Audit Report on the Financial Statements issued by an Independent Auditor

EBRO FOODS, S.A. Financial Statements and Management Report for the year ended December 31, 2020

Translation of a report and financial statements originally issued in Spanish. In the event of a discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails.

AUDIT REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ISSUED BY AN INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

To the shareholders of EBRO FOODS, S.A.:

Audit report on the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of EBRO FOODS, S.A. (the "Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at December 31, 2020, the income statement, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows, and the notes thereto for the year then ended.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the equity and financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2020, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the applicable regulatory framework for financial reporting (identified in Note 2 to the accompanying financial statements) and, in particular, the accounting principles and policies set forth therein.

Basis of the opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with prevailing audit regulations in Spain. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements* section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements, including those related to independence, that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Spain as required by prevailing audit regulations. In this regard, we have not provided non-audit services nor have any situations or circumstances arisen that might have compromised our mandatory independence in a manner prohibited by the aforementioned regulations.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our audit opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Measurement of equity investments in group companies and associates

Description

As shown on the accompanying balance sheet, the Company recognized 1,863,955 thousand euros related to investments in equity instruments of group companies and associates. At year-end, management analyzes the existence of indications of impairment and, if necessary, estimates the recoverable amount of these investments, which entails making complex judgments, primarily when determining assumptions about the future results of group companies and associates.

Due to the complexity of the abovementioned estimates and the hypotheses used to make them, we determined this area to be a key audit matter. The description of the balance, movements, and possible impairment loss recorded following management's recoverability analysis, are provided in Note 8 to the accompanying financial statements.

Our response

Our audit procedures related to this matter included:

- Understanding the procedures and assessing the design and implementation of the relevant controls established by the Company to evaluate the existence of indications of impairment, including those carried out to determine the recoverable amount of investments in group companies and associates.
- Obtaining calculations made by management, in collaboration with an independent expert, to value the cash-generating units (CGUs) pertaining to investments in group companies and associates at year end.
- Reviewing, in collaboration with our valuation experts, the reasonableness of the business assumptions and methodology for determining the impairment tests applied to investments in group companies and associates, when the discounted cash flow method was used.
- Reviewing the documentation supporting alternative analyses conducted by management when the latter is used to substantiate recoverable amount, as well as the equity of investees adjusted by unrealized capital gains existing at year end.
- Reviewing the disclosures made in the notes to the consolidated financial statements in conformity with the applicable regulatory financial reporting framework.

Other information: Management report

Other information refers exclusively to the 2020 management report, the preparation of which is the responsibility of the Company's directors and is not an integral part of the financial statements.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management report. Our responsibility for the management report, in conformity with prevailing audit regulations in Spain, entails:

- a) Checking only that the non-financial statement and certain information included in the Corporate Governance Report, to which the Audit Law refers, was provided as stipulated by applicable regulations and, if not, disclose this fact.
- b) Assessing and reporting on the consistency of the remaining information included in the management report with the financial statements, based on the knowledge of the Company obtained during the audit, in addition to evaluating and reporting on whether the content and presentation of this part of the management report are in conformity with applicable regulations. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there are material misstatements, we are required to report that fact.

Responsibilities of the directors and the audit committee for the financial statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the accompanying financial statements so that they give a true and fair value of the equity and financial position and the results of the Company, in accordance with the regulatory financial reporting framework applicable to the Company in Spain, identified in Note 2 to the accompanying financial statements, and for such internal control as they determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The audit committee is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the financial statement auditing standards prevailing in Spain will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with prevailing audit regulations in Spain, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

ldentify and assess the risks of material misstatement in the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and

obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the management company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the use by the directors of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the audit committee of the Company regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the audit committee of the Company with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements, including those related to independence, and to communicate with them all matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the audit committee of the Company, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters.

We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter.

Report on other legally stipulated disclosure requirements

Additional report to the audit committee

The opinion expressed in this audit report is consistent with the additional report we issued to the Ebro Foods audit committee on April 9, 2021.

Term of engagement

During the Ordinary General Shareholders' Meeting held on July 29, 2020, we were appointed auditors for a period of three years, commencing the year ended December 31, 2020.

Previously, we were appointed auditors by the shareholders in general meeting for three years and we have been carrying out the audit of the financial statements continuously since the year ended December 31, 2014.

ERNST & YOUNG

(Registered in Spain's Official Register of Auditors under No. S0530)

(Signed on the original in Spanish)

Ramón Masip López (Registered in Spain's Official Register of Auditors under entry no. 16253)

April 9, 2021