements in 2022**

The most significant movements under this heading during the year ended December 31, 2022:

- Additions totalling 2,265 thousand euros (mainly software).
- An increase of 145 thousand euros due to translation differences.
- A decrease of 4,639 thousand euros on account of amortization charges for the year.
- A decrease of 2,608 thousand euros due to the deconsolidation (sale) of the intangible assets of Roland Monterrat (Note 5) and the derecognition of other intangible assets in the amount of 31 thousand euros.

The most significant movements under this heading during the year ended December 31, 2021:

- Additions totalling 2,914 thousand euros (mainly software). An increase of 17,108 thousand euros due to business combinations.
- An increase of 20,025 thousand euros due to translation differences.
- Decreases of 5,794 thousand euros due to amortization charges (including 1,095 thousand euros recognized within the charges corresponding to discontinued activities (French Dry Pasta | Panzani business); refer to Note 25).
- A decrease of 48,665 thousand euros due to companies sold during the year.
- In 2021, the Group derecognized intangible assets with a carrying amount of 581 thousand euros and transferred assets with a carrying amount of 15 thousand euros.

#### **Trademarks**

At year-end 2022, there were four trademarks (year-end 2021: four) with an original aggregate cost of 42,024 thousand euros (year-end 2021: 42,128 thousand euros) that have been written down for impairment by 21,728 thousand euros in total (21,796 thousand euros).

Segment	Cash-generating	Number of	Bala	nce at 31/12/2	2022
	unit: Trademarks	trademarks		Impairment	
			Gross	& amortiz.	Net
Rice	Herba Germany	2	21,065	(8,653)	12,412
Rice	Risella (Finland)	1	4,000	0	4,000
Rice	SOS business	3	33,315	(2,000)	31,315
Rice	Geovita (Italy)	3	1,970	0	1,970
Rice	Ebro India	1	75	0	75
Rice	Tilda Group	2	117,258	0	117,258
Rice	Riviana (US)	4	112,658	0	112,658
Rice	Riviana (US) SOS	4	17,530	0	17,530
Rice	Riviana (US) Rice select	4	4,257	0	4,257
Rice	Indo European Foods (UK)	1	16,877	0	16,877
Pasta	Riviana (Canada)	1	16,959	(11,075)	5,884
Pasta	Ebro Premium Foods (France)	3	36,400	0	36,400
Pasta	Garofalo (Italy)	3	34,576	0	34,576
Pasta	Bertagni (Italy)	1	6,169	0	6,169
Other	Harinas (Spain)	1	1,300	0	1,300
			424,409	(21,728)	402,681
Rice	Riviana (US) Rice select		6,523	(4,947)	1,576
Rice	Riviana (US) Rice select - Custor	mer portfolio	1,764	(1,764)	0
Pasta	Canada - customer portfolio	3,484	(3,484)	0	
Rice	Tilda Group - customer portfolio	21,422	(4,760)	16,662	
Rice			4,872	(1,630)	3,242
Other indef	finite-lived trademarks and patents		3,355	(2,746)	609
			465,829	(41,059)	424,770

The trademarks and patents included within intangible assets were either acquired directly or via business combinations. Virtually all of these assets have been assessed as having an indefinite useful life and have been valued using the cost model. Their carrying amounts have been allocated to the cash-generating units (CGUs) shown in the table below (thousands of euros).

The Group tested its trademarks for impairment in 2022 and 2021; most of the tests were performed by an independent expert, namely Kroll. Those impairment tests did not indicate the need to recognise any additional impairment losses in either 2022 or 2021.

The recoverable amount of the trademarks was determined using cash flow projections that are typically derived from budgets that cover a five-year horizon and are then projected for another five years (using the relief-from-royalty method).

The growth rates used to extrapolate the cash flow projections beyond the projection horizon and the discount rates applied to the cash flow projections for the most important CGUs in 2022 (2021) were:

Product	Trademark/Country or Dusiness	Discount rate	e - Pre-tax	Discount rat	e - Post-tax	Growth rate, g	
Product	Trademark/Country or Business	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Rice	Herba Germany	9.38%	5.70%	7.38%	5.30%	2.50%	2.00%
Rice	SOS business (Spain, Netherlands and Portugal)	9.0% - 10.38%	5.6% - 6.7%	7.38% - 9%	5.3% - 6.3%	2.35% - 2.8%	1.9% - 2.0%
Rice	Geovita (Italy and France)	11.13%	6.50%	9.13%	6.00%	2.35%	1.90%
Rice	Riviana (US)	10.50%	6.70%	8.50%	6.30%	2.50%	2.20%
Rice	Riviana Abu Bint (Saudi Arabia)	13.00%	8.60%	10.00%	7.80%	1.20%	1.30%
Rice	Riviana (US) SOS	10.50%	6.70%	8.50%	6.30%	2.50%	2.20%
Rice	Tilda (UK)	10.38%	6.40%	8.38%	6.00%	2.55%	2.00%
Pasta	Riviana Canada	10.25%	6.50%	8.00%	6.00%	2.35%	2.00%
Rice and Fresh	Ebro France	9.00%	6.20%	7.38%	5.80%	2.40%	2.00%
Pasta	Garofalo (Italy and international)	12.25%	7.40%	9.38%	6.80%	2.35%	1.90%
Pasta	Garofalo (Africa and international)	11.25%	8.40%	10.50%	7.50%	2.35%	1.90%
Pasta	Bertagni (Italy)	11.88%	7.14%	9.13%	6.50%	2.35%	1.90%

The Group also performed sensitivity analysis, varying the two inputs deemed key to the valuation results: the discount rate and the growth rate (g). With respect to the assumptions used to calculate the trademarks' value in use, management believes that no reasonably-possible change in the key assumptions used would cause their carrying amounts to exceed their recoverable amounts, with the exception of those already deemed impaired.

More specifically, neither a 10% increase in the discount rates nor a 10% variation in the growth rates (g) used would trigger significant impairment charges.

# 9. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The reconciliation of the carrying amount of the Group's property, plant and equipment at the beginning and end of 2022 and 2021, detailing the depreciation and impairment provisions recognized in each year, is provided below (in thousands of euros):

Carrying amounts	Land	Buildings	Plant and equipment	Other fixtures, tools & furniture	Other PP&E	PP&E In progress	Total
Balance at December 31, 2020	123,324	226,451	407,988	25,583	9,592	64,861	857,799
Balance at December 31, 2021	109,175	213,645	356,329	20,820	9,661	79,051	788,681
Balance at December 31, 2022	111,527	228,288	355,543	37,666	9,765	81,661	824,450

			Plant	Other fixtures,			
Gross carrying amounts	Land	Buildings	and	tools &	Other	PP&E	Total
			equipment	furniture	PP&E	In progress	
Balance at December 31, 2020	130,821	415,543	1,105,442	79,928	25,378	64,861	1,821,973
Business combinations			651	63			714
Business sales (exits)	(17,945)	(79,397)	(266,320)	(6,515)		(9,098)	(379,275)
Additions	2,328	15,137	76,149	6,687	1,760	22,621	124,682
Decreases	(1,135)	(6,282)	(56,368)	(1,158)	(2,534)		(67,477)
Translation differences	3,459	9,206	24,943	991	148	667	39,414
Transfers	(331)	331		1	(1)		0
Balance at December 31, 2021	117,197	354,538	884,497	79,997	24,751	79,051	1,540,031
Business combinations	3,936	11,249	4,429	36	14	45	19,709
Business sales (exits)	(1,355)	(15,205)	(21,342)	(1,165)		(1,676)	(40,743)
Additions	1,642	28,115	71,898	19,560	2,335	6,184	129,734
Decreases		(510)	(6,995)	(128)	(436)		(8,069)
Translation differences	(581)	3,544	6,236	448	(58)	(1,942)	7,647
Transfers	(1)	(36)	103	(71)		(1)	(6)
Balance at December 31, 2022	120,838	381,695	938,826	98,677	26,606	81,661	1,648,303

			Plant	Other fixtures,			
Depreciation and impairment	Land	Buildings	and	tools &	Other	PP&E	Total
			equipment	furniture	PP&E	In progress	
Balance at December 31, 2020	(7,497)	(189,092)	(697,454)	(54,345)	(15,786)	0	(964,174)
Business sales (exits)	383	65,021	198,672	5,844			269,920
Additions	(834)	(17,333)	(63,584)	(10,571)	(1,987)		(94,309)
Decreases	479	3,788	48,201	749	2,773		55,990
Translation differences	(510)	(3,311)	(13,948)	(852)	(156)		(18,777)
Transfers	(43)	34	(55)	(2)	66		0
Balance at December 31, 2021	(8,022)	(140,893)	(528,168)	(59,177)	(15,090)	0	(751,350)
Business combination							0
Business sales (exits)	58	6,569	11,940	472			19,039
Additions	(943)	(17,255)	(69,396)	(2,106)	(2,147)		(91,847)
Decreases		316	6,095	92	352		6,855
Translation differences	(404)	(1,437)	(4,261)	(483)	29		(6,556)
Transfers	·	(707)	507	191	15		6
Balance at December 31, 2022	(9,311)	(153,407)	(583,283)	(61,011)	(16,841)	0	(823,853)

The Group takes out all the insurance policies deemed necessary to cover risks that could affect these assets.

Additions under "PP&E under construction" include the amounts corresponding to projects related to the creation of new production lines and, in general, the upgrade of the quality of the Group's industrial processes, products and its assets' environmental performance.

Note that the Group obtained grants in relation to certain investments made by the various Group companies in 2022 and prior years, the amounts of which are disclosed in Note 18.

No material items of property, plant or equipment are used other than for business purposes.

#### Movements in 2022

The most significant movements under this heading during the year ended December 31, 2022:

- An increase of 1,091 thousand euros due to exchange gains and of 8,162 thousand euros due to the monetary correction of the assets of La Loma Alimentos de Argentina.
- A decrease of 85,401 thousand euros due to depreciation charges and of 4,007 thousand euros due to impairment charges recognized against certain assets.
- Additions of 119,133 thousand related to capital expenditure, essentially investments in technical upgrades and new facilities at the factories. The consolidated management report includes information about the most significant investments recognized under this heading in 2022.
- An increase of 19,709 thousand euros due to business combinations (Note 5).
- In 2022, the Group derecognized assets with a carrying amount of 1,214 thousand euros.
- A decrease of 21,704 thousand euros due to the deconsolidation (sale) of the property, plant and equipment of Roland Monterrat (Note 5).

#### **Movements in 2021**

The most significant movements under this heading during the year ended December 31, 2021:

- An increase of 20,637 thousand euros due to exchange gains.
- Decreases of 93,655 thousand euros due to depreciation charges (including 14,917 thousand euros which were recognized within the charges corresponding to discontinued activities (French Dry Pasta | Panzani business); refer to Note 25) and an increase due to the reversal of 566 thousand euros of impairment allowances.
- An increase of 714 thousand euros due to business combinations.
- Additions of 121,476 thousand related to capital expenditure, essentially investments in technical upgrades, expansion work and new facilities at the Group's various factories.
- An increase of 2,552 thousand euros due to the monetary correction of the assets of La Loma de Argentina.
- A decrease of 109,355 thousand euros due to companies sold during the year.

• In 2021, the Group also derecognized assets with a carrying amount of 12,054 thousand euros.

The depreciation and impairment charges recognized on property, plant and equipment in the 2022 and 2021 consolidated financial statements break down as follows:

- In 2022, 85,401 thousand euros of depreciation charges; 4,007 thousand euros of new impairment allowances and 204 thousand euros of impairment allowance reversals.
- In 2021, 93,655 thousand euros of depreciation charges (including 14,917 thousand euros which were recognized within the charges corresponding to discontinued activities (French Dry Pasta | Panzani business; refer to Note 25) and the reversal of 566 thousand euros of impairment allowances.

The derecognition of items of property, plant and equipment in 2022 generated losses, on the one hand, of 1,351 thousand euros (2021: 3,650 thousand euros) and gains of 232 thousand euros (2021: 1,150 thousand euros), on the other (Note 7).

#### 10. RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS

Below is the breakdown of the carrying amount of the Group's right-of-use assets and lease liabilities and a reconciliation of the opening and closing balances:

			Plant	Other fixtures,		Accum.	
Thousands of euros	Land	Buildings	and	tools &	Other	depreciation	Total
			equipment	furniture	PP&E	& impairment	
Balance at December 31, 2020	15,202	67,300	11,915	2,719	4,570	(25,464)	76,242
Business combination		7,697			63		7,760
Business sales (exits)	(6,682)	(15,441)	(2,534)	(1,045)		7,319	(18,383)
Additions	161	2,367	1,668	726	1,318		6,240
Decreases		(3,078)	(704)	(534)	(622)	3,714	(1,224)
Translation differences	460	2,898	35	63	130	(801)	2,785
Transfers					(4)	(3)	(7)
Depreciation charges						(14,038)	(14,038)
Finance costs							
Lease payments							
Balance at December 31, 2021	9,141	61,743	10,380	1,929	5,455	(29,273)	59,375
Business combinations (Note 5)							0
Business sales (exits) (Note 5)		(1)	(5,361)	(118)		4,620	(860)
Additions	(13)	2,235	1,524	578	1,687		6,011
Decreases		(1,067)	(359)	(323)	(1,288)	2,950	(87)
Translation differences	86	1,504	(49)	(10)	26	(388)	1,169
Transfers		(56)			5	49	(2)
Depreciation charges						(10,967)	(10,967)
Finance costs							
Lease payments							
Balance at December 31, 2022	9,214	64,358	6,135	2,056	5,885	(33,009)	54,639

Financial
liability
Note 12
(79,951)
(7,786)
18,854
(6,240)
1,340
(3,049)
46
(2,029)
14,667
(64,148)
361
(6,042)
103
(1,362)
(1)
(1)
(1,766)
11,826
(61,029)
(01,029)

The reconciliation of the opening and closing balances of accumulated depreciation and impairment allowances (thousands of euros):

Accumulated impairment and depreciation Thousands of euros	Land	Buildings	Plant and equipment	Other fixtures, tools & furniture	Other PP&E	Total
Balance at December 31, 2020	(2,028)	(13,867)	(6,167)	(1,124)	(2,278)	(25,464)
Business sales (exits)	1,172	4,800	837	510		7,319
Additions	(876)	(8,474)	(2,298)	(898)	(1,492)	(14,038)
Decreases		2,024	704	496	490	3,714
Translation differences	(105)	(574)	(23)	(35)	(64)	(801)
Assets held for sale						0
Transfers		(26)			23	(3)
Balance at December 31, 2021	(1,837)	(16,117)	(6,947)	(1,051)	(3,321)	(29,273)
Business sales (exits)			4,502	118		4,620
Additions	(517)	(7,077)	(1,453)	(440)	(1,480)	(10,967)
Decreases		992	359	315	1,284	2,950
Translation differences	(65)	(322)	25	7	(33)	(388)
Assets held for sale						0
Transfers		(66)	22		93	49
Balance at December 31, 2022	(2,419)	(22,590)	(3,492)	(1,051)	(3,457)	(33,009)

In 2022, the Group recognized depreciation charges of 10,967 thousand euros (2021: 14,038 thousand euros). Of the 2021 figure, 2,927 thousand euros were recognized as depreciation charges related to discontinued activities - the French Dry Pasta | Panzani business (Note 25).

The breakdown of the Group's lease liabilities by year of maturity and currency of denomination is as follows (thousands of euros):

CURRENCY	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Other	TOTAL
EUR	3,102	1,802	1,290	875	640	7,280	14,989
USD	4,346	4,400	4,437	4,453	4,508	11,254	33,398
GBP (UK)	953	515	629	413	875	4,964	8,349
INR (Indian)	50	62	62	62	62	62	360
DKK (Denmark)	24	12	0	0	0	0	36
HUF (Hungary)	19	20	0	0	0	0	39
SEK (Sweden)	32	0	0	0	0	0	32
MAD (Morocco)	3	164	164	164	165	2,754	3,414
THB (Thailand)	159	132	106	15	0	0	412
Total	8,688	7,107	6,688	5,982	6,250	26,314	61,029

In 2022 and 2021, the Group recognized the following expenses in connection with short-term leases and leases over low-value assets.

		2022			2021	
Lease Expense in 2022	Short-term	Low-value	Total	Short-term	Low-value	Total
(Thousand of euros)	contracts	contracts	expense	contracts	contracts	expense
Leases not capitalized:						
Buildings and offices	598		598	595		595
Plant and machinery	22		22	69		69
Warehouses	1,347		1,347	1,044		1,044
Industrial equipment	1,720	689	2,409	1,307	754	2,061
Other non-industrial equipment	55	224	279	5	220	225
Vehicles	273		273	179		179
Total	4,015	913	4,928	3,199	974	4,173
Lease expense in future years	3					
- In 2023	2,407	538	2,945			
- Between 1 and 5 years		330	330			
- Over 5 years		212	212			
	2,407	1,080	3,487			

It did not incur variable lease payments of significant amount.

Note that the extraordinary situation brought about by the coronavirus has not had a material impact on the Group's lease agreements.

#### 11. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

The reconciliation of the carrying amount of the Group's investment properties at the beginning and end of 2022 and 2021, detailing the depreciation and impairment allowances recognized in each year, is provided below (in thousands of euros):

Carrying amounts	Land	Buildings	Total
Balance at December 31, 2020	17,761	1,693	19,454
Balance at December 31, 2021	17,758	1,640	19,398
Balance at December 31, 2022	17,758	1,624	19,382

	Gross carrying amounts					
	Land	Buildings	Total			
Balance at December 31, 2020	18,388	7,618	26,006			
Additions			0			
Decreases	(3)	(2,345)	(2,348)			
Balance at December 31, 2021	18,385	5,273	23,658			
Additions			0			
Decreases	0	0	0			
Balance at December 31, 2022	18,385 5,273 23,					

Depreciation and impairment								
Land	Buildings	Total						
(627)	(5,925)	(6,552)						
	(17)	(17)						
0	2,309	2,309						
(627)	(3,633)	(4,260)						
	(16)	(16)						
0	0	0						
(627)	(3,649)	(4,276)						

The depreciation charge recognized in 2022 amounted to 16 thousand euros (2021: 17 thousand euros), while impairment allowances amounted to zero (2021: zero).

The only movement of significance in 2021 was the sale of a property, which generated a gain of 264 thousand euros.

There are no restrictions on the monetization of the Company's investment properties or any proceeds from their disposal.

Investment properties are initially recognized at their acquisition cost. The investment properties with the most significant fair values correspond to the sites on which dismantled factories were located and some unoccupied buildings, located mainly in Spain.

These properties' fair values represent the values at which the assets can be exchanged on the date of measurement between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction, in keeping with the International Valuation Standards.

In determining their fair value, the properties are valued individually and separately and not as part of a portfolio of properties.

In some instances, the Group used the benchmark valuations provided by independent appraisers (updated internally as warranted), while in others it used comparable valuation methodology to reflect the market paradigm and the prices at which assets with similar characteristics are being transacted, adjusting as needed for changes in economic circumstances arising since the comparable transaction dates.

That effort is coordinated by the Asset Management Unit which, as indicated in Note 6 above, is the business unit tasked with management and control of all of the properties that are not used in the Group's core business activities (investment properties), its remit being to remain abreast of their status, reduce costs and sell off those not used for industrial purposes after taking action to maximize their valuation prior to monetization. As a result, the inputs used to determine these properties' fair value should be deemed level 3 for IFRS fair value hierarchy purposes.

The fair value of the Group's investment properties at year-end 2022 was an estimated 48 million euros (year-end 2021: 52 million euros).

### 12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS: FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

### 12.1 Financial assets

The breakdown of the Group's financial assets (other than its cash equivalents, detailed in Note 13), in thousands of euros, is provided below:

	31/12/2022				31/12/2021	
	Total	Non-current	Current	Total	Non-current	Current
Classification for statement of financial position purposes:						
- Financial assets	6,102	3,986	2,116	9,139	4,874	4,265
- Trade and other receivables	474,625	0	474,625	415,938	0	415,938
- Derivatives	1,457	0	1,457	527	0	527
TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSETS	482,184	3,986	478,198	425,604	4,874	420,730
Classification for measurement purposes:						
Financial assets at amortised cost:						
- Trade and other receivables	474,625	0	474,625	415,938	0	415,938
- Loans to associates	1,122	1,122	0	1,122	1,122	0
- Loans to third parties	930	687	243	3,543	1,403	2,140
- Deposits and guarantees	2,908	1,035	1,873	3,323	1,198	2,125
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss						
- Shares in non-group companies	1,142	1,142	0	1,151	1,151	0
- Derivatives	1,457	0	1,457	527	0	527
TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSETS	482,184	3,986	478,198	425,604	4,874	420,730

#### Loans to third parties

The year-on-year decrease in the balance of loans to third parties in 2022 is the result of repayments collected in accordance with the corresponding loan schedules.

Of the total recognized under this heading: (i) 513 thousand euros (year-end 2021: 276 thousand euros) are denominated in euros; (ii) 403 thousand euros (463 thousand euros) are denominated in US dollars; (iii) zero (670) thousand euros are denominated in Moroccan dirhams; and (iv) 14 thousand euros (2,134 thousand euros) are denominated in Mexican pesos.

The maturity schedule for these non-current loans is: (i) 243 thousand euros in 2023; and (iii) 687 thousand euros in 2024.

### **Trade and other receivables**

The breakdown of this heading at year-end 2022 and 2021 (in thousands of euros):

ITEM	31-12-22	31-12-21
Trade receivables	469,331	396,339
Due from associates	725	827
Miscellaneous receivables	15,285	27,808
Provisions	(10,716)	(9,036)
TOTAL	474,625	415,938

For terms and conditions relating to related-party receivables, refer to Note 23. Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on terms of 30 to 85 days. At December 31, 2022, the ageing analysis of trade receivables is as follows (thousands of euros):

Ageing analysis		Impairment	
Agenig unarysis	Gross	allowance	Net
Within 3 months	456,602	(2,092)	454,510
Past due by between 3 and 6 months	8,442	(2,918)	5,524
Past due by between 6 and 12 months	1,202	(1,202)	0
Past due by between 12 and 18 months	197	(197)	0
Past due by between 18 and 24 months	128	(128)	0
Past due by > 24 months	2,760	(2,760)	0
	469,331	(9,297)	460,034

No material amounts of trade and other receivables were past due but not impaired at either year-end.

The movements recognized by the Group under the provision for the impairment of trade and other accounts receivable in 2022 (2021): (i) net new provisions of 2,537 thousand euros (713 thousand euros); (ii) the utilization of 1,020 thousand euros (2,146 thousand euros); (iii) the net recognition of 149 thousand euros (net derecognition of 1,790 thousand euros) due to business combinations; and (iv) exchange gains of 14 thousand euros (losses of 123 thousand euros).

There have been no other significant movements in any other financial assets since December 31, 2021.

### 12.2 Financial liabilities

The breakdown of the Group's financial liabilities is provided below (in thousands of euros):

		31/12/2022		31/12/2021			
	Total	Non-current	Current	Total	Non-curren	Current	
Classification for statement of financial position purposes:							
- Financial liabilities	947,997	553,164	394,833	1,044,425	598,509	445,916	
- Trade and other payables	438,370	0	438,370	415,565	0	415,565	
- Derivatives	2,843	0	2,843	1,270	0	1,270	
TOTAL FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	1,389,210	553,164	836,046	1,461,260	598,509	862,751	
Classification for measurement purposes:							
Financial liabilities at amortised cost:							
- Trade and other payables	438,370	0	438,370	415,565	0	415,565	
- Bank borrowings	662,324	471,719	190,605	780,410	523,463	256,947	
- Borrowings from other entities	10,791	7,803	2,988	2,981	426	2,555	
- Lease liabilities (Note 10)	61,029	52,341	8,688	64,148	55,221	8,927	
- Deposits and guarantees	676	649	27	84	57	27	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss							
- Financial liabilities structured as share options	213,177	20,652	192,525	196,802	19,342	177,460	
- Derivatives	2,843	0	2,843	1,270	0	1,270	
TOTAL FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	1,389,210	553,164	836,046	1,461,260	598,509	862,751	

Note that the Group did not encounter any problems whatsoever in relation to the refinancing of any debt, the arrangement of new financing agreements or its ability to service its financial obligations in 2022. Financial liability management unfolded exactly as anticipated, in keeping with the natural and normal maturity schedules.

### **Trade and other payables**

Set out below are the movements in this heading (thousands of euros):

	31/12/2022	31/12/2021
Trade accounts payable	359,824	345,642
Other liabilities	38,597	27,973
Employee benefits payable	39,005	41,746
Payable to associates	944	204
TOTAL	438,370	415,565

Trade payables are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 60-80 day terms. Other payables are also non-interest bearing and have an average term of three months; they mainly correspond to payables related to the purchase of items of property, plant and equipment, the grant of trade discounts and rebates, and advertising and marketing initiatives.

#### **Bank borrowings**

There were no significant movements in the Group's non-current bank borrowings in 2022 with respect to year-end 2021:

The Parent (Ebro Foods, S.A.) continues to recognise four loans in a total amount of 350 million euros. The four non-current loans are due in a single instalment in December 2024 and bear interest at an average rate of 0.45%.

To finance its new factory in La Rinconada, Herba Ricemills, S.L.U. arranged up to 45 million euros of new long-term financing with three banks in 2019, specifically six-year credit agreements with one year for drawdown, a one-year grace period and repayment over the next five years. At December 31, 2022, the Group had drawn down 27 million euros of those loans on which it has to repay 6 million euros per annum on June 30, of each year. The average rate of interest on those loans is 0.65%.

The Group's Italian subsidiary, Garofalo, has a number of non-current bank loans totalling 31.5 million euros, which mature between 2024 and year-end 2030 and bear interest at an average rate of 0.7%.

The Group's French subsidiary, Ebro Premium Food, has non-current bank loans totalling 69.5 million euros, which mature between 2024 and year-end 2028 and bear interest at an average rate of EURIBOR plus 0.35%.

As for current borrowings, the most significant development in 2022 was the following:

- The renewal of certain short-term credit facilities of amounts that are not material on aggregate with respect to total borrowings.
- In general, the terms of credit were very similar compared to those in force at yearend 2021, and the same can be said of the collateral and covenant requirements. The spreads applied to benchmark rates were slightly higher than in 2021.

The breakdown of the Group's bank borrowings by business segment or company and the corresponding maturities (in thousands of euros):

Breakdown of bank borrowings							
by segment or company	31-12-21	31-12-21	2024	2025	2026	2027	Beyond
- Of Ebro Foods, S.A	349,805	349,872	349,872	0	0	0	0
- Of Herba Group	30,787	20,902	9,915	9,783	636	444	124
- Of Ebro Group France	87,500	69,500	14,900	14,900	13,900	12,900	12,900
- Of Garofalo Group (Italy)	55,371	31,445	10,057	7,828	6,725	4,179	2,656
- Of Arotz Foods, S.A.	0	0					
Non-current bank borrowings	523,463	471,719	384,744	32,511	21,261	17,523	15,680
- Of Ebro Foods, S.A	25,139	14,453					
- Of Herba Group	184,196	113,129					
- Of Ebro Group France	20,973	21,122					
- Of Garofalo Group (Italy)	26,637	41,895					
- Of Tilda Group (UK)	2	6					
Current bank borrowings	256,947	190,605					
Total bank borrowings	780,410	662,324					

The breakdown of the above borrowings by currency of denomination is as follows (thousands of euros):

CURRENCY	31-12-21	31-12-22
EUR	696,683	592,638
USD	37,708	21,104
GBP (UK)	32,333	40,070
INR (India)	13,059	187
THB (Thailand)	1	6,984
ARS	0	0
MAD (Morocco)	0	1,340
DKK (Denmark)	626	1
Total	780,410	662,324

As for the rest of the Group's bank borrowings, at year-end 2022, the various companies had arranged unsecured credit facilities with an aggregate limit of 432 million euros (year-end 2021: 460 million euros), of which 184 million euros (257 million euros) had been drawn down.

Some of the Garofalo group's credit facilities are secured by a mortgage over its factory and site in Italy for up to 40 million euros.

The Group also had the following reverse factoring, receivable discounting, and trade finance lines and had issued the following sureties and other bank guarantees at year-end (thousands of euros):

At December 31, 2022	Amount	Amount	Total
CREDIT FACILITIES ARRANGED	drawn	undrawn	limit
Reverse factoring, receivable discounting and trade finance	0	93,595	93,595
Bank guarantee lines (Note 22)	66,371	72,311	138,682
Consolidated Group total	66,371	165,906	232,277

At December 31, 2021	Amount	Amount	Total	
CREDIT FACILITIES ARRANGED	drawn	undrawn	limit	
Reverse factoring, receivable discounting and trade finance	9,083	82,246	91,329	
Bank guarantee lines	66,740	67,285	134,025	
Consolidated Group total	75,823	149,531	225,354	

Some of the bank loans require compliance with a series of covenants, specifically a series of ratios calculated on the basis of the consolidated financial statements of the Ebro Group, throughout the term of the loans. Any breach of the covenants would increase the related borrowing costs and in some cases would trigger a prepayment requirement. The Group was compliant with those covenants at both year-ends.

#### **Lease liabilities**

This heading recognises the Group's financial liabilities on account of its lease liabilities under IFRS 16, which took effect on January 1, 2019 (liability in respect of lease payment obligations). Refer to Note 10.

### Financial liabilities structured as options over non-controlling interests

At December 31, 2022, the Group recognized 213,177 thousand euros of financial liabilities structured as options over non-controlling interests (year-end 2021: 196,802 thousand euros) broken down as follows (refer to Note 22 for a breakdown of those commitments).

As for the rest of the financial liabilities structured as options over non-controlling interests, the most significant movement in 2022 and 2021 related to the increase in the corresponding liabilities due to their annual restatement to fair value (unwind of discount). Refer to Note 22.

When acquiring certain companies, in addition to the investments made in exchange for the shareholdings acquired in each, the Group has granted the other shareholder(s) put or similar options over the percentage not originally acquired (exercisable from a specific date either for a specific period of time or with no maturity). The acquisition price in the event those options are exercised will be determined as a function of the targets' average earnings metrics over a series of years, as well as other terms and conditions customary in arrangements of this nature.

There were no other significant movements in any other financial liabilities in 2022.

### **Financial flows**

Below is the information needed to enable financial statement users to evaluate the changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, distinguishing between changes that involve cash flows and those that do not (such as foreign exchange gains or losses) (thousands of euros).

Financial liabilities		Cash	Reclassif.	Movements in	Changes in	New	Business	Interest	Reclassific.	
Reconciliation of flows 2022	31/12/2021	flows	sales/derec.	for. currency	fair value	leases	combinations	accrued	current/non-curr.	31/12/2022
Current borrowings	256,947	-126,385		-1,295				4,520	56,818	190,605
Non-current borrowings	523,463	5,007						67	-56,818	471,719
Lease liabilities	64,148	-11,826	-464	1,363		6,042		1,766		61,029
Dividend payable	0									0
Derivatives	1,270	-4,087		-355	6,015					2,843
Guarantees and deposits received	84	948		-356						676
Other financial liabilities	199,783	7,684			16,375			126		223,968
Total liabilities arising from										
financing activities	1,045,695	-128,659	-464	-643	22,390	6,042	0	6,479	0	950,840

Financial liabilities		Cash	Reclassif.	Movements in	Changes in	New	Business	Interest	Reclassific.	
Reconciliation of flows 2021	31/12/2020	flows	sales/derec.	for. currency	fair value	leases	combinations	accrued	current/non-curr.	31/12/2021
Current borrowings	576,179	-405,462		4,371			4,251	7,042	70,566	256,947
Non-current borrowings	308,384	285,645							-70,566	523,463
Lease liabilities	79,951	-14,667	-20,194	3,005		14,024		2,029		64,148
Derivatives	2,732	-618			-844					1,270
Guarantees and deposits received	782	-698								84
Other financial liabilities	196,730	-851	-1,974		5,878					199,783
Total liabilities arising from	1									
financing activities	1,164,758	-136,651	-22,168	7,376	5,034	14,024	4,251	9,071	0	1,045,695

Below is a schedule of the maturities of all of these financial liabilities including all expected actual cash flows, estimated as of December 31, 2022 (thousands of euros):

	Statement of financial position 31-12-22
- Bank borrowings	662,324
- Borrowings from other entities	10,791
- Lease liabilities	61,029
- Deposits and guarantees	676
- Financial liabilities under vendor call options	213,177
- Derivatives	2,843
TOTAL FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	950,840
Estimated expected future flows:	
2023	400,303
2024	416,982
2025	41,051
2026	29,065
2027	25,857
Other	50,607
TOTAL FUTURE FLOWS	963,865

### 12.3 Risk management targets and policies and use of financial instruments

The primary objective of the Group's risk management policy is to safeguard the value of its assets and facilitate sustainable business growth by configuring an optimal capital structure tailored for the legislation in force in the countries in which it operates. In addition, its capital management policy is designed to preserve its credit metrics and to maximize shareholder value.

Its risk management strategy factors in key business performance indicators such as earnings, leverage, capital expenditure and business strategy with a view to enabling the Group to take substantiated decisions in order to deliver the above-mentioned objectives. The attached management report and corporate governance report provide additional information on the key business risks.

# **Capital management**

The overriding objective of the Group's capital management is to safeguard the business's sustainability and maximize shareholder value. To this end it contemplates:

- The cost of capital, in keeping with industry calculation standards, with a view to combining debt and equity to optimise this cost.
- A leverage ratio that makes it possible to obtain and maintain the targeted credit ratings and ensure short- and long-term financing for the Group's projects.

The right combination of debt and equity, in order to optimise the cost of capital and enable adequate shareholder remuneration, business continuity and growth. Note that the Group is subject to capital requirements under certain long-term loan agreements and that it is in compliance with these covenants.

In recent years, the Group has been concentrating its activities in its key businesses by means of strategic acquisitions, while keeping leverage low.

NET DEBT (Thousands of euros)	2020	2021	2021/2020	2022	2022/2021
Equity	1,927,351	2,101,627	9.0%	2,164,438	3.0%
Net debt	950,870	504,723	-46.9%	762,635	51.1%
Average net debt	917,574	865,418	-5.7%	645,809	-25.4%
Leverage	49.3%	24.0%	-51.3%	35.2%	46.7%
Leverage (average net debt) (1)	47.6%	41.2%	-13.5%	29.8%	-27.5%
EBITDA-A	305,132	301,860	-1.1%	334,622	10.9%
Coverage	3.12	1.67		2.28	

(1) Leverage = Ratio of average net interest-bearing debt to equity (excluding non-controlling interests)

The accompanying management report provides the definition and reconciliation of the alternative performance measures shown in this table (net debt and average net debt).

Leverage (net debt over equity attributable to equity holders of the parent) decreased in 2021 but increased again in 2022. The movements in Group leverage are attributable to its exit from the dry pasta business, a process which concluded in 2021, on the one hand, and a sharp increase in its working capital requirement in 2022 induced by the spike in inflation (as described in further detail in the accompanying management report), on the other.

The recent disposals led to a reduction in borrowings of close to 50% and left a reasonable debt coverage ratio of well under 2 times EBITDA-A (refer to the consolidated management report). The Group expects gradual normalisation of raw material prices and logistics operations to unlock deleveraging.

#### Financial risk management and use of financial instruments

The main financial instruments used by the Group are bank loans, credit facilities, overdraft facilities, equity instruments, derivative financial instruments, cash and short-term deposits. In addition, the Group has other financial assets and liabilities such as trade accounts receivable and payable.

These financial instruments expose the Group to market risks via variability in interest rates, in exchange rates and in the fair value of certain financial instruments. They also expose it to liquidity and credit risk.

The overriding objective of exchange rate risk management is to offset (at least partially) potential valuation losses on assets denominated in currencies other than the euro with savings, albeit smaller in magnitude, on liabilities denominated in the same currencies.

The financial instruments that are used to hedge this financial risk may or may not qualify for designation as accounting hedges (cash flow or fair value hedges, depending on the nature of the hedged item).

In order to manage the foreign currency and interest rate risks arising in the course of the Group's operations and, from time to time, potential movements in the prices of certain raw materials (gas), the Group uses derivative (mainly interest or exchange rate forward sale-purchase currency contracts and options over interest or exchange rates) and non-derivative (currency-denominated borrowings, forward currency contracts) financial instruments in order to minimize or ring-fence them.

Those hedges are arranged as a function of:

- Prevailing market conditions,
- Evolving management objectives, and
- The specific characteristics of the transactions giving rise to the financial risk being hedged.

The accounting policies used to measure those financial instruments are described in Note 3 above.

The Board of Directors and management team review and establish the risk management policies applying to each and every one of these risks. The Board has delegated the development and oversight of the enterprise risk management system in its Audit, Control and Sustainability Committee and the Risk Committee.

#### Cash flow interest rate risk

This is the risk arising from borrowings, loans extended and cash and cash equivalent balances denominated in euros and/or foreign currencies and arranged at floating rates of interest, specifically the risk that the cash flows associated with interest payments/receipts will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Group manages this risk by keeping a balanced portfolio of fixed and variable rate borrowings. The Group's policy is to minimize exposure to this risk, to which end it continually monitors market conditions with the support of external experts in order to arrange new instruments or change the terms of existing instruments in order to minimize exposure to variability in the cash flows or fair value of its financial instruments.

Management has performed sensitivity analysis with respect to the impact of 50 basis point fluctuations in interest rates on the Group's rate-sensitive financial assets and liabilities with an impact on earnings: the estimated impact on 2022 profit of such a change would be 2.7 million euros (4 million euros in 2021). The lower impact in 2022 is attributable to the reduction in the Group's average debt balance as a result of the disposals concluded towards at the end of 2021, more than offsetting the increase in interest rates on its bank borrowings, in line with the increase in market rates.

The main assumptions used to perform this sensitivity analysis are as follows:

- The analysis only models the impact on financial instruments susceptible to significant changes in the event of upward or downward movements in interest rates.
- The only input varied is the rate of interest, with all other variables held constant in the model.

#### Effect of changes in interest rates

	2022				2021			
Income/(Expense)	-0.50%	-0.25%	0.25%	0.50%	-0.50%	-0.25%	0.25%	0.50%
Profit before tax	2,736	1,368	-1,368	-2,736	4,014	2,007	-2,007	-4,014

#### Foreign currency risk

This the risk arising from exposure to the impact of movements in exchange rates on assets, liabilities, net investments in foreign operations and transactions conducted in currencies other than the euro. As a result of the Group's investments in the US and UK, the carrying amounts of the Group's assets and liabilities are significantly exposed to changes in the USD / EUR and GBP / EUR exchange rates.

The Group is somewhat exposed to the commodity markets and its ability to pass price changes on to its customers. It is also exposed to fluctuations in exchange rates, particularly the US dollar (the benchmark currency for a significant portion of its

business), and to movements in interest rates. The Group regularly reassesses its exposure to these risks and their potential impact on its key earnings and financial position indicators and strategy.

The US dollar appreciated by a significant 6.19% against the euro in 2022, albeit with a relatively moderate impact on the consolidated financial statements via unhedged assets and business transactions, specifically generating exchange gains of around 56 million euros.

In addition, the Group has investments in the UK which could be impacted in the medium term by that country's exit from the European Union, depending on the terms of the negotiations between the two parties. The UK subsidiary's and the Group's risk committees are monitoring this situation continually, trying to minimize the potential impact of movements in the exchange rate by arranging an appropriate hedging strategy for its business transactions. In 2022, the pound sterling devalued against the euro by 5.26%, generating exchange losses of around 18 million euros.

Britain's withdrawal from the European Union ('Brexit') sparked significant uncertainty regarding the future of relations between the UK and the European Union, including in relation to the laws and regulations applicable going forward. After the main terms of the exit agreement had been negotiated and following a transition period which ran until the end of 2020, the definitive trade and cooperation agreement was executed on December 24, 2020. The trade and cooperation agreement reached is deemed provisional. Although it provides a framework for trade relations it leaves numerous aspects of the future relationship between the EU and the UK open and there have been a number of modification warnings and claims of violations, particularly in relation to the matter of the Irish border.

Although the free trade agreement goes a long way to dissipating uncertainty, the Ebro Group has taken measures to ensure the performance and profitability of its agreements to the extent possible. More specifically, those measures are articulated around ensuring the supply of raw materials by increasing buffer stocks, checking contract profitability by keeping close track of margins and potential cost overruns unrelated to the business and reducing the potential impact of volatility in the pound sterling.

Nevertheless, the Group does not expect any potential future disputes to have a material impact on its financial statements as its most significant activity in the UK market is the sale of rice and related products that are considered staples; it therefore believes that even if new tariffs are imposed on the UK by the European Union, it will be possible to source rice from other markets in which the Group has a presence; moreover, much of the rice sold in the UK market is basmati and long-grain rice sourced from India/Pakistan and the US, respectively.

The Group's non-current assets in the UK (including its manufacturing facilities) account for 12.53% (2021: 15.8%) of the total, while the revenue generated in the UK market in 2022 represented around 12.18% (2021: 12.5%) of the total.

The Group is also exposed to foreign exchange rate risk on account of its transactions. That risk arises from the purchases and sales made by the business units in currencies other than the functional currency. In the case of significant transactions, the Group's policy is to use foreign exchange forward contracts to eliminate or minimize the related exchange rate risk.

Certain Group companies in the rice (Herba Spain, S&B Herba, Ebro Ingredients and Herba Bangkok) and pasta segments (France, Bertagni and Garofalo) write foreign currency future contracts and/or options in order to mitigate their transaction-related exposures. Those transactions are arranged to minimize currency risk but have not been designated as hedges for accounting purposes. The contracts outstanding at year-end:

	Notional amount (thousands)					
Currency	2022	2021				
USD	143,855	69,516				
EUR	12,656	27,483				
THB	14,052	155,000				
GBP	94	13,016				
AUD	-	167				

The Group is (net) long on US dollars; these contracts basically hedge raw material contracts benchmarked against the dollar entered into by Group subsidiaries that operate in a different local currency. The euro positions are held by Group companies with functional currencies other than the euro which trade in euros, mainly UK companies.

Below is a sensitivity analysis, measured in terms of the impact on profit and loss, with respect to the Group's key exposures to exchange rate risk by currency and type of instrument. The instruments grouped under "Other financial instruments" are loans or cash positions denominated in the currency referenced that do not qualify as accounting hedges.

The sensitivity analysis provided below should be understood as the Group's maximum exposure at a given point in time; in reality, the Group always hedges business transactions denominated in a currency to which management wants to mitigate exposure; however, those transactions do not quality for hedge accounting on account of the complexity of matching flow timing.

The following assumptions were used to model the sensitivity of the Group's assets and liabilities to changes in exchange rates:

 The analysis only models the impact on financial instruments susceptible to significant changes in the event of fluctuations in exchange rates.

#### **EBRO FOODS GROUP**

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#### (THOUSANDS OF EUROS)

- Borrowings designated as effective hedges of net investments are excluded from this analysis.
- The only input varied is the rate of exchange, with all other variables held constant in the model.

#### Effect of changes in the Thai Baht relative to the euro

Due to derivatives:

Income/(Expense)
Profit before tax

2022				2021			
-10.00%	-5.00%	5.00%	10.00%	-10.00%	-5.00%	5.00%	10.00%
-511	-245	277	580	-461	-240	255	538

#### Effect of changes in the sterling relative to the euro

Due to derivatives:

Income/(Expense)
Profit before tax

2022				2021			
-10.00%	10.00% -5.00% 5.00% 10.00%		-10.00%	-5.00%	5.00%	10.00%	
907	476	-476	-907	1,050	567	-567	-1,050

Due to other financial instruments:

Income/(Expense)
Profit before tax

2022				2021			
-10.00%	-10.00% -5.00% 5.00% 10.00%		-10.00%	-5.00%	5.00%	10.00%	
3,813	1,906	-1,906	-3,813	2,516	1,258	-1,258	-2,516

#### Effect of changes in the dollar relative to the euro, sterling and Baht

Due to derivatives:

Income/(Expense)
Profit before tax

I		20	22		2021			
	-10.00%	-5.00%	5.00%	10.00%	-10.00%	-5.00%	5.00%	10.00%
	-2 518	-1 278	1 302	2 428	1 666	1 217	-1 192	-2 449

Due to other financial instruments:

Income/(Expense) Profit before tax

2022				2021			
-10.00%	-5.00%	5.00%	10.00%	-10.00%	-5.00%	5.00%	10.00%
1,097	549	-549	-1,097	2,006	1,003	-1,003	-2,006

In addition to the exposure measured in terms of the impact on profit or loss, the next table illustrates the impact of movements in the EUR/USD exchange rate on the Group's net debt (excluding the derivatives shown in the table above). Until year-end a significant percentage of Group borrowings was denominated in US dollars; following the sale of the US dry pasta business, however, the dollar-denominated borrowings and liabilities have been restructured and were negligible at year-end, having presented a net cash position in US dollars.

# Impact on borrowings

Changes in the USD

+ Borrowings / (- Borrowings)
Borrowings as per statement of financial position

2022				2021				
-10.00%	-5.00%	5.00%	10.00%	-10.00%	-5.00%	5.00%	10.00%	
4,628	2,314	-2,314	-4,628	17,282	8,641	-8,641	-17,282	

#### Price risk in respect of other financial assets and liabilities

Certain of the Group's financial assets and liabilities expose it to price risk. The most significant exposure derives from the valuation of the put-call options over the shares of a series of companies (see below).

#### Liquidity risk

The Group's objective is to match its cash flow generation capabilities with its debt servicing and refinancing requirements. The Group aims to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of renewable credit facilities, bank loans with scope for grace periods to align them with the returns on the underlying assets and forward purchase contracts. In addition:

- the Group maintains significant liquidity at its subsidiaries in the US, Europe and the rest of the world.
- Management analyses the availability of cash periodically in order to identify in a timely manner any shortfalls of liquidity requiring suitable financing.
- The Group also has the possibility of (i) securing financing from banks other than those it usually works with; and (ii) upsizing and extending its current financing lines beyond 12 months from the end of the reporting period.
- Lastly, the Group evaluates the concentration of its liquidity risk regularly with a view to refinancing its debt if necessary. It has concluded that its liquidity risk is not significantly concentrated.

Note 12.2 analyses the Group's borrowings at year-end 2022 by maturity.

#### Credit (counterparty) risk

This is the risk that a counterparty will not meet its contractual obligations, generating a financial loss for the Group. This risk is mitigated by means of (i) careful selection of transactions and counterparty banks based on credit ratings and (ii) the negotiation of sufficient guarantees to mitigate this risk.

The Group has always taken a conservative approach to business transactions; it has local risk committees that continually review limits, open positions and automated system alerts. As a result, the Group's trade credit non-performance ratio has been historically low.

In addition, the sales and collections management departments work in a coordinated manner. Counterparties are selected on the basis of the credit ratings awarded by the credit insurance providers with which the Group works, these policies ultimately serving as guarantees. Lastly, the finance department analyses expected credit risk as a function of counterparty credit scores, as required under IFRS 9.

The Group's high level of geographic diversification results in a low level of customer credit risk concentration.

#### 12.4 Fair value of financial instruments

The table below breaks down the carrying amounts and fair values of Group's financial assets and liabilities at December 31, 2022 (in thousands of euros) other than its accounts payable and receivable and its cash and cash equivalents, whose carrying amounts are deemed an approximation of their fair value (in the case of financial assets, their fair value coincides with their carrying amount).

	31/12	/2022	31/12	/2021
Financial assets	Carrying	Fair	Carrying	Fair
	amount	value	amount	value
- Loans to associates	1,122	1,122	1,122	1,122
- Loans to third parties	930	930	3,543	3,543
- Deposits and guarantees	2,908	2,908	3,323	3,323
- Shares in non-group companies	1,142	1,142	1,151	1,151
- Derivatives	1,457	1,457	527	527
	7,559	7,559	9,666	9,666

	31/12	/2022	31/12/2021		
Financial liabilities	Carrying	Fair	Carrying	Fair	
	amount	value	amount	value	
- Borrowings	673,115	653,258	783,391	786,785	
- Lease liabilities	61,029	61,029	64,148	64,148	
- Deposits and guarantees	676	676	84	84	
- Financial liabilities under vendor call options	213,177	213,177	196,802	196,802	
- Derivatives	2,843	2,843	1,270	1,270	
	950,840	930,983	1,045,695	1,049,089	

#### Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value: fair value hierarchy

All of the financial instruments measured at fair value are classified into one of the following levels depending on the inputs used to value them:

- Level 1. Use of quoted prices in active markets of identical assets and liabilities (without any adjustment)
- Level 2. Use of directly or indirectly observable inputs (other than level 1 quoted prices)
- Level 3. Use of unobservable inputs

	31/12/2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets Equity instruments Derivatives	1,142 1,457		1,142 1,457	-
Financial liabilities Other financial liabilities Derivatives	213,177 2,843	<u>-</u>	- 2,843	213,177 -

The Group does not hold any financial instruments whose fair value cannot be reliably measured. No instruments were transferred between the various fair value hierarchy levels in the course of the reporting period.

#### 13. LIQUID ASSETS: CASH AND SHORT-TERM DEPOSITS

The breakdown of this heading at year-end 2022 and 2021 (in thousands of euros):

ITEM	31-12-22	31-12-21
Cash on hand and at banks	140,548	414,448
Short-term deposits and cash equivalents	44,402	124,791
TOTAL	184,950	539,239

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates.

Short-term deposits are made for varying periods of between one day and three months, depending on the immediate cash requirements of the Group. The deposits earn interest at the applicable stipulated rates. The fair value of the Group's cash and cash equivalents was 184,950 thousand euros at December 31, 2022 (539,239 thousand euros at year-end 2021).

Throughout the year the Group companies invested their occasional cash surpluses in repos and equivalent securities in order to generate a return on these balances. Those investments are mainly denominated in euros, with a portion denominated in US dollars. The average annual return earned on those investments was around 1.1% in 2022 (2021: 0.20%).

#### 14. INVESTMENTS IN ASSOCIATES

The movements under this heading in 2022 and 2021 (in thousands of euros) are shown below:

<u>Associate</u>	Balance at	Additions due to	Decreases due	Dividends	Profit/(loss)	Translation	Other	Balance at
	31/12/2021	investments	to disposals	paid	for the year	differences	movements	31/12/2022
Riso Scotti, S.p.a.	35,186			(1,000)	557	0	0	34,743
Associates of Riviana Foods Inc.	7,811			(1,187)	1,382	481	0	8,487
Other companies	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
	43,002	0	0	(2,187)	1,939	481	0	43,235

<u>Associate</u>	Balance at	Additions due to	Decreases due	Dividends	Profit/(loss)	Translation	Other	Balance at
	31/12/2020	acquisitions	to disposals	paid	for the year	differences	movements	31/12/2021
Riso Scotti, S.p.a.	35,114			(1,000)	1,072	0	0	35,186
Associates of Riviana Foods Inc.	8,268			(3,171)	2,072	642	0	7,811
Other companies	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
	43,387	0	0	(4,171)	3,144	642	0	43,002

There were no significant movements under this heading in 2022 or 2021.

The associates of Riviana Foods, Inc. do not have material amounts of assets, income, borrowings or employees. The Ebro Group has not extended guarantees of material amount to any of its associates.

The most significant figures for the Scotti Group, using estimated financial statements at December 31, 2022, are as follows (in thousands of euros):

Thousands of euros	31/12/2021	31/12/2022
Trademarks, other intangible assets and goodwill	54,489	53,126
Property, plant and equipment	59,067	54,280
Other non-current assets	13,195	14,201
Current assets	80,449	107,354
Cash	36,482	14,959
Non-current, non-financial liabilities	-20,345	-20,426
Financial liabilities	-73,105	-76,930
Current, non-financial liabilities	-61,863	-59,367
Non-controlling interests	-403	-339
	87,966	86,858
Ownership interest acquired	40%	40%
	35,186	34,743
Revenue	256,600	310,500
Profit for the year	2,680	1,393
No. of employees	332	285

#### 15. GOODWILL

The movements under goodwill in 2022 and 2021 (in thousands of euros) are shown below:

Segment	CGU or groups		Additions	Decreases	Impairment	Translation	
	of CGUs	31/12/2021		& other	losses	differences	31/12/2022
Rice	Danrice (Denmark)	14,524					14,524
Rice	Vogan (UK)	1,336				(131)	1,205
Rice	Riceland (Hungary)	2,184					2,184
Rice	Steve & Brotherton (UK)	1,711					1,711
Rice	Ingredients Group	11,198					11,198
Rice	SOS Business (Spain)	28,390					28,390
Rice	Ebro Frost (Germany)	14,606					14,606
Rice	Geovita (Italy)	22,894					22,894
Rice	Transimpex (Germany)	15,292					15,292
Rice	Tilda Group (UK)	84,964				(4,473)	80,491
Rice	Riviana Group (US)	281,794				17,437	299,231
Pasta	Ebro Group France	152,791		(15,120)			137,671
Pasta	Garofalo (Italy)	57,049					57,049
Pasta	Bertagni (Italy)	114,575					114,575
RoW	Harinas Santa Rita (Spain)	6,051					6,051
		809,359	0	(15,120)	0	12,833	807,072
Total gross	carrying amount	866,294	0	(15,120)		12,833	864,007
Accumulate	d impairment losses	(56,935)					(56,935)

Segment	CGU or groups		Additions	Decreases	Impairment	Translation	
	of CGUs	31/12/2020		& other	losses	differences	31/12/2021
Rice	Danrice (Denmark)	14,524					14,524
Rice	Vogan (UK)	1,173				163	1,336
Rice	Riceland (Hungary)	2,184					2,184
Rice	Steve & Brotherton (UK)	1,711					1,711
Rice	Ingredients Group	11,198					11,198
Rice	SOS Business (Spain)	28,390					28,390
Rice	Ebro Frost (Germany)	14,606					14,606
Rice	Geovita (Italy)	22,894					22,894
Rice	Transimpex (Germany)	15,292					15,292
Rice	Tilda Group (UK)	79,409				5,555	84,964
Rice	Riviana Group (US)	259,977				21,817	281,794
Pasta	Ebro Group France	432,569		(279,778)			152,791
Pasta	Garofalo (Italy)	57,049					57,049
Pasta	Bertagni (Italy)	114,575					114,575
RoW	Harinas Santa Rita (Spain)	6,051					6,051
		1,061,602	0	(279,778)	0	27,535	809,359
Total gross	carrying amount	1,118,537	0	(279,778)		27,535	866,294
Accumulate	d impairment losses	(56,935)					(56,935)

The decreases in 2022 and 2021 correspond to the sales of Roland Monterrat and of the French Dry Pasta business, respectively (Note 5). Other significant movements in both reporting periods include changes due to exchange differences on the goodwill allocated to the Group's US and UK subsidiaries, mainly.

The Ebro Group establishes its cash-generating units (CGUs) in accordance with the definition given in IAS 36 Asset impairment: "A cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets".

The Group accordingly defines its cash-generating units using geographical criteria and by legal entity as, in general, the legal entities located in each country are separate and their business is basically focused on one of the activities comprising the Group's business segments, i.e., rice or pasta.

The goodwill balances were generated by business combinations. Those assets were tested for impairment at year-end 2022 and 2021 (by an independent expert, Kroll); the resulting values were allocated to the cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units indicated in the table above.

To test the assets for impairment, the Group calculated the value in use of each cashgenerating unit (CGU) by discounting the associated cash flows, generally projected for a period of five years, and their terminal value, in turn calculated by projecting the last year's cash flows by a perpetuity growth rate.

The cash flow projections were based on historical information and the best estimates of each CGU's management, underpinned by their budgets and medium-term business plans. The resulting CGU fair values were additionally cross-checked using comparable multiples methodology. Note with respect to the projection exercise undertaken in recent years, the actual results have not yielded significant deviations necessitating material changes in the projections.

Although effectiveness of the new lease accounting standard, IFRS 16, from January 1, 2019 did not have a very significant impact on the Ebro Group, it did imply certain changes for impairment testing purposes from 2019. Specifically, it implied the following changes:

- The metrics used for cross-checking purposes were revised upwards on account of the recognition of right-of-use assets.
- The statement of profit or loss and financial position projections were also adjusted to eliminate lease expense, a concept that has been replaced by right-of-use asset depreciation and the finance cost corresponding to the new financial liability.
- The numbers factor in new cash outflows corresponding to the renewal of the lease agreements subject to the new standard and their impact during the projection time horizon and on the CGUs' terminal value.
- The discount rates used have been adjusted to reflect the new market situation, making sure that the comparable companies used use similar accounting policies.

The growth rates used to extrapolate the cash flow projections beyond the projection horizon and the pre- and after-tax discount rates applied to the cash flow projections for the most important CGUs in 2022 (2021) were:

Segment	CGU	Pre-tax rate		Post-ta	ax rate	Growth rate "g"	
		2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Rice	Frozen Foods (Germany and Denmark)	8.13%	5.40%	6.38%	4.50%	2.45%	2.00%
Rice	UK Business	10.13%	6.80%	7.75%	5.30%	2.55%	2.00%
Rice	Ingredients (Belgium and Netherlands)	7.75%	5.40%	6.38%	4.50%	2.40%	2.00%
Rice	SOS Business (Spain)	9.63%	6.80%	7.75%	5.50%	2.40%	2.00%
Rice	Geovita (Italy and France)	10.13%	7.20%	8.13%	5.80%	2.35%	1.90%
Rice	Transimpex (Germany)	8.13%	5.40%	6.38%	4.50%	2.45%	2.00%
Rice	Riviana Group (US)	9.25%	6.60%	7.50%	5.50%	2.50%	2.20%
Rice	Tilda Group (UK)	9.63%	6.40%	7.75%	5.30%	2.55%	2.00%
Pasta	Ebro Group France	7.75%	6.00%	6.38%	5.00%	2.40%	2.00%
Pasta	Garofalo (Italy and international)	10.63%	7.60%	8.25%	6.00%	2.35%	1.90%
Pasta	Bertagni (Italy)	10.25%	7.20%	8.13%	5.80%	2.35%	1.90%
RoW	Harinas Santa Rita (Spain)	9.63%	6.70%	7.75%	5.50%	2.40%	2.00%

The key assumptions used to value each cash-generating unit (CGU) include: (i) the average rate of sales revenue growth modelled for the projection period; (ii) the compound average annual rate of growth in the EBITDA-A margin; (iii) the trend in working capital expressed as a number of days of sales; (iv) average annual capital expenditure, modelled as a percentage of projected EBITDA-A; (v) the discount rate; and (vi) the rate of growth in perpetuity (g).

The Group did not detect any indications that its intangible assets may have become impaired in 2022 or 2021. Moreover, the results of the impairment tests were satisfactory in both reporting periods.

As for the assumptions used to calculate the recoverable amount of the various CGUs to which goodwill has been assigned, management believes that no reasonably-possible change in the key assumptions used would cause their carrying amounts to exceed their recoverable amounts. That assessment is underpinned by the sensitivity analysis performed with respect to the two inputs deemed key to the valuation results:

Segment	CGU	Change necessary for the recoverable amount to fall to the unit's carrying		
		amount	( ! (-)	
		+ WACC (points)	- g (points)	
Rice	Frozen Foods (Germany and	a)	a)	
	Denmark)		•	
Rice	UK Business	1.0%	-0.5%	
Rice	Ingredients (Belgium and Netherlands)	1.5%	-0.5%	
Rice	SOS Business (Spain)	1.0%	-0.5%	
Rice	Geovita (Italy and France)	0.25%	-0.25%	
Rice	Transimpex (Germany)	a)	a)	
Rice	Riviana Group (US)	a)	a)	
Rice	Tilda Group	0.25%	-0.25%	
Pasta	Ebro Group France	a)	a)	
Pasta	Garofalo (Italy and international)	1.0%	-0.5%	
Pasta	Bertagni (Italy)	1.75%	-0.5%	
Other	Harinas Santa Rita (Spain)	a)	a)	

a) CGUs in which it would take an increase in the WACC of over 2 percentage points and, simultaneously, a reduction in the rate of growth in perpetuity of over 0.5 percentage points (with respect to the values indicated in the table above) for their recoverable amount to decrease to their carrying amount.

#### 16. INVENTORIES

The breakdown of inventories at year-end 2022 and 2021 (in thousands of euros):

ITEM	31-12-22	31-12-21
Goods held for resale	23,269	10,982
Raw materials	414,304	323,958
Consumables and replacement parts	17,225	13,978
Containers	43,290	31,728
Work in progress	63,593	47,410
Finished goods	285,352	209,818
By-products and waste	7,174	6,264
Prepayments to suppliers	64,452	67,736
TOTAL GROSS CARRYING AMOUNT OF INVENTORIES	918,659	711,874
Inventory impairment provision	(7,544)	(9,175)
TOTAL CARRYING AMOUNT OF INVENTORIES	911,115	702,699

At both reporting dates, the balance of prepayments to suppliers presented on the face of the consolidated statement of financial position mainly comprised payments made to rice growers and rice suppliers. In addition, the Group was contractually committed to the purchase of 38,988 thousand euros of rice from rice growers and cooperatives at year-end 2022 (38,155 thousand euros at year-end 2021). The Group was also contractually committed to raw material and packaging material purchases in the US, Canada, France, Spain and Italy totalling 114,088 thousand euros (year-end 2021: 174,122 thousand euros).

The net provision for inventory impairment recognized in 2022 was 1,870 thousand euros (2021: 4,567 thousand euros), while 3,155 thousand euros of previously recognized provisions were utilized (2021: 2,324 thousand euros); 571 thousand euros (2021: 882 thousand euros) were derecognized due to business disposals; and exchange losses on inventories amounted to 225 thousand euros (2021: losses of 208 thousand euros).

#### 17. SHARE CAPITAL, RESERVES, EARNINGS PER SHARE AND DIVIDENDS

#### 17.1 Capital and reserves

#### Share capital

The Parent's issued capital consisted of 153,865,392 fully subscribed and paid bearer shares with a par value of 0.60 euros each at both year-ends. The Company's shares are traded on the Spanish stock exchanges.

Ebro Foods, S.A. gleans the information regarding its significant shareholders and their shareholdings from the information they themselves provide directly to the Company or the disclosures they make under applicable legislation on significant shareholdings and from information collected by it from its shareholders as part of the process of preparing its annual consolidated financial statements. Based on that information, the Parent's significant shareholders and their shareholdings at year-end are as follows:

	2022					2021					
Significant shareholder	% of voting rights attributed to the shares		% voting rights held through financial instruments  % of total voting rights		% of voting rights attributed to the shares			% voting rights held through financial instruments	% of total voting rights		
	Direct	Indirect	Total			Direct	Indirect	Total			
Corporación Financiera Alba, S.A.	14.522	0.000	14.522	0.000	14.522	14.443	0.000	14.443	0.000	14.443	
Sociedad Anónima Damm (via Corporación Económica Delta, S.A.)	0.000	11.686	11.686	0.000	11.686	0.000	11.686	11.686	0.000	11.686	
Sociedad Estatal de Participaciones Industriales (via Alimentos y Aceites, S.A.)	0.000	10.360	10.360	0.000	10.360	0.000	10.360	10.360	0.000	10.360	
Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L.	9.000	0.000	9.000	0.000	9.000	8.621	0.000	8.621	0.000	8.621	
Grupo Tradifín, S.L.	7.961	0.000	7.961	0.000	7.961	7.961	0.000	7.961	0.000	7.961	
Empresas Comerciales e Industriales Valencianas, S.L.	7.827	0.000	7.827	0.000	7.827	7.827	0.000	7.827	0.000	7.827	
José Ignacio Comenge Sánchez- Real (via Mendibea 2002, S.L.)	0.002	5.362	5.364	0.000	5.364	0.002	5.199	5.201	0.000	5.201	
Artemis Investment Management, LLP	0.000	3.160	3.160	0.000	3.160	0.000	3.650	3.650	0.000	3.650	

## Share premium

As for the share premium, the Consolidated Text of the Spanish Corporate Enterprises Act permits the use of the share premium account balance to increase share capital and provides no specific limitation with respect to its availability. Virtually all of the share premium account was distributed in 2009 by means of the distribution of an in-kind special dividend paid in own shares.

#### Restricted reserves

Spanish enterprises that generate a profit are required to earmark 10% of net profit for the year to a legal reserve until such reserve is equivalent to 20% of share capital. The legal reserve cannot be distributed except in the event of dissolution but it can be used to offset losses insofar as other reserves are not available for this purpose, and to increase capital by the amount that exceeds 10% of capital after the increase. The Parent had fully endowed its legal reserve at both year-ends.

As for the restrictions on the reserves of the Group's subsidiaries, it is worth noting the existence of legal reserves at the Spanish subsidiaries and some of the international subsidiaries totalling approximately 24.8 million euros (21.2 million euros at year-end 2021) that are subject to the same legal reserve regime detailed above. The portion of such reserves arising on consolidation is included under retained earnings.

Consolidated retained earnings includes 38,531 thousand euros (year-end 2021: 38,531 thousand euros) corresponding to Herba Foods S.L.U. In addition, certain foreign subsidiaries have retained earnings which have not been distributed since consolidation within the Ebro Group. In both instances, the distribution of such retained earnings is contingent upon payment of the corresponding income tax or withholdings. Note that the taxable event - income tax or withholdings - would accrue whenever such distribution is ratified, something not expected to occur in the short or medium term.

#### Translation differences - foreign exchange translation differences reserve

The foreign exchange translation differences reserve is used to recognise the exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign subsidiaries. It is also used to recognise hedges of net investments in these entities. The breakdown of translation differences at year-end by company (in thousands of euros) is provided below:

	31-12-22	31-12-21
Herba companies	(12,462)	(6,821)
RIVIANA Group (US)	145,048	88,918
Ebro Alimentación Mexico	(163)	(176)
Garofalo Group (Italy) - International business	(7)	(33)
Ebro Group France - International business	223	107
Tilda Group (UK and UAE)	5,007	22,998
TOTAL	137,646	104,993

#### Own shares

In 2022, the Parent had the power to buy back and sell own shares under the scope of the authorization granted at the Annual General Meeting held on July 29, 2020 for a period of five years (and duly notified to the CNMV in keeping with prevailing legislation).

In 2022, under the scope of the employee share plan, it bought back 42,500 shares, sold 852 and delivered 41,648 own shares to employees. The Company did not hold any own shares at December 31, 2022.

In 2021, the Parent was empowered to buy back and sell own shares under the scope of the authorization granted at the Annual General Meeting held on July 29, 2020 for a period of five years (and duly notified to the CNMV in keeping with prevailing legislation). In 2021, under the scope of the employee share plan, it bought back 37,000 shares, sold 828 and delivered 36,172 own shares to employees. The Company did not hold any own shares at December 31, 2021.

#### 17.2 Earnings per share

Basic EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Parent by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS amounts are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Parent (after adjusting for interest on non-cumulative redeemable and convertible preference shares, of which Ebro Foods, S.A. did not have any at either year-end) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares (Ebro Foods, S.A. did not have any dilutive potential ordinary shares at either year-end).

The following table reflects the income (thousands of euros) and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:

	31/12/2022	31/12/2021
Profit from continuing operations attributable to ordinary equity holders of the		
parent	122,976	133,602
Profit from discontinued operations attributable to ordinary equity holders of the		
parent	(917)	105,027
Profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent	122,059	238,629
Interest on non-cumulative convertible and redeemable preference shares	0	0
Profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent adjusted for the effect of		
dilution (non-cumulative convertible and redeemable preference shares)		
	122,059	238,629

	2022	2021
	Thousands	Thousands
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for basic EPS (*)	153,865	153,865
Effects of dilution from:		
Share options	0	0
Redeemable preference shares	0	0
Weighted average number of ordinary shares adjusted for the effect of dilution	153,865	153,865

<sup>(\*)</sup> Takes into account the weighted average effect of movements in own shares during the year.

There have been no other transactions involving ordinary shares or potential ordinary shares between the reporting date and the date of authorization of these financial statements.

#### 17.3 Dividends

Ordinary dividend - Distribution of the dividends approved at the Annual General Meeting held on June 29, 2022 at which the Parent's shareholders ratified the motion to pay a cash dividend with a charge against 2021 profit and unrestricted reserves of 0.57 euros per share, payable in the course of 2022, for a total outlay of 87,703 thousand euros. The dividend was paid out in three equal instalments of 0.19 euros per share on April 1, June 30, and October 3, 2022.

Dividends declared, paid and proposed:	2022 Thousands	2021
Dividends paid:	Tilousatius	or euros
Ordinary final dividend paid in 2022: 0.57 euros (2021: 0.57 euros)	87,703	87,703
Extraordinary dividend paid in 2022: xero (2021: 0.57 euros)	0	87,703
	87,703	175,406
Proposed dividend subject to approval at the Annual General Meeting (not		
recognized as a liability at year-end)		
Dividend payable in 2023: 0.57 euros (2022: 0.57 euros)	87,703	87,703
	87,703	87,703

#### 18. DEFERRED INCOME

This heading essentially includes grants relating to assets, greenhouse gas emission allowances received (up until 2013) and other items of deferred income that are not individually material. The movements under this heading in 2022 and 2021 (thousands of euros):

	Gover	nment	Other d	leferred		
	gra	nts	income		TO	ΓAL
	31-12-22	31-12-21	31-12-22	31-12-21	31-12-22	31-12-21
Opening balance	10,306	11,437	20	0	10,326	11,437
Grants received	1,026	1,591	0	0	1,026	1,591
Additions due to GHG allowances	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other increases/decreases	(384)	(2,215)	646	20	262	(2,195)
Translation differences	(2)	4	0	0	(2)	4
Reclassified to profit or loss from continuing operations	(497)	(511)	(195)	0	(692)	(511)
Closing balance	10,448	10,306	471	20	10,919	10,326

The year-end balances mainly comprise grants relating to assets awarded to various Group companies in relation to certain fixed asset investment projects (to date these companies have satisfied all the conditions attached to their grant). The most significant increases in 2022 relate to grants awarded to Mundirriso in Italy and in 2021, to grants awarded to Garofalo, also in Italy, to help fund factory expansion work.

The breakdown of grants by maturity is as follows (thousands of euros):

	Pending reclassification to profit or loss		or loss	
GRANTS RELATING TO ASSETS	< 1 year	2 - 5 years	> 5 years	Total
Breakdown of closing balance by maturity	451	1,704	8,293	10,448

# 19. PROVISIONS FOR PENSIONS (POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS) AND SIMILAR OBLIGATIONS

The reconciliation of the opening and closing balances under this heading (in thousands of euros) is as follows:

	31-12-22	31-12-21
	Total	Total
Opening balance	35,088	56,466
Translation differences	360	1,408
Disposals	(538)	(14,441)
Amounts utilized and paid	(11,160)	(12,270)
Amounts transferred to other accounts	(642)	(59)
Surplus provisions and employee departures	(142)	0
Amount provided for in the year for actuarial changes	(10,456)	(10,077)
Amount provided for in the year for unwind of discount	1,076	615
Amount provided for in the year for employee benefits expense	11,601	11,674
Amount provided for in the year for other operating expenses	0	30
Amount provided for in the year in respect of discontinued operations	0	1,742
Closing balance	25,187	35,088

The breakdown by type of post-employment commitment (in thousands of euros):

	31-12-22	31-12-21
Defined benefit obligations	10,417	18,146
Retirement bonuses and similar obligations	8,957	10,918
Senior management bonus schemes (Note 23)	5,813	6,024
TOTAL	25,187	35,088

The types of commitments extended by company/CGU are summarised below:

	Defined contribution	Defined benefit	Other defined		Lama	Termination
	pension	pension	benefit	Retirement	Long- service	or retirement
	•	commitments			bonuses	benefits
Ebro Foods, S.A. (Spain)					Yes (a)	
Riviana Group (US & Canada)	Yes	Yes (b)	Yes (b)		, ,	
Ebro Group France				Yes (a)	Yes (a)	Yes (a)
Bertagni (Italy)						Yes (a)
Boost (Herba) (Belgium)	Yes (c) 2007	Yes (c) 2006				Yes (a)
Herba Bangkok and Ebro India						Yes (a)
Garofalo (Italy)						Yes (a)
Geovita (Herba) (Italy)						Yes (a)
Mundiriso (Herba) (Italy)						Yes (a)
S&B Group (Herba) (UK)	Yes (d)	Yes (d)				
Ebro Foods, Gmbh (Germany)		Yes (a)		Yes (a)		
Euryza (Herba) (Germany)		Yes (a)				
Transimpex (Herba) (Germany)		Yes (a)				
Grupo Ebro Neth. (Herba) (Netherlands)	Yes (e)	Yes (e)	-		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Herba Ricemills (Spain)				Yes (a)		

- (a) Obligations not externalized. Managed and provided for in-house. Except for Garofalo (Italy), which has externalized a portion of its obligations.
- (b) These obligations are managed externally. The administration, management and investment decision-making with respect to these assets is performed by a committee that is independent from the company's management.
- (c) These became defined contribution obligations in 2007.
- (d) Obligations to current employees were switched to a defined contribution benefit arrangement in 2007, while former employees continue to receive a defined benefit scheme.
- (e) These became defined contribution obligations in 2014.

The next section outlines the most significant obligations on the basis of their relative materiality with respect to the overall obligation and/or because their specific circumstances warrant their individual disclosure.

# 19.1 Retirement bonuses and similar obligations

The breakdown by company or business is as follows (in thousands of euros):

	31-12-22	31-12-21
Ebro Group France	3,728	5,014
Herba Rice Group (Herba)	2,190	2,663
Garofalo (Italy)	367	433
Riviana American Group (Riviana)	2,431	2,594
Ebro Foods, S.A.	238	200
Other minor obligations	3	14
TOTAL	8,957	10,918

#### 19.1.1 Ebro Foods, S.A.

The balance at year-end 2022 in respect of Ebro Foods, S.A. totals 238 thousand euros (year-end 2021: 200 thousand euros) and corresponds to the provision for the potential obligation to provide long-service bonuses to some of its employees. The Group is not legally required to externalise this obligation. The expense recognized in this respect was 38 thousand euros in 2022 (2021: 2 thousand euros).

#### 19.1.2 Ebro France Group companies

The Ebro Group France companies have obligations to their employees, mainly in respect of (i) retirement bonuses (provisions of 3,574 and 4,789 thousand euros at year-end 2022 and 2021, respectively); and (ii) long-service bonuses (154 and 255 thousand euros at year-end 2022 and 2021, respectively).

Those provisions were recognized based on actuarial calculations performed internally. The related net expenditure recognized in 2022 amounted to 1,116 thousands euros (2021: 2,818 thousand euros); note that 829 thousand euros was charged directly in equity as actuarial losses (2021: 123 thousand euros credited in equity as actuarial gains), with nothing (2021: 1,537 thousand euros) charged against earnings from discontinued activities.

These provisions are funded in-house, albeit not by specific assets. The interest rate applied in 2022 was 3.77% (0.75% in 2021).

#### 19.1.3 Herba Group companies

The collective bargaining agreements applicable at the subsidiaries in Italy, Belgium, Thailand and India include termination benefit obligations (voluntary or otherwise) for their employees. Those provisions were recognized based on actuarial calculations performed internally in some instances and externally in others.

The related provision at year-end 2022 amounted to 2,193 thousand euros (2,648 thousand euros at year-end 2021). Expenditure in 2022 was 463 thousand euros (2021: 516 thousand euros).

In addition, some Herba Group subsidiaries (S&B Herba in the UK, Boost in Belgium, Ebro Frost in Denmark, Ebro Group Netherlands and the Ingredients Group from 2014) have defined contribution pension plans for some of their employees under which they make an annual contribution based on a percentage of qualifying employees' salaries. Expenditure in 2022 was 2,214 thousand euros (2021: 2,223 thousand euros).

Lastly, in keeping with the rice sector's collective bargaining agreement, Herba Ricemills, S.L.U. has retirement bonus obligations that have been externalized under an insurance policy; the related provision at year end 2022 stood at zero (15 thousand euros at year-end 2021). Net expenditure in 2022 was 82 thousand euros (2021: 53 thousand euros).

## 19.1.4 Garofalo (Italy)

The applicable collective bargaining agreement includes termination benefit obligations (voluntary or otherwise) for employees. That obligation was externalized in 2008; the provision for the obligation funded internally and accrued until the date of externalisation continues to be recognized through settlement. The provision is updated annually on the basis of external actuarial calculations. The related provision at year-end 2022 amounted to 367 thousand euros (433 thousand euros at year-end 2021). The discounting of this provision implied a finance cost of 2 thousand euros in 2022 (2021: 2 thousand euros), actuarial gains credited directly to equity of 70 thousand euros (losses of 10 thousand euros charged in 2021) and payments totalling 17 thousand euros (2021: 41 thousand euros). The expense recognized in 2022 in respect of the obligation externalized since 2008 amounted to 554 thousand euros (2021: 476 thousand euros).

#### 19.1.5 Riviana Foods, Inc.

In addition to the defined benefit obligations detailed in Note 19.2 below, the Riviana Group companies offer their US employees voluntary contribution plans. Those companies match their employees' contributions. Total expenditure in connection with those plans was 2,476 thousand euros in 2022 (2021: 3,235 thousand euros).

#### 19.2 Pension and other defined benefit obligations

The breakdown by company:

Defined benefit	31/12/2022				31/12/2021	
Thousands of euros	Pension	Other		Pension	Other	
	commitments	commitments	Total	commitments	commitments	Total
Riviana Group (US & Canada)	4,241	-4,517	-276	8,508	-3,880	4,628
Boost (Herba) (Belgium)	198		198	143		143
S&B Group (Herba) (UK)	2,808		2,808	4,654		4,654
Ebro Germany (Germany)	1,891		1,891	1,891		1,891
Euryza (Herba) (Germany)	4,689		4,689	4,820		4,820
Transimpex (Germany)	1,107		1,107	2,010		2,010
	14,934	-4,517	10,417	22,026	-3,880	18,146

The reconciliation of the opening and closing balances included in the table above, broken down using geographic criteria, deemed the most appropriate and uniform criterion in terms of the underlying factors generating these obligations, in 2022 and 2021:

	TOT	ΓAL	Eur	оре	US & C	anada
Thousands of euros	31-12-22	31-12-21	31-12-22	31-12-21	31-12-22	31-12-21
Provisions for pensions - obligations						
Opening balance	80,264	81,135	28,370	30,122	51,894	51,013
Charge for the year	3,773	3,151	648	445	3,125	2,706
Actuarial changes	-21,301	-4,106	-7,816	-2,680	-13,485	-1,426
Benefits paid	-9,976	-5,462	-2,067	-881	-7,909	-4,581
Transfers between plans	1,803	0	0	0	1,803	0
Reclassification to liabilities of non-current assets held	0	0	0	0	0	0
Translation differences	2,279	5,546	-922	1,364	3,201	4,182
Closing balance	56,842	80,264	18,213	28,370	38,629	51,894
Provisions for pensions - plan assets						
Opening balance	-62,118	-54,824	-14,852	-12,781	-47,266	-42,043
Return on plan assets	-1,212	-876	-251	-157	-961	-719
Contributions by employer	-1,383	-1,875	-707	-827	-676	-1,048
Actuarial changes	12,335	-5,802	5,534	-1,149	6,801	-4,653
Benefits paid	9,976	5,463	2,067	881	7,909	4,582
Transfers between plans	-1,803	0	0	0	-1,803	0
Translation differences	-2,220	-4,204	689	-819	-2,909	-3,385
Closing balance	-46,425	-62,118	-7,520	-14,852	-38,905	-47,266
Closing balance - benefit asset	10,417	18,146	10,693	13,518	-276	4,628

	TO <sup>-</sup>	ΓAL	Euro	оре	US & C	anada
Net annual cost by component	31-12-22	31-12-21	31-12-22	31-12-21	31-12-22	31-12-21
Current service cost	1,842	1,730	209	116	1,633	1,614
Borrowing costs	1,929	1,423	439	330	1,490	1,093
Expected return on plan assets	-1,212	-876	-251	-157	-961	-719
	2,559	2,277	397	289	2,162	1,988
Actuarial changes recognised directly in						
consolidated equity: (gains)/losses	-8,967	-9,909	-2,282	-3,829	-6,685	-6,080

Actuarial assumptions		31-12-22	31-12-21	31-12-22	31-12-21
Discount rate	1	1.50% - 4.90%	0.55% - 1.90%	4.89% - 5.46%	2.51% - 3.07%
Future salary increases	1	1.50% - 3.10%	1.50% - 3.20%	2.50% - 3.00%	2.50% - 3.00%
Expected return on plan assets	1	1.50% - 4.90%	0.55% - 1.90%	4.89% - 5.46%	2.51% - 3.07%

In general, the obligations relate to pension plans for most of the employees of the Riviana Group in both the US and Canada and for certain employees of the European subsidiaries. At the S&B Group, these obligations now only correspond to former employees (the obligations in respect of current employees were transferred to defined contribution arrangements on January 1, 2006). The Riviana Group in the US has not been adding new employees to this defined benefit scheme since February 2006.

In the case of the Riviana Group, the other commitments relate to health insurance, prescription drug plans and life insurance provided to just some of their employees.

#### 20. OTHER PROVISIONS

The movements under this heading in 2022 and 2021 (in thousands of euros) are shown below:

Movements under other provisions	31-12-22 Total	31-12-21 Total
Opening balance	15,538	14,089
Translation differences	(85)	43
Other transfers	(304)	845
Amounts utilized and payments	(1,605)	(1,596)
Additions with a charge to profit or loss	2,235	3,082
Unused amounts reversed with a credit to profit or loss	(238)	(460)
Business sales/exits	(35)	(465)
Closing balance	15,506	15,538

An analysis by underlying concept and company/business (in thousands of euros):

Breakdown of other provisions by concept	31-12-22	31-12-21
Lawsuits and disputes	14,655	14,744
Modernization and restructuring plan	655	102
Misc. other contingencies of insignificant amount	196	692
	15,506	15,538

	31-12-22	31-12-21
Ebro Foods, S.A.	11,240	11,240
Ebro Group France	550	495
Herba Group	2,165	2,551
Riviana Group	655	102
Garofalo Group	767	1,071
Ebro Group Germany	50	0
Other	79	79
	15,506	15,538

# 20.1 Lawsuits and disputes: Provisions covering the outcome of lawsuits related to the sale of the dairy business

One of the provisioned items is the provision recognized to cover the outcome of lawsuits related to the sale of the dairy business (sold in 2010), specifically related to the reps and warranties extended to its buyers, as an unfavourable ruling in these lawsuits has the effect of reducing the sale-purchase price. Additions to this provision (or reversals thereof) imply an adjustment to the sale price and are accordingly recognized as a reduction (or increase) in profit in the year in which they are recognized.

These lawsuits had been substantially resolved by year-end 2013, so that the related provision stood at zero. However, in the course of 2014 a number of smaller-sized disputes came to light. Management determined it was necessary to recognise a provision in respect of certain of these cases in light of the probable outflow of resources in the future.

In relation to the resolution issued by the Spanish anti-trust authority, the CNMC for its acronym in Spanish, on February 26, 2015, imposing a fine of 10,270 thousand euros on Puleva Food, S.L., its annulment by the National High Court on October 25, 2018 and the subsequent resumption of the disciplinary proceedings by the CNMC with retroactive effect on December 21, 2018, the CNMC issued a new disciplinary ruling on July 11, 2019. In that new ruling, the CNMC reiterated its original opinion of the underlying facts and levied a fine in the same amount against Puleva Food, S.L. Therefore, and notwithstanding the fact that the Group believes it has substantive arguments against this new ruling, the Company's directors believe that the provision recognized to cover this lawsuit should be maintained. There were no material developments in respect of this lawsuit in 2022.

Elsewhere, in 2016, the Group recognized a provision of 2,500 thousand euros to cover the litigation risk associated with the tax assessments signed under protest in 2016 in the wake of an inspection of the Puleva Group in respect of certain years and events in relation to the reps and guarantees provided to the buyer of the Group's former dairy business; the case was pending ruling at the reporting date.

### 20.2 Status of other lawsuits and disputes

In addition to the lawsuits outlined in section 20.1 above, at year-end 2022, the Group had recognized provisions for other lawsuits and disputes in the amount of 4,266 thousand euros (year-end 2021: 4,298 thousand euros).

The provisions relate to court proceedings underway and other claims; in the directors' opinion, after taking appropriate legal advice from its in-house and external counsel, the outcome of these legal claims will not give rise to any significant liabilities beyond the amounts provided at year-end.

The breakdown of the maximum liability under these legal claims (items 20.1 and 20.2 above) is shown below (in thousands of euros):

	31-12-22	31-12-21
Tax and customs assessments signed under protest Judicial review contingencies Other lawsuits	1,748 12,436 1,646	2,131 12,031 1,749
	15,830	15,911

#### **21. TAXES**

Year-end balances receivable from and payable to the tax authorities (in thousands of euros):

	Recei	Receivable		Payable		
	31-12-22	31-12-21	31-12-22	31-12-21		
VAT and personal income tax	33,945	27,748	(9,990)	(15,992)		
Social security	33	44	(3,513)	(3,364)		
Grants pending collection	5,770	3,963				
Other tax authorities	26,728	3,710	(1,242)	(410)		
Total taxes receivable/payable	66,476	35,465	(14,745)	(19,766)		
Income tax - tax payable/refundable	19,414	23,097	(14,364)	(37,454)		

The balance receivable from other tax authorities of 26,728 thousand euros includes 25,295 thousand euros due from the French tax authorities related with payments on account made in 2022 as a result of the sale of the Panzani business in 2021 (Note 5). That balance was collected in full on March 1, 2023.

Certain Group companies file consolidated tax returns in keeping with applicable tax and other legislation prevailing in each country. The companies that file under a consolidated tax regime are: most of the Spanish companies (Spanish tax group), the Riviana group (US) together with its Canadian subsidiary, the Ebro France group and the Group companies resident in Germany and the Netherlands for tax purposes.

The statutory corporate income tax rates vary from one country to another, the most significant (on account of their relative materiality) being the rates prevailing in: Spain: 25%; France: 25.83% (28.41% in 2021); the US: 24%; Germany: 30%; the Netherlands: 25.5%; Italy: 28%; Argentina: 30%; and the UK: 19% (set to increase to 23% from April 2023). The table provided later on in this note presents the impact of the national rates other than 25% (benchmark Spanish rate) under the dedicated line item, "Impact of differing tax rates (taxable income)".

Income tax expense for the year ended December 31, 2022 was quantified on the basis of the best estimate of the weighted average tax rate (effective rate) expected to apply in the current annual reporting period, adjusted for application of prevailing tax provisions. The consolidated average effective tax rate (in respect of profit from continuing operations) in 2022 was 27.04% (26.93% in 2020).

The breakdown of the tax expense accrued by the Group in 2022 and 2021 (in thousands of euros) is provided below:

	31/12	/2022	31/12/2021	
	Accounting	Tax	Accounting	Tax
Accounting profit before tax from continuing operations	185,807	185,807	198,731	198,731
Profit before tax from discontinued operations	(1,019)	(1,019)	140,360	140,360
Profit/(loss) before tax recognized in equity	10,456	10,456	10,077	10,077
	195,244	195,244	349,168	349,168
Permanent differences	19,249	19,249	(650)	(650)
Tax losses generated during the year	4,855	4,855	4,262	4,262
Utilization of individual tax losses	(10,242)	(10,242)	(31,557)	(31,557)
Accounting profit adjusted for permanent differences	209,106	209,106	321,223	321,223
Temporary differences		(14,014)		123,949
Tax losses generated during the year		7,988		0
Utilization of tax losses		(2,997)		(11,045)
Adjusted taxable profit	209,106	200,083	321,223	434,127
Impact of differing tax rates (taxable income)	(19,534)	(19,970)	(14,399)	(13,820)
Taxable income of the Group	189,572	180,113	306,824	420,307
Tax calculated at statutory rate of 25%	47,393	45,028	76,706	105,077
Tax credits utilized	0	0	(6,997)	(7,078)
Tax payable	47,393	45,028	69,709	97,999
Adjustments in respect of prior-year's income tax	(830)		2,299	
Restatement of net deferred taxes due to changes in tax rates	(2,471)		9,063	
Restatement of net deferred taxes	5,295		2,670	
Inspection assessments and fines	(356)	(336)	(3,341)	581
Equivalent tax charges	3,671	5,239	10,775	11,151
Adjustment in respect of prior year's tax payable		(541)		3,316
Total tax expense	52,702	49,390	91,175	113,047
Tax expense, continuing operations	50,242		53,512	·
Tax expense, discontinued operations	(102)		35,333	
Tax expense, recognized directly in equity	2,562		2,330	
	52,702		91,175	

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS - INCOME TAX	31/12/2022	31/12/2021
Current tax expense, continuing operations	45,130	42,348
Current tax expense, sale of discontinued operations	(102)	55,651
Total deferred tax expense	(271)	(30,254)
Tax expense deferred in equity	2,636	1,964
Restatement of prior-year's income tax	(830)	2,299
Restatement of net deferred taxes	2,824	11,733
Equivalent tax charges	3,671	10,775
Inspection assessments and fines	(356)	(3,341)
	52,702	91,175

Tax expense, recognized directly in equity	31/12/2022	31/12/2021
Change in fair value of financial assets	0	0
Change due to actuarial gains/(losses)	2,562	2,330
	2,562	2,330

Total expense for tax purposes less the withholdings and payments on account made during the year yields the amount of tax payable to / refundable by the tax authorities in respect of current income tax.

The most significant temporary differences in 2022 and 2021:

- A decrease of 10,544 thousand euros in 2022 (2021: decrease of 8,776 thousand euros) due to the tax effect of actuarial losses/gains on pension commitments, recognized directly in equity.
- In 2021 (no effect in 2022), an increase of 62,614 thousand euros due to the effects
  of the sale that year of the assets and liabilities of the dry pasta business in the US
  and Canada.
- A decrease of 11,299 thousand euros (2021: 20,738 thousand euros) due to the amortization for tax purposes of the goodwill arising on the acquisition of foreign companies.
- In 2021 (no effect in 2022), an increase of 122,711 thousand euros related with the temporary difference arising from the derecognition of goodwill for tax purposes following the sale of Panzani, SAS.
- A decrease of 3,465 thousand euros (42,762 thousand euros in 2021) in relation to temporary differences at the Riviana group (US), mainly due to the amortization for tax purposes of trademarks and other assets and the recognition in different periods for accounting versus tax purposes of items in provision and accrual accounts.
- A decrease of 3,479 thousand euros (2021: 1,310 thousand euros) in relation to temporary differences at the Herba group, mainly due to the amortization for tax purposes of trademarks and other assets, accelerated depreciation regimes in Italy and the US and the recognition in different periods for accounting versus tax purposes of items in provision accounts.
- A decrease of 1,560 thousand euros (increase of 19,673 thousand euros in 2021) in relation to temporary differences at the Ebro France group, due mainly to movements under provisions, offset by property, plant and equipment depreciation charges and, in 2021, the carve-out of assets prior to the sale of Panzani, SAS.
- An increase of 3,575 thousand euros (decrease of 11,503 thousand euros in 2021) in consolidation adjustments due to different accounting criteria applied in preparing the separate versus the consolidated annual financial statements.
- An increase of 2,014 thousand euros (2021: increase of 4,040 thousand euros), mainly in relation to other companies, due to the origination and/or utilization for tax purposes of provisions recognized and/or reversed during the year, the recognition and/or reversal of depreciation and impairment losses on non-financial assets and other contingencies cancelled and financial assets that were or were not eligible for deduction during the year.

The permanent differences correspond basically to:

- In 2022: an increase of 19,244 thousand euros due to the loss generated on the sale of Roland Monterrat, which is not deductible for tax purposes (Note 5).
- In 2021: an increase of 37,753 thousand euros due to the effects of the sale of the assets and liabilities of the dry pasta businesses in the US and Canada, corresponding essentially to the carrying amount of goodwill derecognized following the sales.

In addition, in 2021, the sale of the French Dry Pasta business gave rise to a net decrease of 19,987 thousand euros, by way of permanent difference, due to the 95% exemption on the gain for tax purposes (net because that decrease was partially offset by taxation on the gain obtained on the asset carve-out carried out prior to the sale of Panzani, SAS).

The remaining 5 thousand euro net increase in 2022 (2021: net decrease of 18,416 thousand euros) relates to amounts equivalent to tax that do not compute for income tax calculation purposes, the effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining tax profit, the deductibility for tax purposes of losses on non-current financial assets and the reversal of certain provisions that were not deductible for tax purposes when they were recognized in prior years.

The Group did not apply unused tax credits in 2022 due to the lack of sufficient taxable income (2021: 6,997 thousand euros). The tax credits utilized in 2021 derived mainly from new product development efforts, charitable donation deductions, deductions under double taxation treaties and tax relief on the reinvestment of gains generated by asset sales (still-unused credits generated prior to 2014).

Until and including 2014, it was possible in Spain to certify deductions in respect of reinvestments; those deductions were eliminated in 2015. Between 2013 and 2006, both inclusive, the Spanish tax group reinvested qualifying proceeds totalling 33.1, 5.0, 115.3, 57.3, 1.5, 16.2, 11.2 and 76.3 million euros, respectively. These reinvestments satisfied all of the requirements for qualifying for the related tax relief.

The reconciliation of the opening and closing deferred tax balances (in thousands of euros) is provided below:

	31/12/2022				31/12/2021	
	Assets	Liabilities	Net	Assets	Liabilities	Net
Opening balance: continuing operations	46,270	(222,220)	(175,950)	61,996	(242,916)	(180,920)
Opening balance: discontinued operations	0	0	0	608	(14,982)	(14,374)
Transfers	512	(373)	139	378	(218)	160
Translation differences	1,249	(3,503)	(2,254)	1,995	(9,940)	(7,945)
Business combinations	0	0	0	0	(927)	(927)
Disposals / derecognitions	(550)	3,022	2,472	(7,091)	13,204	6,113
Charged / credited in statement of profit or loss	1,983	(1,707)	276	(4,872)	35,129	30,257
Charged / credited to equity	(1,728)	(646)	(2,374)	(1,020)	(879)	(1,899)
Restatements	1,058	(1,863)	(805)	(5,724)	(691)	(6,415)
Reclassification to assets and liabilities held for sale	0	0	0	0	0	0
Closing balance	48,794	(227,290)	(178,496)	46,270	(222,220)	(175,950)

The breakdown of deferred taxes into their most significant components at year-end is provided in the next table:

	31/12	/2022	31/12	/2021
	Deferr	ed tax	Deferred tax	
	assets	liabilities	assets	liabilities
Property, plant and equipment	216	(59,677)	135	(61,633)
Investment properties	9,133	(25)	7,255	(50)
Goodwill	2,688	(82,746)	2,774	(76,558)
Other intangible assets	4,726	(76,253)	4,334	(76,525)
Inventories	8,881	(269)	7,478	(198)
Receivables and accruals (assets)	3,142	(1,392)	2,245	(1,135)
Pensions and similar obligations	6,276	(926)	7,167	(450)
Other non-current provisions	409	(630)	1,090	(493)
Payables and accruals (liabilities)	7,813	(156)	10,113	0
Unused tax credits and tax losses	5,510	0	3,679	0
Tax assessments	0	(2,972)	0	(2,972)
Accrual of tax credits	0	(2,244)	0	(2,206)
TOTAL	48,794	(227,290)	46,270	(222,220)

At year-end 2022, the Group companies had around 65 million euros of unused tax losses (43 million euros at year-end 2021), for which it has mostly not recognized the corresponding tax assets, which it can offset against taxable profit during periods ranging from four years to indefinitely.

The Spanish tax group has its books open to inspection from 2016 in respect of corporate income tax and from 2019 in respect of all other applicable taxes. The other Group companies have their books open to inspection in respect of the taxes and years applicable under local tax legislation insofar as not already inspected, in most instances from 2018 or 2019.

The directors believe there is no need to provide for potential additional tax liabilities that could arise from differing interpretations of tax regulations.

#### Lawsuits and disputes: Tax assessments

A tax inspection of the Spanish tax group in respect of 2008 to 2011, both inclusive, concluded in May 2014. All of the assessments were paid (using financial criteria), including those being contested (albeit not the related fines). The assessments signed under protest have been appealed.

As for the tax assessments with respect to 2008 to 2011, on September 11, 2020, the Company received word that the High Court had dismissed the Company's appeal and the Company has therefore lodged a new appeal before the Supreme Court.

Elsewhere, an inspection of the Spanish tax group for 2012 to 2015, both years included, finished in 2018; as a result, in 2018, the Company recognized 851 thousand euros of provisions in relation to preliminary assessments signed under protest. The definitive assessments for the years covered by that inspection were handed down in 2019 and the Company adjusted its provision, accordingly, reducing it by 49 thousand euros. All of the assessments had already been recognized in 2018 for accounting purposes either for payment (those not contested) or as provisions (those contested). The assessments signed under protest have been appealed.

In addition, definitive assessments in the amount of 3,641 thousand euros were signed under protest in relation to a specific concept (transfer prices) with which the Ebro Group is in total disagreement. In this instance, the balance has not been provided for as the assessments have been appealed and the likelihood of winning the claim is deemed very high due to the fact that there are solid arguments and precedent following prior inspections, prompting the directors to classify the probability of an outflow of resources as remote. Rulings were handed down on four of the seven lawsuits comprising this part of the assessments in 2021 and 2022 (friendly agreements between Spain and other countries in order to avoid double taxation) which have not given rise to significant outflows of resources for the Ebro Group.

There were no new significant developments in the lawsuits related with the other tax assessments appealed in relation to the 2012-2015 inspection in 2021 or 2022.

#### 22. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

<u>Commitments under leases that have not been capitalized (exempt low-value and short-term leases)</u> – Group as lessee

Note 10 provides the minimum future expenses (payments) payable under leases that have not been capitalized due to qualification as low-value or short-term leases.

## Operating lease commitments - Group as lessor

The Group has leased several properties within its investment property portfolio. Those non-cancellable leases have remaining terms of between one and five years. All leases include a clause to enable revision, generally upwards, of the rental charge on an annual basis according to prevailing market conditions.

Future minimum rentals receivable under non-cancellable operating leases at year-end (in thousands of euros) are as follows:

	31/12/2022	31/12/2021
Within one year	1,052	338
After one year but not more than five years	70	174
More than five years	65	0
Total	1,187	512

#### Capital commitments

Capital expenditure contracted for (machinery purchases and upgrades) at the end of the reporting period but not yet incurred totalled 54,423 thousand euros (31,296 thousand euros at year-end 2021).

#### Inventory commitments

Refer to the disclosures provided in Note 16.

#### Legal claims and dispute guarantees

Refer to the disclosures provided in Notes 20 and 21.

#### <u>Guarantees</u>

The guarantees provided in the form of bank guarantees at the end of each reporting period (in thousands of euros):

	31/12/2022	31/12/2021
Bank guarantees: Provided to courts and other bodies in relation to		
claims and tax deferrals (notes 20 & 21)	19,450	20,207
Bank guarantees: provided to Spain's Agricultural Guarantee Fund (FEGA), customs authorities		
and third parties to guarantee fulfilment of obligations arising in the ordinary course of business	46,921	45,590
Other bank guarantees:	0	943
TOTAL	66,371	66,740

Lastly, the Garofalo group's credit facilities, with a drawdown limit of 40 million euros, are secured by a mortgage over its factory and site in Italy (Note 12).

#### Investment commitments

As detailed in Note 12.2, the Group has closed a number of business combinations in recent years in which it has acquired the majority of the target companies' voting rights and, by extension, control. In structuring some of those transactions it granted the NCI holders certain put options over their shares, as detailed in the table below.

		%		
Business acquired	Acquisition date	Acquired	% NCI	Description
Transimpex m.b.H.	01/10/2017	100%	-	Note 1
Pastificio Lucio Garofalo Spa	18/06/2014	52%	48%	Note 2
Santa Rita Harinas, S.L.	13/07/2016	52%	48%	Note 2
Geovita group	01/08/2017	52%	48%	Note 2
Bertagni 1882, S.p.A.	01/04/2018	70%	30%	Note 2

**Note 1**: Transimpex: the Group is obliged to acquire the NCI holdings (45%), paying a fixed price, in the event of the death, disability or abandonment of the NCI holder. That fixed price will be grossed up by the corresponding percentage interest in any profits that have not been distributed on the date of the purchase of the NCI holder shares. In that instance, therefore, it is understood that the Group has deferred payment for 100% of the shares, such that the NCI shares are recognized as if they had already been acquired at the time of the business combination and any changes in the recognized liability payable to the NCI holders are recognized in profit or loss.

**Note 2:** The price of the put options written over the NCI shares will be calculated on the basis of average earnings over a series of years. The accounting policy applied by the Group to recognise those put options, for which it has concluded that IAS 32 does not apply as the Group has not acquired the voting and dividend rights attached to 100% of the target companies' shares (including those held by NCI holders), is described in Note 3.a.

With respect to the contractual terms and conditions of the above business combinations, note that:

- They do not impose any restrictions on the NCI holders' voting rights or dividend entitlements.
- They do not entail purchased NCI call options with the same exercise date as the written NCI put options, even though the call and put option price-setting features may be similar.
- The exercise prices for the NCI holders' put options are established on the basis of average earnings reported by the companies acquired over a series of years and are not, therefore, set at a fixed amount (other than Transimpex).

In light of the above, with the exception of the Transimpex transaction, the written NCI put options are not considered contingent consideration requiring measurement under IAS 32 but rather under IFRS 10, as the options do not give the buyers present access to the returns associated with the NCI holders' shares.

The summary of the outstanding commitments assumed by entity:

• <u>Transimpex</u> - In September 2017, through its wholly-owned German subsidiary, Ebro Foods, Gmbh., the Ebro Group acquired 55% of Germany's Transimpex, mbH., also committing to acquire the outstanding 45%.

The total investment for 100% of Transimpex amounted to 23,622 thousand euros, of which 9,361 thousand euros was paid for in 2017. The Group committed to paying the outstanding 14,261 thousand euros three years from the close, by September 30, 2020, from which date (and with no time limit but with a notice requirement of 12 months) the sellers are free to exercise their put option at the amount of the agreed deferred consideration plus 45% of retained earnings since January 1, 2018. Transimpex has therefore been fully consolidated in light of this control arrangement; in parallel the Ebro Group has recognized the estimated cost of the option over the remaining 45% as a non-current financial liability (valued in accordance with the method described in Note 1 of the table above).

<u>Garofalo group</u> - The Ebro Group acquired 52% of Italy's Pasta Garofalo on June 18, 2014. The Group acquired a 52% interest for 63,455 thousand euros, paying 58,255 thousand euros in 2014 and the remaining 5,200 thousand euros in 2015. The Group took effective control of the Garofalo Group on June 30, 2014, which was also the date of its first-time consolidation.

In addition, the Group arranged two options with the other shareholder over the remaining 48%: it wrote a put option (exercisable until December 31, 2029 following an amendment of the terms in 2019) and purchased a call option (exercisable from January 1, to December 31, 2030, as amended in 2019). The acquisition price in the event the options are exercised will be determined as a function of the targets' average earnings metrics over a series of years, as well as other terms and conditions customary in arrangements of this nature. The fair value of the written NCI put option has been recognized as a current financial liability (measured in accordance with the method described in Note 2 of the table above).

 <u>Santa Rita Harinas</u> - The Ebro Group acquired 52% of Santa Rita Harinas, S.L. for 4,778 thousand euros in July 2016. The Group took effective control of Santa Rita Harinas, S.L. on July 13, 2016, which was also the date of its first-time consolidation.

In addition, the Group arranged two options with the other shareholder over the remaining 48%, writing a put option (exercisable from August 2019 with no expiry date) and purchasing a call option (exercisable from August 2026 with no expiry date) over the NCI holder's shares. The acquisition price in the event the options are exercised will be determined as a function of the targets' average earnings metrics over a series of years, as well as other terms and conditions customary in arrangements of this nature. The fair value of the written NCI put option has been recognized as a current financial liability (measured in accordance with the method described in Note 2 of the table above).

Geovita - In July 2017, the Ebro Group acquired a 52% interest in the Geovita group of Italy, whose parent company is Geovita Functional Ingredients, S.r.l., also undertaking to acquire the remaining 48%. It invested 16,500 thousand euros for that 52% shareholding, which it paid for in 2017. The Group took effective control of Geovita on August 1, 2017, which was also the date of its first-time consolidation.

In addition, the Group has provided a put option over the remaining 48% (exercisable by the other shareholder over a 10-year period from July 2021). The price of this option will be determined as a function of Geovita's average earnings metrics over a series of years, as well as other terms and conditions customary in arrangements of this nature. The fair value of the written NCI put option has been recognized as a current financial liability (measured in accordance with the method described in Note 2 of the table above).

 Bertagni Group - On March 29, 2018, the Group acquired 70% of Italy's Bertagni 1882, S.p.A ("Bertagni") through the Panzani Group and Pastificio Lucio Garofalo, S.p.A. The Group's investment totalled 96.5 million euros. The date on which the Group took effective control of this business - and the date of its first-time consolidation - was April 1, 2018.

In addition, there is a put option over the remaining 30% (exercisable by the other shareholders over a 10-year period from April 2022). The acquisition price in the event this option is exercised will be determined as a function of the target's average earnings metrics over a series of years, as well as other terms and conditions customary in arrangements of this nature. The fair value of the written NCI put option has been recognized as a current financial liability (measured in accordance with the method described in "Note 2" at the start of this Note 22).

The Group's investment commitments with respect to these companies and the expected timeline of the potential future payments are summarised below:

Thousands of euros		Group	Group
	Total	1	2
Commitments at January 1, 2022	196,802	19,342	177,460
- Dividends paid in 2022	-7,072	-1,700	-5,372
- Share of profit/(loss) in 2022 (a)	8,578		8,578
- Share of other income and expenses recognized in equity	292		292
- Expenses/losses related to derivatives and financial instruments (note 7.3)	3,010	3,010	
- Settlement (payment) of options	0	0	0
- Change in fair value in 2022 (a)	11,567		11,567
Commitments at December 31, 2022	213,177	20,652	192,525
Estimated payment timeline			
- Potential payments in 2023	192,525		
- Potential payments in 2024	20,652		
	213,177		

- Group 1: Transimpex
- Group 2: Garofalo group, Santa Rita Harinas, Geovita and Bertagni group
- (a) The non-controlling interests' shares in these companies' earnings is recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss under "Group profit for the year - Attributable to non-controlling interests" and the impacts of the subsequent remeasurement of the NCI puts are recognized against retained earnings in the consolidated statement of changes in equity within "Other movements".

#### 23. RELATED-PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Sales to and purchases from related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Outstanding balances at the year-end are unsecured and interest free and settlement occurs in cash. The Group has not extended or received other guarantees in respect of accounts receivable from or payable to its related parties.

The Group did not record any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties in either reporting period. That assessment is undertaken each financial year by examining the financial situation of the related party and the market in which it operates.

# 23.1 <u>Transactions with significant shareholders (or parties related thereto) of Ebro</u> Foods, S.A. (excluding directors)

Note 17 itemizes the shareholders with significant interests in Ebro Foods, S.A. (parent of the Ebro Foods Group) in 2022.

A summary of the transactions, excluding dividends, between any Ebro Group company and those significant shareholders and their related parties (unless those shareholders are directors, whose transactions are disclosed separately in Note 23.2) is provided below (in thousands of euros):

Significant shareholder (and its related party)	Relationship between the shareholder and its related party	Ebro Group company	Type of transaction	2022 Amount	2021 Amount
Sociedad Anónima Damm (Estrella de Levante, S.A.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, SLU	Sale of goods (finished and in-progress)	1,796	1,397
Sociedad Anónima Damm (Cía Cervecera Damm, SA.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, SLU	Sale of goods (finished and in-progress)	6,697	5,262
Sociedad Anónima Damm (Alfil Logistics, S.A.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, SLU	Purchase of services	0	7

# 23.2 <u>Transactions with directors and executives (or parties related thereto) of Ebro Foods, S.A.</u>

The summary of transactions, other than dividends and remuneration payments, between the Ebro Group companies and their directors and parties related to the latter, is as follows (in thousands of euros):

Director (and his related party)	Relationship between the director and his related party	Ebro Group company with which the transaction was performed	Type of transaction	2022 Amount	2021 Amount
Antonio Hernández Callejas (Luis Hernández González)	Relative	Ebro Foods, S.A.	Lease (expense)	45	42
Antonio Hernández Callejas (Hacienda las Casetas, S.L.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Sale of goods (finished and in-progress)	12	0
Demetrio Carceller Arce (Disa Energy, S.L.U.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Purchase of services	7,263	0
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Fitoplacton Marino, S.L.)	Company	Arotz Foods, S.A.	Sale of goods (finished and in-progress)	9	4
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A.)	Company	Arotz Foods, S.A.	Sale of goods (finished and in-progress)	0	1
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Lease (expense)	1	150
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Purchase of goods (finished and in-progress)	943	474
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A.)	Company	Arrozeiras Mundiarroz, S.A.	Purchase of goods (finished and in-progress)	330	529
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Sale of goods (finished and in-progress)	32	303

Director (and his related party)	Relationship between the director and his related party	Ebro Group company with which the transaction was performed	Type of transaction	2022 Amount	2021 Amount
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A.)	Company	Boost Nutrition, CV	Purchase of goods (finished and in-progress)	65	13
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A.)	Company	Boost Nutrition, CV	Sale of goods (finished and in-progress)	65	13
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	R&D transfers and licence agreements	219	0
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Sale of goods (finished and in-progress)	0	107
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Purchase of services	19	187
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A.)	Company	Boost Nutrition, CV	Sale of goods (finished and in-progress)	0	7
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A.)	Company	Herba Ingredients BV	Purchase of goods (finished and in-progress)	35	0
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A.)	Company	Boost Nutrition, CV	Purchase of goods (finished and in-progress)	0	7
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Provision of services	14	7
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A.)	Company	La Loma Alimentos, S.A.	Purchase of goods (finished and in-progress)	126	0
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A - El Cobujon, S.L.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Purchase of goods (finished and in-progress)	219	388
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A - El Cobujon, S.L.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Sale of goods (finished and in-progress)	29	194
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A - El Cobujon, S.L.)	Company	Boost Nutrition, CV	Purchase of goods (finished and in-progress)	65	20

Director (and his related party)	Relationship between the director and his related party	Ebro Group company with which the transaction was performed	Type of transaction	2022 Amount	2021 Amount
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A - El Cobujon, S.L.)	Company	Boost Nutrition, CV	Sale of goods (finished and in-progress)	65	20
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A - El Cobujon, S.L.)	Company	Herba Ingredients BV	Purchase of goods (finished and in-progress)	35	0
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A - El Cobujon, S.L.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Purchase of services	1	8
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A - El Cobujon, S.L.)	Company	Arrozeiras Mundiarroz, S.A.	Sale of goods (finished and in-progress)	0	16
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A - El Cobujon, S.L.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Provision of services	13	7
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Australian Commodities, S.L.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Purchase of goods (finished and in-progress)	86	79
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Australian Commodities, S.L.)	Company	Boost Nutrition, CV	Purchase of goods (finished and in-progress)	10	108
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Australian Commodities, S.L.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Sale of goods (finished and in-progress)	101	70
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Australian Commodities, S.L.)	Company	Boost Nutrition, CV	Sale of goods (finished and in-progress)	10	108
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Australian Commodities, S.L.)	Company	Arrozeiras Mundiarroz, S.A.	Sale of goods (finished and in-progress)	0	10
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Australian Commodities, S.L.)	Company	Herba Ingredients BV	Purchase of goods (finished and in-progress)	37	7
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Australian Commodities, S.L.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Provision of services	17	9
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Australian Commodities, S.L.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Purchase of services	1	2

Director (and his related party)	Relationship between the director and his related party	Ebro Group company with which the transaction was performed	Type of transaction	2022 Amount	2021 Amount
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Dehesa Norte, S.L.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Purchase of goods (finished and in-progress)	687	6,024
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Dehesa Norte, S.L.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Sale of goods (finished and in-progress)	42	95
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Dehesa Norte, S.L.)	Company	Boost Nutrition, CV	Purchase of goods (finished and in-progress)	65	82
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Dehesa Norte, S.L.)	Company	Boost Nutrition, CV	Sale of goods (finished and in-progress)	65	82
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Dehesa Norte, S.L.)	Company	Herba Ingredients BV	Purchase of goods (finished and in-progress)	35	0
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Dehesa Norte, S.L.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Purchase of services	23	49
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Dehesa Norte, S.L.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Lease (expense)	20	31
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Dehesa Norte, S.L.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Provision of services	13	9
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Dehesa Casudis, S.L.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Purchase of goods (finished and in-progress)	692	523
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Islasur, S.A.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Purchase of goods (finished and in-progress)	68	73
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Islasur, S.A.)	Company	Boost Nutrition, CV	Purchase of goods (finished and in-progress)	10	99
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Islasur, S.A.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Sale of goods (finished and in-progress)	80	65
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Islasur, S.A.)	Company	Boost Nutrition, CV	Sale of goods (finished and in-progress)	10	99

Director (and his related party)	Relationship between the director and his related party	Ebro Group company with which the transaction was performed	Type of transaction	2022 Amount	2021 Amount
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Islasur, S.A.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Purchase of services	0	3
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Islasur, S.A.)	Company	Herba Ingredients BV	Purchase of goods (finished and in-progress)	35	7
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Islasur, S.A.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Provision of services	16	9
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Pesquería Isla Mayor, S.L.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Purchase of goods (finished and in-progress)	11	65
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Pesquería Isla Mayor, S.L.)	Company	Boost Nutrition, CV	Purchase of goods (finished and in-progress)	65	99
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Pesquería Isla Mayor, S.L.)	Company	Boost Nutrition, CV	Sale of goods (finished and in-progress)	65	99
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Pesquería Isla Mayor, S.L.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Sale of goods (finished and in-progress)	29	65
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Pesquería Isla Mayor, S.L.)	Company	Herba Ingredients BV	Purchase of goods (finished and in-progress)	35	0
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Pesquería Isla Mayor, S.L.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Purchase of services	1	10
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Pesquería Isla Mayor, S.L.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Provision of services	13	9
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Hispamark Real Estate,S.L.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Lease (expense)	441	261
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Hispamark Real Estate,S.L.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Purchase of services	33	30
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Zudirroz,S.L.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Purchase of goods (finished and in-progress)	627	489

Director (and his related party)	Relationship between the director and his related party	Ebro Group company with which the transaction was performed	Type of transaction	2022 Amount	2021 Amount
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Oryza Agrícola, S.L.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Sale of goods (finished and in-progress)	0	2
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Rivereta 12, S.L.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Purchase of goods (finished and in-progress)	76	14
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Hacienda Bocón, S.L.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Purchase of goods (finished and in-progress)	302	240
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Greenveta 78, S.L.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Purchase of goods (finished and in-progress)	123	181
Grupo Tradifín S.L. and Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A Hispagrains Agro SL)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Purchase of goods (finished and in-progress)	4,825	0
Grupo Tradifín, S.L. (Cabher 96, S.L.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Purchase of goods (finished and in-progress)	0	28
Grupo Tradifín, S.L. (Cabher 96, S.L.)	Company	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Sale of goods (finished and in-progress)	1	0

# 23.3 <u>Other transactions with significant shareholders and directors/executives:</u> dividends received from Ebro Foods, S.A.

Framed by Ebro Foods, S.A.'s general dividend policy, the following amounts were paid in 2022 (2021) (expressed in thousands of euros):

- ➤ Dividends paid to significant shareholders (those that were directors as at December 31, 2022): 22,186 (24,837)
- ➤ Dividends paid to directors (and persons related thereto) and officers: 40,350 (97,915)

# 23.4 <u>Transactions undertaken with other Ebro Group companies that are not eliminated in the consolidated financial statements and whose purpose or terms fall outside the Group's ordinary course of business or other than on an arm's length basis</u>

There were no related-party transactions of this type in either reporting period.

#### 23.5 Transactions with other related parties

The note summarizes the transactions performed in 2022 and 2021 between the Ebro Group and "Other related parties" (in thousands of euros):

Other related parties	Ebro Group company with which the transaction was performed	Type of transaction	2022 Amount	2021 Amount
Félix Hernández Callejas (transaction performed by Hernández Barrera Servicios, S.A., with which Félix Hernández Callejas has company ties)	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Provision of services	4	4
Félix Hernández Callejas (transaction performed by Hernández Barrera Servicios, S.A.)	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Sale of goods (finished and in-progress)	1	0
Félix Hernández Callejas (transaction performed by Hernández Barrera Servicios, S.A.)	Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Purchase of services	319	300

Note that one of the directors of Hernández Barrera Servicios, S.A. is Félix Hernández Callejas, who is the natural person who represents Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. on the Board of Directors of Ebro Foods, S.A.

#### 23.6 Other disclosures

Ebro Foods, S.A. holds a 40% shareholding in Riso Scotti S.p.A. The investment in this associate is accounted for using the equity method.

Riso Scotti S.p.A. is an Italian company whose corporate purpose is analogous to that of Ebro Foods, S.A.

Mr. Antonio Hernández Callejas, Chairman of Ebro Foods, S.A., is a director of Riso Scotti, S.p.A.

The transactions performed by Ebro Foods, S.A. and its Group companies with Riso Scotti S.p.A. (an associate that is not fully consolidated by the Ebro Group) in 2022 and 2021 (amounts in thousands of euros):

Ebro Group company with which the transaction was performed	Type of transaction	2022 Amount	2021 Amount
Ebro Foods, S.A.	Services rendered (income)	4	0
Ebro Foods, S.A.	Dividends received	1,000	1,000
Arotz Foods, S.A.	Purchase of goods (finished and in- progress)	83	34
Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Purchase of goods (finished and in- progress)	444	389
Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Sale of goods (finished and in-progress)	8,329	6,054

Ebro Group company with which the transaction was performed	Type of transaction	2022 Amount	2021 Amount
Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Sale of PP&E, intangible and other assets	121	0
Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Other expenses	5	0
Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	Finance income	25	12
Mundiriso, S.R.L.	Purchase of goods (finished and in- progress)	1,423	842
Mundiriso, S.R.L.	Sale of goods (finished and in-progress)	2,681	1,180
Arrozeiras Mundiarroz, S.A.	Purchase of goods (finished and in- progress)	139	122
Geovita Functional Ingredients, S.R.L.	Purchase of goods (finished and in- progress)	134	224
Geovita Functional Ingredients, S.R.L.	Sale of goods (finished and in-progress)	307	613
Herba Bangkok, S.L.	Sale of goods (finished and in-progress)	1,756	704
Herba Ingredients group	Sale of goods (finished and in-progress)	243	110
Ebro Ingredients, BV	Purchase of goods (finished and in- progress)	63	0

# 23.7 Fiduciary duties: conflicts of interest and non-compete duty

All of the directors, including in the case of the legal person directors their natural person representatives, have informed the Company that neither they nor any of their related parties found themselves party to any of the direct or indirect conflicts of interest itemised in article 229 of Spain's Corporate Enterprises Act.

In addition, the directors, and where relevant the natural persons representing them on the Board of Directors of Ebro Foods, S.A., itemised below have informed the Company of the following relationships with entities that carry on an analogous business activity to that constituting Ebro Foods, S.A.'s core business:

- For Grupo Tradifín, S.L. holds (i) a direct interest of 50% in Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A., an entity of which it is a director; and (ii) a 100% interest in Cabher 96, S.L., an entity of which it is the sole director.
- Ms. Blanca Hernández Rodríguez (the natural person who represents Grupo Tradifín, S.L. on the Board of Directors of Ebro Foods, S.A.) holds indirect interests of 16.625% in Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A. and of 33.25% in Cabher 96, S.L. through her 33.25% direct shareholding in Grupo Tradifín, S.L., an entity of which she is the chief executive. She does not hold any positions or duties at Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A. or Cabher 96, S.L.

- Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. holds a direct interest of 50% in Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A., an entity of which it is a director.
- Mr. Félix Hernández Callejas (the natural person who represents Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. on the Board of Directors of Ebro Foods, S.A.) holds an indirect interest of 14.334% in Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A. through his direct shareholding of 28.668% in Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. He is a director of Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A.
- Mr. Antonio Hernández Callejas holds an indirect interest of 14.334% in Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A. through the 28.668% interest he holds directly in Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. Antonio Hernández Callejas does not hold any position at Instituto Hispánico del Arroz, S.A.

The directors of Ebro Foods, S.A. (or their natural person representatives, as warranted) did not perform any transactions with the Company outside of the ordinary course of its business or other than on an arm's length basis in either reporting period.

The directors have not informed the Parent of any direct or indirect potential conflicts of interest between them or their related parties and the Company other than those disclosed in this note.

#### 23.8 Director and officer remuneration

<u>Director remuneration</u>. - The remuneration earned by the members of the Board of Directors of Ebro Foods, S.A. totalled 7,249 thousand euros in 2022 (2021: 7,169 thousand euros), broken down as follows (pre-tax amounts in thousands of euros):

DIRECTOR REMUNERATION AND OTHER BENEFITS	2022	2021
TYPE OF REMUNERATION		
Attendance fees	333	323
Fixed remuneration received in their capacity as directors	2,850	2,850
Total director remuneration	3,183	3,173
Wages, salaries and professional fees	4,066	3,996
Termination and other benefits		0
Total executive director remuneration	4,066	3,996
TOTAL REMUNERATION	7,249	7,169
OTHER BENEFITS		
Life insurance and post-employment benefits	0	0

Article 22 of the Company's Articles of Association stipulates that "The overall remuneration received by the members of the Board of Directors in their capacity as such (i.e., in exchange for their supervisory and other non-executive duties) shall consist of: (i) a fixed annual sum; and (ii) fees for attending the meetings of the Board and its committees.

Both the fixed annual sum assigned to the Board of Directors as a whole and the amount of the attendance fees shall be determined by the Company's shareholders in general meeting and remain in effect until such time as their modification is approved.

The Board of Directors, subject to a report by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, shall set the individual remuneration of each director for their duties as such, taking into account the positions held by the directors on the Board, their membership of Board committees and any other objective circumstances that the Board may consider appropriate, within the confines of the Articles of Association and the Remuneration Policy. The board shall also decide on the timing of successive payments...."

With respect to the remuneration of the directors in their capacity as such, at a meeting held on February 27, 2023, the Board of Directors resolved, at the recommendation of its Nomination and Remuneration Committee:

- (i) to submit a motion for the payment of the pre-tax sum of 2,850 thousand euros of fixed remuneration in respect of 2022 at the upcoming 2023 Annual General Meeting; and
- (ii) to leave pre-tax attendance fees at 1,600 euros per meeting of the Board of Directors and 800 euros per meeting of its various committees.

The individual breakdown of pre-tax director remuneration for 2022 (in thousands of euros) is provided below:

Director	Fixed remuneratio n	Attendanc e fees	Fixed remuneration for performance of executive duties	Variable remuneration for performance of executive duties	Total
Hernández Callejas, Antonio	393	29	1,508	2,558	4,483
Carceller Arce, Demetrio	366	30	0	0	396
Alimentos y Aceites, S.A. (Director until March 29, 2022)	20	3	0	0	23
Barreiro Pérez-Pardo, Belén	154	23	0	0	177
Carceller Arce, María	122	18	0	0	140
Castelló Clemente, Fernando	192	29	0	0	221
Comenge Sánchez-Real, José Ignacio	149	20	0	0	169
Corporación Financiera Alba, S.A.	122	18	0	0	140
Costa García, Mercedes	191	29	0	0	220
Empresas Comerciales e Industriales Valencianas, S.L.	122	18	0	0	140
Fernández Alonso, Javier	303	30	0	0	333
Grupo Tradifín, S.L.	186	29	0	0	215
Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. (*)	149	20	0	0	169
Murtra Millar, Marc Thomas (Director since January 31, 2022	276	25	0	0	301
Xuclà Costa, Jordi (Director since March 30, 2022)	101	14	0	0	115
TOTAL	2,846	335	1,508	2,558	7,247 (**)

- (\*) Hercalianz Investing Group, S.L. did not perform either executive or management duties at Ebro Foods, S.A. or at any subsidiary and therefore did not receive any remuneration in this respect. It is categorised as an executive director based on the fact that the natural person representing this entity on the Board of Directors of Ebro Foods, S.A. is an executive and director of several Group subsidiaries.
- (\*\*) Total director remuneration in 2022 amounted to 7,249,201 euros, before tax, which, rounded to thousands of euros comes out at 7,249 thousand euros. That sum differs from the total provided in the table above as a result of the rounding, to the nearest thousandth, of each director's individual remuneration.

Note, additionally, the following with respect to director remuneration:

- The amounts shown include attendance fees earned by the Chairman of the Board of Directors of Ebro Foods, S.A., Mr. Antonio Hernández Callejas, in his capacity as director of a Group subsidiary, Pastificio Lucio Garofalo, S.p.A., in the amount of 5,000 euros (before tax) in both reporting periods.
- In addition to the amounts shown, the Chairman of the Board of Directors received the pre-tax sum of 5,200 euros (in both reporting periods) in the form of attendance fees for performance of his duties as director of the Group's associate, Riso Scotti, S.p.A.
- Of the total variable remuneration earned by the Chairman of the Board of Directors for performance of his executive duties in 2022, 1,058 thousand euros, before tax, corresponded to the Deferred Annual Bonus Scheme tied to the Group's 2019-2021 Business Plan in respect of 2020, a figure representing 25% of the bonuses accrued under that three-year scheme. That sum was provided for in the 2020 financial statements and paid in 2022.
- Elsewhere, in relation to the total remuneration earned by the Chairman of the Board of Directors for the performance of his executive duties in 2022, the 2022 financial statements recognise a provision of 1,125 thousand euros in respect of the provisional estimate of the amount corresponding to 2022 under the Deferred Annual Bonus Scheme tied to the Group's 2022-2024 Plan, which represents up to 25% of the deferred bonus entitlement expected to be accrued during the three-year period. That figure will be paid in 2024.

These bonus schemes are not tied to Ebro Foods' share price performance and do not entitle their beneficiaries to the receipt of shares or any rights over such shares.

Elsewhere, none of the members of the Board of Directors benefits from complementary life insurance or pension cover. Moreover, the Company has neither extended any form of credit or advances to the members of its Board of Directors nor assumed any obligations on their behalf under guarantees.

<u>Officer remuneration</u> - A total of 10 people were considered officers of Ebro Foods, S.A. at year-end 2022 (year-end 2021: 10); in 2022 those executives accrued total remuneration (fixed wages and salaries, annual bonuses and, as applicable, deferred annual bonuses) of 2,582 thousand euros (2021: 2,400 thousand euros).

Note in relation to the officer remuneration disclosures, the term "officer" refers to the Chief Operating Officer of the Ebro Group, who is the most senior executive after the Executive Chairman, and the professionals in charge of the main departments of Ebro Foods, S.A., irrespective of whether they are considered "senior management".

Elsewhere, the professionals in charge of the Ebro Group's main business units (other than the Chairman of the Board and COO of the Group) numbered five at year-end 2022 (also five at year-end 2021). Their total aggregate pre-tax remuneration in 2022 was 1,884 thousand euros, 705 thousand US dollars and 358 thousand Canadian dollars (1,876 thousand euros, 677 thousand US dollars and 534 thousand Canadian dollars in 2021), corresponding to fixed wages and salaries and annual bonuses.

Nine Ebro Group officers (other than the Chairman of the Board of Directors) were covered by the Deferred Annual Bonus Scheme tied to the Group's 2019-2021 Strategic Plan at December 31, 2022 (9 at year-end 2021). Total aggregate remuneration effectively collected under that scheme in 2022 (corresponding to that accrued by nine executives in 2020) amounted to 883 thousand euros and 195 thousand US dollars, a figure representing up to 25% of the bonuses earned during the three-year term of the 2019-2021 Scheme and which had been provided for in the 2020 financial statements.

In addition, the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 recognize a provision of 726 thousand euros and 210 thousand US dollars by way of provisional estimate of the amount that will be accrued by the 10 officers covered by the Deferred Annual Bonus Scheme tied to the Group's 2022-2024 Strategic Plan (excluding the Chairman of the Board of Directors). The amounts provided for, which represent up to 25% of the Deferred Annual Bonus Scheme for 2022-2024, will be paid, in keeping with the plan rules, in 2024.

Note lastly for the record that Ebro Foods, S.A. has taken out director and officer liability insurance cover; those policies cover all of its subsidiaries up to an annual claims cap of 45 million euros. The policies cost 193 thousand euros in 2022 (192 thousand euros in 2021), are effective until April 30, 2023 and are currently in the process of being renewed.

#### 24. ENVIRONMENTAL DISCLOSURES

#### Management approach

The Ebro Group's main environmental commitments and targets are set down in its Sustainability, Environment and Corporate Social Responsibility Policy: "Steer the company's processes, activities and decisions to protect our environment, prevent and minimize environmental impact, optimise the use of natural resources and preserve biodiversity".

In line with that pledge, the Group's environmental policy is articulated around the following lines of initiative:

1. Ensuring that its companies comply with applicable environmental legislation in carrying out their business activities by implementing in-house management systems and monitoring prevailing legislation in this arena.

- Minimising the environmental impact of its business operations by searching for ecoefficient solutions and rolling out initiatives designed to reduce its emissions while
  rationalising the consumption of water, energy and packaging materials.
- Transitioning towards a circular economy, recovering waste and encouraging its recycling and reuse and using recycled and/or environmentally-friendly raw materials whenever possible.
- 4. Providing environmental employee training and awareness programmes.
- 5. Encouraging sustainable farming techniques among its suppliers.

As for its own operations, the productive processes used at the Group's various factories, in both the rice and the pasta divisions, are relatively simple agricultural food processes that do not have a major impact on the environment and entail minimum risk of accidental contamination. The most significant environmental aspects pertaining to the Group can be categorised as follows:

- Emissions into the air: mainly particles derived from the handling of cereals and greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions derived from the consumption of fossil fuels and electricity. The fuel most widely used is natural gas.
- Noise emissions: derived from the operation of engines, compressors, sleeve filters
  and other manufacturing equipment. All the factories comply with applicable
  environmental regulations and their noise levels are monitored regularly; mitigating
  measures are put in place as necessary.
- Productive processes: essentially mechanical and hydrothermal, these processes
  require the use of very few chemical products, and in very small amounts. Most of
  these products are used to clean equipment and sanitise raw materials and are
  relatively safe for the environment.
- 4. Water consumption: the Group uses relatively little water in its manufacturing processes (most of its products are dry products), so that the volume of wastewater produced is also small. Moreover, the wastewater generated is relatively uncontaminated as the water consumed is used basically to produce vapour, as a refrigerant or as an ingredient in finished products.
- Waste generation and management: the Group generates minimum amounts of waste, including both non-hazardous (mainly ingredient and auxiliary material packaging) and hazardous (maintenance operations) waste, which is managed by authorised handlers.

#### Provisions and guarantees for environmental claims

All of the Group companies have arranged civil liability insurance that covers third-party damage caused by a sudden and unintentional spill. Management believes that this policy adequately covers any potential risk in this respect. To date, the Group has not been party to any material environmental-related claims; moreover, it can claim a positive record on the basis of the results of audits and inspections and the lack of any pleas in respect of its integrated environmental permit processes, etc.

#### **Environmental assessment and certification processes**

One of the Ebro Group's top environmental management priorities is stringent compliance with the regulations applicable to its business activities. Indeed, all of the Ebro Group's facilities operate under the certifications, specifications and permits pertinent to their respective geographic markets and they manage their environmental impacts accordingly.

Moreover, the following workplaces have certified their environmental management systems under the UNE-EN-ISO 14001 standard:

- 1. San Juan de Aznalfarache (Herba Ricemills)
- 2. Coria del Rio (Herba Ricemills)
- 3. Los Palacios (Herba Ricemills)
- 4. La Rinconada (Herba Ricemills)
- 5. Isla Mayor (Herba Ricemills)
- 6. Gragnano (Garofalo)

#### Circular economy measures

In terms of compliance with the packaging and packaging waste reduction, recycling and recovery objectives laid down in Spanish Law 11/97, of April 24, 1997, the Group's Spanish subsidiary Herba is a member of Ecoembalajes España, S.A. (Ecoembes), whose mission is to design and develop systems oriented towards collecting, sorting and recovering used packaging and packaging waste. Ecoembes uses the concept known as the Green Dot (the symbol featured on the packaging) to certify that the product's packager has paid a certain amount of money for each item of packaging it places on the market.

In tandem, both the European rice subsidiaries and Ebro Foods' head offices have entered into agreements with entities akin to Ecoembes for the destruction of paper and other materials. Those agreements allow them not only to comply with data protection legislation but also to guarantee the sustainable management of this documentation through recycling commitments.

Framed by the commitment assumed under our Global Sustainability Plan - HEADING FOR 2030 - of making all our packaging fully recyclable, the dry rice products sold under the Arroz SOS, La Fallera, Sabroz and La Cigala brands in Spain, the Risella trademark in Finland, and one of the Group's best-selling formats, the Brillante rice pots, are already 100% recyclable.

In addition, the Group worked on another three important packaging recyclability projects in 2022.

- 1. For our SOS speciality rice brand, sold in flexible, non-recyclable containers (PE/PP), we analysed the possibility of switching to recycled paper containers. However, as that option's shelf life was not sufficient and it was not economically viable, in the end it was decided to use a mono-material polyethylene (PE) that is 100% recyclable.
- 2. In terms of the mono-material polypropylene (PP) stand-up pouches or doypacks, the tests performed by Herba and Tilda were not satisfactory. The introduction of a mono-material polypropylene base to replace the two triplex bases currently in use (polyester/polyamide/polypropylene (PET/PA/PP) and polyester/high barrier polyester/polypropylene (PET/PET HB/PP)) did not yield a sufficient shelf life or oxygen barrier to keep the food's organoleptic properties intact. We continue to search for feasible alternatives that guarantee our products' current conservation properties.
- 3. Extension of the number of lines across the various Group factories configured to make the compact 1 kg and 0.5 kg formats in paper to replace polypropylene packaging.
  - a. In Antwerp (Ebro Foods Belgium), with the aim of working with paper laminate (the same laminate being used in the Silla factory for the La Fallera brand), the Group invested in the filling unit's tube and neck shaper to make the production line compatible with the use of paper.
  - b. Tests are likewise underway at the 1 kg and 0.5 kg line in Vercelli (Mundiriso) with a view to potentially having paper replace polypropylene.

#### Climate change

Climate change constitutes a significant risk for the Group's business activities as it impacts fundamental aspects such as the production of raw materials, the availability of critical resources (such as water), the viability of transport, logistics and product distribution operations and implies an increase in the energy needs associated with our productive processes, among other things.

Against that backdrop, and in keeping with the recommendations issued by the Task Force on Climate Related Financial Disclosures (TCFD), we have identified the potential risks, impacts and opportunities climate change may have for our organisation and associated each one with opportune mitigation and/adaptation measures.

Framed by its commitment to reducing emissions in absolute terms by 2030, the Group has pledged to start to work over the next two years on an emissions-reduction plan aligned with the science-based targets (SBT), globally aligned targets based on climate change science in order to reduce carbon emissions and keep global warming within the limits stipulated in the Paris Agreement.

To that end, in 2020 the Group developed a GHG inventorying system for all Ebro Group companies that is ISO 14064-1:2019 certified.

Reporting under that standard has allowed the Group to measure its Scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions; in 2023-2024 the idea is to complete the measurement of its carbon footprint in terms of Scope 3 emissions. Once it has calculated its total carbon footprint, the Group will determine the base year for emissions-reduction comparison purposes.

To that end, the Group has defined a series of action plans framed by its Global Sustainability Plan, HEADING FOR 2030. Those initiatives are:

- Energy efficiency programmes
- Procurement of renewable energy
- Waste recovery
- Management of GHG impacts
- Technology and R&D capabilities

One of the main thrusts of the Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions abatement effort has involved investment by several Group companies - Arotz, Bertagni, Ebro Frost Germany, Ebro India, Herba Ricemills, Garofalo, Geovita, Mundiriso and Transimpex - in photovoltaic power generation facilities at their factories. Likewise, Bertagni, Geovita, Garofalo and Ebro Frost Germany are using CHP in their energy mixes, while Ebro Frost Denmark, Herba Ricemills, Mundiriso and Ebro India are using biomass. In 2022, thanks to the purchase of certified green electricity, self-generation using PV power and the use of fuels made from renewable sources of energy, the Group forwent the emission of 9.346 MT of CO2e.

As for our Scope 3 footprint, in keeping with our membership of the Lean&Green programme for the calculation-reduction-offset of emissions derived from ground transportation nationwide in Spain, in 2022, we finalised the plan for the reduction of those emissions by 20% in five years. Having defined the base year as 2019 and the key performance indicator as total MT of CO<sub>2</sub>e/MT of products transported for sale, the progress has been very remarkable:

- 2020: reduction of 6.06%.
- 2021: reduction of 17.60%.
- 2022: carbon footprint measurement in progress.

In shipping, meanwhile, the firm EccoFreight handled approximately 17% of the ships used by the entire rice division, implying a boarded weight of 190,643 MT in total and GHG emissions of 46,235 MT of CO2e. Thanks to the choice of more environmentally-efficient routes over alternative routes with higher carbon footprints, we forewent the emission of 21,675 MT of CO2e, implying a decrease in our Scope 3 emissions with EccoFreight of 32%.

Also at the Scope 3 level, the Ebro Group is working actively to foster and research environmentally sustainable rice farming practices in a number of rice producing regions in order to contribute to environmental preservation, protect biodiversity and mitigate the effects of climate change.

That work is taking the form of in-house initiatives and *ad-hoc* collaborations with stakeholders and sector associations, such as the SAI Platform (SAI-P) and the Sustainable Rice Platform (SRP).

The flagship projects in this effort in 2022:

#### - Thailand: Sustainable Aromatic Rice Initiative - Thailand (SARI-T):

This initiative is carried out in partnership with Mars Food, GIZ and the Thai Rice Department with the aim of improving the livelihood of 1,200 rice farmers in the Roi Et province by helping them grow Hom Mali, a high-quality fragrant rice, in a sustainable manner. Those farmers' standard of living improves as a result of using environmentally-friendly farming best practices. It also verifies the crop for SRP purposes. The project completed its fifth year producing rice in 2022 and is likely to continue going forward.

# - Spain: "Oryzonte" programme

This programme is being carried out in the marshlands of the Guadalquivir River in Seville in partnership with Mars Food and Danone.

Started up in 2018, it aims to make rice-growing in the province of Seville, Spain's largest rice-growing region, more sustainable by focusing on three core aspects: water, greenhouse emissions and biodiversity.

• As for the GHG emissions aspect, the measurements taken at the test site are substantially lower than those reported in other Spanish regions, possibly due to the relatively high content of clay and sulphates in the soil in Seville. Elsewhere, the work done confirmed that the use of specific practices aligned with the guidelines issued by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC), such as alternative wetting and drying (AWD) techniques, effectively unlocked a reduction in GHG emissions in the Seville paddies. Indeed, the use of AWD techniques yielded a 60% reduction in GHG emissions and a noteworthy 63% reduction in methane emissions by comparison with traditional farming practices.

Likewise, the emissions measurements revealed that the elimination of the winter flooding practice reduces GHG emissions significantly by comparison with traditional practices which leave the rice fields flooded from harvesting until mid-January.

In all instances, other greenhouse gas (mainly nitrous oxide) emissions were not significant. Elsewhere, the impact of global warming is mitigated significantly by the use of AWD techniques and elimination of winter flooding.

In 2022, the AWD technique was implemented across 255 hectares and work continues with rice growers in the region to encourage the adoption of this practice in their estates. We are working with Sustain Cert. to be able to certify these results.

- As for the water aspect of the programme, the project is working with the CSIC (Upper Council of Scientific Research) to develop a water and salt model to improve and monitor water usage practices. A core objective of that effort is to determine the trade-off between performance and salinity in the Seville paddies.
- Biodiversity. The Group's ongoing biodiversity initiatives include the installation of perches and nests for bats and special-interest birds of prey, such as the common owl and kestrel. Encouraging the presence of these birds of prey and bats is a promising strategy for reducing the use of pesticides and boosting the sustainability of the agricultural production system.

#### India: programmes

Ebro India continued to work on a number of sustainable farming projects, some of which have been underway for several years, including EKTA, Organic Farming and Control Farming and, since 2021, a new project focused on water and emissions reduction.

One of the biggest challenges in India lies with compliance with the maximum residue levels permitted in the European Union. Through the Control Farming programme, Ebro India, in close collaboration with Indian farmers, is working to closely monitor the practices employed from sowing to harvesting, educating them on the correct use of pesticides and fungicides in terms of quantity, quality and timing.

The new project started up last year with the aim of reducing the use of water in rice-growing and the emissions generated is targeted at the same group of farmers as the Control Farming project. In 2022, over 500 farmers, with the equivalent of 3,000 hectares of rice plantations, applied the alternate wetting and drying (AWD) method, so reducing their water consumption and methane emissions. In parallel, biological pest control methods (spider bundles and pheromone traps) were used to reduce the use of pesticides. Another noteworthy aspect of the programme was the use of Pseudomonas by some farmers to inhibit pathogens, stimulate synthesis of growth hormones and render rice plants more resistant to illness, so reducing the volume of pesticides needed to fight off pests. All of these initiatives have been warmly welcomed by the participating farmers.

Elsewhere, the EKTA programme, underway since 2015, lends continuous support to more than 6,000 farmers throughout the entire rice growing process, from seed treatment to post-harvest work. EKTA organises schools in villages to teach good farming practices with a focus on water savings and the use of biological pest control methods. Experts come in to answer the farmers' specific questions.

Lastly, the Organic Farming programme is a joint platform made up of around 400 farmers who grow organic basmati rice certified under the Fair Trade standard.

#### - Other programmes addressing sustainable raw material farming

A number of Group companies worked throughout the year to implement rice crop verification programmes aligned with the SAI Platform's Farm Sustainability Assessment (FSA) standard. Specifically, those companies - Mundiriso, Riviana Foods and Ebrosur - have implemented the FSA standard at producers in Italy, the US and Argentina, respectively.

In Italy, Garofalo embarked on a sustainable hard durum programme in 2022 with a view to rationalising the use of fertilisers, pesticides and water.

In Spain, Herba Ricemills pursued another important initiative on the climate change front. Specifically, it radically changed how it manages its waste, thanks to which in 2022, 99% of the waste generated was managed via recovery routes.

Unquestionably, stringent regulatory requirements in the short and medium term, as embodied by i) Law 7/2021 on Climate Change and Energy Transition in Spain; ii) the new Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive (CSRD); and iii) the Commission's proposal for a Corporate Sustainability Due Diligence Directive (CSDDD) will provide impetus to the Group's efforts and targets around climate change between now and 2025, deepening analysis of the Group's physical and transition risks and driving the design of a plan aligned with the Paris Agreement to ensure that the Group's business model and strategy are compatible with the transition towards a sustainable economy.

To tackle those challenges and stay on top of the legislation being passed in this arena, the Ebro Group is part of the Forética Climate Change Cluster (<a href="www.foretica.org">www.foretica.org</a>). Within that cluster, a group of large enterprises is working together to lead the strategic positioning of climate change within organisational management, debate and exchange opinions and good practices, participate in the global debate and provide input for the decisions taken at the government level.

The useful life of the Group's property, plant and equipment will not be affected by the Group's environmental commitments as, in general, its assets can be operated using energy generated from renewable sources. Against that backdrop, the Ebro Group is also increasing its consumption of renewable sources.

Nor have its environmental commitments triggered the need to recognise any additional impairment losses, in light of the Ebro Group's earnings prospects. Reasonably possible changes in the commitment to reduce emissions in absolute terms would not have a material impact on the estimated values in use of the CGUs that are subject to impairment tests, as itemised in Note 15.

At the date of authorising these consolidated financial statements for issue, the Group does not have any contractual or constructive obligation of an environmental nature that could give rise to an estimated outflow of resources with an impact on these consolidated financial statements.

# 25. NON-CURRENT ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND PROFIT/(LOSS) AFTER TAX FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

The Group had no assets classified as held for sale or discontinued operations at December 31, 2022.

However, in the consolidated statement of profit or loss for the year ended December 31, 2021, the income and expenses of the businesses sold in 2021 (the dry pasta businesses in France, US and Canada; refer to the 2021 consolidated financial statements) were classified within 'Profit after tax from discontinued operations'.

The breakdown of the corresponding income and expenses:

Discontinued operations	31/12/2022		31/12/2021	
Thousands of euros		TOTAL	ENA Pasta	Panzani Pasta
	Panzani Pasta		(a) Months	12 months
- Revenue		504,992	54,628	450,364
- Change in inventories		5,674	0	5,674
- Own work capitalized		428	0	428
- Other operating income		1,382	494	888
	0	512,476	55,122	457,354
- Raw materials and consumables used and other expenses		(279,918)	(15,001)	(264,917)
- Employee benefits expense		(75,638)	(19,626)	(56,012)
- Depreciation and amortization		(22,636)	(3,697)	(18,939)
- External services		(94,063)	(14,068)	(79,995)
- Other operating expenses		(10,431)	(937)	(9,494)
	0	(482,686)	(53,329)	(429,357)
Operating profit	0	29,790	1,793	27,997
Finance income and costs		(1,453)	(53)	(1,400)
Profit before tax	0	28,337	1,740	26,597
Income tax		(7,048)	(430)	(6,618)
Profit after tax from discontinued operations	0	21,289	1,310	19,979
- Pre-tax loss on the sale of the businesses	(1,019)	112,023	51,349	60,674
- Income tax effect of the gains generated by the sales	102	(28,285)	(16,093)	(12,192)
Total profit after tax from discontinued operations	(917)	105,027	36,566	68,461

The 2022 balances related to the restatement of the gain from the sale of the Panzani business.

(a) Corresponds to one month's income and expenses for the Canadian dry pasta business and five months' income and expenses for the US Ronzoni & Winchester dry pasta business.

#### 26. FEES PAID TO AUDITORS

External services in the consolidated statement of profit or loss include the fees paid to the auditors of the consolidated financial statements. The fees paid for account auditing and other services to the Company's auditor, Ernst & Young, S.L., and entities related to the latter by means of control, joint ownership or joint management, in 2022 and 2021 were as follows (in thousands of euros):

- The fees corresponding to auditing services provided in 2022 amounted to 2,089 (2021: 2,188) thousand euros; those corresponding to other assurance services amounted to 92 thousand euros (2021: 83 thousand euros).
- The fees for other services totalled 254 thousand euros (2021: 265 thousand euros).

#### 27. OTHER DISCLOSURES

#### Disclosures required under article 42 bis of Regulation 1065/2007 of July 27, 2017

For the purposes of compliance with the obligation stipulated in article 42 *bis* of Regulation 1065/2007, of July 27, 2007, enacting the general regulations governing tax management and inspections and establishing common procedural rules in respect of tax matters, and in keeping with the terms of article 4.b of the said article, there follows a list of the accounts with foreign financial institutions held by non-resident subsidiaries:

Disclosures for Ebro Foods, S.A.:

COMPANY	A/C ID CODE	BIC CODE	ACCOUNT CODE	BANK	BRANCH	COUNTRY OF LOCATION OF BANK	DATE OPENED	BALANCE AT 31 DEC. 2022 (€)	AVERAGE BALANCE 4Q22 (€)	% INTEREST	CURR.
Semola, S.r.l.	IBAN	BCABIT21XXX	IT39D0350003205000000037267	Ubi Banco di Brescia SpA	Rome	Italy	April-13	247,704.84	1,453,762.18	100%	EUR
Ebro Costa Rica S.L.	IBAN	BSNJCRSJXXX	CR11010200009024954723	BAC San Jose	San José	Costa Rica	August-06	16,092.81	21,640.19	100%	USD
Ebro Riviana Guatemala SL	Other	CITIGTGCXXX	0002058006	CITIBANK	Guatemala City	Guatemala	March-21	702,150.91	343,232.08	100%	GTQ
EF Alimentación, S de R L de CV	CLABE	BCMRMXMM	187408390	BBVA BANCOMER, S.A.	Mexico City	Mexico	August-11	13,923.86	15,151.66	100%	MXP
	CLABE	BCMRMXMM	187409842	BBVA BANCOMER, S.A.	Mexico City	Mexico	August-11	908.01	1,002.13	100%	USD
Other Other	Other	BMCEMAMCXXX	0117350000012100060709.11	BMCE Bank	Larache	Morocco	2001	1,353,031.57	1,272,100.72	100%	MAD
	Other	BCMAMAMCXXX	007 640 0013709000000131 39	Attijariwafa Bank	TANGIER	Morocco	2002	211,032.83	109,742.52	100%	MAD
Mundiriz	Other	BMCEMAMCXXX	011 735 0000 01 66600 60709 27	BMCE Bank	Larache	Morocco	2009	27.70	27.70	100%	MAD
Mundinz	Other	BMCEMAMCXXX	011 735 000 501 66500 12519 30	BMCE Bank	Larache	Morocco	2015	204,670.56	199,581.66	100%	EUR
	Other	CDMAMAMCXXX	021 735 0000 080 030 167465 07	Crédit du Maroc	Larache	Morocco	March-18	159,507.54	116,710.27	100%	MAD
	Other	CAIXAMAMCXXX	003 640 64000000011 70167 55	CaixaBank - Tanger	TANGIER	Morocco	September-21	6,407.58	6,412.51	100%	MAD
	Other	BMCEMAMCXXX	0117350000012100006819.79	BANK OF AFRICA	Larache	Morocco	2007	23,187.87	26,692.47	100%	MAD
Agromeruan	Other	CDMAMAMCXXX	021 735 0000 080 030 183549 61	Crédit du Maroc	Larache	Morocco	October-21	8,929.67	8,929.67	100%	MAD
	Other	CAIXAMAMCXXX	003 640 64000000011 70268 43	CaixaBank - Tanger	TANGIER	Morocco	September-21	-1,344,774.05	-1,345,715.52	100%	MAD
Rivera del Arroz, S.A.	Other	BMCEMAMCXXX	0117350000012100060728.51	BMCE Bank	Larache	Morocco	2002	1,761.57	172.50	100%	MAD
Katania	Other	BMCEMAMCXXX	011 735 0000 01 210 00 13562 26	BMCE Bank	Larache	Morocco	February-17	70,015.72	70,921.52	100%	MAD

Disclosures for other Group companies:

Refer to the Appendix following Note 28.

#### Average payment period

As required under the Spanish Corporate Enterprises Act, it is hereby noted that the average payment period of the companies domiciled in Spain was 32.7 days in 2022 and 27.3 days in 2021. Calculations made in accordance with the ICAC (Spanish Accounting and Audit Institute) Resolution.

2022										
Payments made (€000)			501,532.5							
		% of total								
Payments made within deadline (*	97%	488,681								
No. of invoices settled within dead	dline	96%	37,537							
Average payment period	Days		32.7							
Paid transactions ratio	Days		32.7							
Outstanding transactions ratio	Days		39.7							

2	2021		
Payments made (€000)			400,672.9
Payments made within deadline (€000)		% of total 98%	390,820
No. of invoices settled within deadline		94%	34,462
Average payment period	Days		27.3
Paid transactions ratio	Days		29.0
Outstanding transactions ratio	Days		13.8

#### 28. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

There have been no significant events or developments between the end of the reporting period and the date of authorising the accompanying financial statements for issue.

# <u>APPENDIX</u>: DISCLOSURES REQUIRED UNDER ARTICLE 42 BIS OF REGULATION 1065/2007 OF JULY 27, 2017 (extension of Note 27)

COMPANY	ACCOUNT ID CODE	BIC CODE	ACCOUNT CODE	BANK	BRANCH	COUNTRY OF LOCATION OF BANK	DATE OPENED	BALANCE AT DEC. 31,2022 (4)	AVERAGE BALANCE LAST QUARTER (4)	% INT.	CURR.
Herba Ricemills, S.L.U.	IBAN	CITIGB2L	GB42 CITI 1850 0811 2932 65	CITIBANK NA	London	UK	12/05/2006	0.00	0.00	100%	GBP
nerba Riceriiiis, S.L.O.	IBAN	CITIGB2L	GB20 CITI 1850 0811 2932 73	CITIBANK NA	London	UK	12/05/2006	0.00	0.00	100%	USD
	IBAN	CITIGB2L	GB26 CITI 1850 0811 2301 15	CITIBANK NA	London	UK	18/05/2006	-7,556,793.55		100%	GBP
Herba Foods	IBAN	CITIGB2L	GB04 CITI 1850 0811 2301 23	CITIBANK NA	London	UK	18/05/2006	9,121,133.91		100%	USD
<u> </u>	IBAN IBAN	CITIGB2L BMCEMAMC	GB48 CITI 1850 0811 2301 07 0117350000012100006819.79	CITIBANK NA BMCE	London	UK	18/05/2006 06/2005	-1,241,825.66 23,187.87	496,699.47 26,692.47	100%	EUR MAD
Agromeruan	IBAN	CDMAMAMC	0117350000012100006819.79	Crédit du Maroc	Larache Larache	Morocco Morocco	01/10/2021	8,929.67	8,929.67	100%	MAD
/ gromer dan	IBAN	CAIXAMAMC	003 640 64000000011 70268 43	CaixaBank - Tanger	TANGIER	Morocco	01/09/2021	-1,344,774.05		100%	MAD
	IBAN	BARCGB22	GB93BARC20510130115193	BARCLAYS BANK	Liverpool	UK	01/11/1986	14,420.00		100%	GBP
Anglo Australian Rice LTD	IBAN	BARCGB22	GB54BARC20510159121999	BARCLAYS BANK	Liverpool	UK	01/08/2001	0.00	0.00	100%	EUR
	IBAN	CITIPTPX	PT50016900010003181600936	CITIBANK Internacional, plc	Lisbon	Portugal	24/07/2006	0.00	0.00	100%	EUR
[	IBAN	CITIGB2L	GB88CITI18500811257226	CITIBANK NA	London	UK	26/07/2006	0.00	0.00	100%	USD
l	IBAN	CITIGB2L	GB40CITI18500811247905	CITIBANK NA	London	UK	26/07/2006	0.00	0.00	100%	EUR
Arrozeiras Mundiarroz, S.A.	IBAN IBAN	BESCPTPL BESCPTPL	PT50000702450011754000839 PT50000702450011754110158	NovoBanco NovoBanco	Coruche Coruche	Portugal Portugal	14/02/1994 15/12/1997	20,909.01	136,091.80 0.00	100% 100%	EUR USD
[	IBAN	BBVAPTPL	PT50001900000020004690004	BBVA	Lisbon	Portugal	18/02/1992	846.66	960.69	100%	EUR
[	IBAN	BBVAPTPL	PT50001900000024000185188	BBVA	Lisbon	Portugal	08/02/1994	0.00		100%	USD
Bertolini, GMBH	IBAN	COBADEFF	DE63 2004 0000 0623 7036 00	Commerzbank AG	Hamburg	Germany	01/01/2013	45,210.30	157,538.22	100%	EUR
	IBAN	CITIBEBX	BE53570128815553	CITIBANK NA	Brussels	Belgium	15/06/2006	0.00	0.00	100%	EUR
Boost Nutrition, N.V.	IBAN	CITIGB2L	GB72CITI18500811229966	CITIBANK NA	London	UK	14/06/2006	0.00	0.00	100%	USD
BOOST NUTRITION, N.V.	IBAN	GKCCBEBB	BE73552273580060	Belfius Bank	Antwerp	Belgium	02/05/1996	904,917.99	382,991.12	100%	EUR
	IBAN	GKCCBEBB	BE73552273580060 USD	Belfius Bank	Antwerp	Belgium	02/05/1996	0.00	0.00	100%	USD
Ebro Foods GMBH	IBAN	COBADEFF	DE05200400000623709300	Commerzbank	Hamburg	Germany	01/07/2011	14,873.83	28,920.39	100%	EUR
Ebro Rice Handling, BVBA (formerly,	IBAN	CITIBEBX	BE75570130425551	CITIBANK NA	Brussels	Belgium	14/04/2008	0.00		100%	EUR
EF Alimentación, SRL de CV	CLABE	BCMRMXMM	187408390	BBVA BANCOMER, S.A.	Mexico City	Mexico	07/08/2011	13,923.86	15,151.66	100%	MXP
	CLABE	BCMRMXMM	187409842	BBVA BANCOMER, S.A.	Mexico City	Mexico	07/08/2011	908.01	1,002.13	100%	USD
Ebrofrost Denmark A/S (formerly,	IBAN IBAN	CITIGB2L	GB79CITI18500811230034	CITIBANK NA CITIBANK NA	London	UK UK	26/07/2006	-3,010,078.47		100%	USD
Danrice)	IBAN	CITIGB2L JYBADKKK	GB79CITI18500813428915 DK5650600001063204	Jyske Bank A/S	London Odense	Denmark	23/04/2013 01/01/2014	45,430.81 316,039.92	41,000.00 -2,500,000.00	100%	DKK
Dannee,	IBAN	JYBADKKK	DK3450600001063212	Jyske Bank A/S	Odense	Denmark	01/01/2014	155,963.90		100%	EUR
Ebrofrost Germany, GmBH	IBAN	BYLADEM1GZK	DE83720518400000161315	Sparkasse Günzburg/Krumbach	Günzburg	Germany	01/062023	1,510,266.58	1,795,607.22	100%	EUR
Ebrofrost Holding GmbH	IBAN	BYLADEM1GZK	DE49720518400040319345	Sparkasse Günzburg/Krumbach	Günzburg	Germany	01/06/2013	1,239,128.32	1,428,067.24	100%	EUR
Ebrofrost UK Limited	IBAN	BYLADEM1GZK	DE27720518400040428187	Sparkasse Günzburg/Krumbach	Günzburg	Germany	16/10/2015	287,094.20	332,429.38	100%	EUR
	IBAN	CITINL2X	NL37CITI0266064566	Citibank	Amsterdam	Netherlands	18/01/2012	-7,071.45	-4,966.00	100%	EUR
Ebro Foods Nederl. Brands, B.V.	IBAN	CITIGB2L	GB83CITI18500814059840	Citibank	London	UK	31/12/2014	0.00		100%	USD
	IBAN	RABONL2U	NL25RABO0310990335	Rabobank	Utrecht	Netherlands	11/07/2016	816.57	435.65	100%	USD
[	IBAN	HDFCINBB	50200001041939	HDFC Bank LTd	TARAORI	India	24/05/2013	381,895.63	1,280,236.40	100%	INR
[	IBAN	CITIINBX	521059001	Citibank	New Delhi	India	18/09/2013	27,302.07	85,136.08 4,329,585.97	100%	INR
[	IBAN IBAN	BOFA0ND6216 BOFA0ND6216	24871013 Loan	Bank of America Bank of America	New Delhi New Delhi	India India	24/08/2014 24/08/2014	150,729.70 19,831.82		100%	INR
[	IBAN	BNPAINBBDEL						0.00		100%	INR
1			0906511493200162		New Delhi		1 28/10/2015				
l .	IBAN	BNPAINBBDEL	0906511493200162 refer PCFC Loan Sheet	BNP PARIBAS BNP PARIBAS	New Delhi New Delhi	India India	28/10/2015 28/10/2015	0.00	0.00	100%	INR
									0.00 922.80	100% 100%	INR
	IBAN IBAN IBAN	BNPAINBBDEL INDB0000073 UCBA0002323	refer PCFC Loan Sheet 259996544504 23230210001110	BNP PARIBAS IndusInd Bank UCO Bank	New Delhi Karnal Karnal	India	28/10/2015 14/03/2017 06/05/2017	0.00 307.58 202.66	922.80 631.97	100% 100%	INR INR
	IBAN IBAN IBAN IBAN	BNPAINBBDEL INDB0000073 UCBA0002323 HSBC0110005	refer PCFC Loan Sheet 259996544504 23230210001110 054708284001	BNP PARIBAS IndusInd Bank UCO Bank HSBC	New Delhi Karnal Karnal New Delhi	India India India India	28/10/2015 14/03/2017 06/05/2017 20/11/2018	0.00 307.58 202.66 4,021,188.43	922.80 631.97	100% 100% 100%	INR INR INR
	IBAN IBAN IBAN IBAN Other	BNPAINBBDEL INDB0000073 UCBA0002323 HSBC0110005 HSBC0110005	refer PCFC Loan Sheet 259996544504 23230210001110 054708284001 Loan	BNP PARIBAS IndusInd Bank UCO Bank HSBC HSBC	New Delhi Karnal Karnal New Delhi New Delhi	India India India India India	28/10/2015 14/03/2017 06/05/2017 20/11/2018 20/11/2018	0.00 307.58 202.66 4,021,188.43 41.00	922.80 631.97 5,126,210.52	100% 100% 100% 100%	INR INR INR INR
	IBAN IBAN IBAN IBAN Other Other	BNPAINBBDEL INDB0000073 UCBA0002323 HSBC0110005 HSBC0110005 CRLY0000002	refer PCFC Loan Sheet 259996544504 23230210001110 054708284001 Loan 02006017100000	BNP PARIBAS IndusInd Bank UCO Bank HSBC HSBC Credit Agricole	New Delhi Karnal Karnal New Delhi New Delhi New Delhi	India India India India India India	28/10/2015 14/03/2017 06/05/2017 20/11/2018 20/11/2018 21/12/2019	0.00 307.58 202.66 4,021,188.43 41.00 18,511.08	922.80 631.97 5,126,210.52 86,191.33	100% 100% 100% 100% 100%	INR INR INR INR
Ehro India Private Limited	IBAN IBAN IBAN IBAN Other Other	BNPAINBBDEL INDB0000073 UCBA0002323 HSBC0110005 HSBC0110005 CRLY0000002 CHAS0INBX02	refer PCFC Loan Sheet 259996544504 23230210001110 054708284001 Loan 02006017100000 5622411725	BNP PARIBAS IndusInd Bank UCO Bank HSBC HSBC Credit Agricole JP Morgan	New Delhi Karnal Karnal New Delhi New Delhi New Delhi New Delhi	India India India India India India India	28/10/2015 14/03/2017 06/05/2017 20/11/2018 20/11/2018 21/12/2019 26/06/2020	0.00 307.58 202.66 4,021,188.43 41.00 18,511.08 804,107.14	922.80 631.97 5,126,210.52 86,191.33 1,350,851.80	100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100%	INR INR INR INR INR INR
Ebro India Private Limited	IBAN IBAN IBAN IBAN Other Other Other	BNPAINBBDEL INDB0000073 UCBA0002323 HSBC0110005 HSBC0110005 CRLY0000002 CHAS0INBX02 CRLY0000002	refer PCFC Loan Sheet 259996544504 23230210001110 054708284001 Loan 02006017100000 5622411725 refer PCFC Loan Sheet	BNP PARIBAS IndusInd Bank UCO Bank HSBC HSBC Credit Agricole JP Morgan Credit Agricole	New Delhi Karnal Karnal New Delhi New Delhi New Delhi New Delhi New Delhi	India India India India India India India India	28/10/2015 14/03/2017 06/05/2017 20/11/2018 20/11/2018 21/12/2019 26/06/2020 02/01/2020	0.00 307.58 202.66 4,021,188.43 41.00 18,511.08 804,107.14 2,801.47	922.80 631.97 5,126,210.52 86,191.33 1,350,851.80 0.00	100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100%	INR INR INR INR INR INR INR
Ebro India Private Limited	IBAN IBAN IBAN IBAN Other Other	BNPAINBBDEL INDB0000073 UCBA0002323 HSBC0110005 HSBC0110005 CRLY0000002 CHAS0INBX02	refer PCFC Loan Sheet 259996544504 23230210001110 054708284001 Loan 02006017100000 5622411725	BNP PARIBAS IndusInd Bank UCO Bank HSBC HSBC Credit Agricole JP Morgan	New Delhi Karnal Karnal New Delhi New Delhi New Delhi New Delhi	India India India India India India India	28/10/2015 14/03/2017 06/05/2017 20/11/2018 20/11/2018 21/12/2019 26/06/2020	0.00 307.58 202.66 4,021,188.43 41.00 18,511.08 804,107.14	922.80 631.97 5,126,210.52 86,191.33 1,350,851.80	100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100%	INR INR INR INR INR INR
Ebro India Private Limited	IBAN IBAN IBAN IBAN Other Other Other Other Other	BNPAINBBDEL INDB0000073 UCBA0002323 HSBC0110005 HSBC0110005 CRLY0000002 CRLY0000002 CRLY0000002 CRLY0000002	refer PCFC Loan Sheet 259996544504 23230210001110 054708284001 Loan 02006017100000 5622411725 refer PCFC Loan Sheet refer PCFC Loan Sheet	BNP PARIBAS Indusind Bank UCO Bank HSBC HSBC Credit Agricole JP Morgan Credit Agricole Credit Agricole	New Delhi Karnal Karnal New Delhi	India India India India India India India India India	28/10/2015 14/03/2017 06/05/2017 20/11/2018 20/11/2019 21/12/2019 26/06/2020 02/01/2020 02/11/2020	0.00 307.58 202.66 4,021,188.43 41.00 18,511.08 804,107.14 2,801.47 93,701.06	922.80 631.97 5,126,210.52 86,191.33 1,350,851.80 0.00	100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100%	INR INR INR INR INR INR INR INR INR
Ebro India Private Limited	IBAN IBAN IBAN IBAN Other Other Other Other Other Other	BNPAINBBDEL INDB0000073 UCBA0002323 HSBC0110005 CRLY0000002 CHAS0INBX02 CRLY0000002 CRLY0000002 CCHAS0INBX02 CHAS0INBX02 CHAS0INBX02 CHAS0INBX02 CHAS0INBX02	refer PCFC Loan Sheet 259996544504 23230210001110 054708284001 Loan 02006017100000 5622411725 refer PCFC Loan Sheet refer PCFC Loan Sheet	BNP PARIBAS IndusInd Bank UCO Bank HSBC HSBC Credit Agricole JP Morgan Credit Agricole JP Morgan	New Delhi Karnal Karnal New Delhi New Delhi New Delhi New Delhi New Delhi New Delhi New Delhi	India	28/10/2015 14/03/2017 06/05/2017 20/11/2018 20/11/2018 21/12/2019 26/06/2020 02/01/2020 02/11/2020 02/11/2020 23/07/2020 29/07/2020 26/11/2020	0.00 307.58 202.66 4,021,188.43 41.00 18,511.08 804,107.14 2,801.47 93,701.06 76,671.18 10,791.39	922.80 631.97 5,126,210.52 86,191.33 1,350,851.80 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100%	INR
Ebro India Private Limited	IBAN IBAN IBAN IBAN Other	BNPAINBBDEL INDB0000073 UCBA0002323 HSBC0110005 HSBC0110005 CRIY0000002 CHAS0INBX02 CHAS0INBX02 CHAS0INBX02 CHAS0INBX02 CHAS0INBX02 CHAS0INBX02 BNPA0009065	refer PCFC Loan Sheet 259996544504 23230210001110 054708284001 Loan 02006017100000 5622411725 refer PCFC Loan Sheet refer PCFC Loan Sheet refer PCFC Loan Sheet refer PCFC Loan Sheet Refer WCDL Sheet Refer WCDL Sheet	BNP PARIBAS IndusInd Bank UCO Bank HSBC HSBC HSBC Credit Agricole JP Morgan Credit Agricole JP Morgan Gredit Agricole JP Morgan JP Morgan JP Morgan BNP PARIBAS	New Delhi Karnal Karnal New Delhi	India	28/10/2015 14/03/2017 06/05/2017 20/11/2018 20/11/2018 21/12/2019 26/06/2020 02/01/2020 02/11/2020 23/07/2020 29/07/2020 28/10/2015	0.00 307.58 202.66 4,021,188.43 41.00 18,511.08 804,107.14 2,801.47 93,701.06 76,671.18 10,791.39 0.00	922.80 631.97 5,126,210.52 86,191.33 1,350,851.80 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100%	INR
Ebro India Private Limited	IBAN IBAN IBAN IBAN Other	BNPAINBBDEL INDB0000073 UCBA0002323 H5BC0110005 H5BC0110005 CRLY0000002 CRLY0000002 CRLY0000002 CRLY0000002 CHAS0INBX02 CHAS0INBX02 CHAS0INBX02 CHAS0INBX02 BNPA0009065 BOFA0ND6216	refer PCFC Loan Sheet 259996544504 23230210001110 054708284001 Loan 02006017100000 5622411725 refer PCFC Loan Sheet refer PCFC Loan Sheet refer PCFC Loan Sheet refer PCFC Loan Sheet Refer WCDL Sheet Refer WCDL Sheet Refer WCDL Sheet	BNP PARIBAS IndusInd Bank UCO Bank HSBC HSBC Credit Agricole JP Morgan Credit Agricole Gredit Agricole JP Morgan JP Morgan JP Morgan JP Morgan BNP PARIBAS Bank of America	New Delhi Karnal Karnal New Delhi	India	28/10/2015 14/03/2017 06/05/2017 20/11/2018 20/11/2018 21/12/2019 26/06/2020 02/01/2020 02/11/2020 23/07/2020 29/07/2020 26/11/2020 28/10/2015 28/08/2014	0.00 307.58 202.66 4,021,188.43 41.00 18,511.08 804,107.14 2,801.47 93,701.06 76,671.18 10,791.39 0.00 0.00	922.80 631.97 5,126,210.52 86,191.33 1,350,851.80 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100%	INR
Ebro India Private Limited	IBAN IBAN IBAN IBAN Other	BNPAINBBDEL INDB00000733 UCBA0002323 HSBC0110005 HSBC0110005 CRLY0000002 CHAS0INBX02 CRLY0000002 CHAS0INBX02 CHAS0INBX02 CHAS0INBX02 BNPA0009065 BNPA0009065 CHAS0INBX02 CHASDINBX02	refer PCFC Loan Sheet 259996544504 23230210001110 054708284001 Loan 20006017100000 5622411725 refer PCFC Loan Sheet refer PCFC Loan Sheet refer PCFC Loan Sheet refer PCFC Loan Sheet Refer WCDL Sheet	BNP PARIBAS Indusind Bank UCO Bank UCO Bank HSBC HSBC Credit Agricole JP Morgan Credit Agricole Credit Agricole JP Morgan	New Delhi Karnal Karnal New Delhi	India	28/10/2015 14/03/2017 06/05/2017 20/11/2018 20/11/2018 21/12/2019 26/06/2020 02/01/2020 02/11/2020 23/07/2020 28/10/2015 28/08/2014 26/11/2020	0.00 307.58 202.66 4,021,188.43 41.00 18,511.08 804,107.14 2,801.47 93,701.06 76,671.18 10,791.39 0.00 0.00	922.80 631.97 5,126,210.52 86,191.33 1,350,851.80 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100%	INR
Ebro India Private Limited	IBAN IBAN IBAN IBAN Other	BNPAINBBDEL INDB0000073 UCBA0003233 HSBC0110005 HSBC0110005 CRLY0000002 CRLY0000002 CRLY0000002 CRLY0000002 CHAS0INBX02 CHAS0INBX02 CHAS0INBX02 CHAS0INBX02 BNPA0009065 BOFA0ND6216 BOFA0ND6216	refer PCFC Loan Sheet 259996544504 23230210001110 054708284001 Loan 02006017100000 5622411725 refer PCFC Loan Sheet refer PCFC Loan Sheet refer PCFC Loan Sheet refer PCFC Loan Sheet Refer WCDL Sheet	BNP PARIBAS IndusInd Bank UCO Bank HSBC HSBC HSBC Credit Agricole JP Morgan Credit Agricole JP Morgan Gredit Agricole JP Morgan JP Morgan JP Morgan BNP PARIBAS Bank of America JP Morgan Bank of America	New Delhi Karnal Karnal New Delhi	India	28/10/2015 14/03/2017 06/05/2017 20/11/2018 20/11/2018 20/11/2019 26/06/2020 02/01/2020 02/01/2020 23/07/2020 29/07/2020 28/10/2015 28/10/2015 28/08/2014	0.00 307.58 202.66 4,021,188.43 41.00 18,511.08 804,107.14 2,801.47 93,701.07 76,671.18 10,791.39 0.00 0.00 0.00 140,996.19	922.80 631.97 5,126,210.52 86,191.33 1,350,851.80 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100%	INR
Ebro India Private Limited	IBAN IBAN IBAN IBAN Other	BNPAINBBDEL INDB0000073 UCBA0003233 HSBC0110005 HSBC0110005 CRLY0000002 CHAS0INBX02 CRLY0000002 CHAS0INBX02 CHASDINBX02 CHASDI	refer PCFC Loan Sheet 25999654504 2330210001110 054708284001 Loan 02006017100000 5622411725 refer PCFC Loan Sheet refer PCFC Loan Sheet refer PCFC Loan Sheet Refer WCDL Sheet Refer PCFC Loan Sheet refer PCFC Loan Sheet	BNP PARIBAS Indusind Bank UCO Bank HSBC HSBC Credit Agricole JP Morgan Credit Agricole Credit Agricole Gredit Agricole Gredit Agricole Gredit Agricole JP Morgan JP Morgan JP Morgan JP Morgan BNP PARIBAS Bank of America JP Morgan Bank of America	New Delhi Karnal Karnal New Delhi	India	28/10/2015 14/03/2017 14/03/2017 20/11/2018 20/11/2018 21/12/2019 26/06/2020 02/01/2020 02/01/2020 29/07/2020 28/10/2015 28/08/2014 26/11/2020 24/08/2014 26/11/2020	0.00 307.58 202.66 4,021,188.43 41.00 18,511.08 804,107.14 2,801.47 93,701.06 76,671.18 10,791.39 0.00 0.00 0.00 14,0996.19 44,232.23	922.80 633.97 5,126,210.52 86,191.33 1,350.851.80 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100%	INR
Ebro India Private Limited	IBAN IBAN IBAN IBAN Other	BNPAINBBDEL INDB0000073 UCBA0003233 HSBC0110005 HSBC0110005 CRLY0000002 CRLY0000002 CRLY0000002 CRLY0000002 CHAS0INBX02 CHAS0INBX02 CHAS0INBX02 CHAS0INBX02 BNPA0009065 BOFA0ND6216 BOFA0ND6216	refer PCFC Loan Sheet 259996544504 23230210001110 054708284001 Loan 02006017100000 5622411725 refer PCFC Loan Sheet refer PCFC Loan Sheet refer PCFC Loan Sheet refer PCFC Loan Sheet Refer WCDL Sheet	BNP PARIBAS IndusInd Bank UCO Bank HSBC HSBC HSBC Credit Agricole JP Morgan Credit Agricole JP Morgan Gredit Agricole JP Morgan JP Morgan JP Morgan BNP PARIBAS Bank of America JP Morgan Bank of America	New Delhi Karnal Karnal New Delhi	India	28/10/2015 14/03/2017 06/05/2017 20/11/2018 20/11/2018 20/11/2019 26/06/2020 02/01/2020 02/01/2020 23/07/2020 29/07/2020 28/10/2015 28/10/2015 28/08/2014	0.00 307.58 202.66 4,021,188.43 41.00 18,511.08 804,107.14 2,801.47 93,701.07 76,671.18 10,791.39 0.00 0.00 0.00 140,996.19	922.80 631.97 5,126,210.52 86,191.33 1,350,851.80 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00	100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100% 100%	INR

COMPANY	ACCOUNT ID CODE	BIC CODE	ACCOUNT CODE	BANK	BRANCH	COUNTRY OF LOCATION OF BANK	DATE OPENED	BALANCE AT DEC. 31,2022 ( <del>G</del> )	AVERAGE BALANCE LAST QUARTER (€)	% INT.	CURR.
Ebrosur, SRL	CBU	BSCHARBA	034753/2	Banco Santander Rio SA	Buenos Aires	Argentina	15/06/2016	176,857.23	1,347,937.00	100%	ARG
ESTOSAT, SILE	CBU	BSCHARBA	034754/9	Banco Santander Rio SA	Buenos Aires	Argentina	15/06/2016	392.62	392.62	100%	USD
Euryza GMBH	IBAN	COBADEHHXXX	DE04200400000621702000	Commerzbank AG	Hamburg	Germany	2000	-5,878.80	13,351.22	100%	EUR
Fire Dies Fleur D.V	IBAN IBAN	CITIDEFFXXX	DE83502109000214587009	Citigroup	Frankfurt	Germany	01/02/2007	0.00 102,513.02	0.00 16,297.76	100%	EUR
Euro Rice Flour, B.V. Fentus 61 GmbH	IBAN	ABNANL2A COBADEFFXXX	NL15ABNA0240369394 DE47 2004 0000 0626 0509 00	ABN AMRO Bank NV Commerzbank AG	Amsterdam Hamburg	Netherlands Germany	11/03/2010 01/02/2017	4,084.89	6,931.84	100%	EUR EUR
Gourmet Foods and Bever. Ltd.	Other	203883	43597741	Barclays Bank	UK	UK	11/02/2015	4,196.48	0,531.84	100%	GBP
Gourmet Foods and Bever. Ltd.	Other	400106	02602865	HSBC	UK	UK	11/02/2015	4,130.40		100%	GBP
	Other	CITITHBX	5-126385-015	CITIBANK NA	Bangkok	Thailand	11/06/2008	2,630,427.47	55,996,328.60	100%	THB
	Other	CITITHBX	0-126385-005	CITIBANK NA	Bangkok	Thailand	11/06/2008	0.00	0.00	100%	THB
	Other	CITITHBX	5-126385-104	CITIBANK NA	Bangkok	Thailand	25/09/2015	3,949,339.64	2,563,655.78	100%	USD
	Other	CITITHBX	N/A	CITIBANK NA	Bangkok	Thailand	11/06/2008	77,000,000.00	25,666,666.67	100%	THB
	Other	BNPATHBK	00010 000632 040 83	BNP Paribas Bank	Bangkok	Thailand	02/10/2006	7,784,564.66	42,753,689.12	100%	THB
Herba Bangkok, S.L.	Other	BNPATHBK	00010 000632 000 09	BNP Paribas Bank	Bangkok	Thailand	02/10/2006	50,000.00	50,000.00	100%	THB
Tierba Barigkok, 3.E.	Other	BNPATHBK	00010 000632 040 83 USD	BNP Paribas Bank	Bangkok	Thailand	25/06/2013	0.00	0.00	100%	USD
	Other	BNPATHBK	N/A	BNP Paribas Bank	Bangkok	Thailand	02/10/2006	0.00	0.00	100%	THB
	Other	BOFATH2X	33243 017	Bank of America	Bangkok	Thailand	03/08/2016	545,221.86	110,389,454.28	100%	THB
	Other	BOFATH2X	33243 025 USD	Bank of America	Bangkok	Thailand	03/08/2016	5,802,766.16	3,218,057.49	100%	USD
	Other	BOFATH2X	N/A	Bank of America	Bangkok	Thailand	03/08/2016	180,200,000.00	60,066,666.67	100%	THB
	Other	KRTHTHBK	092-0-03203-6	Krungthai Bank PCL.	MEA Ploenchit	Thailand	25/08/2006	2,533,797.50	2,319,736.54	100%	
Herba Cambodia Co, Ltd	Other	ABAAKHPP	000206556	Advanced Bank Of Asia Ltd	Phnom Penh	Cambodia	11/07/2016	68,288.70	51,333.61	100%	USD
	Other IBAN	ABAAKHPP COBADEFFXXX	373587 DE96 2004 0000 0622 0057 00	Advanced Bank Of Asia Ltd Commerzbank AG	Phnom Penh	Cambodia	02/02/2018 2005	2,340,586.06 -17.85	2,346,085.11 -17.16	100%	KMR EUR
Herba Germany GMBH	IBAN	CITIDEFFXXX	DE60502109000214588005	Citigroup	Hamburg Frankfurt	Germany	12/2006	0.00	0.00	100%	EUR
Herba Ingredients Belgium B, BV	IBAN	KREDBEBB	BE29735042745864	KBC Bank NV	Brussels	Belgium	06/04/2016	1,606,788.55	222,519.48	100%	EUR
Herba Ingredients Belgium C, BV	IBAN	KREDBEBB	BE11 7380 1830 6548	KBC Bank NV	Brussels	Belgium	30/06/2006	14,413.62	32,508.39	100%	EUR
Herba Ingredients Belgium F, BV	IBAN	KREDBEBB	BE55736064832844	KBC Bank NV	Brussels	Belgium	02/12/2019	278,709.24	71,296.10	100%	EUR
	IBAN	CITINL2X	NL08CITI0266059171	CITIBANK NA	Amsterdam	Netherlands	10/01/2013	0.00	-297,460.44	100%	EUR
	IBAN	CITIGB2L	GB84CITI18500813594416	CITIBANK NA	London	UK	10/01/2013	0.00	-20,045.39	100%	USD
Herba Ingredients, B.V.	IBAN	CITIGB2L	GB82CITI18500810232335	CITIBANK NA	London	UK	13/12/2018	0.00	0.00	100%	GBP
	IBAN	KREDBEBB	BE19731041645812	KBC Bank NV	Brussels	Belgium	22/01/2016	14,112.07	16,227.84	100%	EUR
	IBAN	DEGRBEBB	BE05676528001375	Degroof Petercam	Brussels	Belgium	11/05/2021	0.00	0.00	100%	EUR
Herba Ingredients SC, BV	IBAN	KREDBEBB CITINL2X	BE56 7380 0432 3188 NL45CITI0266065295	KBC Bank NV Citibank	Brussels Amsterdam	Belgium Netherlands	19/10/2001 14/02/2012	39,928.95 0.00	56,490.09 0.00	100%	EUR EUR
Herba Ingredients Netherl., BV Indo European Foods Limited	Other	203909	44044299	Barclays Bank	Leicestershire	UK	12/08/2021	0.00	0.00	100%	EUR
Indo European Foods Limited	IBAN	203909	GB42BARC20390965944844	Barclays Bank	Leicestershire	UK	31/05/2019	235,422.82	0.00	100%	EUR
Indo European Foods Limited	IBAN	203909	GB19BARC20390943390527	Barclays Bank	Leicestershire	UK	22/02/2017	579.736.11	0.00	100%	GBP
Indo European Foods Limited	Other	203909	60710946	Barclays Bank	Leicestershire	UK	20/08/2019	167,380.80	0.00	100%	GBP
Indo European Foods Limited	Other	203909	80119482	Barclays Bank	Leicestershire	UK	12/08/2021	1,344,646.94	3.00	100%	GBP
Indo European Foods Limited	Other	203909	43804211	Barclays Bank	Leicestershire	UK	20/08/2019	1,898.65	0.00	100%	USD
Indo European Foods Limited	IBAN	203909	GB94BARC20390988126644	Barclays Bank	Leicestershire	UK	31/05/2019	149,917.15	0.00	100%	USD
International Pulse Ingredients Company, BV	IBAN	ABNANL2A	NL37ABNA0240369386	ABN AMRO Bank NV	Amsterdam	Netherlands	11/03/2010	25,597.86	7,266.80	100%	EUR
Joseph Heap Property	IBAN	BARCGB22	GB52BARC20510170619930	BARCLAYS BANK	Liverpool	UK	01/02/2004	0.00	0.00	100%	GBP
	IBAN	BARCGB22	GB41BARC20510170416428	BARCLAYS BANK	Liverpool	UK	01/11/1986	0.00	0.00	100%	GBP
Joseph Heap&Sons, LTD	IBAN	BARCGB22	GB70BARC20510187433877	BARCLAYS BANK	Liverpool	UK	01/05/2000	0.00	0.00	100%	EUR
Katania Magrheb, SARL	IBAN	BMCEMAMC	011 735000001210001356226	BMCE Bank	Larache	Morocco	10/02/2017	70,015.72	70,921.52	100%	MAD
	CBU	SCBLUS33XXX	000 - 000336637	Banco Santander Rio SA	Buenos Aires	Argentina	23/07/2013	4,650.69	3,567.51	100%	ARG
	CBU	BSCHARBA	000-00035161/0	Banco Santander Rio SA	Buenos Aires	Argentina	20/01/2017	65.05	87.20	100%	ARG
	CBU	BSCHARBA	000-036430/6	Banco Santander Rio SA	Buenos Aires	Argentina	03/5/2018	0.00	0.00	100%	USD
	CBU	BSCHARBA	000-036429/0	Banco Santander Rio SA	Buenos Aires	Argentina	03/05/2018	0.00	0.00	100%	USD
	CBU	BERAARBAXXX	42006614643	Nuevo Banco de Entre Ríos	Entre Rios	Argentina	22/5/2002	6,640.94	7,415.75	100%	ARG
	CBU	BFRPARBAXXX	068-000848/6	BBVA Banco Francés S.A.	Buenos Aires	Argentina	24/10/2018	1,609.09	1,733.95	100%	USD
	CBU	BFRPARBAXXX	068/0314544/9	BBVA Banco Francés S.A.	Buenos Aires	Argentina	24/10/2018	289,211.22	159,400.94	100%	ARG
La Loma Alimentos, S.A.	CBU	BFRPARBAXXX	068/314545/6	BBVA Banco Francés S.A.	Buenos Aires	Argentina	24/10/2018	0.99	1.13	100%	ARG
Ed Edina / Illinericos, s.i. v.	IBAN	BBVAESMM	ES3801826204582012463035	BANCO FRANCES - Spanish A/C	Seville (SUC 6204)	Spain	13/11/2019	151,166.44	445,840.07	100%	USD
	IBAN	BBVAESMM	ES2801826204520201545968	BANCO FRANCES - Spanish A/C	Seville (SUC 6204)	Spain	18/11/2019	0.00	0.00	100%	EUR
	Securities deposit	BFRPARBAXXX	068/0314544/9	BBVA Banco Francés S.A.	Concordia	Argentina	24/10/2018	25,450.47	23,120.48	100%	ARG
	CBU	BFRPARBAXXX	068/000003/6	BBVA Banco Francés S.A.	Buenos Aires	Argentina	24/10/2018	0.00	0.00	100%	EUR
1	PRE-FINANCING	BBVAESMM	ES3801826204582012463035	BBVA Spain	Spain	Spain	13/11/2019	-6,532,405.18	-6.409.082.91	100%	USD

COMPANY	ACCOUNT ID CODE	BIC CODE	ACCOUNT CODE	BANK	BRANCH	COUNTRY OF LOCATION OF BANK	DATE OPENED	BALANCE AT DEC. 31,2022 (©)	AVERAGE BALANCE LAST QUARTER (6)	% INT.	CURR.
Mediterranean Food Labels, BV	IBAN	CITINL2X	NL59CITI0266064558	Citibank	Amsterdam	Netherlands	17/01/2012	0.00	0.00	100%	EUR
	IBAN	CITIITMX	IT12D0356601600000122474011	CITIBANK NA	Milan	Italy	27/06/2006	0.00	0.00	100%	EUR
	IBAN	CITIGB2L	GB22CITI18500811257250	CITIBANK NA	London	UK	14/06/2006	0.00	0.00	100%	USD
Mundi Riso, S.R.L.	IBAN	BAPPIT21I87	IT32Q050341000000000005783	BANCA POPOLAE DI NOVARA	Vercelli	Italy	27/03/1996	239,408.28	136,081.32	100%	EUR
	IBAN	BAPPIT21I87	IT76U0503410000USD100003375	BANCO BPM S.P.A.	Vercelli	Italy	26/01/2017	62.58	74.67	100%	USD
	IBAN	BMCEMAMC	0117350000012100060709.11	BMCE	Larache	Morocco	01/06/2005	1,353,031.57	1,272,100.72	100%	MAD
	IBAN	CAIXAMAMC	003 640 64000000011 70167 55	CaixaBank - Tanger	TANGIER	Morocco	01/09/2021	6,407.58	6,412.51	100%	MAD
Mundi Riz, S.A.	IBAN	BMCEMAMC	007 640 0013709000000131 39	Attijariwafa Bank	TANGIER	Morocco	June-05	211,032.83	109,742.52	100%	MAD
Widiful Niz, S.A.	IBAN	BMCEMAMC	011 735 0000 01 66600 60709 27	BMCE	Larache	Morocco	July-05	27.70	27.70	100%	MAD
	IBAN	BMCEMAMC	011 735 000 501 66500 12519 30	BMCE	Larache	Morocco	July-05	204,670.56	199,581.66	100%	EUR
	IBAN	CDMAMAMC	021 735 0000 080 030 167465 07	CDM	Larache	Morocco	01/03/2018	159,507.54	116,710.27	100%	MAD
	CBU	BFRPARBAXXX	0170068826000000084796	BBVA Banco Francés S.A.	Concordia	Argentina	24 Oct. 2018	26.54	28.60	60%	USD
	CBU	BFRPARBAXXX	0170068820000031454182	BBVA Banco Francés S.A.	Concordia	Argentina	24 Oct. 2018	120,791.74	161,358.96	60%	ARG
	CBU	BFRPARBAXXX	0170068820000031454250	BBVA Banco Francés S.A.	Concordia	Argentina	24 Oct. 2018	2.11	2.42	60%	ARG
	CBU	BFRPARBAXXX	0170068821000000000296	BBVA Banco Francés S.A.	Concordia	Argentina	14/01/2019	1,321.30	1,369.84	60%	EUR
Neofarms Bio, S.A.	CBU	BFRPARBAXXX	0170068820000031454182	BBVA Banco Francés S. A Valores a depositar	Concordia	Argentina	24 Oct. 2018	3,469.79	2,696.46	60%	ARG
	IBAN	BBVAESMM	ES5701826204542012468030	BANCO FRANCES - Spanish A/C	Seville (SUC 6204)	Spain	24/03/2020	45,097.74	495,689.59	60%	USD
	PRE-FINANCING	BBVAESMM	ES5701826204542012468030	BBVA Banco Francés S.A.	Concordia	Argentina	24/03/2020	-9,111,416.58	-9,376,393.10	60%	USD
	IBAN	GKCCBEBB	BE49552273940071	Belfius Bank	Antwerp	Belgium	02/05/1996	1,267,910.48	1,203,767.46	100%	EUR
N&C Boost, NV	IBAN	GKCCBEBB	BE12055950094292	Belfius Bank	Antwerp	Belgium	02/05/1996	0.00	0.00	100%	EUR
Reiskontor Handels, GMBH	IBAN	COBADEFFXXX	DE70200400000621701200	Commerzbank AG	Hamburg	Germany	2001	24,669.30	24,046.02	100%	EUR
Rice&Cereals Consultancy, BV	IBAN	KREDBEBB	BE28 7381 0728 1820	KBC	Sint Kruis	Belgium		70 014,49	58,625.77	100%	EUR
•	IBAN	CITIHUHX	HU96 10800007 54873009	Citibank	Budapest	Hungary	13/04/2006	127,970.10	175,041.80	100%	HUF
Riceland Magyarorszag	IBAN	CITIHUHX	HU09 10800007 64873017	Citibank	Budapest	Hungary	13/04/2006	0.00	0.00	100%	EUR
Risella OY	IBAN	CITIFIHX	FI9571307001700049	Citibank Int. Plc Finland	Helsinki	Finland	23/05/2006	0.00	0.00	100%	EUR
Rivera del Arroz, S.A.	IBAN	BMCEMAMC	0117350000012100060728.51	BMCE Bank	Larache	Morocco	01/06/2005	1,761.57	172.50	100%	MAD
SBS Commodities, BV	IBAN	ABNANL2A	NL34ABNA0240369440	ABN AMRO Bank NV	Amsterdam	Netherlands	11/03/2010	29,756.07	6,071.08	100%	EUR
Suntra Rice BV	IBAN	ABNANL2A	NL56ABNA0240369432	ABN AMRO Bank NV	Amsterdam	The Netherlands	11/03/2010	29,647.65	6,299.77	100%	EUR
	IBAN	CITIGB2L	GB04CITI18500811230026	CITIBANK NA	London	UK	06/02/2006	0.00	0.00	100%	GBP
	IBAN	CITIGB2L	GB06CITI18500811229990	CITIBANK NA	London	UK	06/06/2012	0.00	0.00	100%	EUR
	IBAN	CITIGB2L	GB18CITI18500811247913	CITIBANK NA	London	UK	06/02/2006	0.00	0.00	100%	USD
S&B Herba Foods, Ltd.	IBAN	BARCGB22	GB66BARC20000020118044	BARCLAYS BANK	London	UK	01/04/1992	9,459.00	11,244.00	100%	GBP
	IBAN	BARCGB22	GB42BARC20000085332255	BARCLAYS BANK	London	UK	01/10/1998	0.00	0.00	100%	EUR
	IBAN	BARCGB22	GB85BARC20000055842899	BARCLAYS BANK	London	UK	01/12/1992	0.00	0.00	100%	USD
	IBAN	BARCGB22	GB19BARC20000086447199	BARCLAYS BANK	London	UK	01/04/1992	0.00	0.00	100%	USD
TAG Nahrungsmittel, GMBH	IBAN	COBADEFFXXX	DE12200400000623705100	Commerzbank	Hamburg	Germany	01/08/2011	9,934.00	4,061.22	100%	EUR
TBA Suntra Beheer B.V.	IBAN	ABNANL2A	NL25ABNA0240369408	ABN AMRO Bank NV	Amsterdam	Netherlands	11/03/2010	1,573.61	1,599.85	100%	EUR
	IBAN	ABNANL2A	NL59ABNA0240369378	ABN AMRO Bank NV	Amsterdam	Netherlands	11/03/2010	3,694.16	3,783.71	100%	EUR
TBA Suntra B.V.	IBAN	ABNANL2A	NL11ABNA0242125360	ABN AMRO Bank NV	Amsterdam	Netherlands	01/04/2011	5,749.84	5,749.84	100%	USD
IDA Juille B.V.	IBAN	CITINL2X	NL62CITI0266064698	CITIBANK NA	Amsterdam	Netherlands	21/02/2012	0.00	-18,282.06	100%	EUR
	IBAN	CITIGB2L	GB88CITI18500813090817	CITIBANK NA	London	UK	21/02/2012	0.00	0.00	100%	USD
	IBAN	COBADEFFXXX	DE70 5454 0033 0703 0075 00	Commerzbank AG	Ludwigshafen	Germany	01/10/2017	2,616,907.19	2,284,514.46	100%	EUR
	IBAN	SOLDAES1HDB	DE47 6725 0020 0009 1217 22	Sparkasse	Heidelberg	Germany	01/07/2008	1,259,118.88	558,931.32	100%	EUR
	IBAN	COBADEFF545	DE14 5454 0033 0209 9901 00	Comerzbank AG	Ludwigshafen	Germany	01/03/2006	310,610.44	196,291.22	100%	EUR
T	IBAN	GENODE61MA2	DE11 6709 0000 0015 1800 05	VR Bank Rhein-Neckar eG	Mannheim	Germany	01/03/1996	33,180.92	34,999.65	100%	EUR
Transimpex Warenhandelsgesell- Schaft, GmbH	IBAN	HYVEDEMM489	DE40 6702 0190 0007 0683 28	Hypo Vereinsbank	Mannheim	Germany	01/06/1999	1,239,850.90	1,190,433.47	100%	EUR
	IBAN	HYVEDEMMXXX	DE03 7002 0270 0874 3304 42	Hypo Vereinsbank	Mannheim	Germany	01/10/1999	752,216.94	392,065.26	100%	USD
	IBAN	HYVEDEMM489	DE90 6702 0190 0030215605	Hypo Vereinsbank	Mannheim	Germany	01/04/2021	2,906.51	2,906.51	100%	GBP
Vegan ITD	IBAN	BARCGB22	GB23BARC20748190929786	BARCLAYS BANK	Sandy	UK	01/06/1987	0.00	0.00	100%	GBP
Vogan, LTD	IBAN	BARCGB22	GB87BARC20748172495433	BARCLAYS BANK	St Neots	UK	01/01/2001	0.00	0.00	100%	EUR
Lassie Ingredients, B.V.	IBAN	CITINL2X	NL45CITI0266065295	Citibank	Amsterdam	Netherlands	14/02/2012	0.00	0.00	100%	EUR
	IBAN	CITIEGCX	EG240043000200000000101445127	CITIBANK	Cairo	Egypt	02/10/2012	18,494.94	20,939.02	0%	EGP
Herba Egypt Ricemills, LTD	IBAN	CITIEGCX	EG460043000200000000101445119	CITIBANK	Cairo	Egypt	02/10/2012	0.00	0.00	0%	EUR
	IBAN	CITIEGCX	EG74004300020000000101445003	CITIBANK	Cairo	Egypt	02/10/2012	0.00	0.00	0%	USD